

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2025

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SENATE BILL 50  
Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 3/18/25  
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Short Title: Freedom to Carry NC.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

February 5, 2025

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
2 AN ACT TO PROTECT A PERSON'S RIGHT TO CARRY A CONCEALED HANDGUN  
3 WITHOUT A PERMIT AND TO CONTINUE ALLOWING PERSONS TO ACQUIRE A  
4 CONCEALED HANDGUN PERMIT FOR THE PURPOSES OF RECIPROCITY OR FOR  
5 ANY OTHER REASON DESIRED AND TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT PAID FOR  
6 LINE OF DUTY DEATHS AND TO ESTABLISH A SCHOLARSHIP FOR CHILDREN  
7 OF PERMANENTLY DISABLED OR SLAIN NC LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS  
8 AND TO INCREASE THE PUNISHMENT FOR COMMITTING AN ASSAULT WITH A  
9 FIREARM AGAINST CERTAIN EMERGENCY, MEDICAL, AND LAW  
10 ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL AND TO CREATE THE OFFENSE OF DISCHARGING  
11 A FIREARM BY A FELON DURING THE COMMISSION OR ATTEMPTED  
12 COMMISSION OF A FELONY AND TO CREATE THE OFFENSE OF POSSESSING A  
13 FIREARM BY A FELON DURING THE COMMISSION OR ATTEMPTED  
14 COMMISSION OF A FELONY.

15 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

16 SECTION 1. Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article  
17 to read:

18 "Article 54C.

19 "Carrying Concealed Handguns.

20 "§ 14-415.35. Carrying concealed handguns.

21 (a) Carrying Concealed Handgun. – Any person who is a citizen of the United States and  
22 is at least 18 years old may carry a concealed handgun in this State unless provided otherwise by  
23 law.

24 (b) Offense. – It is unlawful for a person who meets any of the following criteria to carry  
25 a concealed handgun:

26 (1) Is ineligible to own, possess, or receive a firearm under the provisions of State  
27 or federal law.

28 (2) Is under indictment for a felony.

29 (3) Has been adjudicated guilty in any court of a felony, unless (i) the felony is  
30 an offense that pertains to antitrust violations, unfair trade practices, restraints  
31 of trade, or other similar offenses related to the regulation of business practices  
32 or (ii) the person's firearms rights have been restored pursuant to  
33 G.S. 14-415.4 or have been restored in another state pursuant to the laws of  
34 that state.

35 (4) Is a fugitive from justice.



- 1           (5)    Is an unlawful user of, or addicted to, marijuana, alcohol, or any depressant,  
2           stimulant, or narcotic drug, or any other controlled substance as defined in 21  
3           U.S.C. § 802.
- 4           (6)    Is currently or has been previously adjudicated by a court to be lacking mental  
5           capacity or mentally ill. Receipt of previous consultative services or outpatient  
6           treatment alone shall not disqualify any citizen under this subdivision.
- 7           (7)    Is or has been discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States under  
8           dishonorable conditions.
- 9           (8)    Except as provided in subdivision (9), (10), or (11) of this subsection, is or  
10          has been adjudicated guilty of or received a prayer for judgment continued or  
11          suspended sentence for one or more crimes of violence constituting a  
12          misdemeanor, including, but not limited to, a violation of a misdemeanor  
13          under Article 8 of this Chapter except for a violation of G.S. 14-33(a), or a  
14          violation of a misdemeanor under G.S. 14-226.1, 14-258.1, 14-269.2,  
15          14-269.6, 14-277, 14-277.1, 14-283 except for a violation involving fireworks  
16          exempted under G.S. 14-288.2, 14-288.4(a)(1), 14-288.6, 14-288.9, former  
17          14-288.12, former 14-288.13, former 14-288.14, 14-414, 14-415.21(b),  
18          14-415.26(d) within three years prior to the date on which the person is  
19          carrying the weapon, or 14-415.36.
- 20          (9)    Is or has been adjudicated guilty of or received a prayer for judgment  
21          continued or suspended sentence for one or more crimes of violence  
22          constituting a misdemeanor under G.S. 14-33(c)(1), 14-33(c)(2), 14-33(c)(3),  
23          14-33(d), 14-134.3, 14-277.3A, 14-318.2, 50B-4.1, or former 14-277.3.
- 24          (10)   Is prohibited from possessing a firearm pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) as a  
25          result of a conviction of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence.
- 26          (11)   Has been adjudicated guilty of or received a prayer for judgment continued or  
27          suspended sentence for one or more crimes involving an assault or a threat to  
28          assault a law enforcement officer, probation or parole officer, person  
29          employed at a State or local detention facility, firefighter, emergency medical  
30          technician, medical responder, or emergency department personnel.
- 31          (12)   Has had entry of a prayer for judgment continued for a criminal offense that  
32          would make it unlawful under this section for the person to carry a concealed  
33          weapon.
- 34          (13)   Is free on bond or personal recognizance pending trial, appeal, or sentencing  
35          for a crime that would make it unlawful under this section for the person to  
36          carry a concealed weapon.

