### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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#### **HOUSE BILL 367\***

#### Committee Substitute Favorable 4/11/07 Senate Judiciary I (Civil) Committee Substitute Adopted 7/3/07

Short Title:	Increase Criminal Penalty/Theft of Metals.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
	February 27, 2007	
METALS AND CA PROVIDE PHONE, TO CRIMINA THE INJU ELECTRE VEHICLE The General A SEC "§ 66-11. D mis	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED STRENGTHEN THE LAW REGULATING THE SALE OF BY SECONDARY METALS RECYCLERS, TO ADD WELL TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT TO THE SING PENALTIES FOR THE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION OF TELEGRAPH, AND ELECTRICAL FIXTURES, TO INCRESE PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THOSE REGULATIONS OF THOSE FOR FORFEIT SUSED IN FELONIOUS THEFT OF METALS.  Assembly of North Carolina enacts:  "Law enforcement officer" means any duly constitutions. – As used in this section:  "Law enforcement officer" means any duly constitutions."	VIRELESS STATUTE OF WIRES, CASE THE FIONS OF APH, AND FURE OF
(2) (3)	enforcement officer of the State or of any municipality or co "Regulated metals property" means all ferrous and nonferrous "Secondary metals recycler" means any person, firm, or cory the State:  a. That, from a fixed location or otherwise, is precedent or obtaining nonferrous metals that have served their original purpose or is in the business of performing the man process by which ferrous metals or nonferrous converted into raw material products consisting or grades and having an existing or potential economic verse.	unty.  Is metals.  poration in  dominately ferrous or economic nufacturing metals are f prepared

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- b. That has facilities for performing the manufacturing process by which ferrous metals or nonferrous metals are converted into raw material products consisting of prepared grades and having an existing or potential economic value, by methods including, but not limited to, the processing, sorting, cutting, classifying, cleaning, baling, wrapping, shredding, shearing, or changing the physical form or chemical content of the metals, but not including the exclusive use of hand tools.
- (4) "Fixed location" means any site occupied by a secondary metals recycler as the owner of the site or as a lessee of the site under a lease or other rental agreement providing for occupation of the site by the secondary metals recycler for a total duration of not less than 364 days.
- (b) Records Required.
  - (1) A secondary metals recycler shall maintain a record of all purchase transactions in which the secondary metals recycler purchases regulated metals property.
  - (2) The following information shall be maintained for transactions in which a secondary metals recycler purchases regulated metals property:
    - a. The name and address of the secondary metals recycler.
    - b. The name, initials, or other identification of the individual entering the information.
    - c. The date of the transaction.
    - d. The weight of the regulated metals property purchased.
    - e. The description made in accordance with the custom of the trade of the type of regulated metals property purchased.purchased and the physical address where the regulated metals were obtained by the seller, and a statement signed by the seller or the seller's agent certifying that the seller or the seller's agent has the lawful right to sell and dispose of the property.
    - f. The amount of consideration given for the regulated metals property.
    - g. The name and address of the vendor of the regulated metals property property and the license plate number of the vehicle used to deliver the regulated metals.
    - h. The A photocopy or electronic scan of the drivers license number or state or federally issued photo identification card number issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles of the person delivering the regulated metals property to the secondary metals recycler, or, if recycler. If the secondary metals recycler has a copy of the valid photo identification of the person delivering the regulated metals property on file, the secondary metals recycler must examine the photo identification, but may

- reference the photo identification that is on file without making a separate photocopy or electronic scan for each subsequent transaction. If the person delivering the regulated metals property does not have a drivers license or an a state or federally issued photo identification card, card issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles, a signed written statement that the delivery person does not have a drivers license or an identification card issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles. the secondary metals recycler shall not complete the transaction.
- (3) A secondary metals recycler shall keep and maintain the information required under this subsection for not less than two years from the date of the purchase of the regulated metals property.
- (c) Inspection of Regulated Metals Property and Records. During the usual and customary business hours of a secondary metals recycler, a law enforcement officer shall have the right to inspect either of the following:
  - (1) Any and all purchased regulated metals property in the possession of the secondary metals recycler.
  - (2) Any and all records required to be maintained under subsection (b) of this section.

A secondary metals recycler shall make receipts for the purchase of regulated metals property available for pickup each regular workday if requested by the sheriff or chief of police of the county or the chief of police of the municipality in which the secondary metals recycler is located.

- (d) Cash Transactions. Purchase Limitations. No secondary metals recycler shall purchase do any of the following:
  - (1) <u>Purchase</u> regulated metals property for cash consideration from other than a fixed location.
  - (2) Purchase or receive regulated metals property from minors from other than a fixed location, provided that this provision does not apply to the purchase of aluminum in the form of beverage or food cans.
- (d1) Retain Metals for Seven Days Before Selling or Altering. Any secondary metals recycler owner convicted of a felonious violation of this Chapter, G.S. 14-71, 14-71.1, or 14-72 shall hold and retain any regulated metals product, except for iron and steel products, for seven days from the date of purchase before selling, dismantling, defacing, or in any manner altering or disposing of the regulated metals property.
- (e) Right to Restitution. The court may order a defendant to make restitution to the secondary metals recycler for any damage or loss caused by the defendant arising out of an offense committed by the defendant.
- (f) Violations. <u>Unless the conduct is covered by some other provision of law providing greater punishment, any-Any</u> person <u>knowingly and willfully</u> violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 <u>misdemeanor misdemeanor for</u> a first offense. A second or subsequent violation of this section is a Class I felony.

