GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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HOUSE BILL 29

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/29/19 Senate Appropriations/Base Budget Committee Substitute Adopted 9/10/19

Short Tit	le: S	standing Up for Rape Victims Act of 2019.	(Public)
Sponsors	s:		
Referred	to:		
		February 7, 2019	
		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT	TO R	EQUIRE TESTING OF ALL SEXUAL ASSAULT EXA	MINATION KITS.
The Gen	eral As	sembly of North Carolina enacts:	
	SEC	TION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as	"The Standing Up for
Rape Vic	etims (S	SURVIVOR) Act of 2019."	
	SEC	TION 2. Article 13 of Chapter 15A of the General S	statutes is amended by
adding a		ction to read:	
" <u>§ 15A-2</u>	266.5A	Statewide sexual assault examination kit testing prot	tocol.
<u>(a)</u>	<u>Legi</u>	slative Intent The General Assembly finds that deoxyr	ibonucleic acid (DNA)
evidence is a powerful law enforcement tool that can identify unknown suspects, create case			
linkages, connect crimes to known perpetrators, and exonerate the innocent. Timely testing is			
vital to solve cases, punish offenders, bring justice to victims, and prevent future crimes. It is the			
intent of the General Assembly that every sexual assault examination kit reported to law			
		this State be tested and to eliminate the inventory of u	
		s located statewide. The purpose of this section is to addre	
		xamination kits are processed and the protocol for testing	
		al assault examination kits identified pursuant to the fir	ndings of the statewide
audit con	-	pursuant to Section 17.7 of S.L. 2017-57.	
<u>(b)</u>	<u>Defi</u>	nitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:	
	<u>(1)</u>	CODIS. – As defined in G.S. 15A-266.2.	
	<u>(2)</u>	Collecting agency. – Any agency, program, center, or o	other entity that collects
		a sexual assault examination kit.	
	<u>(3)</u>	State DNA database. – As defined in G.S. 15A-266.2.	
	<u>(4)</u>	Reported sexual assault examination kit. – A sexual a	
		collected from a person who consented to the collection	
		examination kit and has consented to participate in the	<u>criminal justice process</u>
		by reporting the crime to law enforcement.	
	<u>(5)</u>	<u>Unfounded sexual assault examination kit. – A re</u>	
		examination kit, whereupon completion of the investig	
		by the investigating law enforcement agency, based o	n clear and convincing
		evidence, that a crime did not occur.	
	<u>(6)</u>	<u>Unreported sexual assault examination kit. – A sexual</u>	
		collected from a person who consented to the collection	
		examination kit, but has not consented to participate	in the criminal justice
		process.	



- (c) Notification and Submission Requirements for Kits Completed On or After July 1, 2019. Any collecting agency that collects a sexual assault examination kit completed on or after July 1, 2019, shall preserve the kit according to guidelines established under G.S. 15A-268(a2) and notify the appropriate law enforcement agency as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours after the collection occurred. A law enforcement agency notified under this subsection shall do all of the following:
 - (1) Take custody of a sexual assault examination kit from the collecting agency that collected the kit within seven days of receiving notification. The law enforcement agency that takes custody of a kit under this subdivision shall retain and preserve the kit in accordance with the requirements of G.S. 15A-268.
 - (2) Submit a reported sexual assault examination kit to the State Crime Laboratory, or a laboratory approved by the State Crime Laboratory, not more than 45 days after taking custody of the reported sexual assault examination kit.
 - Submit an unreported sexual assault examination kit to the Department of Public Safety not more than 45 days after taking custody of the unreported sexual assault examination kit. The Department of Public Safety shall store any kit it receives under this subdivision pursuant to the authority set forth in G.S. 143B-601(13).
- (d) Notification and Submission Requirements for Kits Completed On or Before January 1, 2018. Any law enforcement agency that possesses a sexual assault examination kit completed on or before January 1, 2018, shall do the following:
 - (1) Establish a review team that may consist of prosecutors, active or retired law enforcement officers, sexual assault nurse examiners, victim advocacy groups, and representatives from a forensic laboratory. The review team required under this subdivision shall be established as soon as practicable, but no later than three months after the effective date of this section.
 - Utilize the review team established under subdivision (1) of this subsection to survey the law enforcement agency's entire untested sexual assault examination kit inventory and conduct a case review to determine each sexual assault examination kit's testing priority. The survey and review required under this subdivision shall be completed as soon as practicable, but no later than six months after the effective date of this section. The review required under this subdivision shall consider each of the following factors in determining the submission priority of a sexual assault examination kit:
 - <u>a.</u> <u>Investigative and evidentiary value for the individual case.</u>
 - <u>b.</u> <u>CODIS potential to link profiles and identify possible serial offenders.</u>
 - <u>c.</u> <u>Potential for victim participation in the investigation and prosecution.</u>
 - d. Potential value for admission as evidence under Rule 404(b) of the North Carolina Rules of Evidence.
 - e. Age and health of victim.
 - f. Potential for exculpatory value for a convicted person.
 - g. Any other factor the review team deems to be relevant.
 - (3) Upon determination by the review team that a sexual assault examination kit is of priority status and not subject to subsection (e) of this section, the law enforcement agency shall notify the State Crime Laboratory, or a laboratory approved by the State Crime Laboratory, of the sexual assault examination kit and submit a request for testing of the sexual assault examination kit. The law enforcement agency shall continue the process set forth in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection until all untested sexual assault examination kits

