GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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HOUSE DRH10159-ML-138 (03/15)

Short Title:	Evidence & DNA Expunction LawsAB	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representative Stevens.	
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS REGARDING DISPOSITION OF BLOOD EVIDENCE,
3	ADMISSIBILITY OF REPORTS AFTER NOTICE AND DEMAND, AND
4	EXPUNCTION OF DNA SAMPLES TAKEN UPON ARREST, AND TO CHANGE THE
5	METHOD FOR DETERMINING THE SENIOR RESIDENT SUPERIOR COURT
6	JUDGE FOR A DISTRICT.
7	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
8	SECTION 1. G.S. 20-139.1 is amended by adding a new section to read:
9	"(h) Disposition of Blood Evidence. – Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any
10	blood or urine sample subject to chemical analysis for the presence of alcohol, a controlled
11	substance or its metabolite, or any impairing substance pursuant to this section may be
12	destroyed by the analyzing agency 12 months after the issuance date of the report of all
13	examinations conducted, without further notice to the parties. However, if a Motion to Preserve
14	the evidence has been filed by either party, the evidence shall remain in the custody of the
15	analyzing agency or the agency that collected the sample until dispositive order of a court of
16	competent jurisdiction is entered."
17	SECTION 2. G.S. 8-58.20(f) reads as rewritten:
18	"(f) If the defendant's attorney of record, or the defendant if that person has no attorney,
19	fails to file a written objection with the court to the use of the laboratory report and affidavit
20	within the time allowed by this section, then the laboratory report and affidavit may shall be
21	admitted in evidence in any proceeding without the testimony of the analyst subject to the
22	presiding judge ruling otherwise at the proceeding when offered. If, however, a written
23 24	objection is filed, this section does not apply and the admissibility of the evidence shall be
24 25	determined and governed by the appropriate rules of evidence." SECTION 3. G.S. 8-58.20(g)(5) reads as rewritten:
23 26	"(5) If the defendant's attorney of record, or the defendant if that person has no
20 27	attorney, fails to file the written objection as provided in this subsection,
28	then the statement may shall be admitted into evidence without the necessity
29	of a personal appearance by the person signing the statement."
30	SECTION 4. G.S. 20-139.1(c1) reads as rewritten:
31	"(c1) Admissibility. – The results of a chemical analysis of blood or urine reported by the
32	North Carolina State Crime Laboratory, the Charlotte, North Carolina, Police Department
33	Laboratory, or any other laboratory approved for chemical analysis by the Department of
34	Health and Human Services, are admissible as evidence in all administrative hearings, and in
35	any court, without further authentication and without the testimony of the analyst. The results

shall be certified by the person who performed the analysis. The provisions of this subsection



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1 2 2	district and superi	n any administrative hearing, but can only be utilized in or court divisions, or in an adjudicatory hearing in juvenile The State patifies the defendent at least 15 huving	e court, if:
3 4 5	(1)	The State notifies the defendant at least 15 business proceeding at which the evidence would be used of its in the report into evidence under this subsection and prov	tention to introduce
6	(2)	report to the defendant, and The defendant fails to file a written objection with the e	
7 8 9	(2)	The defendant fails to file a written objection with the co the State, at least five business days before the proce report would be used that the defendant objects to the	eding at which the
10		report into evidence.	
11 12 13	a written objection	attorney of record, or the defendant if that person has no a on as provided in this subsection, then the report <u>maysha</u> the testimony of the analyst. Upon filing a timely objection	all be admitted into
14		be determined and governed by the appropriate rules of ev	
15	_	containing the results of any blood or urine test m	
16	-	via facsimile. A copy of the affidavit sent electronically or	-
17	be admissible in	any court or administrative hearing without further auther	ntication. A copy of
18	-	e sent to the charging officer, the clerk of superior court in	•
19		rges are pending, the Division of Motor Vehicles, and	the Department of
20	Health and Huma		•, ,
21 22	-	nis subsection precludes the right of any party to call dence supporting or contradicting the evidence contained in	-
22	•	ION 5. G.S. 20-139.1(c3) reads as rewritten:	ii uie iepoit.
23 24		lure for Establishing Chain of Custody Without Ca	alling Unnecessary
25	Witnesses. –	and for Lowonoming chain of Castody (Thioat Ca	
26	(1)	For the purpose of establishing the chain of physical cu	stody or control of
27		blood or urine tested or analyzed to determine whether it	contains alcohol, a
28		controlled substance or its metabolite, or any impa	-
29		statement signed by each successive person in the chain	•
30 21		person delivered it to the other person indicated on or abo	
31 32		prima facie evidence that the person had custody and m stated, without the necessity of a personal appearance in	
33		signing the statement.	court by the person
34	(2)	The statement shall contain a sufficient description of	the material or its
35	(-)	container so as to distinguish it as the particular item in	
36		state that the material was delivered in essentially the	same condition as
37		received. The statement may be placed on the same doc	ument as the report
38		provided for in subsection (c1) of this section.	
39 40	(3)	The provisions of this subsection may be utilized in	•
40 41		hearing, but can only be utilized in cases tried in the c court divisions, or in an adjudicatory hearing in juvenile c	-
42		a. The State notifies the defendant at least 15 busin	
43		proceeding at which the statement would be use	•
44		introduce the statement into evidence under t	
45		provides a copy of the statement to the defendant,	
46		b. The defendant fails to file a written notification w	
47		copy to the State, at least five business days before	
48		which the statement would be used that the defen	ndant objects to the
49 50		introduction of the statement into evidence.	· /1 / ·
50 51		If the defendant's attorney of record, or the defendant if	
51		attorney, fails to file a written objection as provided in t	ins subsection, then