- (g) Exemptions. This section shall not apply to purchases of regulated metals property from a manufacturing, industrial, or other commercial vendor that generates or sells regulated metals property in the ordinary course of its business.
- (h) Preemption. A county or municipality shall not enact any local law, ordinance, or regulation regulating secondary metals recyclers or regulated metals property that conflicts with this section, and this law preempts all existing laws, ordinances, or regulations."

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 14-154 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 14-154. Injuring wires and other fixtures of telephone, telegraph, and electric-power companies.

If any person shall willfully injure, destroy or pull down any telegraph, telephone, cable telecommunications, or electric-power-transmission pedestal or pole, wire, insulator or any other fixture or apparatus attached to a telegraph, telephone or electric power transmission line or any telegraph, telephone, cable telecommunications, or electric power line, wire or fiber insulator, power supply, transformer, transmission or other apparatus, equipment or fixture used in the transmission of telegraph, telephone, cable telecommunications, or electrical power service or any equipment related to wireless communications regulated by the Federal Communications Commission, hethat person shall be guilty of a Class I Felony. Class 1 misdemeanor."

**SECTION 3.** Article 1 of Chapter 66 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new section to read:

# "§ 66-11.2. Forfeiture of vehicles used to transport unlawfully obtained regulated metals property.

- (a) Vehicles which are used or intended for use to convey or transport, or in any manner to facilitate the conveyance or transportation of unlawfully obtained regulated metals property, as defined by this Article, are subject to forfeiture, except that:
  - (1) No conveyance shall be forfeited under the provisions of this section by reason of any act or omission, committed or omitted while such conveyance was unlawfully in the possession of a person other than the owner in violation of the criminal laws of the United States, or of any state;
  - (2) No conveyance shall be forfeited unless the violation involved is a felony;
  - (3) A forfeiture of a vehicle encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party who had no knowledge of or consented to the act or omission;
  - (4) No conveyance shall be forfeited under the provisions of this section unless the owner knew or had reason to believe the vehicle was being used in the commission of any violation that may subject the conveyance to forfeiture under this section.
- (b) Any vehicle subject to forfeiture under this section may be seized by any law enforcement officer upon process issued by any district or superior court having jurisdiction over the vehicle except that seizure without such process may be made when:

1 The seizure is incident to an arrest or a search under a search warrant; (1) 2 (2) The vehicle subject to seizure has been the subject of a prior judgment 3 in favor of the State in a criminal injunction or forfeiture proceeding 4 under this section. 5 Vehicles taken or detained under this section shall not be repleviable, but 6 shall be deemed to be in custody of the law enforcement agency seizing it, which may: 7 Place the vehicle under seal; or (1) **(2)** 8 Remove the vehicle to a place designated by it; or 9 (3) Request that the North Carolina Department of Justice take custody of 10 the vehicle and remove it to an appropriate location for disposition in accordance with law. 11 12 Any vehicle seized by a State, local, or county law enforcement officer shall be held in 13 safekeeping as provided in this subsection until an order of disposition is properly 14 entered by the judge. 15 (d) Whenever a vehicle is forfeited under this section, the law enforcement agency having custody of it may: 16 17 (1) Retain the vehicle for official use; or Sell any forfeited vehicle, provided that the proceeds be disposed of 18 **(2)** 19 for payment of all proper expenses of the proceedings for forfeiture 20 and sale, including expense of seizure, maintenance of custody, 21 advertising, and court costs; or 22 Transfer any vehicles which are forfeited under the provisions of this (3) 23 section to the North Carolina Department of Justice when, in the 24 discretion of the presiding judge and upon application of the North 25 Carolina Department of Justice, said vehicle may be of official use to 26 the North Carolina Department of Justice; Upon determination by the director of any law enforcement agency 27 (4) 28 that a vehicle transferred pursuant to the provisions of this section is of 29 no further use to said agency for use in official investigations, such 30 vehicle may be sold as surplus property in the same manner as other 31 vehicles owned by the law enforcement agency, and the proceeds from 32 such sale after deducting the cost of sale shall be paid to the treasurer 33 or proper officer authorized to receive fines and forfeitures to be used 34 for the school fund of the county in the county in which said vehicle 35 was seized; provided, that any vehicle transferred to any law 36 enforcement agency under the provisions of this section which has 37 been modified to increase speed shall be used in the performance of 38 official duties only and not for resale, transfer, or disposition other

**SECTION 4.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2007, and applies to

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offenses committed on or after that date.

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