## **GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA** SESSION 2007

SENATE DRS35503-SUz-21\* (05/05)

Sponsors: S	enator Jenkins.
Referred to:	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
	AMEND THE LAWS GOVERNING COMMERCIAL DRIVERS
LICENSES	
	ENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION
	IT COMMITTEE.
	ssembly of North Carolina enacts:
	<b>TION 1.</b> G.S. 20-17.4 reads as rewritten:
-	squalification to drive a commercial motor vehicle.
	Year. – Any of the following disqualifies a person from driving a
	tor vehicle for one year if committed by a person holding a commercial
	or, when applicable, committed while operating a commercial motor
(1)	rson who does not hold a commercial drivers license: A first conviction of G.S. 20-138.1, driving while impaired, for a
(1)	holder of a commercial drivers license that occurred while the person
	was driving a motor vehicle that is not a commercial motor vehicle.
(2)	A first conviction of G.S. 20-138.2, driving a commercial motor
(2)	vehicle while impaired.
(3)	A first conviction of G.S. 20-166, hit and run.
(4)	A first conviction of a felony in the commission of which a
	commercial motor vehicle was used or the first conviction of a felony
	in which any motor vehicle is used by a holder of a commercial drivers
	license.
(5)	Refusal to submit to a chemical test when charged with an
	implied-consent offense, as defined in G.S. 20-16.2.
(6)	A second or subsequent conviction, as defined in G.S. 20-138.2A(d),
	of driving a commercial motor vehicle after consuming alcohol under

Short Title: CDL/Federal Compliance.-AB

G.S. 20-138.2A.

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- (7) A civil license revocation under G.S. 20-16.5, or a substantially similar revocation obtained in another jurisdiction, arising out of a charge that occurred while the person was <u>either</u> operating a commercial motor <u>vehicle.vehicle or while the person was holding a commercial drivers</u> <u>license.</u>
   (8) A first conviction of vehicular homicide under G.S. 20-141.4 or
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(9) Driving a commercial motor vehicle during a period when the person's commercial drivers license is revoked, suspended, cancelled, or the driver is otherwise disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle.

vehicular manslaughter under G.S. 14-18 occurring while the person

(a1) Ten-Day Disqualification. – A person who is convicted for a first offense of
 driving a commercial motor vehicle after consuming alcohol under G.S. 20-138.2A is
 disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for 10 days.

was operating a commercial motor vehicle.

- 16 (b) Modified Life. A person who has been disqualified from driving a 17 commercial motor vehicle for a conviction or refusal described in subsection (a) who, as 18 the result of a separate incident, is subsequently convicted of an offense or commits an 19 act requiring disqualification under subsection (a) is disqualified for life. The Division 20 may adopt guidelines, including conditions, under which a disqualification for life under 21 this subsection may be reduced to 10 years.
- (b1) Life Without Reduction. A person is disqualified from driving a
  commercial motor vehicle for life, without the possibility of reinstatement after 10
  years, if that person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of G.S. 20-138.2, a
  fourth or subsequent violation of G.S. 20-138.2A, or if the person refuses to submit to a
  chemical test a third time when charged with an implied-consent offense, as defined in
  G.S. 20-16.2, that occurred while the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle.
- (c) Life.Life Without Reduction. A person is disqualified from driving a
   commercial motor vehicle for life if that person <u>either</u> uses a commercial motor vehicle
   in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing
   of a controlled substance, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or
   dispense a controlled substance.substance or is the holder of a commercial drivers
   license at the time of the commission of any such felony.
- 34 Less Than a Year. – A person is disqualified from driving a commercial (d) 35 motor vehicle for 60 days if that person is convicted of two serious traffic violations, or 120 days if convicted of three or more serious traffic violations, arising from separate 36 37 incidents occurring within a three-year period, committed in a commercial motor 38 vehicle or while holding a commercial drivers license. arising from separate incidents 39 occurring within a three year period. This disqualification shall be in addition to, and 40 shall be served at the end of, any other prior disqualification. For purposes of this 41 subsection. "serious violation" includes violations of G.S. 20-140(f) а and 42 G.S. 20-141(j3).
- 43 (e) Three Years. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor 44 vehicle for three years if that person is convicted of an offense or commits an act

