GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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SENATE DRS35145-ST-31A (03/07)

Short Title:	No Second Primaries.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senator Davis.	
Referred to:		

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO ELIMINATE SECOND PRIMARIES. 3 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 4 SECTION 1. G.S. 163-111 reads as rewritten: 5 "§ 163-111. Determination of primary results; second primaries.results. 6 Nomination Determined by Substantial Plurality; Definition of Substantial Plurality. (a) 7 - Except as otherwise provided in this section, nominations in primary elections shall be 8 determined by a substantial plurality of the votes cast. A substantial plurality within the 9 meaning of this section shall be determined as follows: 10 (1)If a nominee for a single office is to be selected, and there is more than one 11 person seeking nomination, the substantial plurality shall be ascertained by multiplying the total vote cast for all aspirants by forty percent (40%). Any 12 excess of the sum so ascertained shall be a substantial plurality, and the 13 14 aspirant who obtains a substantial plurality shall be declared the nominee. If two candidates receive a substantial plurality, the candidate receiving the 15 16 highest vote shall be declared the nominee. 17 If nominees for two or more offices (constituting a group) are to be selected, (2)18 and there are more persons seeking nomination than there are offices, the 19 substantial plurality shall be ascertained by dividing the total vote cast for all 20 aspirants by the number of positions to be filled, and by multiplying the result by forty percent (40%). Any excess of the sum so ascertained shall be 21 22 a substantial plurality, and the aspirants who obtain a substantial plurality 23 shall be declared the nominees. If more candidates obtain a substantial 24 plurality than there are positions to be filled, those having the highest vote 25 (equal to the number of positions to be filled) shall be declared the 26 nominees. 27 Right to Demand Second Primary. If an insufficient number of aspirants receive a (b) substantial plurality of the votes cast for a given office or group of offices in a primary, a 28 29 second primary, subject to the conditions specified in this section, shall be held: 30 If a nominee for a single office is to be selected and no aspirant receives a (1)31 substantial plurality of the votes cast, the aspirant receiving the highest 32 number of votes shall be declared nominated by the appropriate board of 33 elections unless the aspirant receiving the second highest number of votes shall request a second primary in accordance with the provisions of 34



subsection (c) of this section. In the second primary only the two aspirants

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		who received the highest and next highest number	of votes shall be vote
		for.	
	(2)	If nominees for two or more offices (constituting a g	
		and aspirants for some or all of the positions within t	•
		a substantial plurality of the votes, those candidates	1
		positions remaining to be filled and having the higher	
		be declared the nominees unless some one or all of	
		number to the positions remaining to be filled and ha	
		number of votes shall request a second primary i	
		provisions of subsection (c) of this section. In the section	1 1
		nominees for the positions in the group remaining to	
		all those candidates receiving the highest number-	
		receiving the second highest number of votes and	l demanding a secon-
		primary shall be printed on the ballot.	
(c)	Proce	edure for Requesting Second Primary.	
	(1)	A candidate who is apparently entitled to dema	nd a second primary
		according to the unofficial results, for one of the of	
		desiring to do so, shall file a request for a second prin	nary in writing with th
		Executive Director of the State Board of Elections needed.	o later than 12:00 noo
		on the ninth day (including Saturdays and Sundays)	
		which the primary was conducted, and such request	shall be subject to th
		certification of the official results by the State Board	of Elections. If the vot
		certification by the State Board of Elections determin	es that a candidate wh
		was not originally thought to be eligible to call for	a second primary is i
		fact eligible to call for a second primary, the Executi	ve Director of the Stat
		Board of Elections shall immediately notify such car	ndidate and permit hir
		to exercise any options available to him within a 48	
		the notification:	
		Governor,	
		Lieutenant Governor,	
		All State executive officers,	
		District Attorneys of the General Court of Just	ice,
		United States Senators,	
		Members of the United States House of Repre	sentatives,
		State Senators in multi-county senatorial distri	cts, and
		Members of the State House of Represent	atives in multi-count
		representative districts.	
	(2)	A candidate who is apparently entitled to dema	nd a second primary
		according to the unofficial results, for one of the o	ffices listed below an
		desiring to do so, shall file a request for a second prin	nary in writing with th
		chairman or director of the county board of electic	ons no later than 12:0
		noon on the ninth day (including Saturdays and Sund	lays) following the dat
		on which the primary was conducted, and such reques	st shall be subject to th
		certification of the official results by the county board	l of elections:
		State Senators in single-county senatorial distr	icts,
		Members of the State House of Representation	
		representative districts, and	-
		All county officers.	
	(3)	Immediately upon receipt of a request for a second j	primary the appropriat
	. /	board of elections, State or county, shall notify all	
		•	

