GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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SENATE BILL 582

Agriculture, Energy, and Environment Committee Substitute Adopted 4/19/23 Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 4/25/23 Fourth Edition Engrossed 4/27/23

Short Title: North Carolina Farm Act of 2023. (Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 5, 2023

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

- 2 AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS CHANGES TO THE AGRICULTURAL AND 3
 - WASTEWATER LAWS OF THIS STATE.
- 4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
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INCLUDE INCOME FROM THE SALE OF HONEY IN GROSS INCOME FOR PURPOSES OF PRESENT USE VALUE TAXATION

SECTION 1.(a) G.S. 105-277.3(a)(1) reads as rewritten:

9 Agricultural land. - Individually owned agricultural land consisting of one or "(1) 10 more tracts, one of which satisfies the requirements of this subdivision. For agricultural land used as a farm for aquatic species, as defined in 11 G.S. 106-758, the tract must meet the income requirement for agricultural land 12 and must consist of at least five acres in actual production or produce at least 13 20,000 pounds of aquatic species for commercial sale annually, regardless of 14 15 acreage. For all other agricultural land, the tract must meet the income requirement for agricultural land and must consist of at least 10 acres that are 16 in actual production. Land in actual production includes land under 17 18 improvements used in the commercial production or growing of crops, plants, 19 or animals.

20 To meet the income requirement, agricultural land must, for the three years preceding January 1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed, 21 have produced an average gross income of at least one thousand dollars 22 23 (\$1,000). Gross income includes income from the sale of the agricultural 24 products produced from the land, grazing fees for livestock, the sale of bees or products derived from beehives other than honey, beehives, any payments 25 received under a governmental soil conservation or land retirement program, 26 and the amount paid to the taxpayer during the taxable year pursuant to P.L. 27 108-357, Title VI, Fair and Equitable Tobacco Reform Act of 2004." 28

SECTION 1.(b) This section is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years 29 30 beginning on or after July 1, 2023.

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32 CLARIFY THAT TURKEY BROODER LITTER RECYCLING IS A BONA FIDE FARM PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO COUNTY ZONING 33

SECTION 1.1. G.S. 160D-903(a) reads as rewritten:



1 "(a) Bona Fide Farming Exempt From County Zoning. – County zoning regulations may 2 not affect property used for bona fide farm purposes; provided, however, that this section does 3 not limit zoning regulation with respect to the use of farm property for nonfarm purposes. Except 4 as provided in G.S. 106-743.4 for farms that are subject to a conservation agreement under 5 G.S. 106-743.2, bona fide farm purposes include the production and activities relating or 6 incidental to the production of crops, grains, fruits, vegetables, ornamental and flowering plants, 7 dairy, livestock, poultry, and all other forms of agriculture, as defined in G.S. 106-581.1. 8 Activities incident to the farm include existing or new residences constructed to the applicable 9 residential building code situated on the farm occupied by the owner, lessee, or operator of the 10 farm and other buildings or structures sheltering or supporting the farm use and operation. A 11 building or structure that is used solely for storage of cotton, peanuts, or sweetpotatoes, or any byproduct of those commodities, is a bona fide farm purpose, including a building or structure 12 13 on a property that does not have the documentation listed in subdivisions (1) through (4) of this 14 subsection. For purposes of this section, a facility that receives used turkey brooder litter from brooder farms and recycles the used litter by means of a drying process to reduce the moisture 15 16 content of the litter sufficient to send the recycled litter to a turkey grow-out farm for reuse is a 17 bona fide farm purpose. For purposes of this section, "when performed on the farm" in 18 G.S. 106-581.1(6) includes the farm within the jurisdiction of the county and any other farm 19 owned or leased to or from others by the bona fide farm operator, no matter where located. For 20 purposes of this section, the production of a nonfarm product that the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services recognizes as a "Goodness Grows in North Carolina" product that is 21 produced on a farm subject to a conservation agreement under G.S. 106-743.2 is a bona fide farm 22 23 purpose. For purposes of determining whether a property is being used for bona fide farm 24 purposes, any of the following is sufficient evidence that the property is being used for bona fide 25 farm purposes, but other evidence may also be considered:

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28 CORRECT REFERENCES TO NORTH CAROLINA TOBACCO FOUNDATION, INC. 29 SECTION 1.2.(a) G.S. 106-568.3 reads as rewritten:

30 "§ 106-568.3. Action of Board of Agriculture on petition for referendum; creation of the 31 Tobacco Research Commission.

32 The State Board of Agriculture, upon a petition being filed with it so requesting and (a) 33 signed by the governing boards of the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, the North 34 Carolina State Grange, and the North Carolina Agricultural Foundation, Inc., shall examine such 35 petition and upon finding that it complies with the provisions of this Article shall authorize the 36 holding of a referendum as hereinafter set out and the governing boards of the North Carolina 37 Farm Bureau Federation, the North Carolina State Grange, and the North Carolina Agricultural 38 Foundation, Inc., shall thereupon be fully authorized and empowered to hold and conduct on the 39 part of the producers and growers of the commodities herein mentioned a referendum on the 40 question of whether or not such growers and producers shall levy upon themselves an assessment under and subject to and for the purposes stated in this Article. Provided, that the petition for a 41 42 tobacco referendum shall be signed by and, once approved, shall authorize the holding of a 43 referendum by the governing boards of the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, Inc., the 44 North Carolina State Grange, the North Carolina Tobacco-Agricultural Foundation, Inc., and the 45 Tobacco Growers Association of North Carolina, Incorporated.

(b) There is hereby created a North Carolina Tobacco Research Commission within the
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. The Commission shall consist of the
Commissioner of Agriculture, or <u>his-the Commissioner's</u> designee; the President of the North
Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, Inc., or <u>his-the President's</u> designee; the President of the
Tobacco Growers Association of North Carolina, Incorporated, or <u>his-the President's</u> designee;

the Master-President of the North Carolina State Grange, or his-the President's designee; and, the 2

President of the North Carolina Tobacco-Agricultural Foundation, Inc., or his designee."

SECTION 1.2.(b) G.S. 106-568.4 reads as rewritten:

4 "§ 106-568.4. By whom referendum to be managed; announcement.

5 The governing boards of the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, the North Carolina 6 State Grange, and the North Carolina Agricultural Foundation, Inc., shall arrange for and manage 7 any referendum conducted under the provisions of this Article but shall, 60 days before the date 8 upon which it is to be held, fix, determine, and publicly announce in each county the date, hours, 9 and polling places in that county for voting in such referendum, the amount and basis proposed 10 to be collected, the means by which such assessment shall be collected as authorized by the 11 growers and producers, and the general purposes for which said funds so collected shall be applied. Provided, that the governing boards of the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, Inc., 12 13 the North Carolina State Grange, the North Carolina Tobacco-Agricultural Foundation, Inc., and 14 the Tobacco Growers Association of North Carolina, Incorporated, shall arrange for and manage any referendum for tobacco poundage assessments under the provisions of this Article." 15

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SECTION 1.2.(c) G.S. 106-568.7 reads as rewritten:

17 Preparation and distribution of ballots; poll holders; canvass and "§ 106-568.7. 18 announcement of results.

19 The governing boards of the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, the North Carolina 20 State Grange, and the North Carolina Agricultural Foundation, Inc., shall prepare and distribute 21 in advance of such referendum all necessary ballots and shall under rules and regulations, adopted and promulgated by the organizations holding such referendum, arrange for the necessary poll 22 23 holders and shall, within 10 days after the date of such referendum, canvass and publicly declare 24 the results thereof. Provided, that for the tobacco poundage assessment referendum, the North 25 Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, Inc., the North Carolina State Grange, the North Carolina 26 Tobacco-Agricultural Foundation, Inc., and the Tobacco Growers Association of North Carolina, 27 Incorporated, shall perform the functions set forth in this section."

