GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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HOUSE BILL 679

Short Title:	Customer Opt-in for Single-Use Foodware.	(Public)	
Sponsors:	Representatives von Haefen, Harrison, and Autry (Primary Sponsors). For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly web site.		
Referred to:	Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House		

April 19, 2023

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REDUCE SINGLE-USE FOODWARE IN TAKE-OUT AND DELIVERY OF
 PREPARED MEALS.

Whereas, single-use accessories for food service are frequently provided to customers
that do not need them, resulting in unnecessary cost to food service operators and unnecessary
waste that is costly for local governments to manage; and

7 Whereas, one trillion disposable foodware items are used in the United States each 8 year, generating nine million tons of waste; and

9 Whereas, forty percent (40%) of plastics generated are used for packaging purposes,
10 making packaging the number one market for plastics use; and

Whereas, the United States uses more than 36 billion disposable plastic utensils
 annually. Laid end-to-end, this amount of plastic utensils could wrap around the globe 139 times;
 and

Whereas, four million trees are cut down each year in order to make chopsticks in
 China. Eliminating forests, our natural carbon sink and providers of habitat and clean air, makes
 no sense during a climate crisis; and

Whereas, the manufacturing of napkins requires a significant amount of water. For instance, if fifty percent (50%) of the United States' population used three paper napkins per day, that would total 450 million napkins for one day, which would require 31.5 million gallons of water to manufacture; and

Whereas, many single-use foodware accessories are made from plastic, and as much as 23 million metric tons of plastic waste enter the ocean each year, most of it generated in the United States; and

Whereas, the amount of plastics in the ocean is projected to exceed the number of fishby 2030; and

Whereas, the vast majority of these single-use foodware accessory items are problematic in the waste stream because they are not recyclable. Even when manufactured from recyclable materials, food packaging is usually too dirty to be recycled. Utensils and straws are contaminated in many recycling systems. Plant-based foodware and utensils are often considered contaminants in commercial compost facilities. Bio-plastics do not degrade quickly enough, and paper and other fibers dilute the quality of compost; and

Whereas, restaurants in the United States spend \$24 billion purchasing disposable foodware items each year; and

34 Whereas, local governments in the United States spend \$6 billion managing 35 disposable foodware waste; and



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1	Whereas, it is in the interest of the health, safety, and welfare of all who live, work,					
2	and do business	in the State of North Carolina that the amount of litter on J	public streets, parks,			
3	and in other publ	and in other public places be reduced and the amount of single-use foodware accessory waste be				
4	reduced; Now, th	nerefore,				
5	The General Ass	embly of North Carolina enacts:				
6	SEC	FION 1. Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Stat	tutes is amended by			
7	adding a new Par	rt to read:				
8		"Part 2J. Single-Use Foodware and Condiments.				
9	" <u>§ 130A-309.235</u>					
10		erent meaning is required by context, the following definition	ons apply throughout			
11	this Part:					
12	<u>(1)</u>	Food establishment. – An establishment that prepares and				
13		as regulated pursuant to Part 6 of Article 8 of this Chapte				
14	<u>(2)</u>	Prepared food Food or beverages that are serviced				
15		chopped, sliced, mixed, brewed, frozen, squeezed, pe				
16		prepared by a food establishment in a form that is edibl				
17		preparation. Prepared food does not include raw eggs or ra				
18		fish, or poultry sold from a butcher case, refrigerator c	<u>ase, or similar retail</u>			
19		<u>appliance.</u>				
20	<u>(3)</u>	Single item dispenser A device that stores bulk an	-			
21		foodware or standard condiments and dispenses one item	<u>n at a time.</u>			
22	<u>(4)</u>	Single-use. – Designed to be used once and then dispose	ed, and not designed			
23		for repeated use and sanitizing.				
24	<u>(5)</u>	Single-use foodware. – A single-use accessory provided				
25		food, including utensils, tongs, chopsticks, napkins, st				
26		straws, stirrers, splash sticks, cocktail sticks, toothpicks, o	cup lids, cup sleeves,			
27		cup trays, and food trays.				
28	<u>(6)</u>	Standard condiment or condiment. – A single-use packet	-			
29		spices, sauces, confections, or seasonings, that required				
30		preparation, and that is used on food or beverages, includi				
31		mayonnaise, soy sauce, sauerkraut, salsa, syrup, jam, jelly	v, salad dressing, salt,			
32	~ - ``	sugar, sugar substitutes, pepper, and chili pepper.				
33	<u>(7)</u>	<u>Third-party food delivery platform. – A person that op</u>				
34		mobile application through which a consumer can order p	prepared food from a			
35		food establishment for pick-up or delivery.				
36	<u>(8)</u>	<u>Utensil. – An instrument used to serve or eat food, incl</u>	uding forks, spoons,			
37	UR 130 A 300 33	knives, sporks, and chopsticks.				
38		5. Consumer opt-in for single-use foodware.	1 11 / 11			
39		ot as provided in G.S. 130A-309.237, a food establishment	· ·			
40		vare or standard condiments to consumers for on-premises				
41	· · · ·	or when using a third-party food delivery platform, unless the	<u>ie consumer requests</u>			
42		odware or condiment.				
43		od establishment shall not bundle or package single-use for				
44		manner that prevents consumers from taking only the	•••			
45 46		diment desired without having to take a different type of sir	igie-use loodware or			
46 47	<u>condiment.</u>	a party food dolivery platform shall not allow consumers t	a use the platform to			
47 48	(c) <u>A third-party food delivery platform shall not allow consumers to use the platform to</u> place orders from a food establishment without providing an option on the platform for					
48 49	consumers to request single-use foodware or standard condiments from the food establishment.					
50	<u>8 130A-309.23</u>	<u>. Пасерионз.</u>				

