GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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HOUSE DRH80531-LDz-137D* (03/09)

Short Title:	NC Climate Change Adaptation Strategy.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Harrison, Underhill, and Wilkins (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES TO DEVELOP THE NORTH CAROLINA CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION STRATEGY, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION ON GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE.

6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

7 **SECTION 1.(a)** The North Carolina Climate Change Adaptation Strategy. – The 8 Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall develop the North Carolina Climate 9 Change Adaptation Strategy, a comprehensive strategy to adapt to the impacts to North 10 Carolina associated with global climate change. The Strategy shall consist of an assessment as 11 provided under Section 2 of this act and a comprehensive plan as provided under Section 3 of 12 this act. The North Carolina Climate Change Adaptation Strategy shall include climate adaptation goals and principles that shall be reflected in the comprehensive plan. The Strategy 13 14 shall identify a mechanism and process to assess whether any modification to the Strategy is 15 needed based on the latest science or information as it becomes available over time, and, if 16 modification is needed, a process to implement the modification. In developing the Strategy, 17 the Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall seek the participation and cooperation of units of local government, the Department of Transportation, the Department of 18 19 Crime Control and Public Safety, the Department of Insurance, the Department of 20 Administration, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Commerce, the Department of Public Instruction, the Department of Cultural Resources, the 21 22 North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission, and any other State agency or commission 23 that might have a role or be affected by global climate change. In developing the Strategy, the 24 Department of Environment and Natural Resources may seek the input of any appropriate 25 federal agency, such as the United States Army Corps of Engineers, the Federal Highway Administration, the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the United States Department of 26 27 the Interior, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), the United States 28 Department of Commerce, the United States Department of Defense, or any other federal 29 agency that might have a role or be affected by global climate change; any university; or any nongovernmental organization. 30

SECTION 1.(b) Coordination With Local Government and Public Outreach. – In developing the Strategy, the Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall seek input from units of local government regarding the development of the Strategy and shall coordinate with units of local government regarding local plans or programs pertaining to climate change. In developing the Strategy, the Department of Environment and Natural