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1		that a second primary has been requested and	of the date of the second
2	(1)	primary.	
3	(d)	Tie Votes; How Determined.	
4		(1) In the event of a tie for the highest number of	
5		between two candidates for party nomination	
6		single-county legislative district office, the board	•
7		in which the two candidates were voted for sh	
8		declare the results. If the recount shows a tie vote	
9		held on the date prescribed in subsection (e) of the	
10		candidates having an equal vote, unless one of	the aspirants, within three
11		days after the result of the recount has been	officially declared, files a
12		written notice of withdrawal with the board of el	ections with which he filed
13		notice of candidacy. Should that be done, the r	remaining aspirant shall be
14		declared the nominee. In the event of a tie for the	highest number of votes in
15		a first primary among more than two candidates f	for party nomination for one
16		of the offices mentioned in this subdivision, no re	
17		of the tied candidates shall be entered in a second	
18		(2) In the event of a tie for the highest number of	
19		between two candidates for a State office, for U	nited States Senator, or for
20		any district office (including State Senator in	
21		district and member of the State House of Repres	sentatives in a multi-county
22		representative district), no recount shall be held	
23		but the two candidates having an equal vote sh	
24		primary to be held on the date prescribed in sul	
25		unless one of the two candidates files a written no	
26		State Board of Elections within three days after the	
27		has been officially declared and published.	
28		remaining aspirant shall be declared the nominee.	
29		highest number of votes in a first primary among	
30		for party nomination for one of the offices mention	oned in this subdivision, no
31		recount shall be held, but all of the tied candid	
32		second primary.	
33		(3) In the event one candidate receives the highest nu	umber of votes cast in a first
34		primary, but short of a substantial plurality, and	
35		candidates receive the second highest number	
36		number, the proper board of elections shall decla	
37		highest vote to be the party nominee, unless all bu	0
38		give written notice of withdrawal to the proper	
39		three days after the result of the first primary has	
40		all but one of the tied candidates withdraw with	
41		period, and the remaining candidate deman	
42		accordance with the provisions of subsection (c	
43		primary shall be held between the candidate wh	
44		and the remaining candidate who received the sec	-
45	(e)	Date of Second Primary; Procedures. If a second pri	
46	· · ·	of this section, the appropriate board of elections, State of	
47		en weeks after the first primary.	or county, shan order that It
48		shall be no registration of voters between the dates of the	first and second primaries
49		hose qualifications to register and vote mature after the c	-
49 50		day of the second primary may register on the day of the	
50 51		ered, shall be entitled to vote in the second primary.	
51	mus regi	ered, shan be chulded to vote in the second prindig.	The second primary is a

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continuation of the first primary and any voter who files a proper and timely written affirmation
of change of address within the county under the provisions of G.S. 163-82.15, in the first
primary may vote in the second primary without having to refile that written affirmation if he is
otherwise qualified to vote in the second primary. Subject to this provision for registration, the
second primary shall be held under the laws, rules, and regulations provided for the first
primary.
(f) No Third Primary Permitted. – In no case shall there be a third primary. The
candidates receiving the highest number of votes in the second primary shall be nominated. If
in a second primary there is a tie for the highest number of votes between two candidates, the
proper party executive committee shall select the party nominee for the office in accordance
with the provisions of G.S. 163-114."
SECTION 2. G.S. 160A-23.1(d) reads as rewritten:
"(d) If the council adopts the resolution provided for in subsection (a) of this section and
does not adopt the changes, or does adopt the changes, but approval under the Voting Rights
Act of 1965, as amended, is required, and notice of such approval is not received, by the end of
the third day before the opening of the filing period, the municipal election shall be rescheduled
as provided in this subsection and current officeholders shall hold over until their successors
are elected and qualified. For cities using the:
(1) Partisan primary and election method under G.S. 163-291, the primary shall
be held on the primary election date for county officers in the second year
following a federal decennial census, the second primary, if necessary, shall
be held on the second primary election date for county officers in that
year, census and the general election shall be held on the general election
date for county officers in that year.
(2) Nonpartisan primary and election method under G.S. 163-294, the primary
shall be held on the primary election date for county officers in the second
year following a federal decennial census, and the election shall be held on
the date for the second primary for county officers in that year.
(3) Nonpartisan plurality election method under G.S. 163-292, the election shall
be held on the primary election date for county officers in the second year
following a federal decennial census.
(4) Election and runoff method under G.S. 163-293, the election shall be held on
the primary election date for county officers in the second year following a
federal decennial census, and the runoffs, if necessary, shall be held on the
date for the second primary for county officers in that year.census.
The organizational meeting of the new council may be held at any time after the results of
the election have been officially determined and published, but not later than the time and date
of the first regular meeting of the council in November of the second year following a federal
decennial census, except in the case of partisan municipal elections, when the organizational
meeting shall be held not later than the time and date of the first regular meeting of the council
in December of the second year following a federal decennial census."
SECTION 3. G.S. 163-55(c) reads as rewritten:
"(c) Elections. – For purposes of the 30-day residence requirement to vote in an election
in subsection (a) of this section, the term "election" means the day of the primary, second
primary, general election, special election, or referendum."
SECTION 4. G.S. 163-82.6(d) reads as rewritten:
"(d) Instances When Person May Register and Vote on Primary or Election Day. – If a
person has become qualified to register and vote between the twenty-fifth day before a primary
or election and primary or election day, then that person may apply to register on primary or
election day by submitting an application form described in G.S. 163-82.3(a) or (b) to:
(1) A member of the county board of elections;

