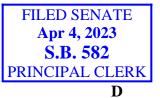
## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023



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## SENATE BILL DRS15240-TQf-7

Short Title:	North Carolina Farm Act of 2023.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Jackson, Sanderson, and B. Newton (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS CHANGES TO THE AGRICULTURAL AND
3	WASTEWATER LAWS OF THIS STATE.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	
6	INCLUDE INCOME FROM THE SALE OF HONEY IN GROSS INCOME FOR
7	PURPOSES OF PRESENT USE VALUE TAXATION
8	<b>SECTION 1.(a)</b> G.S. 105-277.3(a)(1) reads as rewritten:
9	"(1) Agricultural land. – Individually owned agricultural land consisting of one or
10	more tracts, one of which satisfies the requirements of this subdivision. For
11	agricultural land used as a farm for aquatic species, as defined in
12	G.S. 106-758, the tract must meet the income requirement for agricultural land
13	and must consist of at least five acres in actual production or produce at least
14	20,000 pounds of aquatic species for commercial sale annually, regardless of
15	acreage. For all other agricultural land, the tract must meet the income
16	requirement for agricultural land and must consist of at least 10 acres that are
17	in actual production. Land in actual production includes land under
18	improvements used in the commercial production or growing of crops, plants,
19	or animals.
20	To meet the income requirement, agricultural land must, for the three years
21	preceding January 1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed,
22	have produced an average gross income of at least one thousand dollars
23	(\$1,000). Gross income includes income from the sale of the agricultural
24	products produced from the land, grazing fees for livestock, the sale of bees
25	or products derived from beehives other than honey, beehives, any payments
26	received under a governmental soil conservation or land retirement program,
27	and the amount paid to the taxpayer during the taxable year pursuant to P.L.
28	108-357, Title VI, Fair and Equitable Tobacco Reform Act of 2004."
29	<b>SECTION 1.(b)</b> This section is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years
30	beginning on or after July 1, 2023.
31	
32	AGRITOURISM ADVERTISING
33	SECTION 2. G.S. 136-32 reads as rewritten:
34	"§ 136-32. Regulation of signs.
35	(a) Commercial Signs. – No unauthorized person shall erect or maintain upon any
36	highway any warning or direction sign, marker, signal or light or imitation of any official sign,



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marker, signal or light erected under the provisions of G.S. 136-30, except in cases of emergency. 1 2 No person shall erect or maintain upon any highway any traffic or highway sign or signal bearing 3 thereon any commercial or political advertising, except as provided in subsections (b) through 4 (e) of this section: Provided, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the erection or 5 maintenance of signs, markers, or signals bearing thereon the name of an organization authorized 6 to erect the same by the Department of Transportation or by any local authority referred to in 7 G.S. 136-31. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of 8 a Class 1 misdemeanor. The Department of Transportation may remove any signs erected without 9 authority or allowed to remain beyond the deadline established in subsection (b) subsections (b) 10 and (b1) of this section. 11 Compliant Political Signs Permitted. – During the period beginning on the 30<sup>th</sup> day (b)before the beginning date of "one-stop" early voting under G.S. 163-227.2 and ending on the 10<sup>th</sup> 12 13 day after the primary or election day, persons may place political signs in the right-of-way of the 14 State highway system as provided in this section. Signs must be placed in compliance with 15 subsection (d) of this section and must be removed by the end of the period prescribed in this subsection. Any political sign remaining in the right-of-way of the State highway system more 16 17 than 30 days after the end of the period prescribed in this subsection shall be deemed unlawfully 18 placed and abandoned property, and a person may remove and dispose of such political sign 19 without penalty. 20 (b1) Compliant Farm Signs Permitted. – During a farm's seasonal operation, persons may 21 place farm signs in the right-of-way of the State highway system as provided in this section. Signs must be placed in compliance with subsection (d) of this section and must be removed by 22 the end of the farm's season. Any farm sign remaining in the right-of-way of the State highway 23 24 system more than 30 days after the end of the period prescribed in this subsection shall be deemed 25 unlawfully placed and abandoned property, and a person may remove and dispose of the farm 26 sign without penalty. 27 Definition. Definitions. – For purposes of this section, "political sign" means any the (c) 28 following definitions apply: 29 Farm. – Any property that is used for a bona fide farm purpose as provided in (1)30 G.S. 106-581.1. 31 Farm sign. – A sign that advertises a farm, products grown, raised, or produced (2) 32 on a farm, or services provided on a farm; or that provides customers with 33 directions to a farm. Political sign. - Any sign that advocates for political action. The term does 34 (3) 35 not include a commercial sign. 36 Sign Placement. – The permittee must obtain the permission of any property owner (d) 37 of a residence, business, or religious institution fronting the right-of-way where a sign would be 38 erected. Signs must be placed in accordance with the following: 39 No sign shall be permitted in the right-of-way of a fully controlled access (1)40 highway. 41 No sign shall be closer than three feet from the edge of the pavement of the (2)42 road. 43 No sign shall obscure motorist visibility at an intersection. (3) 44 No sign shall be higher than 42 inches above the edge of the pavement of the (4) 45 road. 46 (5) No sign shall be larger than 864 square inches. 47 No sign shall obscure or replace another sign. (6)48 Penalties for Unlawful Removal of Signs. - It is a Class 3 misdemeanor for a person (e) 49 to steal, deface, vandalize, or unlawfully remove a political sign that is lawfully placed under this 50 section.

