GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

Short Title:	Taxpayers' Protection Act.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senator Tillman.	
Referred to:		
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
	IMPOSE CONSTITUTIONAL LIMITS ON THE GROWTH O	F THE STATE
BUDGET		
	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	na a navy Artiala
to read:	ECTION 1. The North Carolina Constitution is amended by adding	ig a new Article
to read.	"ARTICLE V-A	
	"TAXPAYERS' PROTECTION ACT	
"Section 1. D	<u> </u>	
	wing definitions apply in this Article:	
(a)		d not have been
(4)	reasonably foreseen or prevented and that requires immediate	
	preserve the health, safety, and general welfare of the people	-
	not include a revenue or budget shortfall.	
<u>(b)</u>	-	ative months.
(c)		
	not including the following:	•
	1. Appropriations funded by monies received from	m the federal
	government.	
	2. Principal and interest on bonded indebtedness.3. Appropriations funded by unemployment and disal	
	3. Appropriations funded by unemployment and disal	bility insurance
	<u>funds.</u>	
	4. Appropriations funded by discretionary user charge	
	that the charges do not exceed the cost of the goods	or services and
	their purchase by the user is discretionary.	
	5. Appropriations funded from permanent endowments.	<u>, trust funds, or</u>
	pension funds.	
	6. Proceeds of gifts or bequests made for purposes s	pecified by the
	donor.	
(1)	7. Monies appropriated for tax relief.	
<u>(d)</u>		
	United States for each calendar year as published by the Fe	uerai bureau of
(a)	<u>Labor Statistics.</u> Population. – The number of people residing in the State, e	veluding armed
<u>(e)</u>	forces stationed overseas, as determined by the United States	-



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based on decennial census figures or as estimated annually by the United States Census Bureau.

 <u>Total State revenues. – All monies derived from the State's own revenue sources.</u>

"Sec. 2. Spending limits.

(f)

- (1) Fiscal year spending limit. The maximum annual percentage change in State fiscal year spending equals inflation plus the percentage change in State population in the prior calendar year.
- (2) Modification by super majority vote. The General Assembly may vote to increase the fiscal year spending limit established under this section. An increase in the fiscal year spending limit must be approved by a three-fifths majority of the members of each chamber of the General Assembly.

"Sec. 3. Establishment of Emergency Reserve Fund and Budget Stabilization Fund.

- (1) Emergency Reserve Fund. There is created within the Office of State Budget and Management a reserve to be known as the Emergency Reserve Fund. Monies in the Emergency Reserve Fund may be expended for declared emergencies only. Appropriations from the Fund must be approved by a three-fifths majority of the members of each chamber of the General Assembly. Interest or other income earned on the Emergency Reserve Fund accrues to the Fund.
- Management a reserve to be known as the Budget Stabilization Fund. Monies in the Budget Stabilization Fund may be expended only to make up the difference between total State revenues and the fiscal year spending limit imposed under Section 2 of this Article when total State revenues are less than the fiscal year spending limit. Under no other circumstances may monies be transferred from the Budget Stabilization Fund. Interest or other income earned on the Budget Stabilization Fund accrues to the Fund.

"Sec. 4. Treatment of total State revenues in excess of the fiscal year spending limit.

In any year in which total State revenues exceed the fiscal year spending limit, total State revenues in excess of the fiscal year spending limit shall be treated in the following manner:

- (a) The State Controller shall transfer total State revenues in excess of the fiscal year spending limit determined pursuant to Section 2 of this Article to the Emergency Reserve Fund to the extent necessary to ensure that the balance of the Fund at the end of the fiscal year is an amount equal to three percent of the fiscal year spending limit. The State is not required to transfer any monies other than total State revenues in excess of the fiscal year spending limit to the Fund.
- (b) After making the transfer required in subdivision (a) of this section, the State Controller shall transfer any remaining excess of total State revenues over the fiscal year spending limit determined pursuant to Section 2 of this Article to the Budget Stabilization Fund to the extent necessary to ensure that the balance of the Fund at the end of the fiscal year is an amount equal to eighteen percent of the fiscal year spending limit. The State is not required to transfer any monies other than total State revenues in excess of the sum of the fiscal year spending limit and the transfer required under subdivision (a) of this section to the Fund.
- (c) Any excess that remains after the State Controller makes the transfers required in subdivisions (a) and (b) of this section shall be refunded to the taxpayers in the form of tax rebates or temporary tax rate reductions.

"Sec. 5. Transfers prohibited.

<u>Transfers of State cash fund principal from any State cash fund to the General Fund, other than transfers from the Emergency Reserve Fund or the Budget Stabilization Fund to the Emergency Reserve Fund or the Budget Stabilization Fund to the</u>

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General Fund, are prohibited. State cash fund appropriations that either supplant any General Fund appropriation or would necessitate a General Fund appropriation if not made are prohibited. For purposes of this section, a State cash fund appropriation that is funded by user charges or fees imposed on goods or services that do not exceed the cost of the goods or services provided is not an appropriation that supplants any General Fund appropriation.

"Sec. 6. Mandated and shifted costs.

The State shall not impose upon any unit of local government any part of the total costs of new programs or services, or increases in existing programs or services, unless a specific appropriation is made sufficient to pay the unit of local government for that purpose. The proportion of State revenue paid to all units of local government, taken as a group, shall not be reduced below that proportion in effect on July 1, 2008. Where costs are transferred from one unit of government to another unit of government, either by law or court order, the limitation imposed by Section 2 of this Article shall be adjusted and transferred accordingly so that total costs are not increased as a result of the transfer.

"Sec. 7. Severability.

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If any expenditure category or revenue source shall, by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final order, be adjudged exempt from this Article, the process of computing the fiscal year spending limit shall be adjusted accordingly, and all remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

"Sec. 8. Implementation.

The General Assembly shall enact legislation that may be necessary to implement and enforce the provisions of this Article."

SECTION 2. The amendment set out in Section 1 of this act shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the primary election in May of 2010, which election shall be conducted under the laws then governing elections in the State. Ballots, voting systems, or both may be used in accordance with Chapter 163 of the General Statutes. The question to be used in the voting systems and ballots shall be:

"[]FOR []AGAINST

Constitutional amendment limiting the annual growth of the State budget to a percentage equal to the sum of annual inflation and the State's annual population growth rate."

SECTION 3. If a majority of votes cast on the question are in favor of the amendment set out in Section 1 of this act, the State Board of Elections shall certify the amendment to the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall enroll the amendment so certified among the permanent records of that office. The amendment set out in Section 1 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2010, and applies to fiscal years beginning on or after that date.

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