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1 2 3		the statement <u>mayshall</u> be admitted into evidence with personal appearance by the person signing the state timely objection, the admissibility of the report shall	ment. Upon filing a
4		governed by the appropriate rules of evidence.	
5	(4)	Nothing in this subsection precludes the right of an	ny party to call any
6		witness or to introduce any evidence supporting	
7		evidence contained in the statement."	C
8	SECT	TON 6. G.S. 20-139.1(e1) reads as rewritten:	
9		f Chemical Analyst's Affidavit in District Court. – An af	fidavit by a chemical
10		and properly executed before an official authorized to ad	•
11	•	evidence without further authentication and without	
12		aring or trial in the District Court Division of the General	•
13	respect to the foll	•	
14	(1)	The alcohol concentration or concentrations or the pres	ence or absence of an
15	(-)	impairing substance of a person given a chemical	
16		involved in the hearing or trial.	
17	(2)	The time of the collection of the blood, breath, or o	other bodily fluid or
18	(-)	substance sample or samples for the chemical analysis.	outor county nuture of
19	(3)	The type of chemical analysis administered and the pro-	cedures followed
20	(4)	The type and status of any permit issued by the Depa	
$\frac{1}{21}$		Human Services that the analyst held on the date the a	
22		chemical analysis in question.	
23	(5)	If the chemical analysis is performed on a breath-te	esting instrument for
<u>-</u> 24		which regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (b	0
25		maintenance, the date the most recent preventive ma	· 1 1
26		were performed on the breath-testing instrument use	_
27		maintenance records for that instrument.	
28	The Department	of Health and Human Services shall develop a form	for use by chemical
29	analysts in makin		
30	~	TON 7. G.S. 90-95(g) reads as rewritten:	
31		ever matter is submitted to the North Carolina State C	rime Laboratory, the
32	-	Carolina, Police Department Laboratory or to the To	-
33		Center, Winston-Salem for chemical analysis to determine	
34	-	lled substance, the report of that analysis certified to upo	
35		eral by the person performing the analysis shall be admi	· · · ·
36	•	d without the testimony of the analyst in all proceeding	
37		t divisions of the General Court of Justice as evidence of	
38	-	he matter analyzed. Provided, however, the provisions o	-
39	be utilized by the	•	,
40	(1)	The State notifies the defendant at least 15 busin	ess days before the
41		proceeding at which the report would be used of its inte	-
42		report into evidence under this subsection and provides	
43		to the defendant, and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
44	(2)	The defendant fails to file a written objection with the	court, with a copy to
45	(-)	the State, at least five business days before the proceeding	1.
46		objects to the introduction of the report into evidence.	0
47	If the defendant's	attorney of record, or the defendant if that person has no	attorney. fails to file
48		on as provided in this subsection, then the report $\frac{1}{100}$	-
49	0	the testimony of the analyst. Upon filing a timely object	
50		be determined and governed by the appropriate rules of	

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1	Nothi	ng in t	his subsection precludes the right of any party to call	any witness or to
2		U	idence supporting or contradicting the evidence contained in	•
3		•	FION 8. G.S. 90-95(g1) reads as rewritten:	
4	"(g1)		dure for establishing chain of custody without calling unnec	essary witnesses.
5		(1)	For the purpose of establishing the chain of physical cus	stody or control of
6			evidence consisting of or containing a substance teste	
7			determine whether it is a controlled substance, a stateme	
8			successive person in the chain of custody that the person	
9			other person indicated on or about the date stated is pri	
10			that the person had custody and made the delivery as s	
11			necessity of a personal appearance in court by the p	erson signing the
12		$\langle \mathbf{O} \rangle$	statement.	
13		(2)	The statement shall contain a sufficient description of	
14 15			container so as to distinguish it as the particular item in	-
15 16			state that the material was delivered in essentially the received. The statement may be placed on the same docu	
10			provided for in subsection (g) of this section.	intent as the report
18		(3)	The provisions of this subsection may be utilized by the St	ate only if
19		(3)	a. The State notifies the defendant at least 15 days	•
20			intention to introduce the statement into evi	
21			subsection and provides the defendant with a copy	
22			and	
23			b. The defendant fails to notify the State at least fiv	e days before trial
24			that the defendant objects to the introduction of	the statement into
25			evidence.	
26			If the defendant's attorney of record, or the defendant if	-
27			attorney, fails to file a written objection as provided in th	
28			the statement shall be admitted into evidence without	-
29			personal appearance by the person signing the stateme	
30 21			timely objection, the admissibility of the report shall be	be determined and
31 32		(4)	governed by the appropriate rules of evidence. Nothing in this subsection precludes the right of any	party to call any
32 33		(4)	witness or to introduce any evidence supporting or	
33 34			evidence contained in the statement."	contradicting the
35		SECT	FION 9. G.S. 15A-266.3A(k) reads as rewritten:	
36	"(k)		n $\frac{30-90}{20}$ days of receipt of the verification form, the SBI shall	1:
37		(1)	Determine whether the requirement of subdivision (2) of	
38			this section has been met.	
39		(2)	If the requirement has been met, remove the defendant's	s DNA record and
40			samples as required by subsection (h) of this section.	
41		(3)	Mail to the defendant, at the address specified in the ve	erification form, a
42			notice either: doing either of the following:	
43			a. Documenting expunction of the DNA record and	destruction of the
44			DNA sample, or <u>sample.</u>	
45			b. Notifying the defendant that the DNA record a	-
46		OD O	qualify for expunction pursuant to subsection (h) or	
47 48	67		FION 10. This act becomes effective December 1, 2013.	
48	$o, /, and \delta$	5 01 this	s act apply to proceedings that occur on or after December 1,	, 2013.