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2	(f) Application Within Municipalities. – Pursuant to Article 8 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes, a city may by ordinance prohibit or regulate the placement of political signs or rights-of-way of streets located within the corporate limits of a municipality and maintained by the municipality. Any such ordinance shall provide that any political sign that remains in a right-of-way of streets located within the corporate limits of a municipality and maintained by the municipality more than 30 days after the end of the period prescribed in the ordinance is to be deemed unlawfully placed and abandoned property, and a person may remove and dispose or such political signs on the rights-of-way of streets located within a municipality and maintained by placement of political signs on the rights-of-way of streets located within a municipality and maintained by the municipality, the provisions of subsections (b) through (e) of this section shall apply."
2 3	CLARIFY DEFINITION OF PROPERTY-HAULING VEHICLES
4	SECTION 3. G.S. 20-4.01 reads as rewritten:
5	"§ 20-4.01. Definitions.
6	Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply throughout thi
7	Chapter to the defined words and phrases and their cognates:
8	
9	(31) Property-Hauling Vehicles. –
0	
1	g. <u>A fifth-wheel trailer, recreational vehicle, semitrailer, or trailer used</u>
2	exclusively or primarily to transport vehicles in connection with
3	motorsports competition events is not a property-hauling vehicle.
4	"
5	
5	AMEND VETERINARY MEDICAL BOARD INSPECTION PROCESS
7	<b>SECTION 4.(a)</b> Article 11 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by
8	adding a new section to read:
) )	" <u>§ 90-187.17. Inspection process.</u> At least one week prior to conducting any inspection pursuant to G.S. 90-185(3) o
) l	G.S. 90-186(2), the Board shall provide written notice of the upcoming inspection to the
2	veterinarian. The written notice may be provided via an electronic communication. The
3	veterinarian may contact the Board to reschedule the inspection, but the inspection shall be
1	rescheduled no later than one week after the originally scheduled date of the inspection. Along
5	with the written notice of inspection, the Board shall provide the veterinarian with a checklist of
5	all standards adopted by rule for which the inspector may issue a violation and, with as much
7	specificity as possible, conditions that violate the standards."
3	<b>SECTION 4.(b)</b> This section becomes effective October 1, 2023.
)	
)	<b>REQUIRE PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO MAKE ONE HUNDRED PERCENT MUSCADINE</b>
	GRAPE JUICE AVAILABLE TO STUDENTS
, ,	<b>SECTION 5.(a)</b> G.S. 115C-12 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
3	"(49) Duty To Make Available Muscadine Grape Juice In Certain Schools The
	State Board of Education shall ensure that one hundred percent (100%
5	muscadine grape juice is made available to students in every school operated
5	under Article 9C of this Chapter as a part of the school's nutrition program o
	through the operation of the school's vending facilities."
	SECTION 5.(b) Part 2 of Article 17 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes i
)	amended by adding a new section to read:

50 "<u>§ 115C-264.5. Muscadine grape juice.</u>

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	Local boards	s of education shall ensure that one hund	red percent (100%) muscadine grape
jui	ce is made ava	uilable to students in every school in the log	cal school administrative unit as a part
of	the school's n	utrition program or through the operation	of the school's vending facilities."
	SEC	<b>FION 5.(c)</b> G.S. 115C-218.75 is amended	d by adding a new subsection to read:
	" <u>(k)</u> <u>Musc</u>	adine Grape Juice A charter school sl	hall ensure that one hundred percent
(10	00%) muscadi	ne grape juice is made available to stude	ents as a part of the school's nutrition
pro	ogram or throu	igh the operation of the school's vending f	acilities."
	SEC	<b>FION 5.(d)</b> G.S. 115C-238.66 is amended	d by adding a new subdivision to read:
	" <u>(19)</u>	Muscadine grape juice. – A regional s	school shall ensure that one hundred
		percent (100%) muscadine grape juice	is made available to students as a part
		of the school's nutrition program or the	hrough the operation of the school's
		vending facilities."	
	SEC	<b>FION 5.(e)</b> G.S. 116-239.8(b)(4)c. reads	
			school shall ensure that one hundred
			e juice is made available to students as
			ogram or through the operation of the
			Upon request, the local school
			ne laboratory school is located shall
			l Lunch Program for the laboratory
		school in accordance with G.S.	
		<b>FION 5.(f)</b> G.S. 115D-20 reads as rewritt	ten:
"§		wers and duties of trustees.	
:		of each institution shall constitute the	
		such powers and duties as are provided in	
•		rd of Community Colleges. The powers a	ind duties of trustees shall include the
101	lowing:		
	(15)	To make available one hundred percen	t (100%) muscadine grane juice as a
	<u>(15)</u>	beverage option in the operation of	
		facilities."	the community conege's vending
	SEC'	<b>FION 5.(g)</b> Part 5 of Article 1 of Chapter 1	16 of the General Statutes is amended
bv		section to read:	
•	0	vailability of muscadine grape juice on	campuses.
		ent institution shall make one hundred p	
av		verage option in the operation of the instit	• • •
		<b>FION 5.(h)</b> This section is effective when	-
(c)		of this section apply beginning with the 20	
an	d (g) of this se	ction apply beginning with the 2023-2024	l academic year.
ES	STABLISH E	QUINE STATE TRAIL	
	SEC	<b>FION 6.(a)</b> The General Assembly make	s the following findings:
	(1)	The equine industry provides a three bil	llion four hundred forty million dollar
		(\$3,440,000,000) overall economic imp	act to the State of North Carolina, and
		horses are a rich part of our State's histo	orical and cultural heritage.
	(2)	The inclusion of an Equine State Trail as	-
		would be beneficial to the people	
		development of North Carolina as the "	Great Trails State."
		<b>FION 6.(b)</b> The General Assembly authors	-
		es to add the Equine State Trail in Chatha	
		loore, and Richmond Counties to the Sta	ate Parks System as a State trail, as
pro	ovided in G.S.	143B-135.54(b).	

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1 **SECTION 6.(c)** The Department shall support, promote, encourage, and facilitate 2 the establishment of trail segments on State park lands and on lands of other federal, State, local, 3 and private landowners. On segments of the Equine State Trail that cross property controlled by 4 agencies or owners other than the Department's Division of Parks and Recreation, the laws, rules, 5 and policies of those agencies or owners shall govern the use of the property. 6 The requirement of G.S. 143B-135.54(b) that additions be SECTION 6.(d) 7 accompanied by adequate appropriations for land acquisition, development, and operations shall 8 not apply to the authorization set forth in this act; provided, however, that the State may receive 9 donations of appropriate land and may purchase other needed lands for the Equine State Trail 10 with existing funds in the Land and Water Fund, the Parks and Recreation Trust Fund, the Complete the Trails Fund, the federal Land and Water Conservation Fund, and other available 11 12 sources of funding. 13 14 **RENAME THE OFFICIAL STATE FRUIT TO THE MUSCADINE GRAPE** 15 **SECTION 7.(a)** The General Assembly makes the following findings: North Carolina is the home of our nation's first cultivated grape, the variety of 16 (1)17 native Muscadine grape known as Scuppernong. 18 (2)French explorers in 1524 first discovered Muscadine grapes while exploring 19 the Cape Fear River Valley, and later British explorers in 1584 and 1585 20 reported to Queen Elizabeth and Sir Walter Raleigh that the barrier islands 21 were full of grapes and the soil of the land was "so abounding with sweet trees 22 that bring rich and most pleasant gummies, grapes of such greatness, yet wild 23 as France, Spain and Italy hath not greater..." 24 (3) The thick skins, fruit seed, and sweet pulp and juice that characterize 25 Muscadine grapes make the native fruit a state treasure. 26 (4) In recent times, researchers have discovered that Muscadine grapes are rich in 27 antioxidants and phytochemicals, including resveratrol, among many others. 28 **SECTION 7.(b)** G.S. 145-18(a) reads as rewritten: 29 The official fruit of the State of North Carolina is the Scuppernong Muscadine grape "(a) 30 (Vitis genus)." 31 32 DESIGNATE THE LONGLEAF PINE AS THE EMBLEM REPRESENTING THE 33 **TREES OF NORTH CAROLINA** 34 SECTION 8. G.S. 145-3 reads as rewritten: 35 "§ 145-3. State tree. 36 The pine is hereby adopted as the official State tree of the State of North Carolina. Carolina, 37 and the longleaf pine (Pinus palustris) is designated as the emblem representing the trees of North 38 Carolina." 39 40 PRESCRIBED BURNING ACT AMENDMENTS 41 **SECTION 9.(a)** G.S. 106-966 reads as rewritten: 42 "§ 106-966. Definitions. 43 As used in this Article: 44 "Certified prescribed burner" means an individual who has successfully (1)45 completed a certification program approved by the North Carolina Forest 46 Service of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. "Prescribed burning" means the planned and controlled application of fire to 47 (2) naturally occurring vegetative fuels under safe specified weather and safe 48 49 environmental and other conditions, while following appropriate 50 precautionary measures that will confine the fire to a predetermined area and accomplish the intended management objectives. 51

