A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL REGULATORY RELIEF TO THE CITIZENS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

MODIFY AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER REQUIREMENTS FOR ONE- AND TWO-FAMILY DWELLINGS

SECTION 1.(a) Definitions. – As used in this section, "Council" means the North Carolina Building Code Council, and "Code" means the current North Carolina Building Code collection and amendments to the Code, as adopted by the Council.

SECTION 1.(b) Code Amendment. – Until the effective date of the Code amendment that the Council is required to adopt pursuant to this section, the Council and Code enforcement officials enforcing the Code shall follow the provisions of subsection (c) of this section as they relate to Section D107 of the 2018 North Carolina Fire Code and other provisions that relate to fire apparatus access roads for one- or two-family dwelling residential developments.

SECTION 1.(c) Implementation. – Notwithstanding any provision of the Code or law to the contrary, the Council and Code enforcement officials shall not require an automatic sprinkler system in one- or two-family dwellings where there are fewer than 100 dwelling units on a single public or private fire apparatus access road with access from one direction.

SECTION 1.(d) Additional Rulemaking Authority. – The Council shall adopt a rule to amend Section D107 of the 2018 North Carolina Fire Code consistent with subsection (c) of this section. Notwithstanding G.S. 143-136(c), the Residential Code Committee within the Council shall consider the amendment required by this section. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-19(4), the rule adopted by the Council pursuant to this subsection shall be substantively identical to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are not subject to Part 3 of Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. Rules adopted pursuant to this section shall become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1), as though 10 or more written objections had been received as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b2).

SECTION 1.(e) Sunset. – This section expires on the date that rules adopted pursuant to subsection (d) of this section become effective.

CLARIFY PERMIT REQUIREMENTS TO LEASE OR RENT RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY

SECTION 2. G.S. 160D-1207(c) reads as rewritten:
"(c) In no event may a local government do any of the following: (i) adopt or enforce any ordinance that would require any owner or manager of rental property to obtain any permit or permission under Article 11 or Article 12 of this Chapter from the local government to lease or rent residential real property or to register rental property with the local government, except for those individual properties that have more than four verified violations in a rolling 12-month period or two or more verified violations in a rolling 30-day period, or upon the property being identified within the top ten percent (10%) of properties with crime or disorder problems as set forth in a local ordinance, (ii) require that an owner or manager of residential rental property enroll or participate in any governmental program as a condition of obtaining a certificate of occupancy, (iii) levy a special fee or tax on residential rental property that is not also levied against other commercial and residential properties, unless expressly authorized by general law or applicable only to an individual rental unit or property described in clause (i) of this subsection and the fee does not exceed five hundred dollars ($500.00) in any 12-month period in which the unit or property is found to have verified violations, (iv) provide that any violation of a rental registration ordinance is punishable as a criminal offense, or (v) require any owner or manager of rental property to submit to an inspection before receiving any utility service provided by the local government. For purposes of this section, the term "verified violation" means all of the following:

1. The aggregate of all violations of housing ordinances or codes found in an individual rental unit of residential real property during a 72-hour period.
2. Any violations that have not been corrected by the owner or manager within 21 days of receipt of written notice from the local government of the violations. Should the same violation occur more than two times in a 12-month period, the owner or manager may not have the option of correcting the violation. If the housing code provides that any form of prohibited tenant behavior constitutes a violation by the owner or manager of the rental property, it shall be deemed a correction of the tenant-related violation if the owner or manager, within 30 days of receipt of written notice of the tenant-related violation, brings a summary ejectment action to have the tenant evicted."

CLARIFY REQUESTING BOARD FOR RESIDENCY LICENSE

SECTION 3. G.S. 115C-270.20 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-270.20. Licensure requirements.

(a) Teacher Licenses. – The State Board shall adopt rules for the issuance of the following classes of teacher licenses, including required levels of preparation for each classification:

…

(5) Residency License or RL. – A one-year license, renewable twice, that meets both of the following requirements:

a. Is requested by the local board of education governing body of a public school unit and accompanied by a certification of supervision from the recognized educator preparation program in which the individual is enrolled.

b. The individual for whom the license is requested meets all of the following requirements:

1. Holds a bachelor's degree.
2. Has either completed coursework relevant to the requested licensure area or passed the content area examination relevant to the requested licensure area that has been approved by the State Board.
3. Is enrolled in a recognized educator preparation program.
CREATE LOTTERY EXEMPTION FOR GRANDCHILDREN OF BOARD MEMBERS

SECTION 4. G.S. 115C-218.45 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-218.45. Admission requirements.