1	Resources shall seek input from the public and provide public outreach and education to inform			
2	the general public of the impacts to North Carolina associated with global climate change and			
3	the State's strategy for adapting to these impacts.			
4	SECT	FION 1.(c) Technical Advisory Committee. – In developing the Strategy, the		
5	Department of	Environment and Natural Resources may establish a technical advisory		
6	committee to ass	ist in developing the Strategy. The technical advisory committee shall consist		
7	of technical expe	erts on North Carolina climate change selected from the scientific community		
8	and associated disciplines within the constituent institutions of The University of North			
9	Carolina. The technical advisory committee may also consist of technical experts on North			
10	Carolina climate change selected from units of local government or nongovernmental			
11	organizations.			
12	SECTION 2. The North Carolina Climate Change Adaptation Assessment. – In			
13		North Carolina Climate Change Adaptation Strategy, the Department of		
14		l Natural Resources first shall conduct an assessment that, based on the best		
15		, accomplishes at least all of the following tasks:		
16	(1)	Identifies the projected impacts to North Carolina's ecosystems associated		
17	(-)	with global climate change, including at least all of the following potential		
18		impacts:		
19		a. Sea level rise.		
20		b. More frequent and intense heat waves.		
21		c. Increased air and water temperature.		
22		d. Increased intensity and frequency of storms.		
23		e. Altered rainfall patterns that may result in droughts, floods, and fires.		
24		f. Shoreline erosion that may result in land loss and other ecosystem		
25		change.		
26		g. Loss of biodiversity.		
27	(2)	Determines the range of projections of the impacts identified under		
28	(2)	subdivision (1) of this subsection and the degree of confidence in these		
29		projections.		
30	(3)	Identifies which resources of the State, including land, water, air, and		
31	(5)	biodiversity, are threatened by impacts identified under subdivision (1) of		
32		this subsection, giving consideration to at least all of the following		
33		resources:		
34		a. The natural resources of the coastal, Piedmont, and mountain regions		
35		of the State.		
36		b. Public, residential, commercial, and industrial buildings.		
37		c. Transportation and other essential infrastructure.		
38		d. Water supplies.		
39		e. Commercial activities, including agriculture and forestry.		
40		f. Public health.		
41		g. Recreational and conservation lands.		
42	(4)	Identifies which of the impacts identified under subdivision (1) of this		
43		subsection should receive the highest priority to be addressed with		
44		adaptation measures based upon the severity or certainty of the impact and		
45		the level of the threat to the public, natural resources, or the State or local		
46		economies.		
40 47	(5)	Initiates an economic cost and benefit analysis to determine the potential		
48	(\mathbf{J})	costs of maintaining the status quo compared with the costs of implementing		
49		the North Carolina Climate Change Adaptation Plan under Section 3 of this		
5 0		act.		
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1	SECT	TION 3.(a) The North Carolina Climate Change Adapta	ation Plan. –
2		conducting the Assessment under Section 2 of this act, the 1	-
3		nd Natural Resources shall develop the North Carolina Cl	•
4	-	, a comprehensive plan to adapt to the most likely impacts a	
5		identified in the Assessment, for the purpose of maximizing t	-
6		s citizens, natural resources and biodiversity, essential infra	
7		ty. The Plan shall provide a strategy that accomplishes at le	east all of the
8	following:		
9	(1)	Develops an inventory of existing federal, State, or local progr	-
0		that directly or indirectly address adaptation to climate change.	
1	(2)	Identifies needed changes to existing planning tools and	
2		planning tools that are needed in order to take into account pro	jected impacts
3		from climate change, including at least all of the following:	
ŀ		a. Floodplain mapping.	
		b. Steep slope mapping.	
		c. Basinwide water planning.	
		d. Coastal zone planning.	
		e. Beach and shoreline planning.	
		f. Transportation and other infrastructure planning.	
		g. Planning regarding public health issues, including plan	ning regarding
		increased mortality and morbidity from heat way	es, additional
		disease vectors, and diminished air quality.	
		h. Emergency response and disaster relief planning.	
	(3)	Identifies needed changes to federal, State, and local polic	ies, programs,
		statutes, and administrative rules in order to implemen	
		ecological adaptation measures, stimulate market respo	
		appropriate incentives, and regulate future activities that may	
		global climate change.	5
	(4)	Identifies adaptation measures as short-term, mid-term, a	and long-term
		adaptation measures and establishes a method by which adapta	-
		are to be prioritized.	
	(5)	Identifies methods to better coordinate and integrate State	natural hazard
		planning and regulatory programs in the Department of En-	
		Natural Resources and the Department of Crime Control and P	
	(6)	Directs the Department of Environment and Natural Res	•
	(0)	Division of Emergency Management of the Department of	
		and Public Safety to integrate post-disaster planning requ	
		hazard mitigation planning requirements into one plan that incl	
		scientific understanding of sea level rise, erosion, and other c	
		and environmental impacts of global climate change.	oustal nazaras
	SECT	TION 3.(b) Considerations in Developing or Modifying the	Plan _ When
		odifying the Plan, all of the following policy approaches to adap	
	considered:	ouriging the rian, an of the following policy approaches to adap	plation may be
	(1)	Developing plans that address how local governments in the	a coastal plain
	(1)		-
		can adapt to potential changes in property tax revenue as sea- lead to land loss.	iever mereases
	(2)		protoction of
	(2)	Directing the Coastal Resources Commission to increase	-
		coastal wetlands and their ability to migrate inland by the	
		prohibiting new bulkheads and hardened structures in ce	
		environmental concern, as designated by the Coastal Resource	es Commission
		under G.S. 113A-113.	

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1	(3)	Utilizing the consistency provisions of the Coastal Area	Management Act
2		(CAMA), Article 7 of Chapter 113A of the General Statut	es, and the federal
3		Coastal Zone Management Act, 16 U.S.C. § 1451, et see	q., to help resolve
4		conflicts between existing State and federal policies and pr	0
5	(4)	Requiring the Division of Coastal Management of the	1
6		Environment and Natural Resources to report on the loss of	
7		due to estuarine shoreline hardening and other uses to t	
8		Review Commission and any future legislative commissio	-
9		primarily addresses issues concerning global climate chang	-
10	(5)	Requiring an applicant for a permit under CAMA to mitig	
11 12		impact on wetlands that may result from any hardening shoreline outside of areas of environmental concern.	g of the estuarine
12 13	(6)		government to be
13 14	(6)	Authorizing coastal management grants to units of local used for planning for, and adapting to, sea level rise.	government to be
14 15	(7)	Making maps of sea level rise available on the Internet for	the use of units of
15 16	(7)	local government, realtors, conservation organizations,	
10		public.	and the general
18	(8)	In order to protect the public recreational beaches, ident	tifying options for
19	(-)	responding to shore zones that are most vulnerable to sto	
20		rise and develop options that provide for future changes	
21		short-term and long-term use of public recreational beache	-
22	(9)	Promoting the use of any of the following living shore	eline management
23		methods so that estuarine shorelines are able to evolv	e and migrate in
24		response to rising sea level:	
25		a. Restoring, enhancing, protecting, and mitigating e	xisting wetland or
26		riparian habitat and vegetation.	
27	(10)	b. Constructing and managing new wetlands in upslop	
28	(10)	Developing incentives and regulatory changes to encoura	
29 20		Climate Ready Estuaries program, a program developed train coastal managers to implement economica	
30 31		train coastal managers to implement economica environmentally sound procedures for portions of the est	•
32		islands that are particularly vulnerable to climate varial	
33		implement adaptation strategies; share information, and en	•
34		the stakeholders and other coastal managers.	inguge and educate
35	(11)	Requesting the Albemarle. – Pamlico National Est	uarv Program, a
36	× /	cooperative program jointly sponsored by the Departmer	
37		and Natural Resources and the USEPA in cooperation	
38		Department on Conservation and Recreation, to review	ew the USEPA's
39		Climate Ready Estuaries program and plan for and adapt	to climate change
40		and sea level rise.	
41	(12)	Determining any funding needs related to adaptation and	nd mitigation and
42		considering possible funding resources to address such nee	
43	(13)	Pursuing federal funding for a southeast regional adaptatio	•
44		assist in the development of relocation and removal strate	-
45	Z 1 A 1	existing authority of the United States Army Corps of Engi	
46 47	(14)	Developing plans for geo-zoning of the barrier islands an	na estuarine shore
47 19	(15)	zone environments within coastal North Carolina.	stratagy of in site
48 40	(15)	Identifying the reasons for and against adopting either a management of adaptation measures as opposed to the str	
49 50		management of adaptation measures as opposed to the structure from the high bazard ocean and inlet shorelines and estuari	
50		from the high hazard ocean and inlet shorelines and estuari	me shorennes.