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1 requiring disqualification under subsection (a) and the offense or act occurred while the 2 person was transporting a hazardous material that required the motor vehicle driven to 3 be placarded. 4 (f) Revocation Period. – A person is disqualified from driving a commercial 5 motor vehicle for the period during which the person's regular or commercial drivers 6 license is revoked, suspended, or cancelled. 7 Violation of Out-of-Service Order. – Any person convicted for violating an (g) 8 out-of-service order, except as described in subsection (h) of this section, shall be 9 disqualified as follows: 10 A person is disqualified from driving a commercial vehicle for a (1)11 period of 90 days if convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service 12 order. 13 (2)A person is disgualified for a period of one year if convicted of a 14 second violation of an out-of-service order during any 10-year period, 15 arising from separate incidents. 16 (3) A person is disgualified for a period of three years if convicted of a 17 third or subsequent violation of an out-of-service order during any 18 10-year period, arising from separate incidents. 19 (h) Violation of Out-of-Service Order; Special Rule for Hazardous Materials and 20 Passenger Offenses. - Any person convicted for violating an out-of-service order while 21 transporting hazardous materials or while operating a commercial vehicle designed or 22 used to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver, shall be disqualified as 23 follows: 24 A person is disqualified for a period of 180 days if convicted of a first (1) 25 violation of an out-of-service order. 26 A person is disqualified for a period of three years if convicted of a (2)27 second or subsequent violation of an out-of-service order during any 28 10-year period, arising from separate incidents. 29 Disgualification for Out-of-State Violations. - The Division shall withdraw (i) 30 the privilege to operate a commercial vehicle of any resident of this State or person 31 transferring to this State upon receiving notice of the person's conviction or 32 Administrative Per Se Notice in another state for an offense that, if committed in this 33 State, would be grounds for disqualification, even if the offense occurred in another 34 jurisdiction prior to being licensed in this State where no action had been taken at that 35 time in the other jurisdiction. The period of disqualification shall be the same as if the 36 offense occurred in this State. 37 Disgualification of Persons Without Commercial Drivers Licenses. – Any (i) 38 person convicted of an offense that requires disqualification under this section, but who 39 does not hold a commercial drivers license, shall be disqualified from operating a 40 commercial vehicle in the same manner as if the person held a valid commercial drivers 41 license.

42 (k) Disqualification for Railroad Grade Crossing Offenses. – Any person 43 convicted of a violation of G.S. 20-142.1 through G.S. 20-142.5, when the driver is

1	operating a commercial motor vehicle, shall be disqualified from driving a commercial
2	motor vehicle as follows:
3	(1) A person is disqualified for a period of 60 days if convicted of a first
4	violation of a railroad grade crossing offense listed in this subsection.
5	(2) A person is disqualified for a period of 120 days if convicted during
6	any three-year period of a second violation of any combination of
7	railroad grade crossing offenses listed in this subsection.
8	(3) A person is disqualified for a period of one year if convicted during
9	any three-year period of a third or subsequent violation of any
10	combination of railroad grade crossing offenses listed in this
11	subsection.
12	(1) Disqualification Based on for Testing Positive in a Drug or Alcohol Test. –
13	Upon receipt of notice of a positive drug or alcohol test, or of refusal to participate in a
14	drug or alcohol test, pursuant to G.S. 20-37.19(c), the Division must disqualify a CDL
15	holder from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a minimum of 30 days and until
16	receipt of proof of successful completion of assessment and treatment by a substance
17	abuse professional in accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 382.503.
18	(m) Disqualifications of Drivers Who Are Determined to Constitute an Imminent
19	Hazard The Division shall withdraw the privilege to operate a commercial motor
20	vehicle for any resident of this State for a period of 30 days in accordance with 49
21	C.F.R. § 383.52."
22	SECTION 2. G.S. 20-37.20A reads as rewritten:
23	"§ 20-37.20A. Driving record notation for testing positive in a drug or alcohol test.
24	Upon receipt of notice pursuant to G.S. 20-37.19(c) of positive result in an alcohol
25	or drug test of a person holding a commercial drivers license, and subject to any appeal
26	of the disqualification pursuant to G.S. 20-37.20B, the Division shall place a notation on
27	the driving record of the driver. A notation of a disqualification pursuant to
28	G.S. 20-17.4(l) shall be retained on the record of a person for a period of two-three years
29	following the end of any disqualification of that person."

following the end of any disqualification of that person."
 SECTION 3. This act becomes effective December 1, 2008, and applies to
 offenses committed on or after that date.