# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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### HOUSE BILL 1373

Short Title:	Judicial Appointment/Voter Retention.	
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Sponsors:Representative Culpepper.Referred to:Judiciary IV.

### April 21, 2005

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO AMEND THE NORTH CAROLINA CONSTITUTION TO PROVIDE
3	FOR GUBERNATORIAL APPOINTMENT OF JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME
4	COURT AND JUDGES OF THE COURT OF APPEALS, AND RETENTION BY
5	VOTE OF THE PEOPLE.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	SECTION 1. Section 16 of Article IV of the North Carolina Constitution
8	reads as rewritten:
9	"Sec. 16. Terms of office and election of Justices of the Supreme Court, Judges of the
10	Court of Appeals, and Judges of the Superior Court. Selection and tenure of Justices of
11	the Supreme Court and Judges of the Court of Appeals; election of Judges of the
12	Superior Court.
13	Justices of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Court of Appeals, and regular
14	(1) Judges of the Superior Court shall be elected by the qualified voters and shall
15	hold office for terms of eight years and until their successors are elected and qualified.
16	Justices of the Supreme Court and Judges of the Court of Appeals shall be elected by
17	the qualified voters of the State. Regular Judges of the Superior Court may shall be
18	elected by the qualified voters of the State or by the voters of their respective districts,
19	as the General Assembly may prescribe. districts.
20	(2) <u>General principles. Justices and Judges of the Appellate Division should be</u>
21	selected for and continue to hold office solely upon the basis of personal and
22	professional fitness to administer justice wisely, according to law, and without favor,
23	denial, or delay, to all persons who come into the courts. While their continuation in
24	office should be periodically subject to approval by the people, both their initial
25	selection and continuation in office should be free from the influences and necessities of
26	partisan political activity.
27	(3) Nomination, appointment, retention election, and terms of Justices and
28	Judges. On and after January 1, 2007, when a vacancy occurs in the office of Chief
29	Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the Appellate Division, the Governor shall

(Public)

1	appoint a person to fill the vacancy. For the purposes of this section, creation of a new
2	judgeship within the Appellate Division creates a vacancy.
3	The term of office by appointment as Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of
4	the Appellate Division extends through June 30 after the next statewide election for
5	members of the General Assembly that is held more than 18 months after the
6	appointment. At that election, a person holding by appointment the office of Chief
7	Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the Appellate Division who desires to continue in
8	office shall be subject to approval by nonpartisan ballot, by a majority of the votes cast
9	on the issue of the Justice's or Judge's retention. A Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or
10	Judge of the Appellate Division then approved for retention serves a regular term.
11	The regular term of office of the Chief Justice, Associate Justices, and Judges of the
12	Appellate Division is eight years and expires on June 30.
13	At the last statewide election for members of the General Assembly held before the
14	expiration of a regular term of office, a Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the
15	Appellate Division who desires to continue in office shall be subject to approval by
16	nonpartisan ballot, by a majority of the votes cast on the issue of the Justice's or Judge's
17	retention.
18	If the voters fail to approve the retention in office of a Chief Justice, Associate
19	Justice, or Judge of the Appellate Division serving an appointed or regular term, the
20	office shall become vacant at the end of the term of office, and it shall be filled by
21	nomination and appointment as prescribed in this section.
22	Voting in a retention election on the Chief Justice, Associate Justices, and Judges of
23	the Appellate Division shall be the qualified voters of the whole State.
24	(4) <u>Transition provisions. The term of office of a person who has been elected</u>
25	before January 1, 2007, to the office of Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the
26	Appellate Division for a term which extends beyond January 1, 2007, and who is in
27	office on January 1, 2007, is extended through June 30 of the year following the eighth
28	year after the date any such Justice or Judge was last elected to the office. If the person
29	so elected continues to serve for the remainder of the term, that person may stand for
30	retention in the office for a succeeding regular term as provided in this section. If the
31	person continues to serve for the remainder of the term but does not stand for retention
32	election, a vacancy is created in the office upon expiration of the term, and this vacancy
33	shall be filled by nomination and appointment as provided in this section.
34	The term of office of a person who has been appointed before January 1, 2007, to the
35	office of Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the Appellate Division to serve
36	until the 2008 election, and who is in office on January 1, 2007, shall end on June 30,
37	2009. If the person so appointed continues to serve for the remainder of the term, that
38	person may stand for retention in the office for a regular term as provided by this
39	section at the statewide election for members of the General Assembly held in 2008.
40	Upon the death, resignation, removal, or retirement of any incumbent Justice or
41	Judge on or after January 1, 2007, and before the expiration of the Justice's or Judge's
42	term of office, the resulting vacancy shall be filled by nomination and appointment as
43	provided in this section.

