GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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HOUSE BILL 300 Committee Substitute Favorable 5/6/13 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 5/15/13

Short Title:	Cities/Public Trust Rights.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
March 14, 2013		
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
AN ACT CLARIFYING THAT CITIES MAY ENFORCE ORDINANCES WITHIN THE		
STATE'S PUBLIC TRUST AREAS.		
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
SECTION 1. Article 8 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes is amended by		
adding a new section to read as follows:		
"§ 160A-203. Municipalities enforce ordinances in public trust areas.		
(a) Not	withstanding the provisions of G.S. 113-131 or any other p	provision of law, a city
may, by ordinance, define, prohibit, regulate, or abate acts, omissions, or conditions upon the		
State's ocean beaches and prevent or abate any unreasonable restriction of the public's rights to		
use the State's ocean beaches. A city may enforce any ordinance adopted pursuant to this		
section or any other provision of law upon the State's ocean beaches located within or adjacent		
to the city's jurisdictional boundaries to the same extent that a city may enforce ordinances		
within the city's jurisdictional boundaries. For purposes of this section, the term "ocean		
beaches" has the same meaning as in G.S. 77-20(e).		
(b) The authority of a city under this section includes, but is not limited to, the		
following:		
<u>(1)</u>	A city may regulate, restrict, or prohibit the place	
	maintenance, repair, alteration, improvement, location	
	equipment, personal property, or debris upon the S	
(2)	located within or adjacent to the city's jurisdictional bo	·
<u>(2)</u>	Any ordinance adopted by the city may provide for su	
	remove or abate any unreasonable restrictions on the	-
	the State's ocean beaches located within or ad	•
	jurisdictional boundaries. However, any procedure po	
	the removal or demolition of an otherwise lawful build	
	not in imminent danger of collapse shall include provi	-
	record owner of the building or structure with notice	
	city with a means to recover costs that are the same a	<u>-</u>
	following: service of complaints and orders as provid	
	notice and hearing as provided in G.S. 160A-443(2);	
	order as provided in G.S. 160A-443(3)b. and G.S. 1	·
(2)	provided in G.S. 160A-443(6); and remedies as provided	•
<u>(3)</u>	A city may enforce a violation of any ordinance add	
	section by any remedy provided for in G.S. 160A-175.	A city may, in lieu of



any other remedy provided for in this section, seek a court order from a court of competent jurisdiction to remove or abate a building or structure that is in violation of an ordinance adopted under this section.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to (i) limit the authority of the State or any

State agency to regulate the State's ocean beaches as authorized by G.S. 113-131, or common

law as interpreted and applied by the courts of this State; (ii) limit any other authority granted to cities by the State to regulate the State's ocean beaches; (iii) deny the existence of the authority recognized in this section prior to the date this section becomes effective; or (iv) impair the right of the people of this State to the customary free use and enjoyment of the State's ocean beaches, which rights remain reserved to the people of this State as provided in G.S. 77-20(d). Nothing in this section changes or modifies existing common or statutory law with respect to the riparian, littoral, or other ownership rights of owners of property bounded by

the Atlantic Ocean."

(c)

SECTION 2. G.S. 113-131 reads as rewritten:

"§ 113-131. Resources belong to public; stewardship of conservation agencies; grant and delegation of powers; injunctive relief.

- (a) The marine and estuarine and wildlife resources of the State belong to the people of the State as a whole. The Department and the Wildlife Resources Commission are charged with stewardship of these resources.
- (b) The following powers are hereby granted to the Department and the Wildlife Resources Commission and may be delegated to the Fisheries Director and the Executive Director:
 - (1) Comment on and object to permit applications submitted to State agencies which may affect the public trust resources in the land and water areas subject to their respective management duties so as to conserve and protect the public trust rights in such land and water areas;
 - (2) Investigate alleged encroachments upon, usurpations of, or other actions in violation of the public trust rights of the people of the State; and
 - (3) Initiate contested case proceedings under Chapter 150B for review of permit decisions by State agencies which will adversely affect the public trust rights of the people of the State or initiate civil actions to remove or restrain any unlawful or unauthorized encroachment upon, usurpation of, or any other violation of the public trust rights of the people of the State or legal rights of access to such public trust areas.
- (c) Whenever there exists reasonable cause to believe that any person or other legal entity has unlawfully encroached upon, usurped, or otherwise violated the public trust rights of the people of the State or legal rights of access to such public trust areas, a civil action may be instituted by the responsible agency for injunctive relief to restrain the violation and for a mandatory preliminary injunction to restore the resources to an undisturbed condition. The action shall be brought in the superior court of the county in which the violation occurred. The institution of an action for injunctive relief under this section shall not relieve any party to such proceeding from any civil or criminal penalty otherwise prescribed for the violation.
- (d) The Attorney General shall act as the attorney for the agencies and shall initiate actions in the name of and at the request of the Department or the Wildlife Resources Commission.
- (e) In this section, the term "public trust resources" means land and water areas, both public and private, subject to public trust rights as that term is defined in G.S. 1-45.1.
- (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a city may adopt and enforce ordinances as provided in G.S. 160A-203."

SECTION 3. This act becomes effective July 1, 2013. Nothing in this act shall be deemed to affect any claims or actions pending at the time of the act's effective date, and the

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statutes and law applicable to those preexisting claims and actions but for this act remain

2 applicable to those claims and actions.

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