## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

## HOUSE BILL 1850

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Short Title:	Strengthen Electioneering Communications.	(Public)
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Sponsors: Representatives Hackney, Howard, Eddins, Ross (Primary Sponsors); Barnhart, Bell, Brubaker, Coates, Earle, Fisher, Gibson, Harrison, Justice, Lucas, Luebke, Martin, McLawhorn, Nye, Sauls, Setzer, Sherrill, Steen, West, Alexander, Bordsen, Dickson, Glazier, Insko, Jeffus, McGee, Underhill, and Weiss.

Referred to: Judiciary I.

## May 10, 2006

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO S	TRENGTHEN REGULATION OF ELECTIONEERING
3	COMMUNICATIO	NS IN NORTH CAROLINA, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE
4	HOUSE SELECT	COMMITTEE ON ETHICS AND GOVERNMENTAL
5	REFORM.	
6	The General Assembly	of North Carolina enacts:
7	SECTION 1	• G.S. 163-278.80 reads as rewritten:
8	"§ 163-278.80. Definit	tions.
9	As used in this Artic	cle, the following terms have the following definitions:
10	(1) The te	erm "disclosure date" means either of the following:
11	a.	The first date during any calendar year when an electioneering
12		communication is aired after an entity has made
13		disbursementsincurred expenses for the direct costs of
14		producing or airing electioneering communications aggregating
15		in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
16	b.	Any other date during that calendar year by which an entity has
17		made disbursements for the direct costs of producing or airing
18		electioneering communications aggregating in excess of ten
19		thousand dollars (\$10,000) since the most recent disclosure date
20		for that calendar year.
21		erm "electioneering communication" means any broadcast, cable,
22	or sate	ellite communication that has all the following characteristics:
23	a.	Refers to a clearly identified candidate for a statewide office or
24		the General Assembly.
25	b.	Is made within one of the following time periods:

1		1. 60 days before a general or special an election for the
2		office sought by the candidate, or
3		2. 30 days before a primary election or a convention of a
4		political party that has authority to nominate a candidate
5		for the office sought by the candidate.
6		c. Is targeted to the relevant electorate.
7	(3)	The term "electioneering communication" does not include any of the
8		following:
9		a. A communication appearing in a news story, commentary, or
10		editorial distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting
11		station, unless those facilities are owned or controlled by any
12		political party, political committee, or candidate.
13		b. A communication that constitutes an expenditure or
14		independent expenditure under Article 22A of this Chapter.
15		c. A communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum
16		conducted pursuant to rules adopted by the Board or that solely
17		promotes that debate or forum and is made by or on behalf of
18		the person sponsoring the debate or forum.
19		d. A communication made while the General Assembly is in
20		session which, incidental to advocacy for or against a specific
21		piece of legislation pending before the General Assembly, urges
22		the audience to communicate with a member or members of the
23		General Assembly concerning that piece of legislation.
24	(4)	The term "prohibited source" means any corporation, insurance
25		company, labor union, or professional association. The term
26		"prohibited source" does not include an entity that meets all the criteria
27		set forth in G.S. 163-278.19(f).
28	(5)	The term "targeted to the relevant electorate" means a communication
29		which refers to a clearly identified candidate for statewide office or the
30		General Assembly and which can be received by 50,000 or more
31		individuals in the State in the case of a candidacy for statewide office
32		and 7,500 2,500 or more individuals in the district in the case of a
33		candidacy for General Assembly.
34	(6)	The term " $501(c)(4)$ organization" means either of the following:
35		a. An organization described in section $501(c)(4)$ of the Internal
36		Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under section
37		501(a) of that Code.
38		b. An organization that has submitted an application to the Internal
39		Revenue Service for determination of its status as an
40		organization described in sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision.
41	(7)	Except as otherwise provided in this Article, the definitions in Article
42	~ / /	22A of this Chapter apply in this Article."
43	SEC	<b>FION 2.</b> G.S. 163-278.82(a) reads as rewritten:
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## General Assembly of North Carolina

