A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT AMENDING THE LAWS REGULATING IRRIGATION CONTRACTORS TO
PROVIDE SUBSTANTIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSING CORPORATIONS, TO
PROVIDE FOR THE ISSUANCE OF LICENSES TO NONRESIDENTS, TO CLARIFY
THE FEE STRUCTURE, AND TO MAKE OTHER CONFORMING CHANGES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 89G-1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 89G-1. Definitions.
The following definitions apply in this Chapter:
(1) Board. – The North Carolina Irrigation Contractors' Licensing Board.
(1a) Business entity. – A corporation, association, partnership, limited liability
company, limited liability partnership, or other legal entity that is not an
individual or a foreign entity.
(1b) Foreign corporation. – Defined in G.S. 55-1-40.
(1c) Foreign entity. – A foreign corporation, a foreign limited liability company,
or a foreign partnership.
(1d) Foreign limited liability company. – Defined in G.S. 57C-1-03.
(1e) Foreign partnership. – One of the following that does not have a permanent
place of business in this State:
a. A foreign limited partnership as defined in G.S. 59-102.
b. A general partnership formed under the laws of a jurisdiction other
than this State.
(2) Irrigation construction or irrigation contracting. – The act of providing
services as an irrigation contractor for compensation or other consideration.
(3) Irrigation contractor. – Any person who, for compensation or other
consideration, constructs, installs, expands, services, or repairs irrigation
systems.
(4) Irrigation system. – All piping, fittings, sprinklers, drip tubing, valves,
control wiring of 30 volts or less, and associated components installed for
the delivery and application of water for the purpose of irrigation that are
downstream of a well, pond or other surface water, potable water or
groundwater source, or grey water source and downstream of a backflow
prevention assembly. Surface water, potable water or groundwater sources,
water taps, utility piping, water service lines, water meters, backflow
prevention assemblies, stormwater systems that service only the interior of a
structure, and sanitary drainage systems are not part of an irrigation system.

(4a) Nonresident individual. – An individual who is not a resident of this State.

(5) Person. – An individual, firm, partnership, association, corporation, or other
legal entity."

SECTION 2. G.S. 89G-3 reads as rewritten:

§ 89G-3. Exemptions.

The provisions in of this Chapter shall not apply to:

(1) Any federal or State agency or any political subdivision performing
irrigation construction or irrigation contracting work on public
property and using its own employees.

(2) Any property owner who performs irrigation construction or
contracting work on his or her own property.

(3) A landscape architect registered under Chapter 89A of the General Statutes.

(4) A professional engineer licensed under Chapter 89C of the General Statutes.

(5) Any irrigation construction or irrigation contracting work where the price of
all contracts for labor, material, and other items for a given jobsite is less
than two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500).

(6) Any person performing irrigation construction or irrigation contracting work
for temporary irrigation to establish vegetative cover for erosion control.

(7) Any person performing irrigation construction or irrigation contracting work
to control dust on commercial construction sites or mining operations.

(8) Any person performing irrigation construction or irrigation contracting work
for use in agricultural production, farming, or ranching, including land
application of animal wastewater.

(9) Any person performing irrigation construction or irrigation contracting work
for use in commercial sod production.

(10) Any person performing irrigation construction or irrigation contracting work
for use in the commercial production of horticultural crops, including
nursery and greenhouse operators.

(11) A general contractor licensed under Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the General
Statutes who possesses a classification under G.S. 87-10(b) as a
building contractor, a residential contractor, or a public utilities contractor
when the contractor uses the contractor's own employees to perform
irrigation construction or irrigation contracting work. A public utilities
contractor exempted by this subdivision may perform only the activities
described in G.S. 87-10(b)(3)a.

(12) A wastewater contractor certified under Article 5 of Chapter 90A of the
General Statutes who performs only the construction of or repair to a
wastewater dispersal system.

(13) A public utility contractor licensed under Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the
General Statutes.

(14) A plumbing contractor licensed under Article 2 of Chapter 87 of the General
Statutes who performs only the following work: installation, repairs, or
maintenance of water mains, water taps, service lines, water meters, or
backflow prevention assemblies supplying water for irrigation systems; or
repairs to an irrigation system.

(15) Any person performing irrigation construction or irrigation contracting work
for a golf course.

(16) Any person full-time employee of a homeowners association maintaining or
repairing an irrigation system owned by the homeowners association of a
planned community and located within the planned community's common
elements as defined in G.S. 47F-1-103.

(17) Any person who can document 10 years in business as an irrigation
contractor as of January 1, 2009, can document competency in the practice
of irrigation construction or irrigation contracting, as determined by the
North Carolina Irrigation Contractors' Licensing Board, and meets all other
requirements and qualifications for licensure may be issued an irrigation
contractor's license under Chapter 89G of the General Statutes, without the
requirement of examination, provided that the person submits an application
for licensure to the Board prior to October 1, 2012.

(18) Any unlicensed person or entity who enters into a subcontract with a North
Carolina licensed irrigation contractor, where the irrigation work is
performed entirely by the North Carolina licensed irrigation contractor in
accordance with this Chapter."

SECTION 3. G.S. 89G-5(11) reads as rewritten:

"§ 89G-5. Powers and duties.
The Board shall have the following powers and duties:

…

(11) To require licensees to file and maintain an adequate surety bond or
letter of credit.

…"

SECTION 4. Chapter 89G of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
section to read:

"§ 89G-6. Licensing of business entities, nonresident individuals, and foreign entities.
(a) The Board may issue a license in the name of a business entity if the business entity
pays the license fee required by G.S. 89G-10 and one of the following applies:

(1) For a corporation, one or more officers or full-time employees empowered to
act for the corporation are individuals licensed under this Chapter, and only
the individuals licensed under this Chapter execute contracts for irrigation
construction and irrigation contracting.

