A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO ALLOW USE OF REMOTE INSTRUCTION FOR SCHOOL MAKEUP DAYS, TO GRANT SCHOOL CALENDAR FLEXIBILITY STATEWIDE, TO INCREASE PRINCIPAL SALARIES, TO CREATE A TUTORING FUND FROM AVAILABLE REMAINING OPPORTUNITY SCHOLARSHIP FUNDS, TO LOOSEN ZONING RESTRICTIONS FOR SCHOOLS, TO RESTORE RETIREMENT BENEFITS TO STATE EMPLOYEES, AND TO MODIFY SCHOOL PERFORMANCE SCORES AND REPORT CARDS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

PART I. SAVE OUR SPRING BREAK

SECTION 1. Section 3(i) of S.L. 2021-130 reads as rewritten:
"SECTION 3.(i) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to the 2021-2022 school year. This section is repealed June 30, 2022, law and applies beginning with the 2022-2023 school year."

PART II. CALENDAR FLEXIBILITY FOR ALL

SECTION 2. G.S. 115C-84.2(d) reads as rewritten:
"(d) Opening and Closing Dates. — Local boards of education shall determine the dates of opening and closing the public schools under subdivision (a)(1) of this section. Except for year-round schools, the opening date for students shall be no earlier than the Monday closest to August 26, and the closing date for students shall be no later than the Friday closest to June 11. On a showing of good cause, the State Board of Education may waive the requirement that the opening date for students be no earlier than the Monday closest to August 26 and may allow the local board of education to set an opening date no earlier than the Monday closest to August 19, to the extent that school calendars are able to provide sufficient days to accommodate anticipated makeup days due to school closings, section, including dates for year-round schools. A local board may revise the scheduled closing date if necessary in order to comply with the minimum requirements for instructional days or instructional time. For purposes of this subsection, the term "good cause" means that schools in any local school administrative unit in a county have been closed eight days per year during any four of the last 10 years because of severe weather conditions, energy shortages, power failures, or other emergency situations.

The required opening and closing dates under this subsection shall not apply to any school that a local board designated as having a modified calendar for the 2003-2004 school year or to any school that was part of a planned program in the 2003-2004 school year for a system of modified calendar schools, so long as the school operates under a modified calendar."
PART III. HIGHER PRINCIPAL PAY BANDS

SECTION 3.(a) The following annual salary schedule for principals shall apply for the 2022-2023 fiscal year, beginning July 1, 2022:

### 2022-2023 Principal Annual Salary Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Avg. Daily Membership</th>
<th>Base</th>
<th>Met Growth</th>
<th>Exceeded Growth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-200</td>
<td>$71,574</td>
<td>$78,731</td>
<td>$85,889</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201-400</td>
<td>$75,153</td>
<td>$82,668</td>
<td>$90,184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401-700</td>
<td>$78,731</td>
<td>$86,604</td>
<td>$94,477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>701-1,000</td>
<td>$82,310</td>
<td>$90,541</td>
<td>$98,772</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,001-1,600</td>
<td>$85,889</td>
<td>$94,478</td>
<td>$103,067</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,601-2,000</td>
<td>$89,468</td>
<td>$98,415</td>
<td>$107,362</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,001-2,500</td>
<td>$91,705</td>
<td>$100,875</td>
<td>$110,046</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,501-3,000</td>
<td>$93,997</td>
<td>$103,397</td>
<td>$112,797</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,001+</td>
<td>$96,347</td>
<td>$105,982</td>
<td>$115,617</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A principal's placement on the salary schedule shall be determined according to the average daily membership of the school supervised by the principal, as described in subsection (b) of this section, and the school growth scores, calculated pursuant to G.S. 115C-83.15(c), for each school the principal supervised in at least two of the prior three school years, as described in subsection (c) of this section, regardless of a break in service and provided the principal supervised each school as a principal for at least a majority of the school year, as follows:

1. A principal shall be paid according to the Exceeded Growth column of the schedule if the school growth scores show the school or schools exceeded expected growth in at least two of the prior three school years.

