## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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## HOUSE BILL 2048\*

	Short Title:	(Public)								
	Sponsors:	Wilkins.								
	Referred to: Finance.									
	May 18, 2006									
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED									
	AN ACT TO EXPAND THE ROYALTY INCOME REPORTING OPTION TO									
	INCLUDE ADDITIONAL TYPES OF INTANGIBLE PROPERTY.									
	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:									
	<b>SECTION 1.</b> G.S. 105-130.7A reads as rewritten:									
	"§ 105-130.7A. Royalty income reporting option.									
	(a) Pu	urpose. – Royalty payments received for the use of trademarks i	ntangible							
		property in this State are income derived from doing business in this State. This section								
	provides tax	provides taxpayers with an option concerning the method by which these royalties can								
)	be reported for taxation when the recipient and the payer are related members. As									
	provided in this section, these royalty payments can be either (i) deducted by the payer									
	-	and included in the income of the recipient, or (ii) added back to the income of the payer								
		and excluded from the income of the recipient.								
	(b) De	efinitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:								
	(1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	e.							
	(1	a) Intangible property. – Copyrights, patents, and trademarks.								
	$\overline{(2)}$		ited to, or							
		in connection with the use in this State of a trademark.	<u>ntangible</u>							

- in connection with the use in this State of a trademark.<u>intangible</u> <u>property</u>. The term includes royalty and technical fees, licensing fees, and other similar charges.
  - (3) Own. To own directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively. The attribution rules of section 318 of the Code apply in determining ownership under this section.
    - (4) Related entity. Any of the following:
- 25a.A stockholder who is an individual, or a member of the26stockholder's family enumerated in section 318 of the Code, if27the stockholder and the members of the stockholder's family28own in the aggregate at least eighty percent (80%) of the value29of the taxpayer's outstanding stock.

1			b.	A stockholder, or a stockholder's partnership, limited liability
2				company, estate, trust, or corporation, if the stockholder and the
3				stockholder's partnerships, limited liability companies, estates,
4				trusts, and corporations own in the aggregate at least fifty
5				percent (50%) of the value of the taxpayer's outstanding stock.
6			c.	A corporation, or a party related to the corporation in a manner
7				that would require an attribution of stock from the corporation
8				to the party or from the party to the corporation under the
9				attribution rules of section 318 of the Code, if the taxpayer
10				owns at least eighty percent (80%) of the value of the
11				corporation's outstanding stock.
12		(5)	Rela	ted member. – A person that, with respect to the taxpayer during
13			any j	part of the taxable year, is one or more of the following:
14			a.	A related entity.
15			b.	A component member.
16			c.	A person to or from whom there would be attribution of stock
17				ownership in accordance with section 1563(e) of the Code if the
18				phrase "5 percent or more" were replaced by "twenty percent
19				(20%) or more" each place it appears in that section.
20		(6)	Roya	alty payment. – Either of the following:
21			a.	Expenses, losses, and costs paid, accrued, or incurred for North
22				Carolina royalties, to the extent the amounts are allowed as
23				deductions or costs in determining taxable income before
24				operating loss deduction and special deductions for the taxable
25				year under the Code.
26			b.	Amounts directly or indirectly allowed as deductions under
27				section 163 of the Code, to the extent the amounts are paid,
28				accrued, or incurred for a time price differential charged for the
29				late payment of any expenses, losses, or costs described in this
30				subdivision.
31		(7)		emark A trademark, trade name, service mark, or other similar
32			• 1	of intangible asset.
33		(8)		- Use of a trademark intangible property includes direct or
34				ect maintenance, management, ownership, sale, exchange, or
35			_	osition of the trademark.intangible property.
36	(c)			For the purpose of computing its State net income, a taxpayer
37		•	• • •	ments made to, or in connection with transactions with, a related
38		-		xable year. This addition is not required for an amount of royalty
39	payments			ither of the following conditions:
40		(1)		related member includes the amount as income on a return filed
41				r this Part for the same taxable year that the amount is deducted
42			-	he taxpayer, and the related member does not elect to deduct the
43			amou	unt pursuant to G.S. 105-130.5(b)(20).

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1	(2)	The taxy	payer	can esta	blisl	h that the	related	member	dur	ing the sa	ame
2		taxable	year	directly	or	indirectly	paid,	accrued,	or	incurred	the
3	amount to a person who is not a related member.										
4	(d) Indire	ct Transa	ctions	. – For th	ie pi	urpose of t	his sect	ion, an in	dire	ct transac	tion
5	or relationship h	as the sar	ne eff	ect as if i	t we	ere direct."					
6	SECT	TION 2.	This	act is ef	fect	ive for tax	kable y	ears begin	nnin	g on or a	ıfter
7	January 1, 2006.						-	-		-	