GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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SENATE BILL 590

Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 5/18/05 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 5/26/05 House Committee Substitute Favorable 8/2/05 House Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 8/23/05 Sixth Edition Engrossed 8/23/05

(Public)

Short Title: Consumer Credit Counseling/Debt Management.

	Sponsors:				
	Referred to:				
	March 16, 2005				
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
2	AN ACT TO FURTHER PROTECT CONSUMERS SEEKING ASSISTANCE WITH				
3	MANAGING THEIR DEBTS.				
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:				
5	SECTION 1. G.S. 14-426 reads as rewritten:				
6	"§ 14-426. Certain persons and transactions not deemed debt adjusters or debt				
7	adjustment.				
8	The following individuals or transactions shall not be deemed debt adjusters or as				
9	being engaged in the business or practice of debt adjusting:				
10	(1)	Any person or individual who is a regular full-time employee of a			
11		debtor, and who acts as an adjuster of his employer's debts;debts.			
12	(2)	Any person or individual acting pursuant to any order or judgment of a			
13		court, or pursuant to authority conferred by any law of this State or of			
14		the United States; States.			
15	(3)	Any person who is a creditor of the debtor, or an agent of one or more			
16		creditors of the debtor, and whose services in adjusting the debtor's			
17		debts are rendered without cost to the debtor; debtor.			
18	(4)	Any person who at the request of a debtor, arranges for or makes a			
19		loan to the debtor, and who, at the authorization of the debtor, acts as			
20		an adjuster of the debtor's debts in the disbursement of the proceeds of			
21		the loan, without compensation for the services rendered in adjusting			
22	/ - ×	such debts;debts.			
23	(5)	An intermittent or casual adjustment of a debtor's debts, for			
24		compensation, by an individual or person who is not a debt adjuster or			
25		who is not engaged in the business or practice of debt adjusting, and			

1		who	does not hold himself out as being regularly engaged in debt
2		adjust	ring.
3	<u>(6)</u>	An at	torney-at-law licensed to practice in this State who engages in the
4		busine	ess of debt adjusting for nominal consideration only.
5	<u>(7)</u>	An or	rganization that provides credit counseling, education, and debt
6		mana	gement services to debtors if the organization also does all of the
7		follov	
8		<u>a.</u>	Provides individualized credit counseling and budgeting
9			assistance to the debtor without charge prior to the debtor's
10			enrollment in a debt management plan provided by the
11			organization.
12		<u>b.</u>	Determines that the debtor has the financial ability to make
13			payments to complete the debt management plan and that the
14			plan is suitable for the debtor.
15		<u>c.</u>	Disburses the debtor's funds to creditors pursuant to a debt
16			management plan that the debtor has paid for with no more than
17			nominal consideration and has agreed to in writing.
18		<u>d.</u>	Provides to the debtor, periodically and on no less than a
19			quarterly basis, an individualized accounting for the most recent
20			period of all of the debtor's payments and disbursements under
21			the debt management plan and all charges paid by the debtor.
22		<u>e.</u>	Does not directly or indirectly require the debtor to purchase
23			other services or materials as a condition to participating in the
24			debt management plan.
25		<u>f.</u>	Does not receive a payment, commission, or other benefit for
26			referring the debtor to a provider of services.
27		<u>g.</u>	Is accredited by an accrediting organization that the
28			Commissioner of Banks approves as being independent and
29			nationally recognized for providing accreditation to
30			organizations that provide credit counseling and debt
31			management services."
32	SEC	FION 2	2. G.S. 14-423 reads as rewritten:
33	"§ 14-423. Defi	initions	S.
34	<u>(a)</u> As u	sed in	this Article certain terms or words are hereby defined as
35	follows: Article,	the fol	lowing definitions apply:
36	(1)	The 1	term "debt"Debt adjuster" means a person who engages in,
37		attem	pts to engage in, or offers to engage in the practice or business of
38		debt a	djusting as said term is defined in this Article.adjusting.
39	(2)	The to	erm "debt"Debt adjusting shall mean themeans entering into or
40		makir	ng of a contract, express or implied, with a particular debtor
41		where	eby the debtor agrees to pay a certain amount of money
42		period	dically to the person engaged in the debt adjusting business and
43		who s	shallthat person, for a consideration, agree agrees to distribute, or
44		distril	oute <u>distributes</u> the same among certain specified creditors in

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accordance with a plan agreed upon. The term "debt adjusting" is further defined and shall also mean Debt adjusting includes the business or practice of any person who holds himself out as acting or offering or attempting to act for a-consideration as an intermediary between a debtor and his creditors for the purpose of settling, compounding, or in anywise any way altering the terms of payment of any debt of a debtor, and to that end receives money or other property from the debtor, or on behalf of the debtor, for the payment to, or distribution among, the creditors of the debtor. Debt adjusting also includes the business or practice of debt settlement or foreclosure assistance whereby any person holds himself or herself out as acting for consideration as an intermediary between a debtor and the debtor's creditors for the purpose of reducing, settling, or altering the terms of the payment of any debt of the debtor, whether or not the person distributes the debtor's funds or property among the creditors, and receives a fee or other consideration for reducing, settling, or altering the terms of the payment of the debt in advance of the debt settlement having been completed or in advance of all the services agreed to having been rendered in full.

- (3) The term or word "debtor" Debtor" means an individual, individual who resides in North Carolina, and includes two or more individuals who are jointly and severally severally, or jointly or severally severally, indebted to a creditor or creditors.
- (3a) "Nominal consideration" means a fee or a contribution to cover the cost of administering a debt management plan not to exceed forty dollars (\$40.00) for origination or setup of the debt management plan and ten percent (10%) of the monthly payment disbursed under the debt management plan, not to exceed forty dollars (\$40.00) per month.
- (4) The word "person" means an individual, firm, partnership, limited partnership, corporation or association."

SECTION 3. G.S. 14-425 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-425. Enjoining practice of debt adjusting; appointment of receiver for money and property employed.

The superior court shall have jurisdiction, in an action brought in the name of the State by the Attorney General or the district attorney of the prosecutorial district as defined in G.S. 7A-60, to enjoin any person from acting, offering to act, or attempting to act, as a debt adjuster, or engaging in the business of debt adjusting; and, in such action, enjoin, as an unfair or deceptive trade practice, the continuation of any debt adjusting business or the offering of any debt adjusting services. The Attorney General or the district attorney who brings an action under this section may appoint a receiver for the property and money employed in the transaction of business by such person as a debt adjuster, to insure, ensure, so far as may be possible, the return to debtors of so much of their money and property as has been received by the debt adjuster, and has not been

- paid to the creditors of the debtors. The court may also assess civil penalties under G.S. 75-15.2 and award attorneys' fees to the State under G.S. 75-16.1."
- SECTION 4. G.S. 14-426(7)g., as enacted by Section 1 of this act, becomes effective October 1, 2005. G.S. 14-423(a)(2) as amended by Section 2 of this act
- 5 becomes effective December 31, 2005. The remainder of this act is effective when it
- 6 becomes law. This act expires October 1, 2007.