2. A principal shall be paid according to the Met Growth column of the schedule if any of the following apply:
   - The school growth scores show the school or schools met expected growth in at least two of the prior three school years.
   - The school growth scores show the school or schools met expected growth in at least one of the prior three school years and exceeded expected growth in one of the prior three school years.
   - The principal supervised a school in at least two of the prior three school years that was not eligible to receive a school growth score.

3. A principal shall be paid according to the Base column if either of the following applies:
   - The school growth scores show the school or schools did not meet expected growth in at least two of the prior three school years.
   - The principal has not supervised any school as a principal for a majority of the school year in at least two of the prior three school years.

SECTION 3.(b) For purposes of determining the average daily membership of a principal's school, the following amounts shall be used during the following time periods:

1. Between July 1, 2022, and December 31, 2022, the average daily membership for the school from the 2021-2022 school year. If the school did not have an average daily membership in the 2021-2022 school year, the projected average daily membership for the school for the 2022-2023 school year.

2. Between January 1, 2023, and June 30, 2023, the average daily membership for the school for the 2022-2023 school year.

SECTION 3.(c) For purposes of determining the school growth scores for each school the principal supervised in at least two of the prior three school years, school growth
scores from the three most recent available school years, up to the 2021-2022 school year, shall be used.

SECTION 3.(d) Beginning with the 2017-2018 fiscal year, in lieu of providing annual longevity payments to principals paid on the principal salary schedule, the amounts of those longevity payments are included in the annual amounts under the principal salary schedule.

SECTION 3.(e) A principal compensated in accordance with this section for the 2022-2023 fiscal year shall receive an amount equal to the greater of the following:

1. The applicable amount on the salary schedule for the applicable year.
2. For principals who were eligible for longevity in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the sum of the following:
   a. The salary the principal received in the 2016-2017 fiscal year pursuant to Section 9.1 or Section 9.2 of S.L. 2016-94.
   b. The longevity that the principal would have received as provided for State employees under the North Carolina Human Resources Act for the 2016-2017 fiscal year based on the principal’s current years of service.
3. For principals who were not eligible for longevity in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the salary the principal received in the 2016-2017 fiscal year pursuant to Section 9.1 or Section 9.2 of S.L. 2016-94.

SECTION 3.(f) There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Public Instruction for the 2022-2023 fiscal year the additional sum of one hundred forty thousand dollars ($140,000) in recurring funds to implement the principal salary schedule provided for in this section.

SECTION 3.(g) This section becomes effective July 1, 2022.

PART IV. OPPORTUNITY TUTORING PROGRAM

SECTION 4.(a) Part 7 of Article 16 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 115C-238.35. North Carolina Tutoring Fund.

(a) There is created the North Carolina Tutoring Fund to be administered by the Department of Public Instruction for the purpose of providing funds to public school units to improve student learning through tutoring. The Fund shall consist of monies appropriated from the General Fund by the General Assembly, monies transferred from the Opportunity Scholarship Grant Fund Reserve pursuant to G.S. 115C-562.8(a), and interest accrued thereon. These funds shall be allocated to public school units on the basis of average daily membership. The Department of Education shall administer the Fund in accordance with this section and adopt all necessary rules.

(b) If monies are transferred from the Opportunity Scholarship Grant Fund Reserve to the North Carolina Tutoring Fund pursuant to G.S. 115C-562.8(a), they shall not revert until the end of the subsequent fiscal year. Funds carried forward pursuant to this section that have not been spent by the end of the subsequent fiscal year shall revert to the General Fund.

(c) Of the monies in the Fund, the Department may retain up to four percent (4%) each fiscal year for administrative costs."

SECTION 4.(b) G.S. 115C-562.8, as amended by Section 8A.3(g) of S.L. 2021-105, reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-562.8. The Opportunity Scholarship Grant Fund Reserve.