1	Vacancies in judicial offices in the Appellate Division occurring before January 1,
2	2007, and not filled by that date, shall be filled by nomination and appointment as
3	provided in this section.
4	From the date any incumbent described in this subsection is continued in office by
5	retention vote for a term next succeeding the term in progress on January 1, 2007, or is
6	succeeded in office by another person, the office is held subject to the provisions of this
7	section.
8	(5) The General Assembly may implement this section by general law."
9	SECTION 2. The amendment set out in Section 1 of this act shall be
10	submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the general election in November of
11	2006, which election shall be conducted under the laws then governing elections in the
12	State. Ballots, voting systems, or both may be used in accordance with Chapter 163 of
13	the General Statutes. The question on the ballot shall be:
14	"[] FOR [] AGAINST
15	Constitutional amendment to replace the present practice of selecting Justices
16	and Judges of the Appellate Division largely by gubernatorial appointment, followed by
17	nonpartisan elections, with a method by which Justices and Judges of the Appellate
18	Division will be appointed by the Governor, and then serve for limited terms after
19	which the question of the Justice's or Judge's retention in office is regularly submitted
20	for approval or disapproval by nonpartisan vote of the people at general elections, and
21	to provide for election of superior court judges in their districts."
22	<b>SECTION 3.</b> If a majority of votes cast on the question are in favor of the
23	amendment set out in Section 1 of this act, the State Board of Elections shall certify the
24	amendment to the Secretary of State. The amendment becomes effective upon this
25	certification. The Secretary of State shall enroll the amendment so certified among the
26	permanent records of that office.
27	SECTION 3.1. Chapter 7A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
28	new Article to read:
29	" <u>Article 1A.</u>
30	"Appointment of Justices and Judges; Retention Elections."
31	" <u>§ 7A-4.1. Appointment of justices and judges by Governor.</u>
32	The offices of Chief Justice and Justice of the Supreme Court and Judge of the Court
33	of Appeals are filled by appointment by the Governor in accordance with Section 16 of
34	Article IV of the Constitution.
35	"§ 7A-4.2. Governor to issue commissions to justices and judges.
36	Every person duly appointed by the Governor as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court,
37	Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, or Judge of the Court of Appeals shall procure
38	from the Governor a commission attesting that fact.
39	When a judge is retained in office by vote of the people, the Governor shall issue a
40	commission attesting that fact, which the Governor shall issue upon receipt of a
41	certification by the Secretary of State of the results of the election.
42	" <u>§ 7A-4.3. No elections in 2007 and thereafter.</u>

1	No election as previously provided by Subchapter X of Chapter 163 of the General
2	Statutes for Chief Justice or Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, or Judge of the
3	Court of Appeals shall be held in 2007 or thereafter.
4	"§ 7A-4.4. Retention elections.
5	(a) As provided by Section 16 of Article IV of the Constitution of North
6	Carolina, a Chief Justice or Associate Justice of the Supreme Court or Judge of the
7	Court of Appeals desiring to continue in office shall be subject to approval by
8	nonpartisan ballot, by a majority of votes cast on the issue of the justice's or judge's
9	retention.
10	(b) A person subject to subsection (a) of this section shall indicate the desire to
11	continue in office by filing a notice to that effect with the State Board of Elections no
12	later than 12:00 noon on the first business day of July in the year of the election. The
13	notice shall be on a form approved by the State Board of Elections. Notice can be
14	withdrawn at any time prior to the deadline for filing notice under this subsection.
15	(c) Retention elections shall be conducted and canvassed in accordance with
16	rules of the State Board of Elections in the same general manner as general elections
17	under Chapter 163 of the General Statutes, except that the retention election is
18	nonpartisan. The form of the ballot shall be determined by the State Board of Elections.
19	(d) Retention elections shall be placed at the top of the ballot above all other
20	elections or matters for decision, whether partisan, nonpartisan, or otherwise.
21	(e) If a person who has filed a notice calling a retention election dies or is
22	removed from office prior to the time that the ballots are printed, the retention election
23	is cancelled. If a person who has filed a notice calling a retention election dies or is
24	removed from office after the ballots are printed, the State Board of Elections may
25	cancel the election if it determines that the ballots can be reprinted without significant
26	expense. If the ballots cannot be reprinted, then the results of the election shall be
27	ineffective."
28	<b>SECTION 3.2.</b> G.S. 7A-10(a) reads as rewritten:
29	"(a) The Supreme Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and six associate justices,
30	elected by the qualified voters of the State for terms of eight yearsselected as provided
31	by Article 1A of this Chapter. Before entering upon the duties of his office, each justice
32	shall take an oath of office. Four justices shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
33	the business of the court. Sessions of the court shall be held in the city of Raleigh, and
34	scheduled by rule of court so as to discharge expeditiously the court's business. The
35	court may by rule hold sessions not more than twice annually in the Old Chowan
36	County Courthouse (1767) in the Town of Edenton, which is a State-owned court
37	facility that is designated as a National Historic Landmark by the United States
38	Department of the Interior."
39	<b>SECTION 3.3.</b> G.S. 7A-16 reads as rewritten:
40	"§ 7A-16. Creation and organization.
41	The Court of Appeals is created effective January 1, 1967. It shall consist initially of
42	six judges, elected by the qualified voters of the State for terms of eight years. The
43	Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall designate one of the judges as Chief Judge, to
$\Lambda\Lambda$	serve in such capacity at the pleasure of the Chief Justice Refore entering upon the