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SECTION 1.2.(d) G.S. 106-568.8 reads as rewritten:

29 Collection and disposition of assessment; report of receipts and "§ 106-568.8. 30 disbursements; audit.

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32 Tobacco Poundage Assessments. In the event two-thirds or more of the eligible (b) 33 farmers and producers participating in the tobacco referendum vote in favor of the tobacco 34 poundage assessment authorized under this Article, then said assessment shall be collected for a 35 period of six years under rules, regulations, and methods adopted by the North Carolina Tobacco 36 Research Commission. The North Carolina Tobacco Research Commission is exempt from the 37 provisions of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.

38 The assessments collected shall be remitted to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 39 Services to be expended under the direction of the Tobacco Research Commission for research 40 and dissemination of research facts concerning tobacco. Any person that receives assessment funds from the Tobacco Research Commission shall file quarterly written reports with the 41 42 Tobacco Research Commission on the receipt and expenditure of assessment funds. The Tobacco 43 Research Commission may transfer assessments to the North Carolina Tobacco-Agricultural 44 Foundation, Inc., to be held and invested by the Tobacco Agricultural Foundation until such time 45 as the Commission shall direct their expenditure for the purposes set forth in this section."

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- SECTION 1.2.(e) G.S. 106-568.10 reads as rewritten:

47 "§ 106-568.10. Subsequent referenda; continuation of assessment.

48 If the assessment is defeated in the referendum, the governing boards of the North Carolina 49 Farm Bureau Federation, the North Carolina State Grange, and the North Carolina Agricultural Foundation, Inc., shall have full power and authority to call another referendum for the purposes 50 herein set out in the next succeeding year on the question of the annual assessment for six years. 51

1 In the event the assessment carried in a referendum by two-thirds or more of the eligible farmers 2 participating therein, such assessment shall be levied annually for the six years set forth in the 3 call for such referendum and a new referendum may be called and conducted during the sixth 4 year of such period on the question of whether or not such assessment shall be continued for the 5 next ensuing six years. Provided, that if the tobacco poundage assessment is defeated in the 6 referendum, the governing boards of the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, Inc., the North 7 Carolina State Grange, the North Carolina Tobacco-Agricultural Foundation, Inc., and Tobacco 8 Growers Association of North Carolina, Incorporated, may call another referendum in the next 9 succeeding year on the question of the annual assessment for six years. If the tobacco assessment 10 carried in a referendum by two-thirds or more of the eligible farmers participating therein, the 11 assessment shall be levied annually for the six years set forth in the call for the referendum and a new referendum may be called and conducted during the sixth year of the period on the question 12 13 of whether or not the assessment shall be continued for the next ensuing six years." 14 15 ADD EOUINE INDUSTRY MEMBER TO THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE 16 SECTION 1.3. G.S. 106-2 reads as rewritten: 17 "§ 106-2. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services established; Board of 18 Agriculture, membership, terms of office, etc. 19 . . . 20 Membership; Qualifications. - The Board of Agriculture shall consist of the (b) 21 Commissioner of Agriculture, who shall be an ex officio member and chairman thereof and shall 22 preside at all meetings, and of 11-12 other members from the State, so distributed as to reasonably 23 represent the different sections and agriculture of the State. The Commissioner of Agriculture 24 and the members of the Board of Agriculture shall be practicing farmers engaged in their 25 profession. The members of the Board shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the 26 consent of the Senate. In the appointment of the members of the Board the Governor shall also 27 take into consideration the different agricultural interests of the State, and shall appoint members 28 with the following qualifications: 29 One member who shall be a practicing tobacco farmer to represent the tobacco (1)30 farming interest. 31 One member who shall be a practicing cotton grower to represent the cotton (2)32 interest. 33 One member who shall be a practicing fruit or vegetable farmer to represent (3) 34 the fruit and vegetable farming interest. 35 One member who shall be a practicing dairy farmer to represent the dairy and (4) 36 cattle interest of the State. 37 (5) One member who shall be a practicing poultryman to represent the poultry 38 interest of the State. 39 One member who shall be a practicing peanut grower to represent the peanut (6)40 interests of the State. One member who shall be experienced in marketing to represent the 41 (7)42 marketing of products of the State. 43 (8) One member who shall be actively involved in forestry to represent the 44 forestry interests of the State. 45 One member who shall be actively involved in the nursery business to (9) 46 represent the nursery industry of the State. 47 (10)One member who shall be a practicing general farmer to represent the general 48 farming interest. 49 One member who shall be a practicing pork farmer to represent the swine (11)50 interest of the State.

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
1	(12) One member who shall be actively involved in the equine industry to represent
2	the equine industry of the State.
3	(c) Terms. – The term of office of members of the Board shall be six years and until their
4	successors are duly appointed and qualified.
5	(d) Vacancies. – Vacancies in the Board shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired
6	term."
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8	EXEMPT COMPOST FROM SALES TAX FOR QUALIFYING FARMERS
9	SECTION 1.4.(a) G.S. 105-164.13E(a) reads as rewritten:
10	"§ 105-164.13E. Exemption for farmers.
11	(a) Exemption. – A qualifying farmer is a person who has an annual income from farming
12	operations for the preceding taxable year of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more or who has
13	an average annual income from farming operations for the three preceding taxable years of ten
14	thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more. For purposes of this section, the term "income from farming
15	operations" means sales plus any other amounts treated as gross income under the Code from
16	farming operations. A qualifying farmer includes a dairy operator, a poultry farmer, an egg
17	producer, and a livestock farmer, a farmer of crops, a farmer of an aquatic species, as defined in
18	G.S. 106-758, and a person who boards horses. A qualifying farmer may apply to the Secretary
19	for an exemption certificate number under G.S. 105-164.28A. The exemption certificate expires
20	when a person fails to meet the income threshold for three consecutive taxable years or ceases to
21	engage in farming operations, whichever comes first.
22	Except as otherwise provided in this section, the items exempt under this section must be
23	purchased by a qualifying farmer or conditional farmer and used by the qualifying or conditional
24	farmer primarily in farming operations. For purposes of this section, an item is used by a farmer
25 26	for farming operations if it is used for the planting, cultivating, harvesting, or curing of farm
26 27	crops, in the production of dairy products, eggs, or animals, or by a person who boards horses.
27	The items that may be exempt from sales and use tax under this section are: (1) Eval prined network and electricity that are measured by a separate mater.
28 29	(1) Fuel, piped natural gas, and electricity that are measured by a separate meter or another separate device and used for a purpose other than preparing food,
29 30	heating dwellings, and other household purposes.
30 31	(2) Commercial fertilizer, lime, land plaster, plastic mulch, plant bed covers,
32	potting soil, baler twine, <u>compost</u> , and seeds.
33	"
33 34	SECTION 1.4.(b) This section becomes effective October 1, 2023.
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36	ADD PINE STRAW HARVESTING TO THE DEFINITION OF AGRICULTURE
37	SECTION 1.5. G.S. 106-581.1 reads as rewritten:
38	"§ 106-581.1. Agriculture defined.
39	For purposes of this Article, the terms "agriculture", "agricultural", and "farming" refer to all
40	of the following:
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42	(2) The planting and production of trees and timber.timber, including pine
43	orchards planted and maintained for the purpose of harvesting pine needles
44	for sale, or the harvesting of pine needles for sale from land with a forest
45	management plan.
46	"
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48	AGRITOURISM ADVERTISING
49	SECTION 2. G.S. 136-32 reads as rewritten:
50	"§ 136-32. Regulation of signs.