(a) The Opportunity Scholarship Grant Fund Reserve is established as a reserve to be administered by the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina for the purpose of allocating funds to the Authority for the award of scholarship grants in accordance with this Part. The Reserve shall consist of monies appropriated from the General Fund to the Reserve by the General Assembly and any interest accrued to it thereon. These funds shall be used to award
scholarship grants to eligible students for the school year that begins in the fiscal year following
the fiscal year in which the appropriation is made to the Reserve. The Board of Governors shall
only use monies in the Reserve in accordance with the purposes set forth in this section. Funds
appropriated in a particular fiscal year to be used for the award of scholarships in the following
fiscal year that are unexpended at the end of the fiscal year after the fiscal year in which the funds
were appropriated shall be first used for the purpose set forth in subdivision (1) of subsection (d)
of this section, if applicable. After funds are used for this purpose, any unexpended funds from
the funds appropriated in a particular fiscal year to be used for the award of scholarships in the
following fiscal year shall be carried forward for one fiscal year and may be used for the purposes
set forth in this section. Funds carried forward pursuant to this section that have not been spent
within one fiscal year shall revert to the General Fund transferred to the North Carolina Tutoring
Fund created pursuant to G.S. 115C-238.35."

...(d) Any unexpended funds at the end of a fiscal year from the funds appropriated in a
particular fiscal year to be used for the award of scholarships in the following fiscal year shall be
used as follows:
(1) Up to five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000) may be used by the Authority
to contract with a nonprofit corporation representing parents and families for
outreach and scholarship education and application assistance for parents and
students pursuant to Part 4A of this Article.
(2) Any remaining funds shall be carried forward for one fiscal year pursuant to
subsection (a) of this section."

SECTION 4.(c) Subsections (a) and (b) of this section become effective June 30, 2022. The remainder of this section is effective when this act becomes law.

PART V. OPEN VIRTUAL CODES

SECTION 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Department
of Public Instruction shall allow local school administrative units to apply for a separate school
code and offer virtual instruction.

PART VI. LET THEM BENEFIT

SECTION 6.(a) Subsections (c) and (d) of Section 35.21 of S.L. 2017-57 are
repealed.

SECTION 6.(b) This section is effective retroactively to December 31, 2020.

PART VII. SCHOOL PERFORMANCE GRADES/ANNUAL REPORT CARDS

SECTION 7.1. G.S. 115C-12(9) reads as rewritten:
"(9) Miscellaneous Powers and Duties. — All the powers and duties exercised by
the State Board of Education shall be in conformity with the Constitution and
subject to such laws as may be enacted from time to time by the General
Assembly. Among such duties are:
...
c1. To issue an annual "report card" for the State and for each local school
administrative unit, assessing each unit's efforts to improve student
performance based on the growth in performance of the students in
each school and taking into account progress over the previous years' level of performance and the State's performance in comparison with
other states. This assessment shall take into account factors that have
been shown to affect student performance and that the State Board
considers relevant to assess the State's efforts to improve student
performance. The annual "report card" for each local school administrative unit shall include the following:

1. The State Board shall award, in accordance with G.S. 115C-83.15, an overall numerical school achievement, growth, and performance score on a scale of zero to 100 achievement and school growth scores and a separate corresponding performance—school achievement and school growth letter grade grades of A, B, C, D, or F earned by each school within the local school administrative unit. The school performance score and grade—achievement and growth scores and grades shall reflect the measures required for achievement and growth, respectively, by G.S. 115C-83.15, in measures such as student performance on annual subject-specific assessments, college and workplace readiness measures, graduation rates, and student progress in achieving English language proficiency. In addition, the State Board shall award separate performance scores and grades for the following:

I. School achievement and school growth performance of certain subgroups of students as provided in G.S. 115C-83.15.

II. For schools serving students in any grade from kindergarten to eighth grade, school achievement and school growth performance in reading and mathematics respectively.

..."
A score of at least 85 is equivalent to a school achievement grade of A.

A score of at least 70 is equivalent to a school achievement grade of B.

A score of at least 55 is equivalent to a school achievement grade of C.

A score of at least 40 is equivalent to a school achievement grade of D.

A score of less than 40 is equivalent to a school achievement grade of F.

A score of at least 90 is equivalent to a school growth grade of A.

A score of at least 80 is equivalent to a school growth grade of B.

A score of at least 70 is equivalent to a school growth grade of C.

A score of at least 60 is equivalent to a school growth grade of D.

A score of less than 60 is equivalent to a school growth grade of F.

A score of at least 70 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of A.

A score of at least 60 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of B.

A score of at least 55 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of C.

A score of at least 40 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of D.

A score of less than 40 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of F.

A score of at least 90 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of A.