37          (c)    Valid Identification Required; Disclosure to Law Enforcement Officer When  
38          Carrying Concealed. – When carrying a concealed handgun, a person shall also carry valid  
39          identification and shall disclose to any law enforcement officer that the person is carrying a  
40          concealed handgun when approached or addressed by the officer and shall display the proper  
41          identification upon the request of a law enforcement officer.

42          (d)    Penalty. – Any person who violates subsection (a) of this section is guilty of a Class  
43          3 misdemeanor. Any person who violates subsection (b) of this section is guilty of a Class 2  
44          misdemeanor for a first offense and is guilty of a Class H felony for a second or subsequent  
45          offense. Any person who violates subsection (c) of this section commits an infraction and shall  
46          be punished in accordance with G.S. 14-3.1.

47          **"§ 14-415.36. Unlawful to carry a concealed weapon into certain areas.**

48          (a)    It is unlawful to carry a concealed weapon into the following areas unless provided  
49          otherwise by law:

- 50               (1)    In an area prohibited by rule adopted under G.S. 120-32.1.  
51               (2)    In any area prohibited by 18 U.S.C. § 922 or any other federal law.

1           (3)    In a law enforcement or correctional facility.

2           (4)    On any private premises where notice that carrying a concealed handgun is  
3           prohibited by the posting of a conspicuous notice or statement by the person  
4           in legal possession or control of the premises.

5           (b)    Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of an infraction and may be  
6           required to pay a fine up to five hundred dollars (\$500.00)."

7           **SECTION 1.9.** G.S. 143-166.3 reads as rewritten:

8           **"§ 143-166.3. Payments; determination.**

9           (a)    When any covered person is killed in the line of duty, the Industrial Commission shall  
10          award a death benefit in the amount of ~~one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000)~~ one hundred  
11          and fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) to be paid to one of the following:

12          (1)    The spouse of the covered person if there is a surviving spouse.

13          (2)    If there is no surviving spouse, then payments shall be made to any surviving  
14          dependent child of the covered person. If there is more than one surviving  
15          dependent child, then the payment shall be made to and equally divided among  
16          all surviving dependent children.

17          (3)    If there is no surviving spouse and no surviving dependent child or children,  
18          then payments shall be made to any surviving dependent parent of the covered  
19          person. If there is more than one surviving dependent parent, then the  
20          payments shall be made to and equally divided between the surviving  
21          dependent parents of the covered person.

22          (4)    If there is no surviving spouse, surviving dependent child, or surviving  
23          dependent parent, then the payment shall be made to the estate of the deceased  
24          covered person.

25          ...

26          (e)    On and after July 1, 2016, when any covered person is murdered in the line of duty,  
27          in addition to the award under subsection (a) of this section, the Industrial Commission shall  
28          award a death benefit in the amount of ~~one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000)~~ one hundred  
29          and fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) to be paid to one of the following:

30          (1)    The spouse of the covered person if there is a surviving spouse.