1 (a) Commercial Signs. - No unauthorized person shall erect or maintain upon any 2 highway any warning or direction sign, marker, signal or light or imitation of any official sign, 3 marker, signal or light erected under the provisions of G.S. 136-30, except in cases of emergency. 4 No person shall erect or maintain upon any highway any traffic or highway sign or signal bearing 5 thereon any commercial or political advertising, except as provided in subsections (b) through 6 (e) of this section: Provided, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the erection or 7 maintenance of signs, markers, or signals bearing thereon the name of an organization authorized 8 to erect the same by the Department of Transportation or by any local authority referred to in 9 G.S. 136-31. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of 10 a Class 1 misdemeanor. The Department of Transportation may remove any signs erected without 11 authority or allowed to remain beyond the deadline established in subsection (b) subsections (b) 12 and (b1) of this section. Compliant Political Signs Permitted. - During the period beginning on the 30th day 13 (b) before the beginning date of "one-stop" early voting under G.S. 163-227.2 and ending on the 10th 14 day after the primary or election day, persons may place political signs in the right-of-way of the 15 16 State highway system as provided in this section. Signs must be placed in compliance with 17 subsection (d) of this section and must be removed by the end of the period prescribed in this 18 subsection. Any political sign remaining in the right-of-way of the State highway system more 19 than 30 days after the end of the period prescribed in this subsection shall be deemed unlawfully 20 placed and abandoned property, and a person may remove and dispose of such political sign 21 without penalty. 22 (b1) Compliant Farm Signs Permitted. – During a farm's seasonal operation, persons may 23 place farm signs in the right-of-way of the State highway system as provided in this section. 24 Signs must be placed in compliance with subsection (d) of this section and must be removed by 25 the end of the farm's season. Any farm sign remaining in the right-of-way of the State highway 26 system more than 30 days after the end of the period prescribed in this subsection shall be deemed 27 unlawfully placed and abandoned property, and a person may remove and dispose of the farm 28 sign without penalty. 29 Definition. Definitions. - For purposes of this section, "political sign" means any the (c) 30 following definitions apply: 31 Farm. – Any property that is used for a bona fide farm purpose as provided in (1)32 G.S. 106-581.1. 33 Farm sign. – A sign that advertises a farm, products grown, raised, or produced (2)34 on a farm, or services provided on a farm; or that provides customers with 35 directions to a farm. 36 Political sign. – Any sign that advocates for political action. The term does (3) 37 not include a commercial sign. 38 Sign Placement. – The permittee must obtain the permission of any property owner (d) 39 of a residence, business, or religious institution fronting the right-of-way where a sign would be 40 erected. Signs must be placed in accordance with the following: No sign shall be permitted in the right-of-way of a fully controlled access 41 (1)42 highway. 43 (2)No sign shall be closer than three feet from the edge of the pavement of the 44 road. 45 No sign shall obscure motorist visibility at an intersection. (3) 46 (4) No sign shall be higher than 42 inches above the edge of the pavement of the 47 road. 48 (5) No sign shall be larger than 864 square inches. 49 (6) No sign shall obscure or replace another sign.

2 to steal, deface, vandalize, or unlawfully remove a political sign that is lawfully placed under this 3 section. 4 Application Within Municipalities. - Pursuant to Article 8 of Chapter 160A of the (f) 5 General Statutes, a city may by ordinance prohibit or regulate the placement of political signs on 6 rights-of-way of streets located within the corporate limits of a municipality and maintained by 7 the municipality. Any such ordinance shall provide that any political sign that remains in a 8 right-of-way of streets located within the corporate limits of a municipality and maintained by 9 the municipality more than 30 days after the end of the period prescribed in the ordinance is to 10 be deemed unlawfully placed and abandoned property, and a person may remove and dispose of 11 such political sign without penalty. In the absence of an ordinance prohibiting or regulating the placement of political signs on the rights-of-way of streets located within a municipality and 12 13 maintained by the municipality, the provisions of subsections (b) through (e) of this section shall 14 apply."

Penalties for Unlawful Removal of Signs. - It is a Class 3 misdemeanor for a person

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AMEND REQUIREMENTS ON AGRITOURISM WARNING SIGNS

SECTION 2.1.(a) G.S. 99E-3 reads as rewritten:

18 "§ 99E-3. Warning required.

General Assembly Of North Carolina

19 Every equine professional and every equine activity sponsor shall post and maintain (a) 20 signs which contain the warning notice specified in subsection (b) of this section. The signs 21 required by this section shall be placed in a clearly visible location on or near stables, corrals, or 22 arenas where the equine professional or the equine activity sponsor conducts equine activities. 23 The warning notice specified in subsection (b) of this section shall be designed by the Department 24 of Agriculture and Consumer Services and shall consist of a sign in black letters, with each letter 25 to be a minimum of three quarters of one inch in height. Every written contract entered into by 26 an equine professional or by an equine activity sponsor for the providing of professional services, 27 instruction, or the rental of equipment or tack or an equine to a participant, whether or not the 28 contract involves equine activities on or off the location or site of the equine professional's or the 29 equine activity sponsor's business, shall contain in clearly readable print the warning notice 30

The signs and contracts described in subsection (a) of this section shall contain the

Under North Carolina law, an equine activity sponsor or equine professional is not liable for an injury to or the death of a participant in equine activities resulting exclusively from the inherent risks of equine activities. Chapter 99E of the North Carolina General Statutes."

37 Failure to comply with the requirements concerning warning signs and notices 38 provided in this Part shall prevent an equine activity sponsor or equine professional from 39

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42 Every farm animal activity sponsor and every farm animal professional shall post and 43 maintain signs which contain the warning notices specified in subsection (b) or (c) of this section. 44 The signs required by this section shall be placed in a clearly visible location on or near stables, 45 corrals, arenas, or other farm animal facilities where the farm animal professional or the farm 46 animal activity sponsor conducts animal activities. The warning notices specified in subsections 47 (b) and (c) of this section shall be designed by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 48 Services and shall consist of a sign in black letters, with each letter to be a minimum of three 49 quarters of one inch in height. Every written contract entered into by a farm animal professional 50 or by a farm animal activity sponsor for the providing of professional services, instruction, or the 51 rental of equipment or tack or a farm animal to a participant, whether or not the contract involves

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
1	farm animal activities on or off the location or site of the farm animal professional's or farm
2 3	animal activity sponsor's business, shall contain in clearly readable print the warning notice specified in subsection (b) or (c) of this section.
4	(b) The signs and contracts described in subsection (a) of this section shall contain the
5	following warning notice:
5 6	"WARNING
7	Under North Carolina law, a farm animal activity sponsor or farm animal professional is not
8	liable for an injury to or the death of a participant in farm animal activities resulting exclusively
9	from the inherent risks of farm animal activities. Chapter 99E of the North Carolina General
10	Statutes."
11	(c) If a farm animal activity sponsor or farm animal professional sponsors or engages in
12	farm animal activities only involving equines, the signs and contracts described in subsection (a)
13	of this section may contain the following warning notice:
14	"WARNING
15	Under North Carolina law, an equine activity sponsor or equine professional is not liable for
16	an injury to or the death of a participant in equine activities resulting exclusively from the
17	inherent risks of equine activities. Chapter 99E of the North Carolina General Statutes."
18	(d) Failure to comply with the requirements concerning warning signs and notices
19	provided in this Part shall prevent a farm animal activity sponsor or farm animal professional
20	from invoking the privileges of immunity provided by this Part."
21	SECTION 2.1.(c) G.S. 99E-32 reads as rewritten:
22	"§ 99E-32. Warning required.
23	(a) Every agritourism professional must post and maintain signs that contain the warning
24	notice specified in subsection (b) of this section. The sign must be placed in a clearly visible
25	location at the entrance to the agritourism location and at the site of the agritourism activity. The
26	warning notice must consist of a sign in black letters, with each letter to be a minimum of three
27	<u>quarters of</u> one inch in height. Every written contract entered into by an agritourism professional
28	for the providing of professional services, instruction, or the rental of equipment to a participant,
29	whether or not the contract involves agritourism activities on or off the location or at the site of
30	the agritourism activity, must contain in clearly readable print the warning notice specified in
31	subsection (b) of this section.
32	(b) The signs and contracts described in subsection (a) of this section must contain the
33	following notice of warning:
34	"WARNING
35	Under North Carolina law, there is no liability for an injury to or death of a participant in an
36	agritourism activity conducted at this agritourism location if such injury or death results from the
37	inherent risks of the agritourism activity. Inherent risks of agritourism activities include, among
38	others, risks of injury inherent to land, equipment, and animals, as well as the potential for you
39	to act in a negligent manner that may contribute to your injury or death. You are assuming the
40	risk of participating in this agritourism activity."
41	(c) Failure to comply with the requirements concerning warning signs and notices
42	provided in this subsection will prevent an agritourism professional from invoking the privileges
43	of immunity provided by this Article."
44	SECTION 2.1.(d) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to
45	actions arising from events occurring on or after that date.
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47	CLARIFY DEFINITION OF PROPERTY-HAULING VEHICLES
48	SECTION 3. G.S. 20-4.01 reads as rewritten:
49	"§ 20-4.01. Definitions.
50	Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply throughout this
51	Chapter to the defined words and phrases and their cognates:

G	eneral	Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
		(31)	Property-Hauling Vehicles. –	
			<u>g.</u> <u>A fifth-wheel trailer, recreational vehicle, set</u>	mitrailer, or trailer used
			exclusively or primarily to transport vehic	
			motorsports competition events is not a prope	erty-hauling vehicle.
		"		
Δ	MFND	VFTF	RINARY MEDICAL BOARD INSPECTION P	ROCESS AND GIVE
			MEDICAL BOARD RESPONSIBILITY F	
			OF BOARDING KENNELS OPERATED BY VET	
		SECT	TON 4.(a) Article 11 of Chapter 90 of the General	Statutes is amended by
	0		tion to read:	
" <u>§</u>			spection process.	
			week prior to conducting any inspection pursuan	
			the Board shall provide written notice of the upco	
			e written notice may be provided via an electroni	
		•	contact the Board to reschedule the inspection, but	-
			ter than one week after the originally scheduled date of the section of the period shall provide the vectoring	÷ •
			notice of inspection, the Board shall provide the veterin pted by rule for which the inspector may issue a viola	
			sible, conditions that violate the standards."	anon and, while as much
<u>əp</u>	cement		TION 4.(b) G.S. 19A-37 reads as rewritten:	
"8	19A-3		lication of Article.	
9			hall not apply to a place or establishment which is opera	ted under the immediate
su			duly licensed veterinarian as a hospital where animals	
			idental to the treatment, prevention, or alleviation of c	
the routine practice of the profession of veterinary medicine. medicine or a boarding kennel				
			he supervision of a veterinarian licensed pursuant to A	
			tatutes. This Article shall not apply to any dealer, p	
			el or research facility during the period such dealer or i	•
-			alid license or registration granted by the Secretary of	•
		-	4, of the United States Code. This Article shall not app	
		•	ds an animal on a noncommercial basis, although such	n individual may receive
nc	ominal s		cover the cost of such boarding." TON 4.(c) G.S. 90-181.1(b) reads as rewritten:	
	"(b)		blowing definitions are applicable to this section:	
	(0)	(1)	"Animal health center" or "animal medical center"	means a Animal health
		(1)	<u>center or animal medical center. – A veterinary pr</u>	
			consultative, clinical, and hospital services are render	
			staff of basic and applied veterinary scientists perform	_
			conduct advanced professional educational programs	-
		<u>(1a)</u>	Boarding kennel. – A facility or establishment und	
			veterinarian which regularly offers to the public the s	
			or cats or both for a fee. Such a facility or establishing	nent may, in addition to
			providing shelter, food, and water, offer grooming on	r other services for dogs
			and/or cats.	
		(2)	"Emergency facility" means a Emergency facility.	
			facility whose primary function is the receiving, treat	-
			emergency patients during its specified hours of open	•
			practice facility a veterinarian is in attendance at all	hours of operation and

	General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1 2 3 4		sufficient staff is available to provide timely and app An emergency facility may be an independent veteri facility, an independent veterinary medical 24-hor full corrige bognital or large tagghing institution	nary medical after-hours
4 5	(3)	full-service hospital or large teaching institution. <u>"Mobile facility" means a Mobile facility. – A veter</u>	inary practice conducted
6		from a vehicle with special medical or surgical fac	
7		suitable only for making house or farm calls; provide	
8		practice shall have a permanent base of operation v	
9 0		and telephone facilities for making appointments or i situations.	responding to emergency
1	(4)	"Office" means a Office. – A veterinary practice fa	cility where a limited or
2		consultative practice is conducted and which provi	
3		housing of patients.	
4	(5)	"On-call emergency service" means a On-call e	mergency service. – A
5		veterinary medical service at a facility, including	a mobile facility, where
6		veterinarians and staff are not on the premises during	_
7		where veterinarians leave after a patient is treated.	
8		available to be reached by telephone for after-hours	
9	(6)	"Veterinary clinic" or "animal clinic" means a Vet	
0		<u>clinic. – A</u> veterinary practice facility in which th	he practice conducted is
1 2	(7)	essentially an out-patient practice. "Veterinary hospital" or "animal hospital" means	a Votorinary hospital or
2 3	(7)	<u>animal hospital. – A</u> veterinary practice facility	
<i>3</i> 4		conducted includes the confinement as well as the tro	
5	SEC	FION 4.(d) G.S. 90-186 reads as rewritten:	eachieved of patients.
6		ial powers of the Board.	
7	In addition to	the powers set forth in G.S. 90-185 above, the Board	may:
8			
9	(2)	Inspect any boarding kennels, hospitals, clinics, mobi	
0		used by any practicing veterinarian, either by a me	
1		authorized representatives, for the purpose of repo	0
2 3		inspection to the Board on a form prescribed by disciplinary action for violations of health, sanita	
3 4		disposal rules of the Board affecting the practice	
5		medicine or the operation of a boarding kennel, or v	-
6		county, state, or federal department or agency hav	•
7		areas of health, sanitation, and medical waste dispos	•••
8		the practice of veterinary medicine; medicine or the	operation of a boarding
9		kennel;	
0			
1	(6)	Set and require fees pursuant to administrative rule.	•
2		the following fees, provided (i) no fee shall be incr	
3		percent (15%) within a calendar year and (ii) the cur	
4 5		any fee shall not exceed one hundred percent (100% in this subdivision:	o) of the fee amounts set
5 6			
0 7		<u>p.</u> <u>Issuance of a boarding kennel permit, in the</u>	amount of seventy-five
8		dollars (\$75.00).	amount of seventy five
9		The fees set under this subdivision for the renew	al of a license, a limited
0		license, a registration, a certificate, or a veterinary fac	
1		year of the renewal period.	

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2023
1	"
2	SECTION 4.(e) G.S. 90-187.10 reads as rewritten:
3	"§ 90-187.10. Necessity for license; certain practices exempted.
4	No person shall engage in the practice of veterinary medicine or own all or part interest in a
5	veterinary medical practice in this State or attempt to do so without having first applied for and
6	obtained a license for such purpose from the North Carolina Veterinary Medical Board, or
7	without having first obtained from the Board a certificate of renewal of license for the calendar
8	year in which the person proposes to practice and until the person shall have been first licensed
9	and registered for such practice in the manner provided in this Article and the rules and
10	regulations of the Board.
11	Nothing in this Article shall be construed to prohibit:
12	
13	(12) Any person licensed pursuant to G.S. 19A-28 from operating a boarding
14	kennel."
15	SECTION 4.(f) The Veterinary Medical Board shall adopt rules to establish
16	minimum standards for boarding kennels operating under the supervision of a veterinarian no
17	later than July 1, 2024. The standards shall be at least as stringent as those adopted by the Board
18	of Agriculture pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 19A of the General Statutes.
19	SECTION 4.(g) Subsection (a) of this section becomes effective October 1, 2023.
20	Subsections (b), (d), and (e) of this section become effective 60 days after the rules adopted
21	pursuant to subsection (f) of this section become effective. The remainder of this section is
22	effective when it becomes law.
23	
24	CREATE CLASS 3 MISDEMEANOR FOR LEAVING THE SCENE OF AN ANIMAL
25 26	WASTE SPILL SECTION 4.1 (a) C.S. 14 200(i)(4) reads as rewritten:
26 27	SECTION 4.1.(a) G.S. 14-399(i)(4) reads as rewritten: "(4) "Litter" means any garbage, rubbish, trash, refuse, can, bottle, box, container,
27	(4) Enter means any garbage, rubbish, trash, refuse, can, bottle, box, container, wrapper, paper, paper product, tire, appliance, mechanical equipment or part,
28 29	building or construction material, tool, machinery, wood, motor vehicle or
2) 30	motor vehicle part, vessel, aircraft, farm machinery or equipment, sludge from
31	a waste treatment facility, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control
32	facility, <u>animal waste as defined in G.S. 143-215.10B</u> , dead animal, animal or
33	animal parts, animal by-products, or discarded material in any form resulting
34	from domestic, industrial, commercial, mining, agricultural, or governmental
35	operations. While being used for or distributed in accordance with their
36	intended uses, "litter" does not include political pamphlets, handbills,
37	religious tracts, newspapers, and other similar printed materials the
38	unsolicited distribution of which is protected by the Constitution of the United
39	States or the Constitution of North Carolina."
40	SECTION 4.1.(b) Article 52 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by
41	adding a new section to read:
42	" <u>§ 14-399.3. Duty to stop in event of certain spills from vehicles.</u>
43	The driver of any vehicle who knows or reasonably should know that animal waste, as defined
44	in G.S. 143-215.10B, dead animals or animal parts, or animal by-products have been blown,
45	scattered, spilled, thrown, or placed from the vehicle shall immediately stop his or her vehicle at
46	the scene of the incident. The driver shall remain with the vehicle at the scene of the incident
47	until a law enforcement officer completes the investigation of the incident or authorizes the driver
48	to leave and the vehicle to be removed, unless remaining at the scene places the driver or others
49 50	at significant risk of injury.
50	Prior to the completion of the investigation of the incident by a law enforcement officer, or
51	the consent of the officer to leave, the driver may not facilitate, allow, or agree to the removal of