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1 2 3	<u>for c</u>	scription" means a written plan <u>establis</u> onducting a prescribed burn prepared by ing, controlling, and extinguishing a pre-	y a certified prescribed burner for
4		<b>9.(b)</b> G.S. 106-967 reads as rewritten:	C
5	"§ 106-967. Immunity		
6		bed burning conducted in compliance v	with G.S. 106-968 is in the public
7		nstitute a public or private nuisance.	-
8		er or the landowner's agent who co	nducts a prescribed burning in
9	compliance with G.S.	06-968 shall not be liable in any civil	action for any damage or injury
10	caused by fire, includin	g reignition of a smoldering, previously	contained burn, or resulting from
11	smoke.		
12	(c) Notwithstan	ding subsections (a) and (b), this section	n does not apply when a nuisance
13	or damage results fro	m a negligently or improperly cond	ducted prescribed burning.gross
14	negligence."		
15	SECTION	<b>9.(c)</b> G.S. 106-968 reads as rewritten:	
16	"§ 106-968. Prescribe	d- <u>Certified prescribed</u> burning.	
17	(a) Prior to con	ducting a prescribed burning, a certifie	d prescribed burner shall prepare
18	and provide to the land	owner shall obtain a prescription for th	e prescribed burning prepared by
19	a certified prescribed b	<del>rner and filed <u>burning</u>. The certified pr</del>	rescribed burner shall also file the
20	prescription with the	North Carolina Forest Service of the	Department of Agriculture and
21	Consumer Services. A	copy of the prescription shall be provid	led to the landowner. A Both the
22	landowner and the certi	fied prescribed burner on site shall retai	in a copy of this prescription shall
23	be in the possession of	the responsible burner on site through	out the duration of the prescribed
24	burning. The prescripti	on shall include:	
25	(1) The	landowner's name and address.	
26	(2) A de	scription of the area to be burned.	
27		ap of the area to be burned.	
28	$(4) \qquad \text{An } \epsilon$	stimate of tons of the fuel located on th	e area.
29		objectives of the prescribed burning.	
30		t of the acceptable weather conditions a	
31	burn	ing sufficient to minimize the likelih	ood of smoke damage and fire
32		ping onto adjacent areas.	
33	(7) The	name of the certified prescribed burne	er responsible for conducting the
34		cribed burning.	
35		mmary of the methods that are adequat	
36		lved to be used to start, control,	<b>U</b> 1
37		ing.burning, including firebreaks	
38	firef	ghting equipment to contain the fire wi	
39	<u>a.</u>	Fire spreading outside the authoriz	
40		prescribed burn ignition shall not	
41		inadequate firebreaks, insufficient p	ersonnel, or a lack of firefighting
42		equipment.	
43	<u>b.</u>	If the prescribed burn is contained	
44		during the authorized period, there s	
45			ent personnel, and sufficient
46		firefighting equipment were present.	-
47	<u>c.</u>	Continued smoldering of a prescribe	•
48		wildfire does not in itself constitu	te evidence of gross negligence
49		<u>under G.S. 106-967.</u>	

