

**GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA**  
**SESSION 2013**

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**HOUSE RESOLUTION 1261**

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Sponsors: Representative Collins (Primary Sponsor).

*For a complete list of Sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly Web Site.*

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Referred to: Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House.

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June 11, 2014

1 A HOUSE RESOLUTION URGING THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO  
2 REAUTHORIZE FEDERALLY PROVIDED TERRORISM REINSURANCE FOR  
3 INSURERS IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN STABILITY IN THE INSURANCE AND  
4 REINSURANCE MARKETS TO CONTINUE TO DELIVER SUBSTANTIVE, DIRECT  
5 BENEFITS TO BUSINESSES, WORKERS, CONSUMERS, AND THE ECONOMY  
6 OVERALL IN THE AFTERMATH OF A TERRORIST ATTACK ON THE UNITED  
7 STATES.

8 Whereas, insurance helps protect the United States economy from the adverse  
9 effects of the risks inherent in economic growth and development while also providing the  
10 resources necessary to rebuild physical and economic infrastructure, offer indemnification for  
11 business disruption, and provide coverage for medical and liability costs from injuries and loss  
12 of life in the event of catastrophic losses to persons or property; and

13 Whereas, the terrorist attack of September 11, 2001, produced insured losses larger  
14 than any natural or man-made event in history, with claims paid by insurers to their  
15 policyholders eventually totaling some \$32.5 billion, making this the second most costly  
16 insurance event in United States history; and

17 Whereas, the sheer enormity of the loss, combined with the possibility of future  
18 attacks, produced financial shockwaves that shook insurance markets causing insurers and  
19 reinsurers to exclude coverage arising from acts of terrorism from virtually all commercial  
20 property and liability policies; and

21 Whereas, the lack of terrorism risk insurance contributed to a paralysis in the  
22 economy, especially in construction, tourism, business travel, and real estate finance; and

23 Whereas, the United States Congress originally passed the Terrorism Risk Insurance  
24 Act of 2002, Pub. L. 107-297 (TRIA), in which the federal government agreed to provide  
25 terrorism reinsurance to insurers and reauthorized this arrangement via the Terrorism Risk  
26 Insurance Extension Act of 2005, Pub. L. 109-144, and the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program  
27 Reauthorization Act of 2007, Pub. L. 110-160 (TRIPRA); and

28 Whereas, under TRIPRA the federal government provides such reinsurance after  
29 industry-wide losses attributable to annual certified terrorism events exceed \$100 million; and

30 Whereas, coverage under TRIPRA is provided to individual insurers after the  
31 insurer has incurred losses related to terrorism equal to 20% of the insurer's previous year  
32 earned premium for property-casualty lines; and

33 Whereas, after an individual insurer has reached such a threshold, the insurer pays  
34 15% of residual losses and the federal government pays the remaining 85%; and



1           Whereas, the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program has an annual cap of \$100 billion  
2 of aggregate insured losses, beyond which the federal program does not provide coverage; and

3           Whereas, TRIPRA requires the federal government to recoup 100% of the benefits  
4 provided under the program via policyholder surcharges to the extent the aggregate insured  
5 losses are less than \$27.5 billion and enables the government to recoup expenditures beyond  
6 that mandatory recoupment amount; and

7           Whereas, without question, TRIA and its successors are the principal reason for the  
8 continued stability in the insurance and reinsurance market for terrorism insurance to the  
9 benefit of our overall economy; and

10          Whereas, the presence of a robust private-public partnership has provided stability  
11 and predictability and has allowed insurers to actively participate in the market in a meaningful  
12 way; and

13          Whereas, without a program such as TRIPRA, many of our citizens who want and  
14 need terrorism coverage to operate their businesses all across the nation would be either unable  
15 to get insurance or unable to afford the limited coverage that would be available; and

16          Whereas, without federally provided reinsurance, property and casualty insurers will  
17 face less availability of terrorism reinsurance and will therefore be severely restricted in their  
18 ability to provide sufficient coverage for acts of terrorism to support our economy; and

19          Whereas, unfortunately, despite the hard work and dedication of this nation's  
20 counterterrorism agencies and the bravery of the men and women in uniform who fought and  
21 continue to fight battles abroad to keep us safe here at home, the threat from terrorist attacks in  
22 the United States is both real and substantial and will remain as such for the foreseeable future;  
23 Now, therefore,

24 Be it resolved by the House of Representatives:

25           **SECTION 1.** The members of the House of Representatives of the State of North  
26 Carolina urge the United States Congress and the President of the United States to reauthorize  
27 the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program.

28           **SECTION 2.** The Principal Clerk shall transmit certified copies of this resolution  
29 to the President of the United States, the Speaker and Clerk of the United States House of  
30 Representatives, the President Pro Tempore and the Secretary of the United States Senate, the  
31 members of the North Carolina Congressional delegation, and the news media of North  
32 Carolina.

33           **SECTION 3.** This resolution is effective upon adoption.