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1		- No prohibited source may make any disbursement for the costs
2 3		any electioneering communication. No individual, committee,
3 4		er organization or group of individuals, including but not limited on (as defined in section 527(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code
4 5		ecceived any payment from a prohibited source may make any
6		osts of producing and airing any electioneering <del>communication.</del>
7		that individual, committee, association, or other organization or
8		maintains a segregated bank account that consists of funds
9	<b>- -</b>	entities other than prohibited sources. For the purpose of this
10		ioneering communication" does not include a communication by
11		ganization or a political organization (as defined in section
12		al Revenue Code of 1986) if the communication is paid for
13		provided by individuals and the disbursements for costs of
14		e communication are paid out of a segregated bank account that
15		buted solely by entities other than prohibited sources directly to
16		ses of this section, the term "payment" shall not include monies
17		, committee, association, or other organization or group of
18	-	rendered or other payment of debt owed."
19	SECTION 3	G.S. 163-278.90 reads as rewritten:
20	"§ 163-278.90. Definiti	ons.
21		ele, the following terms have the following definitions:
22	(1) The te	rm "disclosure date" means either of the following:
23	a.	The first date during any calendar year when an electioneering
24		communication is transmitted after an entity has made
25		disbursements incurred expenses for the direct costs of
26		producing or transmitting electioneering communications
27		aggregating in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
28	b.	Any other date during that calendar year by which an entity has
29		made disbursements for the direct costs of producing or
30		transmitting electioneering communications aggregating in
31		excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) since the most recent
32	( <b>2</b> ) The te	disclosure date for that calendar year.
33		rm "electioneering communication" means any mass mailing or
34 35	*	one bank that has all the following characteristics:
35 36	a.	Refers to a clearly identified candidate for a statewide office or the General Assembly.
30 37	b.	Is made within one of the following time periods:
38	υ.	1. 60 days before a general or special an election for the
39		office sought by the candidate, or
40		2. 30 days before a primary election or a convention of a
41		political party that has authority to nominate a candidate
42		for the office sought by the candidate.
43	с.	Is targeted to the relevant electorate.
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1	(3)	The term "electioneering communication" does not include any of the
2		following:
3		a. A communication appearing in a news story, commentary, or
4		editorial distributed through any newspaper or periodical,
5		unless that publication is owned or controlled by any political
6		party, political committee, or candidate.
7		b. A communication that constitutes an expenditure or
8		independent expenditure under Article 22A of this Chapter.
9		c. A communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum
10		conducted pursuant to rules adopted by the Board or that solely
11		promotes that debate or forum and is made by or on behalf of
12		the person sponsoring the debate or forum.
13		d. A communication that is distributed by a corporation solely to
14		its shareholders or employees, or by a labor union or
15		professional association solely to its members.
16		e. A communication made while the General Assembly is in
17		session which, incidental to advocacy for or against a specific
18		piece of legislation pending before the General Assembly, urges
19		the audience to communicate with a member or members of the
20		General Assembly concerning that piece of legislation.
21	(4)	The term "mass mailing" means any mailing by United States mail or
22	(1)	facsimile that is targeted to the relevant electorate and is made by a
23		commercial vendor or made from any commercial list.facsimile. Part
24		1A of Article 22A of this Chapter has its own internal definition of
25		"mass mailing" under the definition of "print media," and that
26		definition does not apply in this Article.
20	(5)	The term "prohibited source" means any corporation, insurance
28	$(\mathbf{J})$	company, labor union, or professional association. The term
29		"prohibited source" does not include an entity that meets all the criteria
30		set forth in G.S. 163-278.19(f).
30	(6)	The term "targeted to the relevant electorate" means a communication
32	(0)	which refers to a clearly identified candidate for statewide office or the
33		•
33 34		General Assembly and which:
34 35		a. If transmitted by mail or facsimile in connection with a clearly identified candidate for statewide office, is transmitted to
36 27		50,000 or more addresses in the State, by the transmission of identical or substantially similar matter within any 30 day
37		identical or substantially similar matter within any 30-day
38		period, or, in connection with a clearly identified candidate for
39 40		the General Assembly, is transmitted to $\frac{5,0002,500}{5,000}$ or more
40		addresses in the district, by the transmission of identical or
41		substantially identical matter within any 30-day period.
42		b. If transmitted by telephone, in connection with a clearly
43		identified candidate for statewide office, more than 50,000
44		telephone calls in the State of an identical or substantially

1	similar nature within any 30-day period, or in the case of a
2	clearly identified candidate for the General Assembly, more
3	than $\frac{5,000-2,500}{2,500}$ calls in the district of an identical or
4	substantially similar nature within any 30-day period.
5	(7) The term "telephone bank" means telephone calls that are targeted to
6	the relevant electorate, except when those telephone calls are made by
7	volunteer workers, whether or not the design of the telephone bank
8	system, development of calling instructions, or training of volunteers
9	was done by paid professionals.
10	(8) The term " $501(c)(4)$ organization" means either of the following:
11	a. An organization described in section $501(c)(4)$ of the Internal
12	Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under section
13	501(a) of that Code.
14	b. An organization that has submitted an application to the Internal
15	Revenue Service for determination of its status as an
16	organization described in sub-subdivision a. of this subdivision.
17	(9) Except as otherwise provided in this Article, the definitions in Article
18	22A of this Chapter apply in this Article."
19 20	<b>SECTION 4.</b> G.S. 163-278.92(a) reads as rewritten:
20	"(a) Prohibition. – No prohibited source may make any disbursement for the costs
21	of producing or airing any electioneering communication. No individual, committee,
22	association, or any other organization or group of individuals, including but not limited to a political organization (as defined in section $527(a)(1)$ of the Internal Payanua Code
23 24	to, a political organization (as defined in section $527(e)(1)$ of the Internal Revenue Code of 1086), which has received any payment from a prohibited source may make any
24 25	of 1986), which has received any payment from a prohibited source may make any disbursement for the costs of producing and airing any electioneering communication.
23 26	communication, unless that individual, committee, association, or other organization or
20 27	group of individuals maintains a segregated bank account that consists of funds
28	contributed solely by entities other than prohibited sources. For the purpose of this
29	section, the term "electioneering communication" does not include a communication by
30	a section 501(c)(4) organization or a political organization (as defined in section
31	527(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) if the communication is paid for
32	exclusively by funds provided by individuals and the disbursements for costs of
33	producing and airing the communication are paid out of a segregated bank account that
34	consists of funds contributed solely by entities other than prohibited sources directly to
35	that account. For purposes of this section, the term "payment" shall not include monies
36	paid to an individual, committee, association, or other organization or group of
37	individuals for services rendered or other payment of debt owed."
38	<b>SECTION 5.</b> This act is effective when it becomes law.