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	(9)	Provision for reasonable notice of the prescribed burning nearby homes and businesses located adjacent to the burn on health and property.	-
(b) accordar		prescribed burning shall be conducted by a certified pro a prescription that satisfies subsection (a) of this section. The	
burner s	hall be p	resent on the site and shall be in charge of the burning throu andowner may conduct a prescribed burning and be in co	ghout the period of
Article v of 50 ac	vithout b cres or le	eing a certified prescribed burner if the landowner is burning ess owned by that landowner and is following all conditio	a tract of forestland
		ared by a certified prescribed burner.	lovve or lo o cont choll
	n open-b	to conducting a prescribed burning, the landowner or the land ourning permit under Article 78 of this Chapter from the No	rth Carolina Forest
remain i	n effect	partment of Agriculture and Consumer Services. This open-b hroughout the period of the prescribed burning. The prescrib	01
conducte		npliance with all the following:	Antiala 79 of this
	(1)	The terms and conditions of the open-burning permit under Chapter.	er Article /8 of this
	(2)	The State's air pollution control statutes under Article 21 Chapter 143 of the General Statutes and any rules adopte statutes.	
	(3)	Any applicable local ordinances relating to open burning.	
	(4)	The smoke management guidelines adopted by the Nor Service of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer S	
	(5)	Any rules adopted by the North Carolina Forest Service of Agriculture and Consumer Services, to implement this Art	the Department of
(d)		North Carolina Forest Service may accept prescribed burner	
another	State or	other entity for the purpose of prescribed burning under this	Article."
PROHI	BIT US	E OF AN UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM NEAR A	FOREST FIRE
	SEC'	<b>FION 10.(a)</b> Article 16B of Chapter 15A of the General Stat	
U		ction to read: J <b>se of an unmanned aircraft system near a forest fire pro</b>	hibitod
<u>s 13A-</u> (a)		bition. – No person, entity, or State agency shall use an	
		ther a horizontal distance of 3,000 feet or a vertical distance	
any fore	st fire w	ithin the jurisdiction of the North Carolina Forest Service. F	For purposes of this
section,	the hori	zontal distance shall extend outward from the furthest exteri	or perimeter of the
forest fin		est fire control lines.	
<u>(b)</u>		ptions. – Unless the use of the unmanned aircraft system is o	_
		deral law, the prohibitions in subsection (a) of this section of	lo not apply to any
of the fo	ollowing		
	<u>(1)</u>	A person operating an unmanned aircraft system with the	
		the official in responsible charge of management of the fo	
	<u>(2)</u>	A law enforcement officer using an unmanned aircraft sy	stem in accordance
		with G.S. 15A-300.1(c).	
	<u>(3)</u>	A North Carolina Forest Service employee or a person	n acting under the
		direction of a North Carolina Forest Service employee.	
<u>(c)</u>		ties. – The following penalties apply for violations of this se	
	<u>(1)</u>	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violation	
		of this section and such use is the proximate cause of the	
		person is guilty of a Class D felony and shall also be fine	d not less than one
		thousand dollars (\$1,000).	

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<u>(2)</u>	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violation of subsection
	of this section and such use is the proximate cause of serious bodily injury
	another person is guilty of a Class E felony and shall also be fined not le
	than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
<u>(3)</u>	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violation of subsection
	of this section and such use is the proximate cause of serious physical
	mental injury to another person is guilty of a Class F felony and shall also
	fined not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
<u>(4)</u>	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violation of subsection
	of this section and such use interferes with emergency operations and su
	interference proximately causes damage to any real or personal property
	any tree, wood, underwood, timber, garden, crops, vegetables, plants, lan
	springs, or any other matter or thing growing or being on the land is guilty
	a Class G felony and shall also be fined not less than one thousand doll
	(\$1,000).
<u>(5)</u>	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violation of subsection
	of this section and such use interferes with emergency operations is guilty
	a Class H felony and shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,00
<u>(6)</u>	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violation of subsection
	of this section and such use is the proximate cause of physical or mental inju
	to another person is guilty of a Class I felony and shall also be fined not le
	than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
(7)	A person who uses an unmanned aircraft system in violation of subsection
	of this section and such use is not covered under another provision of 1
	providing greater punishment is guilty of a Class A1 misdemeanor and sh
	be fined not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
(d) Seiz	re, Forfeiture, and Disposition of Seized Property. – A law enforcement ager
may seize an u	nmanned aircraft system and any attached property used in violation of t
section. An uni	nanned aircraft system used in violation of this section and seized by a l
enforcement ag	ency is subject to forfeiture and disposition pursuant to G.S. 18B-504.
innocent owner	or holder of a security interest applying to the court for release of the unmann
aircraft system,	in accordance with G.S. 18B-504(h), shall also provide proof of ownership
security interest	and written certification that the unmanned aircraft system will not be return
to the person wh	o was charged with the violation of subsection (a) of this section.
(e) Defi	nitions. – For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
<u>(1)</u>	Physical or mental injury Cuts, scrapes, bruises, or other physical or men
	injury that does not constitute serious bodily injury or serious physical
	<u>mental injury.</u>
<u>(2)</u>	Serious bodily injury Bodily injury that creates a substantial risk of dea
	or that causes serious permanent disfigurement, coma, a permanent
	protracted condition that causes extreme pain, or permanent or protracted lo
	or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, or that resu
	in prolonged hospitalization.
<u>(3)</u>	Serious physical or mental injury. – Physical or mental injury that causes gr
	pain and suffering."
SEC	<b>TION 10.(b)</b> This section becomes effective December 1, 2023, and applies
	ted on or after that date.
AMEND TIM	BER LARCENY STATUTE
	<b>TION 11.(a)</b> G.S. 14-135 reads as rewritten:
"8 14-135 I ar	

51 "§ 14-135. Larceny of timber.

