GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

Η

HOUSE BILL 1983

Sponsors:Representative Frye.Referred to:Finance.

May 9, 2007

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO CHANGE THE DEFINITION OF INCOME FOR PURPOSES OF THE
3	HOMESTEAD EXCLUSION.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	SECTION 1. G.S. 105-277.1 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 105-277.1. Property tax homestead exclusion.
7	(a) Exclusion. – A permanent residence owned and occupied by a qualifying
8	owner is designated a special class of property under Article V, Sec. 2(2) of the North
9	Carolina Constitution and is taxable in accordance with this section. The amount of the
10	appraised value of the residence equal to the exclusion amount is excluded from
11	taxation. The exclusion amount is the greater of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) or
12	fifty percent (50%) of the appraised value of the residence. A qualifying owner is an
13	owner who meets all of the following requirements as of January 1 preceding the
14	taxable year for which the benefit is claimed:
15	(1) Is at least 65 years of age or totally and permanently disabled.
16	(2) Has an income for the preceding calendar year of not more than the
17	income eligibility limit.
18	(3) Is a North Carolina resident.
19	(a1) Temporary Absence. – An otherwise qualifying owner does not lose the
20	benefit of this exclusion because of a temporary absence from his or her permanent
21	residence for reasons of health, or because of an extended absence while confined to a
22	rest home or nursing home, so long as the residence is unoccupied or occupied by the
23	owner's spouse or other dependent.
24	(a2) Income Eligibility Limit. – Until July 1, 2003, the income eligibility limit is
25	eighteen thousand dollars (\$18,000). For taxable years beginning on or after July 1,
26	2003, the income eligibility limit is the amount for the preceding year, adjusted by the
27	same percentage of this amount as the percentage of any cost-of-living adjustment made
28	to the benefits under Titles II and XVI of the Social Security Act for the preceding

29 calendar year, rounded to the nearest one hundred dollars (\$100.00). On or before July 1

(Public)

General Assembly of North Carolina

1	of each y	ear, the	e Department of Revenue must determine the income eligibility amount
2			for the taxable year beginning the following July 1 and must notify the
3			county of the amount to be in effect for that taxable year.
4	(b)		itions. – The following definitions apply in this section:
5	~ /	(1)	Code. – The Internal Revenue Code, as defined in G.S. 105-228.90.
6		(1a)	Income. – Adjusted gross income, as defined in section 62 of the Code,
7		()	plus all other moneys received from every source other thansource. For
8			purposes of this section, income does not include moneys as benefits
9			under Titles II and XVI of the Social Security Act or any other
10			retirement, disability, or pension system, except to the extent those
11			benefits exceed the maximum amount authorized to be paid to an
12			individual under the Social Security Act, or moneys received as gifts
13			or inheritances received from a spouse, lineal ancestor, or lineal
13			descendant. For married applicants residing with their spouses, the
15			income of both spouses must be included, whether or not the property
16			is in both names.
17		(1b)	Owner. – A person who holds legal or equitable title, whether
18		(10)	individually, as a tenant by the entirety, a joint tenant, or a tenant in
19			common, or as the holder of a life estate or an estate for the life of
20			another. A manufactured home jointly owned by husband and wife is
20			considered property held by the entirety.
22		(2)	
		(2)	Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 360, s. 1. Repealed by Session Laws 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), a, 982, a, 20
23		(2a)	Repealed by Session Laws 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 982, s. 20.
24		(3)	Permanent residence. – A person's legal residence. It includes the
25 26			dwelling, the dwelling site, not to exceed one acre, and related
26 27			improvements. The dwelling may be a single family residence, a unit
		(A)	in a multi-family residential complex, or a manufactured home.
28		(4)	Totally and permanently disabled. – A person is totally and
29			permanently disabled if the person has a physical or mental
30			impairment that substantially precludes him or her from obtaining
31			gainful employment and appears reasonably certain to continue
32	(-)	4	without substantial improvement throughout his or her life.
33	(c)		cation. – An application for the exclusion provided by this section
34			during the regular listing period, but may be filed and must be accepted
35	•	-	to and through June 1 preceding the tax year for which the exclusion is
36			property is owned by two or more persons other than husband and wife
37			e of them qualifies for this exclusion, each owner must apply separately
38	for mis or	-	oportionate share of the exclusion.
39 40		(1)	Elderly Applicants. – Persons 65 years of age or older may apply for
40			this exclusion by entering the appropriate information on a form made $C = 105 - 282 1$
41		(2)	available by the assessor under G.S. 105-282.1.
42		(2)	Disabled Applicants. – Persons who are totally and permanently disabled may apply for this avaluation by (i) entering the appropriate
43			disabled may apply for this exclusion by (i) entering the appropriate
44			information on a form made available by the assessor under

1		G.S. 105-282.1 and (ii) furnishing acceptable proof of their disability.
2		The proof must be in the form of a certificate from a physician
3		licensed to practice medicine in North Carolina or from a
4		governmental agency authorized to determine qualification for
5		disability benefits. After a disabled applicant has qualified for this
6		classification, the applicant is not required to furnish an additional
7		certificate unless the applicant's disability is reduced to the extent that
8		the applicant could no longer be certified for the taxation at reduced
9		valuation.
0	(d)	Multiple Ownership $-A$ permanent residence owned and occupied by

A permanent residence owned and occupied by 10 Multiple Ownership. (d) 11 husband and wife as tenants by the entirety is entitled to the full benefit of this exclusion 12 notwithstanding that only one of them meets the age or disability requirements of this 13 section. When a permanent residence is owned and occupied by two or more persons 14 other than husband and wife and one or more of the owners qualifies for this exclusion, 15 each qualifying owner is entitled to the full amount of the exclusion not to exceed his or 16 her proportionate share of the valuation of the property. No part of an exclusion 17 available to one co-owner may be claimed by any other co-owner and in no event may 18 the total exclusion allowed for a permanent residence exceed the exclusion amount 19 provided in this section."

20 **SECTION 2.** This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years 21 beginning on or after July 1, 2008.