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	the vehicle from the scene for any purpose other than to call for a law enforcement	nt officer: to call
2	for assistance in removing the materials that were blown, scattered, thrown, sp	
3	from the vehicle; or to remove oneself or others from significant risk of injury. I	
4	leave for a reason permitted by this section, then the driver must return with the	
5	scene of the incident within a reasonable period of time, unless otherwise inst	
6	enforcement officer. A willful violation of this section shall be punished	
7	misdemeanor, and the court may order restitution for the cost of removing the ma	
8	blown, scattered, thrown, spilled, or placed from the vehicle."	<u>iterials that were</u>
9	SECTION 4.1.(c) This section becomes effective December 1, 202	3 and applies to
10	offenses committed on or after that date.	s, une appries to
11		
12	ENCOURAGE PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO MAKE ONE HUNDRE	D PERCENT
13	MUSCADINE GRAPE JUICE AVAILABLE TO STUDENTS	2 121102111
14	SECTION 5.(a) G.S. 115C-12 is amended by adding a new subdivi	ision to read:
15	"(49) Goal To Make Available Muscadine Grape Juice In Certain	
16	State Board of Education shall strive to ensure that one	
17	(100%) muscadine grape juice is made available to students	
18	operated under Article 9C of this Chapter as a part of the s	
19	program or through the operation of the school's vending fact	
20	SECTION 5.(b) Part 2 of Article 17 of Chapter 115C of the Ge	
21	amended by adding a new section to read:	
22	" <u>§ 115C-264.5. Muscadine grape juice.</u>	
23	Local boards of education shall strive to ensure that one hundred percent (10	00%) muscadine
24	grape juice is made available to students in every school in the local school ad	ministrative unit
25	as a part of the school's nutrition program or through the operation of the s	school's vending
26	facilities."	
27	SECTION 5.(c) G.S. 115C-218.75 is amended by adding a new sub	
28	"(k) Muscadine Grape Juice. – A charter school shall strive to ensure the	
29	percent (100%) muscadine grape juice is made available to students as a par	t of the school's
30	nutrition program or through the operation of the school's vending facilities."	
31	SECTION 5.(d) G.S. 115C-238.66 is amended by adding a new sub	
32	"(19) <u>Muscadine grape juice. – A regional school shall strive to</u>	
33	hundred percent (100%) muscadine grape juice is made avai	
34	as a part of the school's nutrition program or through the	operation of the
35	school's vending facilities."	
36	SECTION 5.(e) G.S. 116-239.8(b)(4)c. reads as rewritten:	an anna that an a
37 38	"c. Food services. – <u>The laboratory school shall strive to</u>	
38 39	hundred percent (100%) muscadine grape juice is m students as a part of the school's nutrition program	
39 40	operation of the school's vending facilities. Upon re	
40 41	school administrative unit in which the laboratory s	· ·
41	shall administrative unit in which the faboratory's shall administer the National School Lunch Program f	
42 43	school in accordance with G.S. 115C-264."	of the faboratory
43 44	SECTION 5.(f) G.S. 115D-20 reads as rewritten:	
45	"§ 115D-20. Powers and duties of trustees.	
46	The trustees of each institution shall constitute the local administrative	board of such
40 47	institution, with such powers and duties as are provided in this Chapter and as an	
48	by the State Board of Community Colleges. The powers and duties of trustees	
49	following:	main mendae die
50		

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023	
1	<u>(15)</u>	To strive to make available one hundred perce	ent (100%) muscadine grape	
2		juice as a beverage option in the operation of the	community college's vending	
3		facilities."		
4		TON 5.(g) Part 5 of Article 1 of Chapter 116 of the	e General Statutes is amended	
5	by adding a new			
6		vailability of muscadine grape juice on campus		
7		ent institution shall strive to make one hundred	÷ · · · ·	
8	• • •	ble as a beverage option in the operation of the ins	-	
9		TON 5.(h) This section is effective when it become		
10		f this section apply beginning with the 2023-2024	•	
11	and (g) of this see	ction apply beginning with the 2023-2024 academ	ic year.	
12				
13		UINE STATE TRAIL	ouving findings	
14 15		TON 6.(a) The General Assembly makes the foll The equine industry provides a three billion four		
15 16	(1)	(\$3,440,000,000) overall economic impact to the	•	
10		horses are a rich part of our State's historical and		
18	(2)	The inclusion of an Equine State Trail as a State t	-	
10	(2)	would be beneficial to the people of North		
20		development of North Carolina as the "Great Tra		
21	SECT	TON 6.(b) The General Assembly authorizes the		
22		es to add the Equine State Trail in Chatham, Cum	-	
23		pore, and Richmond Counties to the State Parks		
24	provided in G.S.			
25	SECT	TION 6.(c) The Department shall support, promo	ote, encourage, and facilitate	
26		of trail segments on State park lands and on lands		
27	1	wners. On segments of the Equine State Trail that		
28		rs other than the Department's Division of Parks an		
29		ose agencies or owners shall govern the use of the		
30	SECTION 6.(d) The requirement of G.S. 143B-135.54(b) that additions be			
31		adequate appropriations for land acquisition, devel		
32		uthorization set forth in this act; provided, however	•	
33		ropriate land and may purchase other needed land	-	
34 35	-	ids in the Land and Water Fund, the Parks and		
35 36	sources of fundin	ils Fund, the federal Land and Water Conservation	on rund, and other available	
30 37	sources of fundin	g.		
38	RENAME THE	OFFICIAL STATE FRUIT TO THE MUSCA	DINE GRAPE	
39		TON 7.(a) The General Assembly makes the foll		
40	(1)	North Carolina is the home of our nation's first cu		
41	(-)	native Muscadine grape known as Scuppernong.	• • •	
42	(2)	French explorers in 1524 first discovered Musca		
43		the Cape Fear River Valley, and later British		
44		reported to Queen Elizabeth and Sir Walter Ra	leigh that the barrier islands	
45		were full of grapes and the soil of the land was "s		
46		that bring rich and most pleasant gummies, grape	es of such greatness, yet wild	
47		as France, Spain and Italy hath not greater"		
48	(3)	The thick skins, fruit seed, and sweet pulp		
49		Muscadine grapes make the native fruit a state tr		
50	(4)	In recent times, researchers have discovered that	• •	
51		antioxidants and phytochemicals, including resv	eratrol, among many others.	

