GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

S SENATE BILL 1190*

Short Title:	Update Long-Term Care Statutes.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Swindell, Forrester, Bingham, Queen, Dors Purcell, Snow, and Vaughan.	ett; Atwater, Davis, Goss,
Referred to:	Health Care.	

May 18, 2010

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO UPDATE AND CLARIFY NORTH CAROLINA'S GENERAL STATUTES ON
OLDER ADULTS AND LONG-TERM SERVICES AND SUPPORTS, AS

Whereas, the North Carolina General Assembly is committed to having North Carolina recognized as a leader in supporting long-term services and supports; and

RECOMMENDED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA STUDY COMMISSION ON AGING.

Whereas, the State is building on the following federal and State supported person-centered initiatives: aging and disability resource centers or Community Resource Connections for Aging and Disabilities, evidence-based health promotion, caregiver supports for persons with Alzheimer's disease, lifespan respite programs, consumer-directed care, transitional care, and promotion of community living for persons who might otherwise become Medicaid eligible if placed in a skilled nursing facility: Now, therefore,

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. Part 14A, Article 3, Chapter 143B of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:

"Part 14A. Policy Act for the Aging. Older Adults.

"§ 143B-181.3. Statement of principles. Older adults findings; policy.

To utilize effectively the resources of our State, to provide a better quality of life for our senior citizens, and to assure older adults the right of choosing where and how they want to live, the following principles are hereby endorsed:

- (a) The North Carolina General Assembly finds the following:
 - (1) Older <u>people adults</u> should be able to live as <u>normal a life independently</u> as <u>possible</u>, <u>possible</u>, and to live free of abuse, <u>neglect</u>, and <u>exploitation</u>.
 - (2) Older adults should have a choice of <u>life styles lifestyles</u> which will allow them to remain contributing members of society for as long as possible.
 - (3) Preventive and primary health care are necessary to keep older adults active and contributing members of society.
 - (4) <u>Sufficient opportunities for Appropriate</u> training in gerontology and geriatrics should be developed <u>and readily available</u> for individuals serving older adults.
 - (5) Transportation to meet daily needs and to make accessible a broad range of services should be <u>provided_available_so</u> that older <u>persons_adults_may</u> realize their full potential.
 - (6) Services for older adults should be <u>person-centered and coordinated</u> so that <u>all their an individual's needs</u> can be served <u>efficiently and effectively.efficiently, effectively, and in the least restrictive environment.</u>



- Information should be readily available in each county on all programs and services for older adults. eitizens and advocacy for these services should be available in each county.

 [8] Increased employment opportunities for older adults should be made available.
 - (9) A variety of housing options should be available in each county. Options in housing should be made available.
 - (10) Older adults and their caregivers should have input in the planning and evaluation of programs and services for older adults, and they should have opportunities to advocate for these programs and services. Planning for programs for older citizens should always be done in consultation with them.
 - (11) The State should <u>aid_assist_older people_adults who desire to remain as independent as possible to help themselves_and should encourage and support families in caring for their older members.</u>
 - (b) It is the policy of the State to effectively utilize its resources to support and enhance the quality of life for older adults in North Carolina."

SECTION 2. Part 14B, Article 3, Chapter 143B of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:

"Part 14B. Long-Term-Care.Services and Supports.

"§ 143B-181.5. Long-term eare services and supports – findings. policy.

The North Carolina General Assembly finds that the aging of the population and advanced medical technology have resulted in a growing number of persons who require—assistance. long-term services and supports. The primary resource for long-term eare-provision-assistance continues to be the family and friends. However, these traditional caregivers are increasingly employed outside the home. There is growing demand for improvement and expansion of home and community-based long-term eare-services to support and services and supports to complement the services-care-provided by these informal caregivers.

The North Carolina General Assembly further finds that the public interest would best be served by a broad array of long-term <u>eare</u>-services <u>and supports</u> that <u>support enable</u> persons who need such services <u>to remain</u> in the home or in the community whenever practicable and that promote individual <u>autonomy</u>, <u>dignity</u>, <u>and choice autonomy</u> and <u>dignity</u> as these individuals exercise choice and control over their lives.

The North Carolina General Assembly finds that as other long-term <u>eare</u> <u>service and support</u> options become more <u>readily</u> available, the <u>relative</u> need for institutional care will stabilize or decline relative to the growing <u>aging population population of older adults and people living with disabilities.</u> The General Assembly recognizes, however, that institutional care will continue to be a critical part of the State's long-term <u>eare</u> <u>service and support</u> options and that such services should promote individual dignity, autonomy, and a home like environment."

"§ 143B-181.6. Purpose and intent.

It is the North Carolina General Assembly's intent in the State's development and implementation of long term care policies that: The development and implementation of policies for long-term services and supports should reflect the intent of the North Carolina General Assembly as follows:

- (1) Long-term <u>eare</u> services <u>and supports</u> administered by the Department of Health and Human Services and other State and local agencies shall include a balanced array of health, social, and supportive services that <u>are well coordinated to promote individual choice</u>, dignity, and the highest practicable level of <u>independence</u>; <u>independence</u>.
- (2) Home and community-based services shall be developed, expanded, or maintained in order to meet the needs of consumers in the least confusing

(10) Individuals and families shall be encouraged and supported in planning for and financing their own future needs for long-term services and supports."

SECTION 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.

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