44 serve in such capacity at the pleasure of the Chief Justice. Before entering upon the

duties of his office, a judge of the Court of Appeals shall take the oath of office 1 2 prescribed for a judge of the General Court of Justice. 3 The Governor on or after July 1, 1967, shall make temporary appointments to the six initial judgeships. The appointees shall serve until January 1, 1969. Their successors 4 5 shall be elected at the general election for members of the General Assembly in 6 November, 1968, and shall take office on January 1, 1969, to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term which began on January 1, 1967. 7 8 Upon the appointment of at least five judges, and the designation of a Chief Judge, 9 the court is authorized to convene, organize, and promulgate, subject to the approval of 10 the Supreme Court, such supplementary rules as it deems necessary and appropriate for the discharge of the judicial business lawfully assigned to it. 11 12 Effective January 1, 1969, the number of judges is increased to nine, and the 13 Governor, on or after March 1, 1969, shall make temporary appointments to the 14 additional judgeships thus created. The appointees shall serve until January 1, 1971. Their successors shall be elected at the general election for members of the General 15 16 Assembly in November, 1970, and shall take office on January 1, 1971, to serve for the 17 remainder of the unexpired term which began on January 1, 1969. 18 Effective January 1, 1977, the number of judges is increased to 12; and the 19 Governor, on or after July 1, 1977, shall make temporary appointments to the additional judgeships thus created. The appointees shall serve until January 1, 1979. Their 20 21 successors shall be elected at the general election for members of the General Assembly in November, 1978, and shall take office on January 1, 1979, to serve the remainder of 22 23 the unexpired term which began on January 1, 1977. 24 On or after December 15, 2000, the Governor shall appoint three additional judges 25 to increase the number of judges to 15. The Court of Appeals shall consist of 15 judges, selected as provided in Article 1A 26 27 of this Chapter. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall designate one of the 28 judges as Chief Judge to serve in such capacity at the pleasure of the Chief Justice. 29 Before entering upon the duties of his office, a Judge of the Court of Appeals shall take 30 the oath of office prescribed for a Judge of the General Court of Justice. The Court of Appeals shall sit in panels of three judges each. The Chief Judge 31 32 insofar as practicable shall assign the members to panels in such fashion that each member sits a substantially equal number of times with each other member. He shall 33 34 preside over the panel of which he is a member, and shall designate the presiding judge 35 of the other panel or panels. Three judges shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of the 36 court, except as may be provided in G.S. 7A-32. 37 38 In the event the Chief Judge is unable, on account of absence or temporary 39 incapacity, to perform the duties placed upon him as Chief Judge, the Chief Justice shall appoint an acting Chief Judge from the other judges of the Court, to temporarily 40 discharge the duties of Chief Judge." 41 42 SECTION 3.4. G.S. 163-1 is amended in the table by deleting the entries for "Justices and Judges of the Appellate Division". 43 SECTION 3.5. G.S. 163-9 reads as rewritten: 44