31          (2)    If there is no surviving spouse, then payments shall be made to any surviving  
32          dependent child of the covered person. If there is more than one surviving  
33          dependent child, then the payment shall be made to and equally divided among  
34          all surviving dependent children.

35          (3)    If there is no surviving spouse and no surviving dependent child or children,  
36          then payments shall be made to any surviving dependent parent of the covered  
37          person. If there is more than one surviving dependent parent, then the  
38          payments shall be made to and equally divided between the surviving  
39          dependent parents of the covered person.

40          (4)    If there is no surviving spouse, surviving dependent child, or surviving  
41          dependent parent, then the payment shall be made to the estate of the deceased  
42          covered person.

43          ...."

44          **SECTION 2.** Article 54B of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by adding  
45          a new section to read:

46          **"§ 14-415.10A. Purpose.**

47          While G.S. 14-415.35 makes it lawful to carry a concealed weapon in this State without  
48          obtaining a concealed handgun permit, it is often convenient to have a concealed handgun permit  
49          for the purpose of reciprocity when traveling in another state, to make the purchase of a firearm  
50          more efficient, or for various other reasons. Therefore, the State of North Carolina shall continue  
51          to make a concealed handgun permit available to any person who applies for and is eligible to

1 receive a concealed handgun permit pursuant to this Article. For the avoidance of doubt the  
2 concealed handgun permit system maintained pursuant to this Article does not prevent a person  
3 from carrying a concealed handgun pursuant to Article 54C of this Chapter."

4 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 14-415.12(b) reads as rewritten:

5 "(b) The sheriff shall deny a permit to an applicant who:

- 6 (1) Is ineligible to own, possess, or receive a firearm under the provisions of State  
7 or federal law.
- 8 (2) Is under indictment or against whom a finding of probable cause exists for a  
9 felony.
- 10 (3) Has been adjudicated guilty in any court of a felony, unless: (i) the felony is  
11 an offense that pertains to antitrust violations, unfair trade practices, or  
12 restraints of trade, or (ii) the person's firearms rights have been restored  
13 pursuant to G.S. 14-415.4.
- 14 (4) Is a fugitive from justice.
- 15 (5) Is an unlawful user of, or addicted to marijuana, alcohol, or any depressant,  
16 stimulant, or narcotic drug, or any other controlled substance as defined in 21  
17 U.S.C. § 802.
- 18 (6) Is currently, or has been previously adjudicated by a court or administratively  
19 determined by a governmental agency whose decisions are subject to judicial  
20 review to be, lacking mental capacity or mentally ill. Receipt of previous  
21 consultative services or outpatient treatment alone shall not disqualify an  
22 applicant under this subdivision.
- 23 (7) Is or has been discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States under  
24 ~~conditions other than honorable.~~ dishonorable conditions.
- 25 (8) Except as provided in subdivision (8a), (8b), or (8c) of this section, is or has  
26 been adjudicated guilty of or received a prayer for judgment continued or  
27 suspended sentence for one or more crimes of violence constituting a  
28 misdemeanor, including but not limited to, a violation of a misdemeanor under  
29 Article 8 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes except for a violation of  
30 G.S. 14-33(a), or a violation of a misdemeanor under G.S. 14-226.1, 4-258.1,  
31 14-269.2, 14-269.3, 14-269.4, 14-269.6, 14-277, 14-277.1, 14-277.2, 14-283  
32 except for a violation involving fireworks exempted under G.S. 14-414,  
33 14-288.2, 14-288.4(a)(1), 14-288.6, 14-288.9, former 14-288.12, former  
34 14-288.13, former 14-288.14, 14-415.21(b), or 14-415.26(d) within three  
35 years prior to the date on which the application is submitted.
- 36 (8a) Is or has been adjudicated guilty of or received a prayer for judgment  
37 continued or suspended sentence for one or more crimes of violence  
38 constituting a misdemeanor under G.S. 14-32.5, 14-33(c)(1), 14-33(c)(2),  
39 14-33(c)(3), 14-33(d), 14-277.3A, 14-318.2, 14-134.3, 50B-4.1, or former  
40 G.S. 14-277.3.
- 41 (8b) Is prohibited from possessing a firearm pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) as a  
42 result of a conviction of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence.
- 43 (8c) Has been adjudicated guilty of or received a prayer for judgment continued or  
44 suspended sentence for one or more crimes involving an assault or a threat to  
45 assault a law enforcement officer, probation or parole officer, person  
46 employed at a State or local detention facility, firefighter, emergency medical  
47 technician, medical responder, or emergency department personnel.
- 48 (9) Has had entry of a prayer for judgment continued for a criminal offense which  
49 would disqualify the person from obtaining a concealed handgun permit.