General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
SEC	TION 7.(b) G.S. 145-18(a) reads as rewritten:	:
"(a) The	official fruit of the State of North Carolina is th	ne Scuppernong Muscadine grape
(Vitis genus)."		
DESIGNATE	THE LONGLEAF PINE AS THE EMB	LEM REPRESENTING THE
	ORTH CAROLINA	
	TION 8. G.S. 145-3 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 145-3. State		
	hereby adopted as the official State tree of the	State of North Carolina.Carolina.
	pine (Pinus palustris) is designated as the emble	
Carolina."		1 C
	BURNING ACT AMENDMENTS	
	TION 9.(a) G.S. 106-966 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 106-966. De		
As used in the		
(1)	"Certified prescribed burner" means an i	
	completed a certification program approve	
	Service of the Department of Agriculture an	
(2)	"Prescribed burning" means the planned and	11
	naturally occurring vegetative fuels under	
	environmental and other conditions,	• • • •
	precautionary measures that will confine the	
(2)	accomplish the intended management object	
(3)	"Prescription" means a written plan <u>establis</u> for conducting a prescribed burn prepared by	
	starting, controlling, and extinguishing a pre-	
SEC	TION 9.(b) G.S. 106-967 reads as rewritten:	esenteed burning.
	munity from liability.	
	prescribed burning conducted in compliance w	with G.S. 106-968 is in the public
	s not constitute a public or private nuisance.	
	ndowner or the landowner's agent who con	nducts a prescribed burning in
	G.S. 106-968 shall not be liable in any civil	
1	ncluding reignition of a smoldering, previously	
smoke.		C
(c) Notw	vithstanding subsections (a) and (b), this section	n does not apply when a nuisance
-	alts from a negligently or improperly conc	ducted prescribed burning.gross
negligence.		
	vithstanding subsections (a), (b) and (c), this se	
2	esulting from damage to their equipment or fa	acilities, where a prescribed burr
	ses such damage.	
	purposes of this section, the term "public u	
	ined in 62-133.8(a)(3), a gas operator, as de	
	mmunications service taxed under G.S. 105-16	<u>54.4(a)(4c).</u> "
	TION 9.(c) G.S. 106-968 reads as rewritten:	
	escribed <u>Certified prescribed</u> burning.	1
	to conducting a prescribed burning, <u>a certifie</u>	
	he landowner shall obtain a prescription for the	
	ribed burner and filed burning. The certified pr h the North Carolina Forest Service of the	
· ·		1 0
Consumer Servi	ces. A copy of the prescription shall be provid	ieu to the fandowner. A Both the

	General Assem	bly Of Nort	h Carolina	Session 2023			
1	landowner and the	ain a copy of this prescription shall					
2		be in the possession of the responsible burner on site throughout the duration of the prescribed					
3	burning. The pre			ľ			
1	(1)	(1) The landowner's name and address.					
5	(2)		tion of the area to be burned.				
5	(3)	-	the area to be burned.				
7	(4)	-	ate of tons of the fuel located on the	he area			
5	(5)		ctives of the prescribed burning.				
	(6)	•		and parameters for the prescribed			
	(0)		-	hood of smoke damage and fire			
		-	onto adjacent areas.	nood of shloke duringe und me			
	(7)			er responsible for conducting the			
	(\prime)		d burning.	ter responsible for conducting the			
	(8)	-	-	te for the particular circumstances			
	(0)			and extinguish the prescribed			
				and sufficient personnel and			
			ng equipment to contain the fire w				
				zed burn area on the day of the			
				t constitute conclusive proof of			
		-	-	personnel, or a lack of firefighting			
			juipment.	personnel, of a lack of menghung			
				l within the authorized burn area			
			-	shall be a rebuttable presumption			
			•	eient personnel, and sufficient			
			refighting equipment were present	-			
			• • • • •	bed burn resulting in a subsequent			
				ute evidence of gross negligence			
			nder G.S. 106-967.	the evidence of gross negligence			
	(9)			scribed burning to be provided to			
	(\mathcal{I})		-	ent to the burn site to avoid effects			
		•	and property.	ent to the burn site to avoid effects			
	(b) The		1 1 0	a certified prescribed burner in			
		-		his section. The certified prescribed			
				e burning throughout the period of			
			-	g and be in compliance with this			
	-			vner is burning a tract of forestland			
		-	-	ng all conditions established in a			
			ertified prescribed burner.	ing an conditions established in a			
		•	-	wner or the landowner's agent shall			
				er from the North Carolina Forest			
	-	01	1	es. This open-burning permit must			
				ig. The prescribed burning shall be			
			th all the following:	ig. The presenteed burning shall be			
	(1)	-		ing permit under Article 78 of this			
	(1)	Chapter.	s and conditions of the open-burn	ing permit under Article 78 of this			
	(2)	-	's air pollution control statutes un	der Article 21 and Article 21B of			
	(2)		-	ny rules adopted pursuant to these			
		statutes.	To or the Ocheral Statutes and a	Ty rules adopted pursualit to these			
	(3)		icable local ordinances relating to	open hurning			
		• • •		ted by the North Carolina Forest			
	(4)		f the Department of Agriculture a	-			
		Service 0	i me Department of Agriculture al	nu Consumer Services.			

	General	Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1		(5)	Any rules adopted by the North Carolina Forest Service of	-
2			Agriculture and Consumer Services, to implement this Art	
3	(d)		orth Carolina Forest Service may accept prescribed burner	
4 5	another S	tate or o	ther entity for the purpose of prescribed burning under this A	Article."
5 6	PROHIP	RIT LISE	C OF AN UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM NEAR A	FOREST FIRE
7	I KOIIII		TON 10.(a) Article 16B of Chapter 15A of the General State	
8	adding a		ion to read:	•
9	" <u>§ 15A-3</u>	00.4. U	se of an unmanned aircraft system near a forest fire prol	<u>nibited.</u>
10	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Prohit</u>	vition. – No person, entity, or State agency shall use an	unmanned aircraft
11	system w	ithin eit	her a horizontal distance of 3,000 feet or a vertical distance	of 3,000 feet from
12	any fores	t fire wi	thin the jurisdiction of the North Carolina Forest Service. For	or purposes of this
13			ontal distance shall extend outward from the furthest exterio	or perimeter of the
14	forest fire	e or fores	st fire control lines.	
15	<u>(b)</u>		tions. – Unless the use of the unmanned aircraft system is ot	
16			leral law, the prohibitions in subsection (a) of this section d	o not apply to any
17	of the fol	lowing:		
18		<u>(1)</u>	A person operating an unmanned aircraft system with the	•
19			the official in responsible charge of management of the for	
20		<u>(2)</u>	A law enforcement officer using an unmanned aircraft sys	tem in accordance
21			with G.S. 15A-300.1(c).	
22		<u>(3)</u>	A North Carolina Forest Service employee or a person	acting under the
23	<i>(</i>)	D 1	direction of a North Carolina Forest Service employee.	
24	<u>(c)</u>		ies. – The following penalties apply for violations of this see	
25		<u>(1)</u>	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violatio	
26			of this section and such use is the proximate cause of the	
27			person is guilty of a Class D felony and shall also be fined	<u>i not less than one</u>
28 29		(2)	thousand dollars (\$1,000).	an of subsection (a)
29 30		<u>(2)</u>	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violation	
30 31			of this section and such use is the proximate cause of serio another person is guilty of a Class E felony and shall also	
32			than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).	<u>J De Inited not less</u>
33		(3)	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violatio	on of subsection (a)
33 34		<u>(5)</u>	of this section and such use is the proximate cause of s	
35			mental injury to another person is guilty of a Class F felon	- · ·
36			fined not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).	<u>y and shan also be</u>
37		(4)	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violatio	on of subsection (a)
38		<u>(17</u>	of this section and such use interferes with emergency of	
39			interference proximately causes damage to any real or pe	
40			any tree, wood, underwood, timber, garden, crops, vegeta	
41			springs, or any other matter or thing growing or being on the	•
42			a Class G felony and shall also be fined not less than on	
43			(\$1,000).	
44		(5)	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violatio	on of subsection (a)
45		<u></u>	of this section and such use interferes with emergency ope	
46			a Class H felony and shall be fined not less than one thousan	
47		(6)	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violatio	
48		<u> </u>	of this section and such use is the proximate cause of physic	
49			to another person is guilty of a Class I felony and shall als	
50			than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).	