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1	"§ 163-9. Filling vacancies in State and district judicial offices.
2	(a) Vacancies occurring in the offices of Justice of the Supreme Court, judge of
3	the Court of Appeals, and office of judge of the superior court for causes other than
4	expiration of term shall be filled by appointment of the Governor. An appointee to the
5	office of Justice of the Supreme Court or judge of the Court of Appeals shall hold office
6	until January 1 next following the election for members of the General Assembly that is
7	held more than 60 days after the vacancy occurs, at which time an election shall be held
8	for an eight-year term and until a successor is elected and qualified.
9	(b) Except for judges specified in the next paragraph of this subsection, an
10	appointee to the office of judge of superior court shall hold his place until the next
11	election for members of the General Assembly that is held more than 60 days after the
12	vacancy occurs, at which time an election shall be held to fill the unexpired term of the
13	office.
14	Appointees for judges of the superior court from any district:
15	(1) With only one resident judge; or
16	(2) In which no county is subject to section 5 of the Voting Rights Act of
17	1965,
18	shall hold the office until the next election of members of the General Assembly that is
19	held more than 60 days after the vacancy occurs, at which time an election shall be held
20	to fill an eight-year term.
21	(c) When the unexpired term of the office in which the vacancy has occurred
22	expires on the first day of January succeeding the next election for members of the
23	General Assembly, the Governor shall appoint to fill that vacancy for the unexpired
24	term of the office.
25	(d) Vacancies in the office of district judge which occur before the expiration of
26	a term shall not be filled by election. Vacancies in the office of district judge shall be
27	filled in accordance with G.S. 7A-142."
28	<b>SECTION 3.6.</b> The title of Subchapter X of Chapter 163 of the General
29	Statutes reads as rewritten:
30	"SUBCHAPTER X. ELECTION OF APPELLATE, SUPERIOR, SUPERIOR
31	AND DISTRICT COURT JUDGES." SECTION 3.7 The title of Article 25 of Chapter 162 of the Conerol Statutes
32 33	<b>SECTION 3.7.</b> The title of Article 25 of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:
33 34	"Article 25.
34 35	Nomination and Election of Appellate, Superior, Superior and District Court Judges."
35 36	SECTION 3.8. G.S. 163-321 reads as rewritten:
30 37	"§ 163-321. Applicability.
38	The nomination and election of justices of the Supreme Court, judges of the Court of
39	Appeals, and superior and district court judges of the General Court of Justice shall be
40	as provided by this Article."
41	SECTION 3.9. G.S. 163-323 reads as rewritten:
42	"§ 163-323. Notice of candidacy.
	<i>y</i>

1	(a) Form of Notice. – Each person offering to be a candidate for election shall do
2	so by filing a notice of candidacy with the State Board of Elections in the following
3	form, inserting the words in parentheses when appropriate:
4 5	Date:
6	Date:
7	I hereby file notice that I am a candidate for election to the office of
8	in the regular election to be held,
9	
10	Signed:(Name of Candidate)
11	(Name of Candidate)
12	
13	Witness:
14	
15	The notice of candidacy shall be either signed in the presence of the chairman or
16	secretary of the State Board of Elections, or signed and acknowledged before an officer
17	authorized to take acknowledgments who shall certify the notice under seal. An
18	acknowledged and certified notice may be mailed to the State Board of Elections. In
19	signing a notice of candidacy, the candidate shall use only the candidate's legal name
20	and, in his discretion, any nickname by which commonly known. A candidate may also,
21	in lieu of that candidate's first name and legal middle initial or middle name, if any, sign
22	that candidate's nickname, provided the candidate appends to the notice of candidacy an
23	affidavit that the candidate has been commonly known by that nickname for at least five
24	years prior to the date of making the affidavit. The candidate shall also include with the
25	affidavit the way the candidate's name (as permitted by law) should be listed on the
26	ballot if another candidate with the same last name files a notice of candidacy for that
27	office.
28	A notice of candidacy signed by an agent or any person other than the candidate
29	himself shall be invalid.
30	(b) Time for Filing Notice of Candidacy. – Candidates seeking election to the
31	following offices shall file their notice of candidacy with the State Board of Elections
32	no earlier than 12:00 noon on the second Monday in February and no later than 12:00
33	noon on the last business day in February preceding the election:
34	Justices of the Supreme Court.
35	Judges of the Court of Appeals.
36	Judges of the superior courts.
37	Judges of the district courts.
38	(c) Withdrawal of Notice of Candidacy. – Any person who has filed a notice of
39	candidacy for an office shall have the right to withdraw it at any time prior to the date
40	on which the right to file for that office expires under the terms of subsection (b) of this
41	section.
42	(d) Certificate That Candidate Is Registered Voter. – Candidates shall file along
43	with their notice a certificate signed by the chairman of the board of elections or the
44	supervisor of elections of the county in which they are registered to vote, stating that the

