SENATE BILL 58

Short Title:	Protect Critical Infrastructure.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators McInnis, Britt, and P. Newton (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate	

## February 2, 2023

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO INCREASE THE PUNISHMENT FOR PROPERTY CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST FACILITIES INVOLVED IN THE TRANSMISSION OF TELEPHONE, BROADBAND, OR CABLE TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES AND FACILITIES INVOLVED IN THE PRODUCTION, STORAGE, TRANSMISSION, OR DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY, FUEL, OR ANOTHER FORM OR SOURCE OF

ENERGY.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** Article 22 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

## "§ 14-150.2. Injuring energy facility.

- (a) <u>Definition. For purposes of this section, the term "energy facility" means any facility involved in the production, storage, transmission, or distribution of electricity, fuel, or another form or source of energy, or research, development, or demonstration facilities related thereto, regardless of whether the facility is under construction or is otherwise not functioning. This term includes any line, wire, pipe, or other property or equipment used as part of the normal operation of the facility.</u>
- (b) Offense. It is unlawful to knowingly and willfully destroy, injure, or otherwise damage, or attempt to destroy, injure, or otherwise damage, an energy facility.
- (c) Punishment. A person who violates subsection (b) of this section is guilty of a Class C felony. Additionally, a person who violates subsection (b) of this section shall be ordered to pay a fine of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- (d) Merger. Each violation of this section constitutes a separate offense and shall not merge with any other offense.
- (e) Civil Liability. Any person whose property or person is injured by reason of a violation of this section may sue for and recover treble damages, costs, and attorneys' fees from the person who committed the violation of this section and any person who acts as an accessory before or after the fact, aids or abets, solicits, conspires, or lends material support to the violation of this section. The rights and remedies provided by this subsection are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law. For purposes of this subsection, the term "damages" includes actual and consequential damages."

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 14-159.12 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 14-159.12. First degree trespass.

(a) Offense. – A person commits the offense of first degree trespass if, without authorization, he the person enters or remains:remains on or in any of the following:



S

1 On The premises of another so enclosed or secured as to demonstrate clearly (1) 2 an intent to keep out intruders; intruders. 3 In a The building of another; or another. (2) 4 On the The lands of the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians after the person has (3) 5 been excluded by a resolution passed by the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indian 6 Tribal Council. 7 8 Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this section, a violation of (c) 9 subsection (a) of this section is a Class A1 misdemeanor I felony if all of the following 10 circumstances exist: 11 The offense is committed on the premises of any of the following: (1) A facility that is owned or operated by an electric power supplier as 12 13 defined in G.S. 62-133.8(a)(3) and that is either an electric generation facility, a transmission substation, a transmission switching station, a 14 transmission switching structure, or a control center used to manage 15 transmission operations or electrical power generating at multiple 16 17 plant locations. Any facility used or available for use in the collection, treatment, 18 b. 19 testing, storing, pumping, or distribution of water for a public water 20 21 Any facility, including any liquefied natural gas storage facility or c. 22 propane air facility, that is owned or operated by a natural gas local 23 distribution company, natural gas pipeline carrier operating under a 24 certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Utilities 25 Commission, municipal corporation operating a municipally owned 26 gas distribution system, or regional natural gas district organized and 27 operated pursuant to Article 28 of Chapter 160A of the General 28 Statutes used for transmission, distribution, measurement, testing, 29 regulating, compression, control, or storage of natural gas. 30 d. Any facility used or operated for agricultural activities, as that term is 31 defined in G.S. 106-581.1. 32 Any facility involved in the production, storage, transmission, or <u>e.</u> 33 distribution of electricity, fuel, or another form or source of energy, or 34 research, development, or demonstration facilities related thereto, 35 regardless of whether the facility is under construction or is otherwise 36 not functioning. 37 The person actually entered a building, or it was necessary for the person to (2) 38 climb over, go under, or otherwise surmount a fence or other barrier to reach 39 the facility. 40 If, in addition to the circumstances set out in subsection (c) of this section, the violation also includes any of the following elements, then the offense is a Class H-G felony: 41 42 The offense is committed with the intent to disrupt the normal operation of (1) any of the facilities described in subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this 43 section. 44 45 The offense involves an act that places either the offender or others on the (2) 46 premises at risk of serious bodily injury. 47 48 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 14-154 reads as rewritten: 49 "§ 14-154. Injuring wires and other fixtures of telephone, telegraph, and electric-power

telephone and broadband companies.

50

9 10

11 12 13

14 15

If any person shall willfully injure, destroy destroy, or pull down any telegraph, telephone, telephone, broadband, or cable telecommunications, or electric-power-transmission telecommunications pedestal or pole, or any telegraph, telephone, cable telecommunications, or electric power line, wire or fiber insulator, power supply, transformer, transmission or other apparatus, equipment equipment, or fixture used in the transmission of telegraph, telephone, cable telecommunications, or electrical power service telephone, broadband, or cable telecommunications, or any equipment apparatus, equipment, or fixture related to wireless communications regulated by the Federal Communications Commission, that person shall be guilty of a Class Helony."

**SECTION 4.** G.S. 14-152 and G.S. 14-156 are repealed.

**SECTION 5.** Prosecutions for offenses committed before the effective date of this act are not abated or affected by this act, and the statutes that would be applicable but for this act remain applicable to those prosecutions.

**SECTION 6.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2023, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.