	General Assemb	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	<u>(7)</u>	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in	violation of subsection (a)
2		of this section and such use is not covered under	r another provision of law
3		providing greater punishment is guilty of a Class	A1 misdemeanor and shall
4		be fined not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000	<u>)).</u>
5		re, Forfeiture, and Disposition of Seized Property	
6	-	manned aircraft system and any attached property	
7		nanned aircraft system used in violation of this se	•
8		ency is subject to forfeiture and disposition pursu	
9		or holder of a security interest applying to the court f	
10	-	in accordance with G.S. 18B-504(h), shall also prov	
11		and written certification that the unmanned aircraft	
12	-	o was charged with the violation of subsection (a) of	
13		itions. – For purposes of this section, the following of	
14	<u>(1)</u>	Physical or mental injury Cuts, scrapes, bruises,	
15		injury that does not constitute serious bodily inj	ury or serious physical or
16		mental injury.	
17	<u>(2)</u>	Serious bodily injury. – Bodily injury that creates	
18		or that causes serious permanent disfiguremen	-
19		protracted condition that causes extreme pain, or p	-
20		or impairment of the function of any bodily memb	ber or organ, or that results
21		in prolonged hospitalization.	
22	<u>(3)</u>	<u>Serious physical or mental injury. – Physical or me</u>	ntal injury that causes great
23	SEC	pain and suffering."	then 1 2022 and smaller to
24		FION 10.(b) This section becomes effective Decem	iber 1, 2023, and applies to
25 26	offenses commit	ted on or after that date.	
20 27	A MEND TIMP	ER LARCENY STATUTE	
28		FION 11.(a) G.S. 14-135 reads as rewritten:	
20 29	"§ 14-135. Larc		
30	-	use. – Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, a person
31		ense of larceny of timber if the person does any of the	
32	(1)	Knowingly and willfully cuts down, injures, or ren	0
33	(-)	another person, without the consent of the owner	
34		the timber, or without a lawful easement running v	
35	(2)	Buys timber directly from the owner of the timber	
36		in full to the owner by (i) the date specified in	
37		agreement or (ii) if there is no such agreement, 60	
38		buyer removes the timber from the property.	
39	<u>(3)</u>	Knowingly and willfully aids, hires, or counsels	an individual to cut down,
40		injure, or remove any timber owned by another per	rson without the consent of
41		the owner of the land or the owner of the timber, or	<u>r without a lawful easement</u>
42		running with the land.	
43	<u>(4)</u>	Knowingly and willfully transports forest product	s that have been cut down,
44		removed, obtained, or acquired from the property	of a landowner without the
45		consent of the owner of the land or the owner of the	timber, or without a lawful
46		easement running with the land.	
47		ptions. – The following are exceptions to the offense	e set forth in subsection (a)
48	of this section:		• (1) • •
49	(1)	A person is not guilty of an offense under subdivis	
50		this section if the person is an employee or agent of	
51		as defined in G.S. 62-133.8, and either of the follo	wing conditions is met:

Gen	eral Asseml	oly Of	North Carolina	Session 2023
		a. b.	The person believed in good faith the obtained prior to cutting down, injust The person believed in good faith t	ring, or removing the timber.
			removing of the timber was permit	tted by a utility easement or was
			necessary to remove a tree h	1 1
			sub-subdivision, subsection, the terr dying tree, dead parts of a living tree	
			within striking distance of an ele	-
			distribution line, or electric equipme	ent and constitutes a hazard to the
	(2)	A no	line or equipment in the event of a transformer to the second sec	
	(2)	-	ection if either of the following condit	
		a.	The person remitted payment in fi	
		a.	subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of	1
			believed in good faith to be the right	1
		b.	The person remitted payment in full	
		0.	the 10-day period set forth in subsec	
	<u>(3)</u>	A pe	rson is not guilty of an offense under su	
	<u> </u>	-	section if the person is an electric	
			62-133.8, and either of the following c	
		<u>a.</u>	The person believed in good faith th	
			obtained prior to aiding, hiring, or	counseling the individual to cut
			down, injure, or remove the timber.	
		<u>b.</u>	The person believed in good faith t	• • •
			removing of the timber was permit	tted by a utility easement or was
			necessary to remove a tree hazard.	
· ·			Evidence. – An owner of timber who	
	1		et in subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of	
			owner's demand for payment at the tim	
		• •	sonal delivery. The timber buyer's failu	
			ng or personal delivery authorized und	
-	a facte evide ection (a) of		the timber buyer's intent to commit an	1 offense under subdivision (2) of
	· · /		titution. – A person who commits an o	ffense under subsection (2) of this
`		•	lass G felony. Additionally, a defenda	
	••••		tion shall be ordered to make restitution	
	l to either of			
	(1)		e times the value of the timber cut down	n. injured. or removed in violation
	(-)		bdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this s	
	(2)		e times the value of the timber bough	
			ivision (2) of subsection (a) of this sect	-
F	Restitution s	hall als	o include the cost incurred by the ow	ner to determine the value of the
timb	er. For purp	oses of	subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsect	tion, "value of the timber" shall be
based	d on the stur	npage	ate of the timber.	
· ·			ies. – Nothing in this section shall affe	ct any civil remedies available for
			n (a) of this section.	
<u>~</u>			s of this section, "person" means any in	
-		tnershi	p, unit of State or local governm	ent, or other group, entity, or
orga	nization."			
66			11.(b) This section becomes effective	December 1, 2023, and applies to
offer	ises commit	ted on	or after that date.	

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023	
1 2 3	LIMIT CIVIL PENALTIES FOR REMOVAL OF TIMBER IN A TO THE VALUE OF THE TIMBER	RIPARIAN BUFFER	
4	SECTION 11.1.(a) G.S. 143-215.6A is amended by adding a	new subsection to read:	
5	"(b2) A civil penalty issued by the Secretary pursuant to this section		
6	in a riparian buffer in violation of rules applicable to that riparian buf		
7	value of the timber removed from the riparian buffer."		
8	SECTION 11.1.(b) This section becomes effective July 1, 2	2023, and applies to acts	
9	committed on or after that date.		
10 11	ESTABLISH FORESTRY SERVICES AND ADVICE FUND		
12	SECTION 12. G.S. 106-1003 reads as rewritten:		
13	"§ 106-1003. Deposit of receipts with State treasury.Forestry Servic	es and Advice Fund.	
14	(a) The Forestry Services and Advice Fund is established as a		
15	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, North Carolina For	est Service. All moneys	
16	paid to the Commissioner for services rendered under the provisions	•	
17	deposited into the State treasury to the credit of the Department.Fund. The		
18	of any gifts, bequests, or grants for the benefit of this Fund. No General F	und appropriations shall	
19	be credited to this Fund.		
20	(b) The Department shall use the Fund to develop, improve, re	epair, maintain, operate,	
21	and otherwise invest in providing forestry services and advice to o		
22	forestland as authorized by this Article."		
23			
24	ALLOW AN EMPLOYEE TO DRILL AN IRRIGATION	N WELL ON THE	
25	EMPLOYER'S PROPERTY WITHOUT A WELL CONTRACTO	R CERTIFICATION	
26	SECTION 13. G.S. 87-98.4 reads as rewritten:		
27	"§ 87-98.4. Well contractor certification required; exemptions.		
28	(a) Certification Required. – No person shall perform, manage	e, or supervise any well	
29	contractor activity without being certified under this Article. A person w	ho is not a certified well	
30	contractor or who is not employed by a certified well contractor shall 1	not offer to perform any	
31	well contractor activity unless the person utilizes a certified well contra	ctor to perform the well	
32	contractor activity and, prior to the performance of the well contract	tor activity, the person	
33	discloses to the landowner in writing the name of the certified well cont	ractor who will perform	
34	the well contractor activity, the certification number of the well contract	tor, and the name of the	
35	company that employs the certified well contractor.		
36	(b) Exempt persons and activities. – This Article does not apply	to any of the following	
37	persons or activities:		
38	(1) A person who is employed by, or performs labor or	services for, a certified	
39	well contractor in connection with well contractor a	ctivity performed under	
40	the personal supervision of the certified well contract	or.	
41	(2) A person who constructs, repairs, or abandons a well	l that is located on land	
42	owned or leased by that person.		
43	(2a) <u>An employee of a business who constructs, repairs, or</u>	r abandons a well for the	
44	purpose of irrigation that is located on land owned or	leased by the business.	
45	"		
46			
47	DIGESTER GENERAL PERMIT CLARIFICATION		
48	SECTION 14. G.S. 143-213(12a) reads as rewritten:		
49	"(12a) The term "farm digester system" means a system,	-	
50	manure management equipment and lagoon cover		
51	collected and processed from an animal waste man	agement system for the	