..."

TOLLING THE TERMS OF CHARTERS TO ALLOW TIME TO OBTAIN LAND USE PROPOSALS

SECTION 5. G.S. 115C-218.5 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(g) A charter school shall be entitled to automatically extend any deadline to begin operations or commence the term of its charter until the next school year, if it notifies the State Board by June 30 that is seeking land use or development approvals for its selected site or
facilities, or if it is challenging the denial of any requested land use or development approvals.

The term of the charter issued by the State Board shall be tolled during the period of any extension or extensions issued under this section."

UTILITIES/LANDLORD WATER RESELLER CHANGES

SECTION 6. (a) G.S. 62-110 reads as rewritten:


…

(g) In addition to the authority to issue a certificate of public convenience and necessity and establish rates otherwise granted in this Chapter, for the purpose of encouraging water conservation, the Commission may, consistent with the public interest, adopt procedures that allow a lessor of a single-family dwelling, residential building, or multiunit apartment complex to charge for the costs of providing water or sewer service to persons who occupy the leased premises. The following provisions shall apply:

1. All charges for water or sewer service shall be based on the user's metered consumption of water, which shall be determined by metered measurement of all water consumed. The rate charged by the lessor shall not exceed the unit consumption rate charged by the supplier of the service.

2. If the leased premises are contiguous dwelling units built prior to 1989, and the lessor determines that the measurement of the lessee's total water usage is impractical or not economical, the lessor may allocate the cost for water and sewer service to the lessee using equipment that measures the lessee's hot water usage. In that case, each lessee shall be billed a percentage of the lessor's water and sewer costs for water usage in the dwelling units based upon the hot water used in the lessee's dwelling unit. The percentage of total water usage allocated for each dwelling unit shall be equal to that dwelling unit's individually submetered hot water usage divided by all submetered hot water usage in all dwelling units. The following conditions apply to billing for water and sewer service under this subdivision:

   a. A lessor shall not utilize a ratio utility billing system or other allocation billing system that does not rely on individually submetered hot water usage to determine the allocation of water and sewer costs.

   b. The lessor shall not include in a lessee's bill the cost of water and sewer service used in common areas or water loss due to leaks in the lessor's water mains. A lessor shall not bill or attempt to collect for excess water usage resulting from a plumbing malfunction or other condition that is not known to the lessee or that has been reported to the lessor.

   c. All equipment used to measure water usage shall comply with guidelines promulgated by the American Water Works Association.

   d. The lessor shall maintain records for a minimum of 12 months that demonstrate how each lessee's allocated costs were calculated for water and sewer service. Upon advanced written notice to the lessor, a lessee may inspect the records during reasonable business hours.

   e. Bills for water and sewer service sent by the lessor to the lessee shall contain all the following information:

      1. The amount of water and sewer services allocated to the lessee during the billing period.

      2. The method used to determine the amount of water and sewer services allocated to the lessee.

      3. Beginning and ending dates for the billing period.
4. The past-due date, which shall not be less than 25 days after the bill is mailed.

5. A local or toll-free telephone number and address that the lessee can use to obtain more information about the bill.

(1b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (1a)-(1), (1a), and (1c) of this subsection, if the Commission approves a flat rate to be charged by a water or sewer utility for the provision of water or sewer services to contiguous dwelling units, the lessor may pass through and charge the tenants of the contiguous dwelling units the same flat rate for water or sewer services, rather than a rate based on metered consumption, and an administrative fee as authorized in subdivision (2) of this subsection. Bills for water and sewer service sent by the lessor to the lessee shall contain all the information required by sub-sub-divisions e.2. through e.5. of subdivision (1a) of this subsection.

(1c) The lessor may equally divide the amount of the water and sewer bill for a unit among all the lessees in the unit and may send one bill to each lessee. The amount charged shall be prorated when a lessee has not leased the unit for the same number of days as the other lessees in the unit during the billing period. Each bill may include an administrative fee up to the amount of the then-current administrative fee authorized by the Commission in Rule 18-6 for water service and, when applicable, a late fee in an amount determined by the Commission. The lessor shall not charge the cost of water and sewer from any other unit or common area in a lessee’s bill sent pursuant to this subdivision.

"..."

SECTION 6.(b) This section becomes effective October 1, 2021.

PROVIDE AN APPROVAL PROCESS FOR CERTAIN TRENCH DISPERAL SYSTEMS

SECTION 7. G.S. 130A-343 reads as rewritten:

"§ 130A-343. Approval of on-site subsurface wastewater systems.