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1	(a) Offen	se. – Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this	section, a person
2		nse of larceny of timber if the person does any of the following	_
3	(1)	Knowingly and willfully cuts down, injures, or removes any	-
4		another person, without the consent of the owner of the lar	
5		the timber, or without a lawful easement running with the la	and.
6	(2)	Buys timber directly from the owner of the timber and fails	
7		in full to the owner by (i) the date specified in the wr	
8		agreement or (ii) if there is no such agreement, 60 days from	n the date that the
9		buyer removes the timber from the property.	
10	<u>(3)</u>	Knowingly and willfully aids, hires, or counsels an indivi	dual to cut down,
11		injure, or remove any timber owned by another person with	out the consent of
12		the owner of the land or the owner of the timber, or without	
13		running with the land.	
14	<u>(4)</u>	Knowingly and willfully transports forest products that have	ve been cut down,
15		removed, obtained, or acquired from the property of a land	owner without the
16		consent of the owner of the land or the owner of the timber, o	or without a lawful
17		easement running with the land.	
18	(b) Excep	ptions. – The following are exceptions to the offense set forth	n in subsection (a)
19	of this section:		
20	(1)	A person is not guilty of an offense under subdivision (1) o	f subsection (a) of
21		this section if the person is an employee or agent of an electr	ic power supplier,
22		as defined in G.S. 62-133.8, and either of the following con	ditions is met:
23		a. The person believed in good faith that consent of th	e owner had been
24		obtained prior to cutting down, injuring, or removin	g the timber.
25		b. The person believed in good faith that the cutting of	down, injuring, or
26		removing of the timber was permitted by a utility	easement or was
27		necessary to remove a tree hazard. For p	urposes of this
28		sub-subdivision, subsection, the term "tree hazard"	includes a dead or
29		dying tree, dead parts of a living tree, or an unstable	e living tree that is
30		within striking distance of an electric transmiss	
31		distribution line, or electric equipment and constitu	tes a hazard to the
32		line or equipment in the event of a tree failure.	
33	(2)	A person is not guilty of an offense under subdivision (2) o	f subsection (a) of
34		this section if either of the following conditions is met:	
35		a. The person remitted payment in full within the t	ime period set in
36		subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section to a	a person he or she
37		believed in good faith to be the rightful owner of the	e timber.
38		b. The person remitted payment in full to the owner of	the timber within
39		the 10-day period set forth in subsection (c) of this s	section.
40	<u>(3)</u>	A person is not guilty of an offense under subdivision (3) o	f subsection (a) of
41		this section if the person is an electric power supplie	er, as defined in
42		G.S. 62-133.8, and either of the following conditions is met	<u>t:</u>
43		a. <u>The person believed in good faith that consent of the</u>	
44		obtained prior to aiding, hiring, or counseling the	individual to cut
45		down, injure, or remove the timber.	
46		b. The person believed in good faith that the cutting of	
47		removing of the timber was permitted by a utility	easement or was
48		necessary to remove a tree hazard.	
49	. ,	a Facie Evidence An owner of timber who does not receiv	1 V
50	-	eriod set in subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section may	
51	buyer in writing	of the owner's demand for payment at the timber buyer's last	known address by

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1	certified mail or by personal delivery. The timber buyer's failure to make payment	nt in full within
2	10 days after the mailing or personal delivery authorized under this subsection	shall constitute
3	prima facie evidence of the timber buyer's intent to commit an offense under sul	
4	subsection (a) of this section.	
5	(d) Penalty; Restitution. – A person who commits an offense under subse	ction (a) of this
6	section is guilty of a Class G felony. Additionally, a defendant convicted of ar	n offense under
7	subsection (a) of this section shall be ordered to make restitution to the timber own	er in an amount
8	equal to either of the following:	
9 10	(1) Three times the value of the timber cut down, injured, or removed of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section.	ved in violation
11	(2) Three times the value of the timber bought but not paid for	in violation of
12	subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section.	
13	Restitution shall also include the cost incurred by the owner to determine t	he value of the
14	timber. For purposes of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, "value of the t	imber" shall be
15	based on the stumpage rate of the timber.	
16	(e) Civil Remedies. – Nothing in this section shall affect any civil remedi	es available for
17	a violation of subsection (a) of this section.	
18	(f) For purposes of this section, "person" means any individual, association	
19	corporation, partnership, unit of State or local government, or other gro	oup, entity, or
20	organization."	
21	<b>SECTION 11.(b)</b> This section becomes effective December 1, 2023	, and applies to
22	offenses committed on or after that date.	
23		
24	ESTABLISH FORESTRY SERVICES AND ADVICE FUND	
25	SECTION 12. G.S. 106-1003 reads as rewritten:	
26	"§ 106-1003. Deposit of receipts with State treasury. Forestry Services and A	
27	(a) <u>The Forestry Services and Advice Fund is established as a special f</u>	
28	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, North Carolina Forest Servi	
29	paid to the Commissioner for services rendered under the provisions of this A	
30	deposited into the State treasury to the credit of the Department. Fund. The Fund n	
31	of any gifts, bequests, or grants for the benefit of this Fund. No General Fund appr	<u>opriations shall</u>
32	be credited to this Fund.	intain anamata
33 24	(b) The Department shall use the Fund to develop, improve, repair, ma	-
34 35	and otherwise invest in providing forestry services and advice to owners and forestland as authorized by this Article."	id operators of
35 36	Torestiand as authorized by this Article.	
30 37	SEDIMENTATION BUFFER AROUND TROUT WATERS	
38	SECTION 13.(a) G.S. 113A-52.01 reads as rewritten:	
39	"§ 113A-52.01. Applicability of this Article.	
40	(a) This Article shall not apply to the following land-disturbing action	vities activities
41	except as provided in subsection (b) of this section:	whies.activities
42	(1) Activities, including the production and activities relating or i	ncidental to the
43	production of crops, grains, fruits, vegetables, ornamental	
44	plants, dairy, livestock, poultry, and all other forms of agricult	-
45	on agricultural land for the production of plants and animals	
46	including, but not limited to:	
47	a. Forages and sod crops, grains and feed crops, tobac	co, cotton. and
48	peanuts.	
49	b. Dairy animals and dairy products.	
50	c. Poultry and poultry products.	