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1 2 3	(16)	Determining possible cost-sharing incentives with lan of implementing ecologically beneficial adaptive str estuarine shorelines in response to rises in sea level.	
4 5 6	(17)	Identifying new economic opportunities within the e coastal system, the Piedmont, and the mountain region upon the impacts identified under subsection (1) of Se	ons of the State based
7 8	(18)	the resulting adaptations to these impacts. Directing the Coastal Resources Commission to de	
9 10 1		viable and environmentally sound ways to addre regarding potential sea level rise in each the short term long term, based on the information in its 2010 Science	ess various scenarios a, the midterm, and the
12 13	(19)	Identifying mechanisms for purchasing land or conse portions of coastal and inlet hazard zones, as well as	ervation easements on
4 5 6	(20)	low-lying coastal zone, that are identified as at risk. Developing and implementing a method of trackin resulting from climatic shifts, with specific focus or	n those resources that
l7 l8 l9	(21)	have direct economic priorities, such as tourism, ag and marine fisheries.Evaluating the reasons for and against a requirement	
20 21 22 23	(21)	properties disclose potential hazards to buyers and a disclosure accompany all real estate transfers of pro counties that either are directly on ocean, inlet, of frontage or are located within a 100-year floodplain.	requirement that this perties within coastal
24 25 26 27	(22)	Evaluating the policy proposals, findings, and recommendation from the Beach Management Summit, held in 200 Carolina, hosted by the North Carolina Coastal Fed Center for the Study of Natural Hazards and Disaste	9 in Beaufort, North leration and the UNC
28 29	SECI	oceanfront communities adapting to climate change. TON 4. Continued Coordination With Local Gov	-
80 81 82	initially under Se	the North Carolina Climate Change Adaptation S ection 1 through Section 3 of this act, the Department es shall continue to coordinate with units of local gove	t of Environment and
33 34 35	inform the gener	of the Strategy and shall continue to provide public outr ral public of the impacts to North Carolina associated cate's strategy for adapting to these impacts.	
,5 86 87	SECT	TON 5. Database Framework. – The Department of Environment of Environment in the University of North Carolina, and	
38 39	jointly shall deve	technical advisory committee is established under Sec elop a framework for a database to provide to the gen	eral public and others
40 41 42	This database ma	ed to making economically and environmentally pruden by include maps, surveys, inventories, and other relevant of Environment and Natural Resources and the technica	nt, useful information.
+2 13 14	if a technical a	lvisory committee is established, may recommend in oring stations and may install new permanent monitori	mproving the current
15 16	SECT	bastal zone, as required to develop the database under this ION 6. Report Requirement. – Beginning no later that	n October 1, 2010, the
17 18 19	the Environmenta	nvironment and Natural Resources shall submit quarter al Review Commission and to any future legislative cond dresses issues concerning global climate. No later than	mmission that directly

and primarily addresses issues concerning global climate. No later than January 1, 2013, the
 Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall submit a final report that shall include
 the North Carolina Climate Change Adaptation Strategy and any recommendations or

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- 1 legislative proposals to the Environmental Review Commission and to any future legislative
- commission that directly and primarily addresses issues concerning global climate change.
 SECTION 7. Appropriation. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the
- 4 Department of Environment and Natural Resources the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000)
- 5 for the 2010-2011 fiscal year to implement the provisions of this act.
- 6 **SECTION 8.** Effective Date. This act becomes effective July 1, 2010.