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48 49 eligible for submission within its inventory have been submitted for testing. The following untested sexual assault examinations kits are not eligible for submission for testing under this subdivision:

- Unreported sexual assault examination kits. Unreported sexual assault examination kits shall be sent within 45 days of the review required under subdivision (2) of this subsection to the Department of Public of Safety for storage pursuant to the authority set forth in G.S. 143B-601(13).
- Sexual assault examination kits that have been confirmed as <u>b.</u> unfounded sexual assault examination kits after a comprehensive case review by the law enforcement agency and complete review by the review team established under subdivision (1) of this subsection. The law enforcement agency shall track within the agency the number of sexual assault examination kits which are concluded to be unfounded along with a brief summary indicating the information and evidence supporting the determination of an unfounded sexual assault examination kit. If the law enforcement agency receives any information or evidence that creates investigative or evidentiary value for testing the unfounded sexual assault examination kit, the law enforcement agency shall send the unfounded sexual assault examination kit to the State Crime Laboratory, or a laboratory approved by the State Crime Laboratory, as soon as practicable.
- Sexual assault examination kits in which (i) a criminal prosecution has <u>c.</u> resulted in conviction, (ii) the convicted person does not seek DNA testing, and (iii) the convicted person's DNA profile is already in CODIS.
- Submission Requirements for Other Kits. Sexual assault examination kits that are (e) not subject to the requirements of subsections (c) or (d) of this section shall be submitted to the State Crime Laboratory, or a laboratory approved by the State Crime Laboratory, as soon as practicable.
- Testing Requirements for Accepted Kits. As soon as practicable after receiving a written request for testing of a sexual assault examination kit subject to subsection (d) of this section, the State Crime Laboratory, or a laboratory approved by the State Crime Laboratory, shall notify the submitting law enforcement agency of the request's approval and provide shipment instructions for the sexual assault examination kit. The State Crime Laboratory, or a laboratory approved by the State Crime Laboratory, shall pursue DNA analysis of any sexual assault examination kit accepted from a law enforcement agency under this section to develop DNA profiles that are eligible for entry into CODIS and the State DNA Database pursuant to G.S. 15A-266.5 and G.S. 15A-266.7. The State CODIS System Administrator, or the Administrator's designee, shall enter a DNA profile developed under this subsection into the CODIS database pursuant to G.S. 15A-266.8 and into the State DNA Database, provided that the testing of the sexual assault examination kit resulted in an eligible DNA profile.
- Lack of Compliance. Lack of compliance with the requirements set forth in this section shall not result in any of the following:
 - Constituting grounds upon which a person may challenge in any hearing, trial, <u>(1)</u> or other court proceeding the validity of DNA evidence in any criminal or civil proceeding.
 - **(2)** Justification for the exclusion of evidence generated from a sexual assault examination kit.

- (3) Providing a person who is accused or convicted of committing a crime against a victim a basis to request that the person's case be dismissed or conviction set aside, or providing a cause of action or civil claim.
- (h) Sexual Assault Response and Training. The Department of Justice, the North Carolina Coalition Against Sexual Assault, the North Carolina Victims Assistance Network, and the Conference of District Attorneys shall jointly develop and provide response and training programs to law enforcement and their sexual assault examination kit review teams regarding sexual assault investigations, including victim interactions and kit collection, storage, tracking, and testing."

SECTION 3. G.S. 15A-266.8 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

- "(d) A law enforcement agency that receives an actionable CODIS hit on a submitted DNA sample shall provide electronic notice to the State Crime Laboratory as follows:
 - (1) Detailing any arrest of a person made in connection with the CODIS hit, no later than 15 days after the arrest.
 - (2) Detailing any conviction of a person resulting from the CODIS hit, no later than 15 days from the date of conviction."

SECTION 4. The State Crime Lab shall report to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety by March 1, 2020, on the use of funds appropriated in this act to test sexual assault evidence collection kits.

SECTION 5. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Justice the sum of (i) three million dollars (\$3,000,000) in nonrecurring funds for the 2019-2020 fiscal year and (ii) three million dollars (\$3,000,000) in nonrecurring funds for the 2020-2021 fiscal year, to be used to assist with the testing of untested sexual assault examination kits in accordance with G.S. 15A-266.5A, as enacted by Section 2 of this act. These funds shall supplement and not supplant existing funds provided for DNA testing to the North Carolina State Crime Laboratory.

SECTION 6. Departmental receipts, as defined in G.S. 143C-1-1, are appropriated for each year of the 2019-2021 fiscal biennium up to the amounts needed to implement the provisions in this act for each year of the 2019-2021 fiscal biennium.

SECTION 7. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if House Bill 966, 2019 Regular Session, becomes law, then Section 17.2 of that act is repealed.

SECTION 8. If any provision of this act and G.S. 143C-5-4 are in conflict, the provisions of this act shall prevail. The appropriations and the authorizations to allocate and spend funds which are set out in this act shall remain in effect until the Current Operations Appropriations Act for the applicable fiscal year becomes law, at which time that act shall become effective and shall govern appropriations and expenditures. When the Current Operations Appropriations Act for that fiscal year becomes law, the Director of the Budget shall adjust allotments to give effect to that act from July 1 of the fiscal year.

SECTION 9. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to CODIS hits received on or after that date.