A score of at least 80 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of B.

A score of at least 70 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of C.

A score of at least 60 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of D.

A score of less than 60 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of F.

A score of less than 40 is equivalent to an overall school performance grade of F.

Economically disadvantaged students.

Students from major racial and ethnic groups.
(d2) Calculation of the School Performance Scores and Achievement and School Growth Scores and Corresponding Grades for Certain Subgroups of Students Served by a School. – In addition to the overall school performance achievement and school growth scores and corresponding grades awarded under subsections (b) through (c1) of this section, for each school that serves a minimum number of students in a subgroup of students listed in subsection (d1) of this section, the State Board of Education shall calculate school performance achievement and school growth scores and shall determine a corresponding school performance grade for each subgroup using the same method as set forth in subsection (d) subsections (b) through (c1) of this section. School performance achievement and school growth scores for subgroups of students shall not be included in the calculation of the overall school performance achievement and school growth scores and corresponding grades under subsection (d) subsections (b) through (c1) of this section.

(d3) Report of Subgroup Performance Scores and School Achievement and School Growth Scores and Corresponding Grades. – The subgroup performance school achievement and school growth scores and associated grades shall be reported separately on the annual school report card provided under G.S. 115C-12(9)c1., 115C-218.65, 115C-238.66, and 116-239.8 in a way that provides the following information:

1. For the current year and the previous two years, the achievement score for each subgroup of students defined in subsection (d1) of this section for the school.
2. The statewide average achievement score for each subgroup defined in subsection (d1) of this section.
3. The difference between the achievement score for all students in the school and the achievement score for each subgroup that meets the minimum number of students defined in subsection (d1) of this section.
4. Based on the information reported in subdivision (3) of this subsection, the State Board shall determine and identify schools that are closing achievement gaps, experiencing a widening of gaps, or seeing no significant gap changes.

(f) Indication of Growth. – In addition to awarding the overall school scores for achievement, growth, and performance and the performance grade, achievement and growth and associated grades, using EVAAS, the State Board shall designate that a school has met, exceeded, or has not met expected growth. The designation of student growth shall be clearly displayed in the annual school report card provided under G.S. 115C-12(9)c1., 115C-218.65, 115C-238.66, and 116-239.8.

(g) Access to Annual Report Card Information on the Department's Web Site. – Beginning with data collected in the 2017-2018 school year, the State Board of Education shall provide user-friendly access to the public on the annual report cards issued for local school administrative units and individual schools provided under G.S. 115C-12(9)c1., 115C-218.65, 115C-238.66, and 116-239.8 through the Department of Public Instruction's Web site. The annual report card shall be designed and organized to display the following information more prominently than any other information:

1. A summary for each local school administrative unit and for each individual school of the school performance achievement and growth grades, whether the school has met, exceeded, or has not met expected growth, and any other information required to be provided as part of the annual report card.
2. The percentage of schools receiving an overall-a school performance achievement letter grade of A, B, C, D, or F earned by each school located within a local school administrative unit and statewide.
(2a) The percentage of schools receiving a school growth letter grade of A, B, C, D, or F earned by each school located within a local school administrative unit and statewide.

(3) The number and percentage of schools that have met, exceeded, or have not met expected growth by each school located within a local school administrative unit and statewide.

(4) A Web page for each individual school that prominently displays the school’s performance achievement and growth grades, whether the school has met, exceeded, or has not met expected growth, and the school’s performance achievement and growth scores in a way that is easy for the user to read.

(5) The ability to easily compare annual report card information, including school performance achievement and growth grades and whether schools have met, exceeded, or have not met expected growth, for local school administrative units and for individual schools for a time span of at least three years."

SECTION 7.4. G.S. 115C-83.17 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-83.17. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Part:

(1) Achievement score. – A numerical score on a scale of zero to 100 that is based on the sum of points earned by a school or by a subgroup of students pursuant to G.S. 115C-83.15.

(2) Growth score. – A numerical score measuring student growth calculated for a school or for a subgroup of students pursuant to G.S. 115C-83.15.

(3) Overall school performance grade. School grades. – The letter grade grades earned by a school for achievement and growth for all students served by a school pursuant to G.S. 115C-83.15(d), G.S. 115C-83.15(b1) and (c1).