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d. e. f. g.	<ul><li>mules, and goats.</li><li>Bees and apiary products.</li><li>Fur producing animals.</li><li>Mulch, ornamental plants, an</li></ul>	, llamas, sheep, swine, horses, ponies, ad other horticultural products. For
	purposes of this section, "m primarily of plant remains or mi	ulch" means substances composed ixtures of such substances.
(b) Waters that h	ave been classified as trout water	rs by the Environmental Management
		r zone 25 feet wide where activities
included under subdivisi	on (a)(1) of this section are prohib	bited. The Commission, however, may
		the 25-foot buffer when the duration
		e disturbance would be minimal in the
		e any action reasonably necessary to
enforce this requirement		
		ctive January 1, 2024, and applies to
-		er G.S. 113A-52.01(a)(1), as amended
by this section, are initia	ted on or after that date.	
	L PERMIT CLARIFICATION	
	<b>4.</b> G.S. 143-213(12a) reads as rev	
	<b>e</b> .	ns a system, including all associated lagoon covers, by which gases are
		al waste management system for the
		at may be used as a renewable energy
•		be considered an agricultural feedlot
		operation" and shall also be considered
		system" as those terms are defined in
1	43-215.10B."	
CLARIFY DEFINITION	ON OF WETLANDS	
SECTION 1	<b>5.(a)</b> Definitions. – For purposes	of this section and its implementation,
"Wetlands Definition" n	eans 15A NCAC 02B .0202 (Def	initions).
		- Until the effective date of the revised
1	e	mission (Commission) is required to
		nission shall implement the Wetlands
1	ded in subsection (c) of this sectio	
	· · · ·	Is classified as waters of the State are
	•	C.F.R. § 328.3 and 40 C.F.R. § 230.3.
		thority. – The Commission shall adopt
		t with subsection (c) of this section.
		e Commission pursuant to this section etion (c) of this section. Rules adopted
•	1	e 2A of Chapter 150B of the General
1		1 become effective as provided in
-	-	ons had been received as provided in
G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).	in the st more written object	and seen received as provided in
. ,	<b>5.(e)</b> Sunset. – This section expi	res when permanent rules adopted as
	d) of this section become effective	

# 50 51 WASTEWATER AMENDMENTS

## **General Assembly Of North Carolina**

SECTION 16.(a) Definitions. – For purposes of this section and its implementation,
"Prefabricated Permeable Block Panel Systems Rule" means 15A NCAC 18E .0905
(Prefabricated Permeable Block Panel Systems).

4 **SECTION 16.(b)** Prefabricated Permeable Block Panel Systems Rule. – Until the 5 effective date of the revised permanent rule that the Commission for Public Health is required to 6 adopt pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, the Commission shall implement the 7 Prefabricated Permeable Block Panel Systems Rule as provided in subsection (c) of this section.