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(2) The county director of elections; or
(3) The chief judge or a judge of the precinct in which the person is eligible to
vote, and, if the application is approved, that person may vote the same day.
The official in subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection to whom the
application is submitted shall decide whether the applicant is eligible to vote.
The applicant shall present to the official written or documentary evidence
that the applicant is the person he represents himself to be. The official, if in
doubt as to the right of the applicant to register, may require other evidence
satisfactory to that official as to the applicant's qualifications. If the official
determines that the person is eligible, the person shall be permitted to vote in
the primary or election and the county board shall add the person's name to
the list of registered voters. If the official denies the application, the person
shall be permitted to vote a challenged ballot under the provisions of
G.S. 163-88.1, and may appeal the denial to the full county board of
elections. The State Board of Elections shall promulgate rules for the county
boards of elections to follow in hearing appeals for denial of primary or
election day applications to register. No person shall be permitted to register
on the day of a second primary unless he shall have become qualified to
register and vote between the date of the first primary and the date of the
succeeding second primary."
SECTION 5. G.S. 163-82.17(a) reads as rewritten:
"(a) Registrant's Duty to Report. – Any registrant who desires to have the record of his
party affiliation or unaffiliated status changed on the registration list shall, no later than the last
day for making application to register under G.S. 163-82.6 before the election, indicate the
change on an application form as described in G.S. 163-82.3 or on a voter registration card
described in G.S. 163-82.8. No registrant shall be permitted to change party affiliation or
unaffiliated status for a primary, second primary, primary or special or general election after the
deadline for registration applications for that election as set out in G.S. 163-82.6."
SECTION 6. G.S. 163-226(c) reads as rewritten:
"(c) The Term "Election" As used in this Subchapter, unless the context clearly
requires otherwise, the term "election" includes a general, primary, second primary, runoff
election, bond election, referendum, or special election."
SECTION 7. G.S. 163-227.1 is repealed.
SECTION 8. G.S. 163-227.3(b) is repealed.
SECTION 9. G.S. 163-255 reads as rewritten:
"§ 163-255. Absentee voting at office of board of elections.
Notwithstanding any other provisions of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes, any person
eligible to vote an absentee ballot pursuant to G.S. 163-245 shall be permitted to vote an
absentee ballot pursuant to G.S. 163-227.2 if the person has not already voted an absentee
ballot which has been returned to the board of elections, and if he the person will not be in the
county on the day of the primary or election.
In the event an absentee application or ballot has already been mailed to such person
applying to vote pursuant to G.S. 163-227.2, the board of elections shall void the application
and ballot unless the voted absentee ballot has been received by the board of elections. Such
person shall be eligible to vote pursuant to G.S. 163-227.2 no later than 5:00 P.M. on the day
next preceding the primary, second primary primary or election."
SECTION 10. G.S. 163-278.6(8) reads as rewritten:
"(8) The term "election" means any general or special election, a first or second
primary, a run-off election, or an election to fill a vacancy. The term
"election" shall not include any local or statewide referendum."
SECTION 11. G.S. 163-278.13(d) reads as rewritten:

