### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

H HOUSE DRH30160-LB-220A\* (02/22)

Short Title: Filling Vacancies in Local Offices. (Public)

Sponsors: Representative Blue.

Referred to:

### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO STANDARDIZE THE PROCESS FOR FILLING OF VACANCIES IN LOCAL OFFICES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.(a)** G.S. 153A-27 is repealed.

**SECTION 1.(b)** G.S. 153A-27.1 reads as rewritten:

### "§ 153A-27.1. Vacancies on board of commissioners in certain counties.commissioners.

- (a) If a vacancy occurs on the board of commissioners, the remaining members of the board shall appoint a qualified person to fill the vacancy. If the number of vacancies on the board is such that a quorum of the board cannot be obtained, the chairman of the board shall appoint enough members to make up a quorum, and the board shall then proceed to fill the remaining vacancies. If the number of vacancies on the board is such that a quorum of the board cannot be obtained and the office of chairman is vacant, the clerk of superior court of the county shall fill the vacancies upon the request of any remaining member of the board or upon the petition of any registered voters of the county.
- (b) If the member being replaced was serving a two-year term, or if the member was serving a four-year term and the vacancy occurs later than 60 days before the general election held after the first two years of the term, the appointment to fill the vacancy is for the remainder of the unexpired term. Otherwise, the term of the person appointed to fill the vacancy extends to the first Monday in December next following the first general election held more than 60 days after the day the vacancy occurs; at that general election, a person shall be elected to the seat vacated for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- (c) To be eligible for appointment to fill a vacancy, a person must if the person being replaced was the nominee of a political party, the person must have been eligible to have filed as a candidate of that party at the most recent election for that office. (i) be a member of the same political party as the member being replaced, if that member was elected as the nominee of a political party, and (ii) be a resident of the same district as the member being replaced, if the county is divided into electoral districts. If the person being replaced was not the nominee of a political party, then the person appointed to fill the vacancy must currently be eligible for election to that office.
- (d) If the member who vacated the seat was elected as a nominee of a political party, the board of commissioners, the chairman of the board, or the clerk of superior court, as the case may be, shall consult the county executive committee of the appropriate political party before filling the vacancy, and if the party makes three or more unranked nominations, shall



appoint the person one of the persons recommended by the county executive committee of the political party of which the commissioner being replaced was a member, if the party makes a recommendation within 30 days of the occurrence of the vacancy. In order for the list to qualify under this subsection, all nominees must be eligible for the office under subsection (c) of this section. If the party makes less than three eligible nominations, the appointing authority may appoint any person eligible under subsection (c) of this section.

- (e) Whenever because of G.S. 153A-58(3)b. or because of any local act, only the qualified voters of an area which is less than the entire county were eligible to vote in the general election for the member whose seat is vacant, the appointing authority must accept the recommendation only if the county executive committee restricted voting to committee members who represent precincts all or part of which were within the territorial area of the district of the county commissioner.
- (f) The provisions of any local act which provides that a county executive committee of a political party shall fill any vacancy on a board of county commissioners are repealed.
  - (g) Counties subject to this section are not subject to G.S. 153A-27.
- (h) This section shall apply only in the following counties: Alamance, Alexander, Alleghany, Avery, Beaufort, Brunswick, Buncombe, Burke, Cabarrus, Caldwell, Carteret, Cherokee, Clay, Cleveland, Cumberland, Dare, Davidson, Davie, Forsyth, Graham, Guilford, Haywood, Henderson, Hyde, Jackson, Lincoln, Macon, Madison, McDowell, Mecklenburg, Moore, Pender, Polk, Randolph, Rockingham, Rutherford, Sampson, Stanly, Stokes, Transylvania, Wake, and Yancey."

**SECTION 1.(c)** Section 12 of Chapter 763 of the 1981 Session Laws is repealed. **SECTION 2.** G.S. 161-5(a1) reads as rewritten:

"(a1) When a vacancy occurs from any cause in the office of register of deeds, the board of county commissioners shall fill such vacancy by the appointment of a successor for the unexpired term, who shall qualify and give bond as required by law. If the register of deeds was elected as the nominee of a political party, the board of county commissioners shall consult the county executive committee of that political party before filling the vacancy and if the party makes three or more unranked nominations, shall appoint the person—one of the persons recommended by that committee, if the party makes a recommendation within 30 days of the occurrence of the vacancy. In order for the list to qualify under this subsection, all nominees must be eligible for the office under this subsection. To be eligible for appointment to fill a vacancy, if the person being replaced was elected as the nominee of a political party, the person must have been eligible to have filed as a candidate of that party at the most recent election for that office. If the party makes less than three eligible nominations, the appointing authority may appoint any person eligible under this subsection. If the person being replaced was not the nominee of a political party, then the person appointed to fill the vacancy must currently be eligible for election to that office."

