## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2023**

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## **SENATE BILL 673** Agriculture, Energy, and Environment Committee Substitute Adopted 4/26/23 Third Edition Engrossed 5/2/23

Short Title: Wastewater Regulatory Relief Act. (Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

## April 10, 2023

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO A	ALLOW ALTERNATIVE PEAK DAILY SEWAGE FLOW RATES FOR
3	DESIGN RA	TE MODELING, TO PERMIT WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM
4	EXPANSION	NS BEYOND EXISTING ALLOCATION IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES,
5	AND TO N	MAKE CLARIFICATIONS TO THE SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FEE
6	STATUTES.	
7	The General Ass	embly of North Carolina enacts:
8		•
9	ALLOW ALTH	ERNATIVE PEAK DAILY SEWAGE FLOW RATES AND PERMIT
10	WASTEWATE	R TREATMENT SYSTEM EXPANSIONS BEYOND EXISTING
11	ALLOCATION	IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES
12	SECT	<b>FION 1.</b> G.S. 143-215.1 is amended by adding the following new subsections
13	to read:	
14	" <u>(f3)</u> The p	ermittee for a wastewater treatment system may calculate its wastewater flows
15	for new dwelling	units, including units that have yet to be connected and for which the permittee
16	has allocated car	pacity, at 75 gallons per day per bedroom, or at a lower rate approved by the
17	Department.	
18	<u>(f4)</u> <u>No pe</u>	ermits for sewer line extensions shall be issued to wastewater treatment systems
19	owned or operate	ed by municipalities, counties, sanitary districts, or public utilities unless the
20	systems meet the	following requirements:
21	<u>(1)</u>	Prior to actual flow exceeding eighty percent (80%) of the system's permitted
22		hydraulic capacity, based on the average flow during the last calendar year,
23		the permittee shall submit an engineering evaluation of its future wastewater
24		treatment, utilization, and disposal needs. This evaluation shall outline plans
25		for meeting future wastewater treatment, utilization, or disposal needs by
26		either expansion of the existing system, elimination or reduction of extraneous
27		flows, or water conservation and shall include the source of funding for the
28		improvements. If expansion is not proposed or is proposed for a later date, a
29		justification shall be made that wastewater treatment needs will be met based
30		on past growth records and future growth projections and, as appropriate, shall
31		include conservation plans or other measures to achieve waste flow
32		reductions.
33	<u>(2)</u>	Prior to actual flow exceeding ninety percent (90%) of the system's permitted
34		hydraulic capacity, based on the average flow during the last calendar year,
35		the permittee shall obtain all permits needed for the expansion of the