1 (10) Is free on bond or personal recognizance pending trial, appeal, or sentencing  
2 for a crime which would disqualify him from obtaining a concealed handgun  
3 permit.

4 (11) ~~Has been convicted of an impaired driving offense under G.S. 20-138.1,  
5 20-138.2, or 20-138.3 within three years prior to the date on which the  
6 application is submitted."~~

7 **SECTION 4.** G.S. 14-269 reads as rewritten:

8 "**§ 14-269. Carrying concealed weapons.**

9 (a) ~~It shall be~~ Except as otherwise provided by law, it is unlawful for any person willfully  
10 and intentionally to carry concealed about his or her person any bowie knife, dirk, dagger, slung  
11 shot, loaded cane, metallic knuckles, razor, shuriken, stun gun, or other deadly weapon of like  
12 kind, except when the person is on the person's own premises. For purposes of this subsection,  
13 the term "weapon" does not include a firearm.

14 (a1) It shall be unlawful for any person willfully and intentionally to carry concealed about  
15 his or her person any ~~pistol or gun except in the following circumstances:~~ firearm, except a  
16 handgun carried pursuant to Article 54B or Article 54C of this Chapter.

17 (1) ~~The person is on the person's own premises.~~

18 (2) ~~The deadly weapon is a handgun, the person has a concealed handgun permit  
19 issued in accordance with Article 54B of this Chapter or considered valid  
20 under G.S. 14-415.24, and the person is carrying the concealed handgun in  
21 accordance with the scope of the concealed handgun permit as set out in  
22 G.S. 14-415.11(e).~~

23 (3) ~~The deadly weapon is a handgun and the person is a military permittee as  
24 defined under G.S. 14-415.10(2a) who provides to the law enforcement  
25 officer proof of deployment as required under G.S. 14-415.11(a).~~

26 (a2) ~~This prohibition does not apply to a person who has a concealed handgun permit  
27 issued in accordance with Article 54B of this Chapter, has a concealed handgun permit  
28 considered valid under G.S. 14-415.24, or is exempt from obtaining a permit pursuant to  
29 G.S. 14-415.25, provided the weapon is a handgun, is in a closed compartment or container  
30 within the person's locked vehicle, and the vehicle is in a parking area that is owned or leased by  
31 State government. A person may unlock the vehicle to enter or exit the vehicle, provided the  
32 handgun remains in the closed compartment at all times and the vehicle is locked immediately  
33 following the entrance or exit.~~

34 (a3) Some of the exceptions listed in subsection (b) of this section include a condition that  
35 the person have a concealed handgun permit. In those circumstances, a person must still have a  
36 concealed handgun permit issued in accordance with Article 54B of this Chapter or considered  
37 valid under G.S. 14-415.24 to qualify as an exception.

38 ...

39 (b1) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section ~~that:~~ if all of the following apply:

40 (1) ~~The weapon was not a firearm;~~

41 (2) The defendant was engaged in, or on the way to or from, an activity in which  
42 the defendant legitimately used the ~~weapon;~~ weapon.

43 (3) The defendant possessed the weapon for that legitimate ~~use;~~ and use.

44 (4) The defendant did not use or attempt to use the weapon for an illegal purpose.