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primary,primary involved, withou except that when	he purposes of this section, the term "an election" means or general election in which the candidate or political at regard to whether the candidate is opposed or unoppose e a candidate is not on the ballot in a second primary, the with respect to that candidate.election."	committee may be osed in the election,
	FION 12. G.S. 163-278.13B(d) is repealed.	
	FION 13. G.S. $163-278.40B(2)$ reads as rewritten:	
"(2)	Pre-election Report. – The treasurer shall file a report election, unless a second primary is held and the candid	date appeared on the
	ballot in the second primary, in which case the report s before the second primary.election."	han be med to days
SECT	FION 14. G.S. $163-279(a)(2)$ reads as rewritten:	
"(2)	If the election is partian, the election shall be held on T	uesday after the first
(2)	Monday in November, the first primary shall be held on	•
	after Labor Day, and the second primary, if required,	
	fourth Tuesday before the election.Day."	
SECT	TION 15. G.S. 163-291 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 163-291. Par	tisan primaries and elections.	
The nominat	ion of candidates for office in cities, towns, villages,	and special districts
	are conducted on a partisan basis shall be governed by the	-
	ble to the nomination of county officers, and the term	•
	rman of the county board of elections," "county officers	
	ed with respect to municipal elections to mean the ap	propriate municipal
	idates, except that:	0 0 1 (2 27)
(1)	The dates of primary and election shall be as provided in	
(2)	A candidate seeking party nomination for municipal of file notice of candidacy with the board of elections n noon on the first Friday in July and no later than 12:0	o earlier than 12:00
	Friday in July preceding the election, except:	
	a. In the year following a federal decennial census,	a candidate seeking
	party nomination for municipal or district offic	_
	elects members of its governing board on a distr	• •
	that candidates reside in a district in order to run	-
	of candidacy with the board of elections no ear	lier than 12:00 noon
	on the fourth Monday in July and no later than	
	second Friday in August preceding the election; a	
	b. In the second year following a federal decer	
	election is held then under G.S. 160A-23.1, a car	• • • •
	nomination for municipal or district office sha	
	candidacy with the board of elections at the san	
	candidacy for county officers are required G.S. 163-106.	to be filed under
	No person may file a notice of candidacy for more	than one municipal
	office at the same election. If a person has filed a notice	-
	office with the county board of elections under this sect	-
	candidacy may not later be filed for any other muni-	
	election unless the notice of candidacy for the first office	-
(3)	The filing fee for municipal and district primaries sh	
χ- /	governing board not later than the day before candida	•
	begin filing notices of candidacy. There shall be a minim	-
	dollars (\$5.00). The governing board shall have the auth	ority to set the filing

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1 2 3 4 5		fee at not less than five dollars (\$5.00) nor more the annual salary of the office sought unless one p salary of the office sought is less than five dollars minimum filing fee of five dollars (\$5.00) will be paid to the board of algorithms at the time paties of of	percent (1%) of the annual (\$5.00), in which case the charged. The fee shall be
	(\mathbf{A})	paid to the board of elections at the time notice of c	•
6 7	(4)	The municipal ballot may not be combined with an	-
8	(5)	The canvass of the primary and second primary sh	
8 9		day following the primary or second primary. I	1 0 0
9 10		complaints concerning the conduct of an election,	
10		be subject to the rules concerning Sundays as G.S. 103-5.	nd nondays set forth in
11	(6)	Candidates having the right to demand a second pr	imary shall do so not later
12	(0)	than 12:00 noon on the Thursday following the can	-
13 14	SEC	FION 16. G.S. 163-329(b1) reads as rewritten:	ivass of the first primary.
14 15		od for Vacancy Election. – If a vacancy for the office	of justice of the Supreme
15 16		the Court of Appeals, or judge of the superior court	•
10		al election and after the opening of the filing period	
18	0	Elections shall designate a special filing period of on	1 1
19		ore than two candidates file and qualify for the o	
20		en the Board shall conduct the election for the office	
20	(1)	When the vacancy described in this section occurs	
22	(1)	the date of the second primary for members of	•
23		special primary shall be held on the same day as	-
24		two candidates with the most votes in the special	
25		names placed on the ballot for the general election	
26		the general election for members of the General As	•
27	(2)	When the vacancy described in this section occur	•
28		the date of the second primary, a general election	•
29		be held on the same day as the general election fo	
30		Assembly and the "instant runoff voting" method	shall be used to determine
31		the winner. Under "instant runoff voting," voters	
32		candidates by order of preference, first, second,	or third. If the candidate
33		with the greatest number of first-choice votes	receives more than fifty
34		percent (50%) of the first-choice votes, that candi-	date wins. If no candidate
35		receives that minimum number, the two candidates	s with the greatest number
36		of first-choice votes advance to a second round of	of counting. In this round,
37		each ballot counts as a vote for whichever of the	ne two final candidates is
38		ranked highest by the voter. The candidate with the	
39		round wins the election. If more than one seat is to	
40		the voter votes the same way as if one seat were to	•
41		the same as when one seat is to be filled, with one	
42		except that counting is done separately for each s	
43		count results in the first winner. Then the second c	-
44		name of the first winner. This process results in the	
45		additional seat to be filled, an additional count is c	
46		the candidates who have already won. In multi-sea	
47 48	(2)	of Elections may give the voter more than three che	
48 40	(3)	If two or more candidates receiving the highest nur the same number of votes, the heard of election	
49 50		the same number of votes, the board of election accordance with $G \leq 163, 182, 8$ "	is shall resolve the the in
50 51	SEC	accordance with G.S. 163-182.8."	
51	SEC	FION 17. This act is effective when it becomes law.	