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	wastewater treatment, utilization, or disposal	system and, if construction is
	needed, submit final plans and specification	s for expansion, including a
	construction schedule. If expansion is not prop	osed or is proposed for a later
	date, a justification shall be made that wastewa	ter treatment needs will be met
	based on past growth records and future	growth projections and, as
	appropriate, shall include conservation plans	or other specific measures to
	achieve waste flow reductions.	
<u>(3</u>	<u>The Director shall allow permits to be issued</u>	to facilities that are exceeding
	the eighty percent (80%) or ninety percent (9	90%) disposal capacity if the
	additional flow is not projected to result in the	facility exceeding its permitted
	hydraulic capacity, the facility is in comp	liance with all other permit
	limitations and requirements, and adequate	progress is being made in
	developing the required engineering evaluation	
	In determining the adequacy of the progress, t	
	projected flows, the complexity and scope of t	the work to be completed, and
	any projected environmental impacts.	_
<u>(f5)</u> <u>A</u>	permittee for a wastewater treatment system, who	has signed a contract for the
expansion of	its wastewater treatment system, utilization, or disp	osal system and whose current
system is loc	ated in a county with a projected population growth	n rate above two percent (2%)
annually or is	s located in one of the top twenty percent (20%) of t	he fastest growing counties in
the State, by p	population, and is meeting flow and pollutant dischar	ge limits set out in the system's
current permi	t, may allocate one hundred ten percent (110%) of	its existing system's hydraulic
capacity and	increase the allocation amount to one hundred fift	een percent (115%) when the
expansion of	its system is within 24 months of completion, but n	nay not allocate more than the
permitted pro	jected capacity after expansion without approval b	y the Department. Nothing in
this subsectio	n shall be construed to limit the Department from aut	horizing allocations above one
hundred fiftee	en percent (115%) of a system's hydraulic capacity."	
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	EVELOPMENT FEE CLARIFICATION	
	ECTION 2.(a) G.S. 162A-201(9) reads as rewritten	
"(!		
	service provided pursuant to a wholesale arra	0
	sewer authority organized under Article 1 of	-
	Statutes and a local governmental unit, in	
	development to fund costs of capital impro	
	attributable to such new development, to reco	
	which serve such new development, to reco	
	government unit to purchase capacity in, or	
	capital improvements or facilities owned by and	
	a combination of those costs, as provided in t	
	amortized charges, lump-sum charges, and an	•
	described by this definition regardless of ter	minology. The term does not
	include any of the following:	<b>.</b>
	a. A charge or fee to pay the administrati	
	costs associated with permits required f	-
	b. Tap or hookup charges for the purp	
	governmental unit for the actual cost of	connecting the service unit to
	the system.	
	c. Availability charges.	
	d. Dedication of capital improvements on	•
	development absent a written agreer	nent providing for credit or
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1 2 3 4 5		<ul> <li>reimbursement to the developer pursuant to G.S. 153A-280, 153A-451, 160A-320, 160A-499 or Part 3A of Article 18, Chapter 153A or Part 3D of Article 19, Chapter 160A of the General Statutes.</li> <li>e. Reimbursement to the local governmental unit for its expenses in constructing or providing for water or sewer utility capital</li> </ul>
6 7		improvements adjacent or ancillary to the development if the owner or developer has agreed to be financially responsible for such expenses;
8 9		however, such reimbursement shall be credited to any system development fee charged as set forth in G.S. 162A-207(c).
10 11 12		<u>f.</u> <u>A charge or fee paid by one local government unit to another local</u> government unit for capacity in, or reserve capacity supplied by, capital improvements or facilities."
12	SEC	<b>FION 2.(b)</b> G.S. 162A-205 reads as rewritten:
14		upporting analysis.
15		evelopment fee shall be calculated based on a written analysis, which may
16	constitute or be i	ncluded in a capital improvements plan, that:
17	(1)	Is prepared by a financial professional or a licensed professional engineer
18		qualified by experience and training or education to employ generally
19		accepted accounting, engineering, and planning methodologies to calculate
20	( <b>2</b> )	system development fees for public water and sewer systems.
21	(2)	Documents in reasonable detail the facts and data used in the analysis and their
22 23	(2)	sufficiency and reliability. Employs generally accepted accounting, engineering, and planning
23 24	(3)	methodologies, including the buy-in, incremental cost or marginal cost, and
25		combined cost methods for each service, setting forth appropriate analysis as
26		to the consideration and selection of a method appropriate to the
27		circumstances and adapted as necessary to satisfy all requirements of this
28		Article.
29	(4)	Documents and demonstrates the reliable application of the methodologies to
30		the facts and data, including all reasoning, analysis, and interim calculations
31		underlying each identifiable component of the system development fee and
32		the aggregate thereof.
33	(5)	Identifies all assumptions and limiting conditions affecting the analysis and
34		demonstrates that they do not materially undermine the reliability of
35		conclusions reached.
36 37	(6)	Calculates a final system development fee per service unit of new development and includes an equivalency or conversion table for use in
38		determining the fees applicable for various categories of demand.
39	(7)	Covers a planning horizon of not less than five years nor more than 20 years.
40	(7) (8)	Is adopted by resolution or ordinance of the local governmental unit in
41	(0)	accordance with G.S. 162A-209.
42	(9)	Uses the gallons per day per service unit that the local governmental unit
43		applies to its water or sewer system engineering or planning purposes for
44		water or sewer, as appropriate, in calculating the system development fee.
45	<u>(10)</u>	Includes any purchased capacity in, or reserved capacity supplied by, capital
46		improvements or facilities owned by another local government unit as part of
47		the local government unit's overall capacity in capital improvements."
48		<b>FION 2.(c)</b> G.S. 162A-211 reads as rewritten:
49	"§ 162A-211. U	se and administration of revenue.

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1		enue from system development fees calculated using the incremental cost method	
2	or marginal cost method, exclusively or as part of the combined cost method, shall be expended		
3	only to pay:		
4 5	(1)	Costs of constructing capital improvements including, and limited to, any of the following:	
6		a. Construction contract prices.	
7		b. Surveying and engineering fees.	
8		c. Land acquisition cost.	
9 10		d. Principal and interest on bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by or on behalf of the local governmental unit to finance any costs for an	
11		item listed in sub-subdivisions a. through c. of this subdivision.	
12	(2)	Professional fees incurred by the local governmental unit for preparation of	
13		the system development fee analysis.	
14	(3)	If no capital improvements are planned for construction within five years or	
15		the foregoing costs are otherwise paid or provided for, then principal and	
16		interest on bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by or on behalf of a local	
17		governmental unit to finance the construction or acquisition of existing capital	
18		improvements.	
19	<u>(4)</u>	Contractual obligations to another local government unit for capacity in such	
20		facilities owned by another local government unit.	
21	"		
22	SEC	<b>CTION 2.(d)</b> This section is effective when it becomes law. This section clarifies	
23		e intent of existing law and applies to ordinances adopted before, on, and after the	
24 25	effective date.		
25 26	EFFECTIVE	DATE	
20 27		<b>CTION 3.</b> Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes	
28	law.	<b>CITON 5.</b> Except as outerwise provided, this act is circenve when it becomes	