**SECTION 3.(a)** G.S. 162-3 reads as rewritten:

### "§ 162-3. Sheriff may resign.

Every sheriff may vacate his office by resigning the same to the board of county commissioners of his county; and thereupon the board may <u>as provided by G.S. 162-5.1</u> proceed to elect another sheriff."

**SECTION 3.(b)** G.S. 162-5 is repealed.

**SECTION 3.(c)** G.S. 162-5.1 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 162-5.1. Vacancy filled in certain counties; duties performed by coroner or chief deputy.

(a) If any vacancy occurs in the office of sheriff, the coroner of the county shall execute all process directed to the sheriff until the board shall elect a sheriff to supply the vacancy for the residue of the term, who shall possess the same qualifications, enter into the same bond, and be subject to removal, as the sheriff regularly elected.

Page 2 H1224 [Filed]

(b) If the sheriff were elected as a nominee of a political party, the board of commissioners shall consult the county executive committee of that political party before filling the vacancy, and shall elect the person recommended by the county executive committee of that party, if the party makes a recommendation within 30 days of the occurrence of the vacancy makes three or more unranked nominations, shall appoint one of the persons recommended by that committee. In order for the list to qualify under this subsection, all nominees must be eligible for the office under this subsection. If the party makes less than three eligible nominations, the appointing authority may appoint any person eligible under this subsection.

To be eligible for appointment to fill a vacancy, if the person being replaced was elected as the nominee of a political party, the person must have been eligible to have filed as a candidate of that party at the most recent election for that office. If the person being replaced was not the nominee of a political party, then the person appointed to fill the vacancy must currently be eligible for election to that office.

- (c) If the board should fail to fill such vacancy, the coroner shall continue to discharge the duties of sheriff until it shall be filled.
- (d) In those counties where the office of coroner has been abolished, the chief deputy sheriff, or if there is no chief deputy, then the senior deputy in years of service, shall perform all the duties of the sheriff until the county commissioners appoint some person to fill the unexpired term. In all counties the regular deputy sheriffs shall, during the interim of the vacancy, continue to perform their duties with full authority.

This section shall apply only in the following counties: Alamance, Alexander, Alleghany, Avery, Beaufort, Brunswick, Buncombe, Burke, Cabarrus, Caldwell, Carteret, Cherokee, Clay, Cleveland, Davidson, Davie, Edgecombe, Forsyth, Gaston, Graham, Guilford, Haywood, Henderson, Hyde, Jackson, Lincoln, Madison, McDowell, Mecklenburg, Moore, New Hanover, Onslow, Pender, Polk, Randolph, Richmond, Rockingham, Rutherford, Sampson, Stanly, Stokes, Surry, Transylvania, Wake, and Yancey."

**SECTION 4.** G.S. 115C-37.1 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 115C-37.1. Vacancies in offices of county boards elected on partisan basis in certain counties.

- (a) All vacancies in the membership of county boards of education which are elected by public or local act on a partisan basis shall be filled by appointment of the person, board, or commission specified in the act, except that if the act specifies that appointment shall be made by a party executive committee, then the appointment shall be made instead by the remaining members of the board.
- (b) If the vacating member was elected as the nominee of a political party, then the person, board, or commission required to fill the vacancy shall consult with the county executive committee of that party and appoint the person recommended by that party executive committee, if the party executive committee makes a recommendation within 30 days of the occurrence of the vacancy.
- (c) Whenever only the qualified voters of less than the entire county were eligible to vote for the member whose seat is vacant (either because the county administrative unit was less than countywide or only residents of certain areas of the administrative unit could vote in the general election for a district seat), the appointing authority must accept the recommendation only if the county executive committee restricted voting to committee members who represent precincts all or part of which were within the territory of the vacating school board member.
- (d) This section shall apply only in the following counties: Alamance, Alleghany, Avery, Beaufort, Brunswick, Buncombe, Burke, Cabarrus, Caldwell, Carteret, Cherokee, Clay, Cleveland, Davidson, Davie, Forsyth, Graham, Guilford, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson,

H1224 [Filed] Page 3

Madison, McDowell, Mecklenburg, Moore, New Hanover, Polk, Randolph, Rockingham, Rutherford, Stanly, Stokes, Transylvania, Vance, Wake, Washington, and Yancey."

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**SECTION 5.** G.S. 160A-63 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 160A-63. Vacancies.