8 SECTION 16.(c) Implementation. - Prefabricated permeable block panel system 9 trenches shall be located a minimum of 8 feet on center or three times the trench width. When 10 used in sand-lined trench systems, bed, or fill systems, prefabricated permeable block panel systems shall use the equivalent trench width of 6 feet to calculate the minimum trench length 11 12 unless otherwise instructed by the manufacturer on a case-by-case basis. The long term 13 acceptance rate for prefabricated permeable block panel systems shall not exceed 0.8 gallons per 14 day per square foot. Prefabricated permeable block panel systems may be used in high strength 15 wastewater systems or other system designs. However, prefabricated permeable block panel 16 systems may not be used where effluent contains high amounts of grease and oil, such as 17 restaurants.

18 **SECTION 16.(d)** Additional Rulemaking Authority. – The Commission shall adopt 19 a rule to amend the Prefabricated Permeable Block Panel Systems Rule consistent with 20 subsection (c) of this section. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-19(4), the rule adopted by the 21 Commission pursuant to this section shall be substantively identical to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are not subject to Part 3 of 22 23 Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. Rules adopted pursuant to this section shall 24 become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1), as though 10 or more written objections 25 had been received as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).

SECTION 16.(e) Sunset. – This section expires when permanent rules adopted as
required by subsection (d) of this section become effective.

**SECTION 17.(a)** G.S. 130A-343 reads as rewritten:

### 29 "§ 130A-343. Approval of on-site subsurface wastewater systems.

30

28

31 (h) Accepted Wastewater Dispersal Systems. - A manufacturer of an Innovative 32 wastewater dispersal system or other approved trench dispersal system specifically identified in 33 a rule adopted by the Commission that has been in general use in this State for a minimum of 34 five years may petition the Commission to have the system designated as an Accepted wastewater 35 system as provided in this subsection. The manufacturer shall provide the Commission with the 36 data and findings of all prior evaluations of the performance of the system in this State and other 37 states referenced in the petition, including disclosure of any conditions found to result in 38 unacceptable structural integrity, treatment, or hydraulic performance. In addition, the 39 manufacturer shall provide the Commission with information sufficient to enable the 40 Commission to fully evaluate the performance of the system in this State for at least the five-year period immediately preceding the petition. The Commission shall designate a wastewater 41 42 dispersal system as an Accepted wastewater system only if it finds that there is clear, convincing, 43 and cogent evidence based on actual field surveys and county activity reports (i) to confirm the 44 findings made by the Department at the time the Department approved the system as a wastewater 45 dispersal system and (ii) that the system performs in a manner that is equal or superior to a 46 conventional or Accepted wastewater system under actual field conditions in this State. The 47 Commission shall specify the circumstances in which use of the system is appropriate and any 48 conditions and limitations related to the use of the system. However, the Commission shall not 49 include more restrictive conditions and limitations established in the approval of a wastewater 50 system as Accepted that are not included in the approval of the wastewater system as Innovative.

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1	If the Department designates a wastewater dispersal system as an Accepted wastew	vater system
2	pursuant to this section, the following shall apply:	
3	(1) The approval shall be limited to the manufacturer who submitted	the petition
4	and received the Accepted status from the Commission.	<b>±</b>
5	(2) Neither the Commission, the Department, or any local health depa	rtment shall
6	condition, delay, or deny the substitution of any Accepted waster	
7	based on location of nitrification lines when all parts of the disper	-
8	be installed within the approved initial dispersal field area while	
9	with all Commission rules.	
10	(i) Nonproprietary Wastewater Systems. – The Department may initiate a	review of a
11	nonproprietary wastewater system and approve the system for use as a provisional	
12	system or an innovative wastewater system without having received an applica	
13	manufacturer. The Department may recommend that the Commission designate a nor	
14	wastewater system as an accepted wastewater system without having received a pet	ition from a
15	manufacturer.	
16		
17	(j2) <u>Clarification of Use of Native Backfill. – In considering the use of back</u>	fill material
18	in subsurface trench dispersal products, neither the Commission nor the Depar	tment shall
19	condition, delay, or deny the approval of a subsurface trench dispersal product	based on a
20	non-native backfill material requirement without the prior approval of the manufacture	cturer. With
21	respect to approvals already issued by the Department or the Commission that includ	e conditions
22	or requirements specifying the use of non-native backfill material, the Dep	partment or
23	Commission, as applicable, shall reissue those approvals, at the written requ	
24	manufacturer, without conditions or requirements relating to the use of non-nat	ive backfill
25	material.	
26	" ••••	
27	<b>SECTION 17.(b)</b> This section is effective when it becomes law	
28	retroactively to any wastewater system approvals issued by the Commission for Publ	ic Health or
29	the Department of Health and Human Services.	
30		
31	SEVERABILITY CLAUSE AND EFFECTIVE DATE	
32	<b>SECTION 18.(a)</b> If any provision of this act or the application thereof to	
33	or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or	
34	of this act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application and,	to this end,
35	the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.	
36	<b>SECTION 18.(b)</b> Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when	1 it becomes
37	law.	