(4) Overall school performance score. School scores. – The numerical scores earned by a school pursuant to G.S. 115C-83.15(d), G.S. 115C-83.15(b) and (c).

(5) Subgroup performance grade. Grades. – The letter grade grades earned by a school for achievement and growth for a subgroup of students served by the school pursuant to G.S. 115C-83.15(d2).

(6) Subgroup performance score. Scores. – The numerical scores earned by a school pursuant to G.S. 115C-83.15(d2) that are calculated to a 100-point scale pursuant to G.S. 115C-83.15(d2)."

SECTION 7.5. G.S. 115C-83.16 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-83.16. School performance indicators for the purpose of compliance with federal law.

(a) The State Board of Education shall use the school performance achievement and growth scores and grades as calculated required under G.S. 115C-83.15 to satisfy the federal requirement under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), P.L. 114-95, to meaningfully differentiate the performance of schools on an annual basis. For the purpose of compliance with federal law, the State Board of Education shall calculate the overall school performance score by adding the school achievement score and the school growth score earned by a school. The school achievement score shall account for eighty percent (80%), and the school growth score shall account for twenty percent (20%) of the total sum. Additionally, the indicators shall be defined as follows:

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section and only for the purpose of conforming with ESSA, the State Board may label measures as indicators different from those described in..."
subsection (a) of this section; provided that each measure shall be calculated in accordance with the requirements of G.S. 115C-83.15 section."

SECTION 7.6. G.S. 115C-105.37 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-105.37. Identification of low-performing schools.

(a) Identification of Low-Performing Schools. – The State Board of Education shall identify low-performing schools on an annual basis. Low-performing schools are those that earn an overall school performance-achievement grade of D or F and a school growth score of "met expected growth" or "not met expected growth" as defined by G.S. 115C-83.15.

(a1) Plan for Improvement of Low-Performing Schools. – If a school has been identified as low-performing as provided in this section and the school is not located in a local school administrative unit identified as low-performing under G.S. 115C-105.39A, the following actions shall be taken:

(1) The superintendent shall proceed under G.S. 115C-105.39.
(2) Within 30 days of the initial identification of a school as low-performing by the State Board, the superintendent shall submit to the local board of education a preliminary plan for improving both the school performance grade and school growth score, including how the superintendent and other central office administrators will work with the school and monitor the school's progress.

(b) Parental Notice of Low-Performing School Status. – Each school that the State Board identifies as low-performing shall provide written notification to the parents and guardians of students attending that school within 30 days of the identification that includes the following information:

(1) A statement that the State Board of Education has found that the school has earned an overall school performance-achievement grade of D or F and a school growth score of "met expected growth" or "not met expected growth" and has been identified as a low-performing school as defined by G.S. 115C-105.37. This statement shall include an explanation of the school performance grades and growth scores.
(2) The school performance grade and growth score achievement and growth scores earned.
(3) Information about the preliminary plan developed under subsection (a1) of this section and the availability of the final plan on the local school administrative unit's Web site.
(4) The meeting date for when the preliminary plan will be considered by the local board of education.
(5) A description of any additional steps the school is taking to improve student performance."

SECTION 7.7. G.S. 115C-105.39A reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-105.39A. Identification of low-performing local school administrative units.

(a) Identification of Low-Performing Local School Administrative Units. – The State Board of Education shall identify low-performing local school administrative units on an annual basis. A low-performing local school administrative unit is a unit in which the majority of the schools in that unit that earned an overall school performance grade and school growth score achievement and growth scores and grades as provided in G.S. 115C-83.15 have been identified as low-performing schools, as provided in G.S. 115C-105.37.

(b) Plan for Improvement of Low-Performing Local School Administrative Units. – Once a local school administrative unit has been identified as low-performing under this section, the following actions shall be taken:
The superintendent shall proceed under G.S. 115C-105.39.

Within 30 days of the identification of a local school administrative unit as low-performing by the State Board, the superintendent shall submit to the local board of education a preliminary plan for improving both the school performance grade and school growth score achievement and growth scores and grades of each low-performing school in the unit, including how the superintendent and other central office administrators will work with each low-performing school and monitor the low-performing school’s progress and how current local school administrative unit policy should be changed to improve student achievement throughout the local school administrative unit. The plan shall also include specific strategies to improve early childhood learning along with measurable goals.