A vacancy that occurs in an elective office of a city shall be filled by appointment of the city council. If the term of the office expires immediately following the next regular city election, or if the next regular city election will be held within 90 days after the vacancy occurs, the person appointed to fill the vacancy shall serve the remainder of the unexpired term. Otherwise, a successor shall be elected at the next regularly scheduled city election that is held more than 90 days after the vacancy occurs, and the person appointed to fill the vacancy shall serve only until the elected successor takes office. The elected successor shall then serve the remainder of the unexpired term. If the number of vacancies on the council is such that a quorum of the council cannot be obtained, the mayor shall appoint enough members to make up a quorum, and the council shall then proceed to fill the remaining vacancies. If the number of vacancies on the council is such that a quorum of the council cannot be obtained and the office of mayor is vacant, the Governor may fill the vacancies upon the request of any remaining member of the council, or upon the petition of any five registered voters of the city. Vacancies in appointive offices shall be filled by the same authority that makes the initial appointment. This section shall not apply to vacancies in cities that have not held a city election, levied any taxes, or engaged in any municipal functions for a period of five years or more.

In cities whose elections are conducted on a partisan basis, a person appointed to fill a vacancy in an elective office shall be a member of the same political party as the person whom he replaces if that person was elected as the nominee of a political party, the city council shall consult the county executive committee of that political party before filling the vacancy, and if the party within 30 days of the occurrence of the vacancy makes three or more unranked nominations, shall appoint one of the persons recommended by that committee. In order for the list to qualify under this subsection, all nominees must be eligible for the office under this subsection. If the party makes less than three eligible nominations, the appointing authority may appoint any person eligible under this subsection. For the office of mayor or an at-large member of the city council, the appointing authority must accept the recommendation only if the county executive committee restricted voting to committee members who represent precincts all or part of which were within the territorial area of the city. Whenever because of a court order, G.S. 160A-101(6), or because of any local act, only the qualified voters of an area which is less than the entire city were eligible to vote in the municipal general election for the member whose seat is vacant, the appointing authority must accept the recommendation only if the county executive committee restricted voting to committee members who represent precincts all or part of which were within the territorial area of the district of the city council member.

To be eligible for appointment to fill a vacancy, if the person being replaced was elected as the nominee of a political party, the person shall have been eligible to have filed as a candidate of that party at the most recent election for that office. If the person being replaced was not the nominee of a political party, then the person appointed to fill the vacancy must currently be eligible for election to that office."

**SECTION 6.** G.S. 163-114 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 163-114. Filling vacancies among party nominees occurring after nomination and before election.

If any person nominated as a candidate of a political party for one of the offices listed below (either in a primary or convention or by virtue of having no opposition in a primary) dies, resigns, or for any reason becomes ineligible or disqualified before the date of the ensuing

Page 4 H1224 [Filed]

general election, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment according to the following 1 2 instructions: 3 4 **Position** 5 6 President Vacancy is to be filled by appointment of 7 Vice President national executive committee of 8 political party in which vacancy occurs 9 10 Presidential elector or alternate elector Vacancy is to be filled by appointment of Any elective State office State executive committee of political 11 **United States Senator** party in which vacancy occurs 12 13 14 A district office, including: Appropriate district executive committee of Member of the United States House political party in which vacancy occurs 15 16 of Representatives 17 District Attorney 18 State Senator in a multi-county 19 senatorial district 20 Member of State House of 21 Representatives in a multi-county 22 representative district 23 24 State Senator in a single-county County executive committee of political 25 party in which vacancy occurs, senatorial district 26 Member of State House of provided, in the case of the State 27 Representatives in a single-county Senator or State Representative in a 28 representative district single-county district or of an elective 29 Any elective county office county district office where not all the 30 county is located in that district, then in 31 voting, only those members of the 32 county executive committee who reside

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50 51 The party executive making a nomination in accordance with the provisions of this section shall certify the name of its nominee to the chairman of the board of elections, State or county, that has jurisdiction over the ballot item under G.S. 163-182.4. If at the time a nomination is made under this section the general election ballots have already been printed, the provisions of G.S.163-165.3(c) shall apply. If a vacancy occurs in a nomination of a political party and that vacancy arises from a cause other than death and the vacancy in nomination occurs more than 120 days before the general election, the vacancy in nomination may be filled under this section only if the appropriate executive committee certifies the name of the nominee in accordance with this paragraph at least 75 days before the general election.

within the district shall vote

In a county not all of which is located in one congressional district, in choosing the congressional district executive committee member or members from that area of the county, only the county convention delegates or county executive committee members who reside within the area of the county which is within the congressional district may vote.

In a county which is partly in a multi-county senatorial district or which is partly in a multi-county House of Representatives district, in choosing that county's member or members of the senatorial district executive committee or House of Representatives district executive committee for the multi-county district, only the county convention delegates or county

H1224 [Filed] Page 5

executive committee members who reside within the area of the county which is within that multi-county district may vote.

An individual whose name appeared on the ballot in a primary election preliminary to the general election shall not be eligible to be nominated to fill a vacancy in the nomination of another party for the same office in the same year."

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**SECTION 7.** All local acts in conflict with this act are repealed to the extent of the conflict.

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**SECTION 8.** This act is effective when it becomes law but applies only to vacancies occurring after that date.

Page 6 H1224 [Filed]