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1	(a) For delivery orders, food establishments may include specific accesso	ories such as cup
2	lids, spill plugs, and trays in order to prevent spills or otherwise deliver food	
3	safely.	
4	(b) This Part shall not be construed to prohibit a food establishment from	making standard
5	condiments available to consumers using refillable single item dispensers.	<u>U</u>
6	"§ 130A-309.238. Liability; enforcement.	
7	(a) If the Department finds that a food establishment has failed to c	omply with the
8	requirements of this Part, the Department may issue a written notice to the food	* *
9	its findings and direct the food establishment to take remedial action to co	
10	requirements of this Part. The Department shall allow the noncompliant food e	
11	calendar days from the receipt of the notice of noncompliance to demonstrate co	
12	satisfaction of the Department. If after 60 calendar days following receipt of	-
13	noncompliance the food establishment fails to demonstrate compliance with the	
14	this Part, the Department may impose administrative penalties against the foo	*
15	pursuant to G.S. 130A-22(a). Third-party food delivery platforms are not liable	
16	a food establishment to comply with this Part.	
17	(b) If the Department finds that a third-party food delivery platform has	failed to comply
18	with the requirements of this Part, the Department may issue a written notice to	
19	food delivery platform of its findings and direct the third-party food delivery	
20	remedial action to comply with the requirements of this Part. The Department	
21	noncompliant third-party food delivery platform 60 calendar days from the rece	
22	of noncompliance to demonstrate compliance to the satisfaction of the Departr	-
23	calendar days following receipt of the notice of noncompliance the third-part	
24	platform fails to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this Part, the I	
25	impose administrative penalties against the third-party food delivery platfo	
26	G.S. 130A-22(a). Food establishments are not liable for the failure of a third-par	*
27	platform to comply with this Part.	<u> </u>
28	(c) The Department shall establish and maintain an online portal by w	hich individuals
29	can report violations of this Part to the Department.	
30	"§ 130A-309.239. Local government authority not preempted.	
31	Nothing in this Part shall be construed as limiting the authority of any loca	l government to
32	adopt ordinances that restrict the provision of single-use foodware by food es	stablishments or
33	third-party food delivery platforms."	
34	SECTION 2. G.S. 130A-22 reads as rewritten:	
35	"§ 130A-22. Administrative penalties.	
36	(a) The Secretary of Environmental Quality may impose an administrat	ive penalty on a
37	person who violates Article 9 of this Chapter, rules adopted by the Environment	tal Management
38	Commission pursuant to Article 9, or any term or condition of a permit or ord	ler issued under
39	Article 9. Each day of a continuing violation shall constitute a separate violati	on. The penalty
40	shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) per day in the case of a vio	lation involving
41	nonhazardous waste. The penalty shall not exceed thirty-two thousand five	hundred dollars
42	(\$32,500) per day in the case of a first violation involving hazardous wast	e as defined in
43	G.S. 130A-290 or involving the disposal of medical waste as defined in G.S.	130A-290 in or
44	upon water in a manner that results in medical waste entering waters or lands of	of the State; and
45	shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) per day for a second or f	urther violation
46	involving the disposal of medical waste as defined in G.S. 130A-290 in or upon w	ater in a manner
47	that results in medical waste entering waters or lands of the State. The penalty	
48	thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars (\$32,500) per day for a violation involve	
49	remedial action implemented pursuant to G.S. 130A-310.9(c) or a violation of the	-
50	pursuant to G.S. 130A-310.12(b). For violations of Part 2J of Article 9 of the	-
51	penalty shall not exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per day. For violations of	Part 7 of Article

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9 of this Chapter and G.S. 130A-309.10(m): (i) a warning shall be issued for a first violation; (ii) 1 2 the penalty shall not exceed two hundred dollars (\$200.00) for a second violation; and (iii) the 3 penalty shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for subsequent violations. If a person 4 fails to pay a civil penalty within 60 days after the final agency decision or court order has been 5 served on the violator, the Secretary of Environmental Quality shall request the Attorney General to institute a civil action in the superior court of any county in which the violator resides or has 6 his or its principal place of business to recover the amount of the assessment. Such civil actions 7 8 must be filed within three years of the date the final agency decision or court order was served 9 on the violator. 10" 11 SECTION 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 2023, and applies to violations

12 committed on or after that date.