45 The burden of proving this defense is on the defendant.

46 (b2) ~~It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that:~~

47 (1) ~~The deadly weapon is a handgun;~~

48 (2) ~~The defendant is a military permittee as defined under G.S. 14-415.10(2a);~~  
49 ~~and~~

50 (3) ~~The defendant provides to the court proof of deployment as defined under~~  
51 ~~G.S. 14-415.10(3a).~~

1 (c) ~~Any~~ Except as otherwise provided by law, any person violating the provisions of  
 2 subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. Any person violating the  
 3 provisions of subsection (a1) of this section shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor for the first  
 4 offense and a Class H felony for a second or subsequent offense. ~~A violation of subsection (a1)~~  
 5 ~~of this section punishable under G.S. 14-415.21(a) is not punishable under this section.~~

6 ...."

7 **SECTION 5.** G.S. 14-269.1 reads as rewritten:

8 "**§ 14-269.1. Confiscation and disposition of deadly weapons.**

9 Upon conviction of any person for violation of G.S. 14-269, ~~G.S. 14-269.7, 14-269.7,~~  
 10 ~~14-415.35(b),~~ or any other offense involving the use of a deadly ~~weapon of a type referred to in~~  
 11 ~~G.S. 14-269,~~ weapon, including a firearm, the deadly weapon with reference to which the  
 12 defendant shall have been convicted shall be ordered confiscated and disposed of by the presiding  
 13 judge at the trial in one of the following ways in the discretion of the presiding judge.

14 ...."

15 **SECTION 6.** G.S. 14-269.3 reads as rewritten:

16 "**§ 14-269.3. Carrying weapons into assemblies and establishments where alcoholic**  
 17 **beverages are sold and consumed.**

18 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person consuming alcohol, or at any time while the person  
 19 has remaining in the person's body any alcohol or in the person's blood a controlled substance  
 20 previously consumed, to carry any gun, rifle, or pistol into any assembly where a fee has been  
 21 charged for admission thereto, or into any establishment in which alcoholic beverages are sold  
 22 and consumed. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1  
 23 misdemeanor.

24 (b) ~~This section shall not apply to any of the following:~~

25 (1) ~~A person exempted from the provisions of G.S. 14-269.~~

26 (2) ~~The owner or lessee of the premises or business establishment.~~

27 (3) ~~A person participating in the event, if the person is carrying a gun, rifle, or~~  
 28 ~~pistol with the permission of the owner, lessee, or person or organization~~  
 29 ~~sponsoring the event.~~

30 (4) ~~A person registered or hired as a security guard by the owner, lessee, or person~~  
 31 ~~or organization sponsoring the event.~~

32 (5) ~~A person carrying a handgun if the person has a valid concealed handgun~~  
 33 ~~permit issued in accordance with Article 54B of this Chapter, has a concealed~~  
 34 ~~handgun permit considered valid under G.S. 14-415.24, or is exempt from~~  
 35 ~~obtaining a permit pursuant to G.S. 14-415.25. This subdivision shall not be~~  
 36 ~~construed to permit a person to carry a handgun on any premises where the~~  
 37 ~~person in legal possession or control of the premises has posted a conspicuous~~  
 38 ~~notice prohibiting the carrying of a concealed handgun on the premises in~~  
 39 ~~accordance with G.S. 14-415.11(e)."~~

40 **SECTION 7.** G.S. 14-269.4 reads as rewritten:

41 "**§ 14-269.4. Weapons on certain State property and in courthouses.**

42 It shall be unlawful for any person to possess, or carry, whether openly or concealed, any  
 43 deadly weapon, not used solely for instructional or officially sanctioned ceremonial purposes in  
 44 the State Capitol Building, the Executive Mansion, the Western Residence of the Governor, or  
 45 on the grounds of any of these buildings, and in any building housing any court of the General  
 46 Court of Justice. If a court is housed in a building containing nonpublic uses in addition to the  
 47 court, then this prohibition shall apply only to that portion of the building used for court purposes  
 48 while the building is being used for court purposes.

49 This section shall not apply to any of the following:

50 ...