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	digestion of animal biomass for use that may be used as a	renewable energy
2	resource. A farm digester system shall be considered an a	
3	activity within the meaning of "animal operation" and shall	
4	a part of an "animal waste management system" as those te	
5	G.S. 143-215.10B."	
6		
7	CLARIFY DEFINITION OF WETLANDS	
8	SECTION 15.(a) Definitions. – For purposes of this section and i	ts implementation,
9	"Wetlands Definition" means 15A NCAC 02B .0202 (Definitions).	
10	SECTION 15.(b) Wetlands Definition Rule. – Until the effective	
11	permanent rule that the Environmental Management Commission (Commiss	· •
12	adopt pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, the Commission shall implemented by the section of the sectio	ment the Wetlands
13	Definition Rule as provided in subsection (c) of this section.	
14	SECTION 15.(c) Implementation. – Wetlands classified as water	
15	restricted to waters of the United States as defined by 33 C.F.R. § 328.3 and Water do not include prior converted excellent do defined in the National	-
16 17	Wetlands do not include prior converted cropland as defined in the National	-
17 18	Manual, Fifth Edition, which is hereby incorporated by reference, not inc amendments and editions.	luding subsequent
18 19	SECTION 15.(d) Additional Rulemaking Authority. – The Comr	nission shall adopt
20	a rule to amend the Wetlands Definition Rule consistent with subsection (
20 21	Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-19(4), the rule adopted by the Commission pursu	
21	shall be substantively identical to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section (c)	
23	pursuant to this section are not subject to Part 3 of Article 2A of Chapter 15	-
24	Statutes. Rules adopted pursuant to this section shall become effective	
25	G.S. 150B-21.3(b1), as though 10 or more written objections had been receiv	
26	G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).	
27	SECTION 15.(e) Sunset. – This section expires when permaner	nt rules adopted as
28	required by subsection (d) of this section become effective.	L.
29		
30	WASTEWATER AMENDMENTS	
31	SECTION 16.(a) Definitions. – For purposes of this section and i	-
32	"Prefabricated Permeable Block Panel Systems Rule" means 15A N	CAC 18E .0905
33	(Prefabricated Permeable Block Panel Systems).	
34	SECTION 16.(b) Prefabricated Permeable Block Panel Systems	
35	effective date of the revised permanent rule that the Commission for Public H	-
36	adopt pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, the Commission sha	1
37	Prefabricated Permeable Block Panel Systems Rule as provided in subsection	
38	SECTION 16.(c) Implementation. – Prefabricated permeable b	
39	trenches shall be located a minimum of 8 feet on center or three times the tr	
40	used in sand-lined trench systems, bed, or fill systems, prefabricated perm	-
41	systems shall use the equivalent trench width of 6 feet to calculate the minir	num trench length
42 43	unless otherwise instructed by the manufacturer on a case-by-case basis.	nission shall adopt
43 44	SECTION 16.(d) Additional Rulemaking Authority. – The Comr a rule to amend the Prefabricated Permeable Block Panel Systems Rul	-
44 45	subsection (c) of this section. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-19(4), the rul	
45 46	Commission pursuant to this section shall be substantively identical to	
40 47	subsection (c) of this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are not s	1
48	Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. Rules adopted pursuant to	
49	become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1), as though 10 or more	
50	had been received as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1), as though 10 of more	
-		

SECTION 16.(e) Sunset. – This section expires when permanent rules adopted as required by subsection (d) of this section become effective.

SECTION 17.(a) G.S. 130A-343 reads as rewritten:

"§ 130A-343. Approval of on-site subsurface wastewater systems.

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. . . 6 (h) Accepted Wastewater Dispersal Systems. - A manufacturer of an Innovative 7 wastewater dispersal system or other approved trench dispersal system specifically identified in 8 a rule adopted by the Commission that has been in general use in this State for a minimum of 9 five years may petition the Commission to have the system designated as an Accepted wastewater 10 system as provided in this subsection. The manufacturer shall provide the Commission with the 11 data and findings of all prior evaluations of the performance of the system in this State and other 12 states referenced in the petition, including disclosure of any conditions found to result in 13 unacceptable structural integrity, treatment, or hydraulic performance. In addition, the 14 manufacturer shall provide the Commission with information sufficient to enable the Commission to fully evaluate the performance of the system in this State for at least the five-year 15 16 period immediately preceding the petition. The Commission shall designate a wastewater 17 dispersal system as an Accepted wastewater system only if it finds that there is clear, convincing, 18 and cogent evidence based on actual field surveys and county activity reports (i) to confirm the 19 findings made by the Department at the time the Department approved the system as a wastewater 20 dispersal system and (ii) that the system performs in a manner that is equal or superior to a 21 conventional or Accepted wastewater system under actual field conditions in this State. The 22 Commission shall specify the circumstances in which use of the system is appropriate and any 23 conditions and limitations related to the use of the system. However, the Commission shall not 24 include more restrictive conditions and limitations established in the approval of a wastewater 25 system as Accepted that are not included in the approval of the wastewater system as Innovative 26 or as otherwise approved by rule. If the Department designates a wastewater dispersal system as an Accepted wastewater system pursuant to this section, the following shall apply: 27 28 The approval shall be limited to the manufacturer who submitted the petition (1)29 and received the Accepted status from the Commission. 30 Neither the Commission, the Department, or any local health department shall (2)condition, delay, or deny the substitution of any Accepted wastewater system 31 based on location of nitrification lines when all parts of the dispersal field can 32 33 be installed within the approved initial dispersal field area while complying 34 with all Commission rules. 35 Nonproprietary Wastewater Systems. – The Department may initiate a review of a (i) 36 nonproprietary wastewater system and approve the system for use as a provisional wastewater 37 system or an innovative wastewater system without having received an application from a 38 manufacturer. The Department may recommend that the Commission designate a nonproprietary

39 wastewater system as an accepted wastewater system without having received a petition from a 40 manufacturer. . . .

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42 Clarification of Use of Native Backfill. – In considering the use of backfill material (j2) in subsurface trench dispersal products, neither the Commission nor the Department shall 43 condition, delay, or deny the approval of a subsurface trench dispersal product based on a 44 45 non-native backfill material requirement without the prior approval of the manufacturer. With 46 respect to approvals already issued by the Department or the Commission that include conditions or requirements specifying the use of non-native backfill material, the Department or 47 48 Commission, as applicable, shall reissue those approvals, at the written request of the 49 manufacturer, without conditions or requirements relating to the use of non-native backfill 50 material.

1 **SECTION 17.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies 2 retroactively to any wastewater system approvals issued by the Commission for Public Health or 3 the Department of Health and Human Services.

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5 SEVERABILITY CLAUSE AND EFFECTIVE DATE

6 SECTION 18.(a) If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person
 7 or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications
 8 of this act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application and, to this end,
 9 the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.
 10 SECTION 18.(b) Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes

11 law.