GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

S SENATE BILL 219

Short Title:	Modify Teacher Licensing Requirements.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators McInnis, Tillman, and Johnson (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate	

March 12, 2019

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MODIFY TEACHER LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: SECTION 1. G.S. 115C-270.1 reads as rewritten: "§ 115C-270.1. Definitions.

As used in this Article, the following definitions shall apply:

- (1) Accredited educator preparation program or accredited EPP. An entity that is located in the United States and accredited to prepare, train, and recommend students for educator licensure by the Council for the Accreditation of Educator Preparation.
- (1a) Administrator. An administrator or supervisor who serves in general and program administrator roles, as classified by the State Board. Administrators shall include superintendents, assistant or associate superintendents, principals, assistant principals, or curriculum-instructional specialists.
- (2) Professional educator. An administrator, teacher, or student services personnel.
- (3) Recognized educator preparation program or recognized EPP. As defined in G.S. 115C-269.1(15).
- (4) Student services personnel. An individual providing specialized assistance to students, teachers, administrators, or the education program in general, as classified by the State Board. Student services personnel shall include individuals employed in school counseling, school social work, school psychology, audiology, speech-language pathology, and media coordination.
- (5) Teacher. An individual whose major responsibility is to either teach or directly supervise teaching, as classified by the State Board."

SECTION 2. G.S. 115C-270.10 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-270.10. Licensure fees.

- (a) Fee Schedule. The State Board of Education shall establish by rule a schedule of fees for professional educator licensure and administrative changes. The fees established under this section shall not exceed the actual cost of providing the service. The schedule may include fees for any of the following services:
 - (1) Application for demographic or administrative changes to a license.
 - (2) Application for a duplicate license or for copies of documents in the licensure files.
 - (3) Application for a renewal, extension, addition, upgrade, reinstatement, and variation to a license.



- (4) Initial application for a new graduate from any <u>accredited or recognized</u> educator preparation program.
- (5) <u>Initial application Application for an out-of-state applicant.</u>
- (6) All other applications.

An applicant must pay any nonrefundable or nontransferable service fees at the time an application is submitted.

(a1) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the State Board of Education shall reimburse the initial application fee for any new graduate from any recognized EPP or accredited educator preparation program the first time an applicant submits an application for teacher licensure, if the applicant has successfully earned an initial professional license in North Carolina. The State Board shall issue the reimbursement to the application fee within 30 days of the date the applicant successfully earns an initial professional license in North Carolina.

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SECTION 3. G.S. 115C-270.15 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-270.15. Examination requirements for initial professional licenses.

- (a) Examination Score Requirements Scores. The State Board of Education shall require permit an applicant for an initial professional license to demonstrate the applicant's academic and professional preparation by achieving a prescribed minimum score on a standard examination appropriate and adequate for that purpose. Elementary education (K-6) and special education general curriculum teachers shall may also achieve a prescribed minimum score on subtests or standard examinations specific to teaching reading and mathematics mathematics for the purposes of applying for an initial professional license.
- (b) Establishment of Minimum Scores. The State Board shall adopt rules that establish the minimum scores for any required standard examinations and other measures necessary to assess the qualifications of professional educators as required under this section. For purposes of this section, the State Board shall not be subject to Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. At least 30 days prior to changing any rule adopted under this section, the State Board shall provide written notice to all recognized educator preparation programs and to all local boards of education. The written notice shall include the proposed revised rule. The State Board of Education shall make any required standard initial professional licensure exam exams rigorous and and, for applicants applying for licensure based on standard examination scores, raise the prescribed minimum score as necessary to ensure that each applicant has received high-quality academic and professional preparation to teach effectively.
- (c) Time Line for Completion of Examinations. The State Board of Education shall permit an applicant to <u>fulfill any such meet minimum scores established under subsection (b) of this section for testing requirement before or during the applicant's second third year of teaching, provided the applicant took the examination at least once during the first year of teaching."</u>

SECTION 4. G.S. 115C-270.20 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-270.20. Licensure requirements.