(6) ~~A person with a permit issued in accordance with Article 54B of this Chapter, with a permit considered valid under G.S. 14-415.24, or who is exempt from obtaining a permit pursuant to G.S. 14-415.25, who has a firearm~~ A person carrying a concealed handgun in a closed compartment or container within the person's locked vehicle or in a locked container securely affixed to the person's vehicle. A person may unlock the vehicle to enter or exit the vehicle provided the remains in the closed compartment at all times and the vehicle is locked immediately following the entrance or exit.

(7) Any person who carries or possesses an ordinary pocket knife, as defined in G.S. 14-269(d), carried in a closed position into the State Capitol Building or on the grounds of the State Capitol Building.

Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor."

**SECTION 8.** G.S. 14-277.2 reads as rewritten:

**"§ 14-277.2. Weapons at parades, etc., prohibited.**

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to concealed carry of a handgun at a parade or funeral procession ~~by a person with a valid permit issued in accordance with Article 54B of this Chapter, with a permit considered valid under G.S. 14-415.24, or who is exempt from obtaining a permit pursuant to G.S. 14-415.25.~~ procession. This subsection shall not be construed to permit a person to carry a concealed handgun on any premises where the person in legal possession or control of the premises has posted a conspicuous notice prohibiting the carrying of a concealed handgun on the premises in accordance with G.S. 14-415.11(c)."

**SECTION 9.** G.S. 14-401.24 reads as rewritten:

**"§ 14-401.24. Unlawful possession and use of unmanned aircraft systems.**

(c) The following definitions apply to this section:

(5) Weapon. – Those weapons specified in G.S. 14-269, 14-269.2, 14-284.1, or 14-288.8 and any other ~~object~~ object, including a firearm, capable of inflicting serious bodily injury or death when used as a weapon.

**SECTION 9.1.(a)** G.S. 14-34.5 reads as rewritten:

**"§ 14-34.5. Assault with a firearm on a law enforcement, probation, or parole officer, or on a member of the North Carolina National Guard, or on a person employed at a State or local detention facility.**

(a) Any person who commits an assault with a firearm upon ~~a law enforcement officer, probation officer, or parole officer while the officer is in the performance of his or her duties~~ is guilty of a Class D felony.

(a1) ~~Any person who commits an assault with a firearm upon a member of the North Carolina National Guard while the member is in the performance of his or her duties~~ is guilty of a Class D felony.

(b) ~~Anyone who commits an assault with a firearm upon a person who is employed at a detention facility operated under the jurisdiction of the State or a local government while the employee is in the performance of the employee's duties~~ is guilty of a Class D felony. any of the following persons who are in the performance of their duties is guilty of a Class B1 felony:

- (1) A law enforcement officer.
- (2) A probation officer.
- (3) A parole officer.
- (4) A member of the North Carolina National Guard.
- (5) An employee of a detention facility operated under the jurisdiction of the State or a local government.

1           (6)    An emergency medical technician or other emergency health care provider.

2           (7)    A medical responder.

3           (8)    A firefighter.

4           (9)    A telecommunicator employed by a law enforcement agency."

5           **SECTION 9.1.(b)** G.S. 14-34.6(c) reads as rewritten:

6           "(c)    Unless a person's conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing  
7 greater punishment, a person is guilty of a Class D felony if the person violates subsection (a) of  
8 this section against a person not otherwise covered under G.S. 14-34.5 and uses a firearm."

9           **SECTION 10.** G.S. 14-409.40 reads as rewritten:

10          "**§ 14-409.40. Statewide uniformity of local regulation.**

11          ..."

12          (f)    Nothing contained in this section prohibits municipalities or counties from application  
13 of their authority under G.S. 153A-129, 160A-189, 14-269, 14-269.2, 14-269.3, 14-269.4,  
14 14-277.2, 14-415.11, 14-415.23, 14-415.35, including prohibiting the possession of firearms in  
15 public-owned buildings, on the grounds or parking areas of those buildings, or in public parks or  
16 recreation areas, except nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a person from storing a firearm  
17 within a motor vehicle while the vehicle is on these grounds or areas. Nothing contained in this  
18 section prohibits municipalities or counties from exercising powers provided by law in states of  
19 emergency declared under Article 1A of Chapter 166A of the General Statutes.