(c) Parental Notice of Low-Performing Local School Administrative Unit Status. – Each local school administrative unit that the State Board identifies as low-performing shall provide written notification to the parents and guardians of all students attending any school in the local school administrative unit within 30 days of the identification that includes the following information:

(1) A statement that the State Board of Education has found that a majority of the schools in the local school administrative unit have earned an overall school performance achievement grade of D or F and a school growth score of "met expected growth" or "not met expected growth" and have been identified as low-performing schools as defined by G.S. 115C-105.37. The statement shall also include an explanation of the school performance grades and school growth scores, achievement and growth scores and grades.

(2) The percentage of schools identified as low-performing.

(3) Information about the preliminary plan developed under subsection (b) of this section and the availability of the final plan on the local school administrative unit’s Web site.

(4) The meeting date for when the preliminary plan will be considered by the local board of education.

(5) A description of any additional steps the local school administrative unit and schools are taking to improve student performance.

(6) For notifications sent to parents and guardians of students attending a school that is identified as low-performing under G.S. 115C-105.37, a statement that the State Board of Education has found that the school has earned an overall school performance achievement grade of D or F and a school growth score of "met expected growth" or "not met expected growth" and has been identified as a low-performing school as defined by G.S. 115C-105.37. This notification also shall include the overall school performance grade and school growth score the school earned and an explanation of the school performance grades and school growth scores, achievement and growth scores and grades.

SECTION 7.8. G.S. 115C-218.65 reads as rewritten:


A charter school shall ensure that the report card issued for it by the State Board of Education receives wide distribution to the local press or is otherwise provided to the public. A charter school shall ensure that the overall school performance score, achievement and growth scores and grade grades earned by the charter school for the current and previous four school years are prominently displayed on the school Web site. If a charter school earned an overall school
performance-achievement or growth grade of D or F, the charter school shall provide notice of the grade in writing to the parent or guardian of all students enrolled in that school."

SECTION 7.9. G.S. 115C-218.94(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Identification of Low-Performing Charter Schools. – The State Board of Education shall identify low-performing charter schools on an annual basis. Low-performing charter schools are those that earn an overall school performance-achievement grade of D or F and a school growth score of "met expected growth" or "not met expected growth" as defined by G.S. 115C-83.15."

SECTION 7.10. G.S. 115C-238.66(11) reads as rewritten:

"(11) North Carolina School Report Cards. – A regional school shall ensure that the report card issued for it by the State Board of Education receives wide distribution to the local press or is otherwise provided to the public. A regional school shall ensure that the overall school performance score, achievement and growth scores, and grade grades earned by the regional school for the current and previous four school years are prominently displayed on the school Web site. If a regional school earned an overall school performance-achievement or growth grade of D or F, the regional school shall provide notice of the grade in writing to the parent or guardian of all students enrolled in that school."

SECTION 7.11. G.S. 116-239.8(b)(14) reads as rewritten:

"(14) North Carolina school report cards. – A laboratory school shall ensure that the report card issued for it by the State Board of Education receives wide distribution to the local press or is otherwise provided to the public. A laboratory school shall ensure that the overall school performance score, achievement and growth scores, and grade grades earned by the laboratory school for the current and previous four school years are prominently displayed on the school Web site. If a laboratory school earned an overall school performance-achievement or growth grade of D or F, the laboratory school shall provide notice of the grade in writing to the parent or guardian of all students enrolled in that school."

SECTION 7.12. G.S. 116-239.13(3) reads as rewritten:

"(3) Public school student achievement data, including school performance grades and student achievement scores and student growth, achievement and growth scores and grades, at each laboratory school."

PART VIII. MISCELLANEOUS

EFFECT OF HEADINGS

SECTION 8.1. The headings to the Parts, subparts, and sections of this act are a convenience to the reader and are for reference only. The headings do not expand, limit, or define the text of this act, except for effective dates referring to a Part or subpart.

SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

SECTION 8.2. If any section or provision of this act is declared unconstitutional or invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or any part other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SECTION 8.3. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.