- (a) Teacher Licenses. The State Board shall adopt rules for the issuance of the following elasses of teacher licenses, including licenses. The rules shall include (i) requirements for out-of-state applicants consistent with the provisions of G.S. 115C-270.25 and (ii) an alternative method of an applicant demonstrating academic and professional preparation if the applicant does not meet minimum scores for standard examinations by submitting one of the following:
 - (1) The teacher demonstrates effectiveness by having met or exceeded expected student growth in the teacher's most recent year of teaching, as measured by the teacher's own value-added data through the Education Value-Added Assessment System (EVAAS), or an equivalent measure of teacher effectiveness and growth used by the teacher's school or in another state.

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(2)	The teacher submits an affidavit signed by the following individuals for the
	school in which the teacher was most recently employed at the time of
	application stating the teacher is an effective teacher:
	a. A principal, or an equivalent position as the administrative head of the
	teacher's school.
	b. A superintendent of a local school administrative unit, or an equivalent
	position as the administrative head of a school system, or a member of
	the governing body of the school.
(a1) Cla	usses of Licenses. – Classes of teacher licenses shall be issued and include required
	tration for each elassification: classification as follows:
(1)	
(1)	G.S. 115C-270.25, a five-year renewable license issued to a teacher who has
	at least three years of licensed teaching experience and meets other
	<u>administrative</u> requirements established by the State Board. A CPL shall
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(2)	remain in effect for five years after retirement.
(2)	
	individual who holds a bachelor's degree with coursework relevant to the
	requested licensure area, but has not successfully completed a recognized or
	<u>accredited</u> educator preparation program and does not qualify for a residency
	license. An emergency license shall only be requested by the local board of
	education, and applicants for emergency licenses shall meet all other
	requirements established by the State Board, including preservice training,
	prior to teaching.
(3)	·
	to an individual who has successfully completed an accredited educator
	preparation program or a recognized educator preparation program and meets
	other <u>administrative</u> requirements established by the State Board.
(4)	Lifetime license. – A license issued to a teacher after 50 or more years of
	teaching as a licensed teacher that requires no renewal.
(5)	Residency License or RL. – A one-year license, renewable twice, that meets
	both of the following requirements:
	a. Is requested by the local board of education and accompanied by a
	certification of supervision from the an accredited or recognized
	educator preparation program in which the individual is enrolled.
	b. The individual for whom the license is requested meets all of the
	following requirements:
	1. Holds a bachelor's degree.
	2. Has either completed coursework relevant to the requested
	licensure area or passed the content area examination relevant
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	to the requested licensure area that has been approved by the
	State Board.
	3. Is enrolled in a recognized <u>or accredited</u> educator preparation
	program.
	4. Meets all other requirements established by the State Board,
	including completing preservice requirements prior to
	teaching.
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SE	CTION 5. G.S. 115C-270.25 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-270.25. Out-of-state license applicants.

Initial applications from an individual An applicant with an out-of-state teacher's full license in good standing shall require the applicant to provide evidence of that teacher's

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effectiveness, when available, as measured by the evaluation system used in that applicant's state of current licensure at the time of application, including any growth measures included in that evaluation system. Applications that include the evidence of that educator's effectiveness shall be prioritized for review over initial applications from applicants with out-of-state licenses that do not include that information. An individual who does not include evidence of that teacher's effectiveness with the initial application shall only be eligible for an IPL. be issued a continuing professional license (CPL) immediately by the State Board of Education upon the applicant meeting any administrative requirements established by the State Board.

An out-of-state applicant who successfully completed or is enrolled in an accredited educator preparation program in another state, but has not yet received a full teaching license in another state, shall only be required to meet the same requirements of an applicant who successfully completed or is enrolled in a recognized educator preparation program located in North Carolina."

SECTION 6. G.S. 93B-15.1(i) reads as rewritten:

"(i) For the purposes of this section, the The State Board of Education shall be considered an occupational licensing board for all of the provisions of this section, except for the provisions of subsection (b) of this section regarding military spouses who hold a current teaching license from another jurisdiction, when issuing teacher licenses under Article 17E of Subchapter V of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes. For military spouses who hold a current teaching license in another jurisdiction, the provisions of G.S. 115C-270.25 shall apply when issuing teacher licenses."

SECTION 7. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to applicants for teacher licensure on or after that date.