(a) Definitions. – As used in this section:

..."
a. The external dimensions of the wastewater trench system meet the
dimensional requirements of the trench dispersal system specifically
identified in a rule adopted by the Commission.

b. The wastewater trench system can be installed in conformance with
applicable requirements of the trench dispersal system specifically
identified in a rule adopted by the Commission.

c. The physical properties, chemical durability, and structural integrity
of the materials from which the wastewater trench system is
constructed are equal to or superior to the physical properties,
chemical durability, and structural integrity of the materials from
which the trench dispersal system specifically identified in a rule
adopted by the Commission, a conventional system, or innovative or
accepted wastewater trench system is constructed.

d. The wastewater trench system design is functionally similar to another
trench dispersal system specifically identified in a rule adopted by the
Commission or an innovative or accepted wastewater trench system.

e. Limited approval of a wastewater trench system as a trench dispersal
system specifically identified in a rule adopted by the Commission
shall not be conditioned on the manufacturer of the wastewater trench
system having operational systems installed in the State.

(2) The Commission shall approve the wastewater trench system from limited use
to general use, allowing an unlimited number of installations, when the
manufacturer provides to the Commission all of the following information:

a. A survey of system hydraulic performance on at least 30 randomly
selected systems currently in use and in operation for at least 12
months with separate field evaluations completed during a
wet-weather season and non-wet-weather season, as defined in rules
adopted by the Commission, resulting in a minimum of 50 hydraulic
performance data sets. The survey of system hydraulic performance
shall be conducted by an independent, third-party professional
engineer or licensed soil scientist and documented in a report provided
to the Commission. The hydraulic function of a system and its
hydraulic malfunction status shall be determined as defined in rules
adopted by the Commission through a visual inspection of the ground
surface above and around the system installation. The report shall
show system hydraulic performance and rate of malfunction are equal
or superior to the demonstrated hydraulic performance of a
conventional wastewater system.

b. For a wastewater trench system proposed for approval as a
prefabricated, permeable block panel system, as the term is used in
rules adopted by the Commission, a survey of system wastewater
treatment efficacy. Treatment performance shall be determined on the
systems selected for hydraulic performance evaluation under this
section with separate field evaluations completed during a
wet-weather season and non-wet-weather season, as defined in rules
adopted by the Commission, resulting in a minimum of 50 treatment
performance data sets. The survey of system treatment performance
shall be conducted by an independent, third-party professional
engineer or licensed soil scientist and documented in a report provided
to the Commission. The report shall show wastewater trench system
treatment performance meets Class I residential wastewater treatment
system criteria, as set out in Standard 40 of the National Sanitation Foundation, Inc., (as approved January 13, 2001), as amended, for ninety-five percent (95%) of the collected samples. A wastewater trench system approved by a nationally recognized certification body, as described in G.S. 130A-342(a), is exempt from the performance of a wastewater treatment efficacy survey. If applicable, the approval from a nationally recognized certification body, as described in G.S. 130A-342(a), shall be provided to the Commission.

(3) The Commission approval of a wastewater trench system as a trench dispersal system specifically identified in a rule adopted by the Commission shall identify the approved system using the name assigned to the trench dispersal system specifically identified in a rule adopted by the Commission. The Commission, Department, and local health department may not condition, delay, or deny the permitting of such a wastewater trench system when the trench dispersal system specifically identified in a rule adopted by the Commission is identified on a permit issued by a permitting authority.

(4) The Commission shall not include conditions and limitations in the approval of a wastewater trench system as a trench dispersal system specifically identified in a rule adopted by the Commission that are not described in the applicable rule adopted by the Commission.

_AUTHORIZE TABOR CITY TO PARTICIPATE IN RAILROAD REVITALIZATION PROGRAMS_

_SECTION 8.(a) Tabor City is authorized to participate in State and federal railroad revitalization programs necessary to insure continued or improved rail service to the city as are authorized in Article 2D of Chapter 136 of the General Statutes. Tabor City is authorized to enter into contracts with the North Carolina Department of Transportation to provide for the nonfederal matching funds for railroad revitalization programs. Such funds may be comprised of State funds distributed under the provisions of G.S. 136-44.38 and of city funds. Tabor City is authorized to levy local property tax for railroad revitalization programs subject to G.S. 160A-209(d). City funds for any project may not exceed ten percent (10%) of total project costs.

_SECTION 8.(b) This section applies only to Tabor City.

_SECTION 8.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law and expires December 31, 2026.

_SECTION 9. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.