20          ...."

21          **SECTION 11.** G.S. 14-415.4(e)(2) reads as rewritten:

22          "(2)    The petitioner is under indictment for a ~~felony or a finding of probable cause~~  
23 ~~exists against the petitioner for a felony.~~"

24          **SECTION 12.** G.S. 14-415.11(a) reads as rewritten:

25          "(a)    Any person who has a concealed handgun permit may carry a concealed handgun  
26 unless otherwise specifically prohibited by law. The person shall carry the permit together with  
27 valid identification whenever the person is carrying a concealed handgun, shall disclose to any  
28 law enforcement officer that the person holds a valid permit and is carrying a concealed handgun  
29 when approached or addressed by the officer, and shall display both the permit and the proper  
30 identification upon the request of a law enforcement officer. ~~In addition to these requirements, a~~  
31 ~~military permittee whose permit has expired during deployment may carry a concealed handgun~~  
32 ~~during the 90 days following the end of deployment and before the permit is renewed provided~~  
33 ~~the permittee also displays proof of deployment to any law enforcement officer."~~

34          **SECTION 13.** G.S. 14-415.22 is repealed.

35          **SECTION 14.** G.S. 74E-6 reads as rewritten:

36          "**§ 74E-6. Oaths, powers, and authority of company police officers.**

37          ..."

38          (c)    All Company Police. – Company police officers, while in the performance of their  
39 duties of employment, have the same powers as municipal and county police officers to make  
40 arrests for both felonies and misdemeanors and to charge for infractions on any of the following:

41           (1)    Real property owned by or in the possession and control of their employer.

42           (2)    Real property owned by or in the possession and control of a person who has  
43 contracted with the employer to provide on-site company police security  
44 personnel services for the property.

45           (3)    Any other real property while in continuous and immediate pursuit of a person  
46 for an offense committed upon property described in subdivisions (1) or (2)  
47 of this subsection.

48          Company police officers shall have, if duly authorized by the superior officer in charge, the  
49 authority to carry concealed weapons pursuant to and in conformity with ~~G.S. 14-269(b)(4) and~~  
50 ~~(5)-G.S. 14-269(b)(4) and (b)(5) and G.S. 14-415.35.~~

51          ...."



1           **SECTION 15.** G.S. 74G-6 reads as rewritten:  
2   "**§ 74G-6. Oaths, powers, and authority of campus police officers.**

3           ...  
4           (d)   Concealed Weapons. – Campus police officers shall have, if duly authorized by their  
5 campus police agency and by the sheriff of the county in which the campus police agency is  
6 located, the authority to carry concealed weapons pursuant to and in conformity with  
7 G.S. 14-269(b)(5), G.S. 14-269(b)(5) and G.S. 14-415.35.

8           ...."

9           **SECTION 15.5.** G.S. 14-415.1 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:  
10          "(a2) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section and discharges a firearm during  
11 the commission or attempted commission of a felony under (i) this Chapter or (ii) Article 5 of  
12 Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is guilty of a Class C felony."

13          **SECTION 15.6** G.S. 14-415.1 reads as rewritten:

14   "**§ 14-415.1. Possession of firearms, etc., by felon prohibited.**

15          (a)   It ~~shall be is~~ unlawful for any person who has been convicted of a felony to purchase,  
16 own, possess, or have in ~~his~~ the person's custody, care, or control any firearm or any weapon of  
17 mass death and destruction as defined in G.S. 14-288.8(c). For the purposes of this section, a  
18 firearm is (i) any weapon, including a starter gun, which will or is designed to or may readily be  
19 converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, or its frame or receiver, or (ii) any  
20 firearm muffler or firearm silencer. This section does not apply to an antique firearm, as defined  
21 in G.S. 14-409.11.

22          Every person violating the provisions of this ~~section shall be punished as~~ subsection is guilty  
23 of a Class G ~~felon~~ felony.