(2) For a limited liability company, one or more managers or executives as
defined in G.S. 57C-1-03 or full-time employees empowered to act for the
company are individuals licensed under this Chapter, and only the
individuals licensed under this Chapter execute contracts for irrigation
construction and irrigation contracting.

(3) For a partnership, one or more general partners or full-time employees
empowered to act for the partnership are individuals licensed under this
Chapter, and only the individuals licensed under this Chapter execute contracts for irrigation
construction and irrigation contracting.

(4) For a business entity using an assumed name or designated trade name, the
owner or one or more full-time employees empowered to act for the owner
are individuals licensed under this Chapter, and only the individuals licensed
under this Chapter execute contracts for irrigation construction and irrigation
contracting.

(b) The Board may issue a license to a nonresident individual who meets the
requirements for licensure under this Chapter. A nonresident individual licensed under this
Chapter may qualify as the licensed individual under subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) of subsection
(a) of this section.

(c) The Board may issue a license in the name of a foreign entity if the following apply:

(1) For a foreign corporation, the corporation has obtained a certificate of
authority from the Secretary of State pursuant to Article 15 of Chapter 55 of
the General Statutes and complies with the requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section.

(2) For a foreign limited liability company, the company has obtained a certificate of authority from the Secretary of State pursuant to Article 7 of Chapter 57C of the General Statutes and complies with the requirements of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section.

(3) For a foreign partnership, the partnership complies with the requirements of subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section.

(d) When the Board issues a license to a business entity or a foreign entity under this section, the Board shall indicate on the license the name and license number of the individual licensee required under subsection (a) of this section. The individual licensee required under subsection (a) of this section shall exercise direct supervision over a contract by a business entity or a foreign entity for irrigation construction or irrigation contracting until the contract is completed.

(e) A business entity or foreign entity licensed under this section shall provide written notice to the Board if the individual licensee required under subsection (a) of this section ceases to be an officer, full-time employee, manager, executive, general partner, or owner of the business entity or foreign entity. The business entity or foreign entity must satisfy the requirements of subsection (a) of this section within 90 days of the effective date of the notice required under this subsection. The Board shall suspend the license of a business entity or foreign entity licensed under this section that fails after 90 days to satisfy the requirements of subsection (a) of this section."

SECTION 5. G.S. 89G-9 reads as rewritten:

"§ 89G-9. License renewal and continuing education.

(a) Every license issued under this Chapter shall be renewed on or before December 31 of each year. Any person who desires to continue to practice irrigation contracting or irrigation construction shall apply for license renewal and shall submit the required fees. Licenses that are not renewed shall be automatically revoked. A license may be renewed at any time within one year after its expiration, if: (i) the applicant pays the required renewal fee and late renewal fee; (ii) the Board finds that the applicant has not used the license in a manner inconsistent with the provisions of this Chapter or engaged in the practice of irrigation construction or contracting after notice of revocation; and (iii) the applicant is otherwise eligible for licensure under the provisions of this Chapter. When necessary, the Board may require a licensee to demonstrate continued competence as a condition of license renewal.

(b) As a condition of license renewal, an individual licensee shall meet continuing education requirements set by the Board. Each individual licensee shall complete 10 continuing education units per year. Failure to obtain continuing education units shall result in the forfeiture of a license.

(c) The Board shall suspend an individual licensee's license for 60 days for failure to obtain continuing education units required by subsection (b) of this section. The Board shall suspend a business entity's or a foreign entity's license for 60 days for failure by the individual licensee required under G.S. 89G-6.1(a) to obtain continuing education units required by subsection (b) of this section. Upon completion of the required continuing education and payment of the reinstatement fee, the Board shall reinstate the license. Failure by an individual licensee to meet the education requirements, to request a reinstatement of the license, or to pay the reinstatement fee within the time provided shall result in the revocation of the license. Upon forfeiture, a person whose license has been revoked shall be required to submit a new application and retake the examination as provided in this Chapter."

SECTION 6. G.S. 89G-10(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The Board may impose the following fees not to exceed the amounts listed below:

(1) Application fee $100.00
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Individual license fee and individual license renewal fee</td>
<td>200.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Business entity or foreign entity license and business entity or foreign entity license renewal fee</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Late renewal fee</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>License by reciprocity</td>
<td>250.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Corporate license reinstatement fee</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Duplicate license</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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**SECTION 7.** G.S. 89G-11 reads as rewritten:


(a) The Board may deny, restrict, suspend, or revoke a license or refuse to issue or renew a license if a licensee or applicant:

(1) Employs the use of fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in obtaining or attempting to obtain a license or the renewal of a license.

(2) Practices or attempts to practice irrigation construction or contracting by fraudulent misrepresentation.

(3) Commits an act of gross malpractice or incompetence as determined by the Board.

(4) Has been convicted of or pled guilty or no contest to a crime that indicates that the person is unfit or incompetent to practice as an irrigation contractor or that indicates that the person has deceived or defrauded the public.

(5) Has been declared incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(6) Has willfully violated any provision in this Chapter or any rules adopted by the Board.

(7) Uses or attempts to use the seal in a fraudulent or unauthorized manner.

(8) Fails to file the required surety bond or letter of credit or to keep the bond or letter of credit in force.

(b) The Board may assess costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees and investigatory costs, in a proceeding under this section against an applicant or licensee found to be in violation of this Chapter.

**SECTION 8.** The Revisor of Statutes shall change the phrase "irrigation construction or contracting" to "irrigation construction or irrigation contracting" wherever it appears in Chapter 89G of the General Statutes.

**SECTION 9.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2013.