24          (a1) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section during the commission or  
25 attempted commission of a felony under (i) this Chapter or (ii) Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the  
26 General Statutes is guilty of a Class F felony.

27          (b)   Prior convictions which cause disenfranchisement under this section shall only include:

- 28           (1)   Felony convictions in North Carolina that occur before, on, or after December  
29               1, 1995; and
- 30           (2)   Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. 487, s. 3, effective December 1, 1995.
- 31           (3)   Violations of criminal laws of other states or of the United States that occur  
32               before, on, or after December 1, 1995, and that are substantially similar to the  
33               crimes covered in subdivision (1) which are punishable where committed by  
34               imprisonment for a term exceeding one year.

35          When a person is charged under this section, records of prior convictions of any offense, whether  
36 in the courts of this State, or in the courts of any other state or of the United States, shall be  
37 admissible in evidence for the purpose of proving a violation of this section. The term  
38 "conviction" is defined as a final judgment in any case in which felony punishment, or  
39 imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, as the case may be, is authorized, without regard to  
40 the plea entered or to the sentence imposed. A judgment of a conviction of the defendant or a  
41 plea of guilty by the defendant to such an offense certified to a superior court of this State from  
42 the custodian of records of any state or federal court shall be prima facie evidence of the facts so  
43 certified.

44          (c)   The indictment charging the defendant under the terms of this section shall be separate  
45 from any indictment charging him with other offenses related to or giving rise to a charge under  
46 this section. An indictment which charges the person with violation of this section must set forth  
47 the date that the prior offense was committed, the type of offense and the penalty therefor, and  
48 the date that the defendant was convicted or plead guilty to such offense, the identity of the court  
49 in which the conviction or plea of guilty took place and the verdict and judgment rendered  
50 therein.

1 (d) This section does not apply to a person who, pursuant to the law of the jurisdiction in  
2 which the conviction occurred, has been pardoned or has had his or her firearms rights restored  
3 if such restoration of rights could also be granted under North Carolina law.

4 (e) This section does not apply and there is no disentitlement under this section if the  
5 felony conviction is a violation under the laws of North Carolina, another state, or the United  
6 States that pertains to antitrust violations, unfair trade practices, or restraints of trade."

7 **SECTION 16.** G.S. 113-136 reads as rewritten:

8 "**§ 113-136. Enforcement authority of inspectors and protectors; refusal to obey or allow**  
9 **inspection by inspectors and protectors.**

10 ...

11 (d) Inspectors and protectors are additionally authorized to arrest without warrant under  
12 the terms of G.S. 15A-401(b) for felonies, for breaches of the peace, for assaults upon them or in  
13 their presence, and for other offenses evincing a flouting of their authority as enforcement  
14 officers or constituting a threat to public peace and order which would tend to subvert the  
15 authority of the State if ignored. In particular, they are authorized, subject to the direction of the  
16 administrative superiors, to arrest for violations of G.S. 14-223, 14-225, 14-269, ~~and~~  
17 ~~14-277, 14-277,~~ and 14-415.35.

18 ...."

19 **SECTION 16.7.** The University of North Carolina Board of Governors shall develop  
20 a scholarship program for any child, if the child is at least 17 years old but not yet 28 years old,  
21 whose parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian is a law enforcement officer, correctional officer,  
22 firefighter, volunteer firefighter, or rescue squad worker who is permanently and totally disabled  
23 as a direct result of a traumatic injury sustained in the line of duty.

24 The scholarship program shall provide assistance with tuition, fees, educational  
25 supplies, and boarding expenses not covered under Chapter 115B of the General Statutes and  
26 shall be available for both undergraduate and graduate programs.

27 The Board of Governors shall report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight  
28 Committee on the establishment of the program no later than July 1, 2026.

29 **SECTION 17.** Prosecutions for offenses committed before the effective date of this  
30 act are not abated or affected by this act, and the statutes that would be applicable but for this act  
31 remain applicable to those prosecutions.

32 **SECTION 18.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2025, and applies to offenses  
33 committed on or after that date.