person is registered to vote in that county, and if the candidacy is for superior court 1 2 judge and the county contains more than one superior court district, stating the superior 3 court district of which the person is a resident. In issuing such certificate, the chairman or supervisor shall check the registration records of the county to verify such 4 5 information. During the period commencing 36 hours immediately preceding the filing 6 deadline, the State Board of Elections shall accept, on a conditional basis, the notice of 7 candidacy of a candidate who has failed to secure the verification ordered herein subject 8 to receipt of verification no later than three days following the filing deadline. The State 9 Board of Elections shall prescribe the form for such certificate, and distribute it to each 10 county board of elections no later than the last Monday in December of each odd-numbered year. 11

12 (e) Candidacy for More Than One Office Prohibited. – No person may file a 13 notice of candidacy for more than one office or group of offices described in subsection 14 (b) of this section, or for an office or group of offices described in subsection (b) of this 15 section and an office described in G.S. 163-106(c), for any one election. If a person has 16 filed a notice of candidacy with a board of elections under this section or under 17 G.S. 163-106(c) for one office or group of offices, then a notice of candidacy may not 18 later be filed for any other office or group of offices under this section when the election is on the same date unless the notice of candidacy for the first office is withdrawn under 19 20 subsection (c) of this section.

21 (f) Notice of Candidacy for Certain Offices to Indicate Vacancy. - In any 22 election in which there are two or more vacancies for the office of justice of the 23 Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, or district court judge to be filled by 24 nominations, each candidate shall, at the time of filing notice of candidacy, file with the 25 State Board of Elections a written statement designating the vacancy to which the candidate seeks election. Votes cast for a candidate shall be effective only for election 26 27 to the vacancy for which the candidate has given notice of candidacy as provided in this 28 subsection.

A person seeking election for a specialized district judgeship established under G.S. 7A-147 shall, at the time of filing notice of candidacy, file with the State Board of Elections a written statement designating the specialized judgeship to which the person seeks nomination.

33 No person may file a notice of candidacy for superior court judge unless that (g) person is at the time of filing the notice of candidacy a resident of the judicial district as 34 35 it will exist at the time the person would take office if elected. No person may be nominated as a superior court judge under G.S. 163-114 unless that person is at the time 36 of nomination a resident of the judicial district as it will exist at the time the person 37 38 would take office if elected. This subsection implements Article IV, Section 9(1) of the 39 North Carolina Constitution which requires regular Superior Court Judges to reside in the district for which elected." 40

- 41 SECTION 3.10. G.S. 163-325 reads as rewritten:
- 42 "§ 163-325. Petition in lieu of payment of filing fee.

General. – Any qualified voter who seeks election under this Article may, in 1 (a) 2 lieu of payment of any filing fee required for the office he seeks, file a written petition 3 requesting him to be a candidate for a specified office with the State Board of Elections. Requirements of Petition; Deadline for Filing. - If the candidate is seeking 4 (b) 5 the office of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, or superior or 6 district court judge, that individual shall file a written petition with the State Board of 7 Elections no later than 12:00 noon on Monday preceding the filing deadline before the 8 primary. If the office is justice of the Supreme Court or judge of the Court of Appeals, 9 the petition shall be signed by 10,000 registered voters in the State. If the office is 10 superior court or district court judge, the petition shall be signed by ten percent (10%) of the registered voters of the election area in which the office will be voted for. The board 11 12 of elections shall verify the names on the petition, and if the petition and notice of 13 candidacy are found to be sufficient, the candidate's name shall be printed on the 14 appropriate ballot. Petitions must be presented to the county board of elections for 15 verification at least 15 days before the petition is due to be filed with the State Board of 16 Elections. The State Board of Elections may adopt rules to implement this section and 17 to provide standard petition forms." 18 SECTION 3.11. G.S. 163-326(b) reads as rewritten: Notification of Local Boards. - No later than 10 days after the time for filing 19 "(b) 20 notices of candidacy under the provisions of G.S. 163-323(b) has expired, the chairman 21 of the State Board of Elections shall certify to the chairman of the county board of 22 elections in each county in the appropriate district the names of candidates for 23 nomination to the offices of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of 24 Appeals, and superior and district court judge who have filed the required notice and paid the required filing fee or presented the required petition to the State Board of 25 Elections, so that their names may be printed on the official judicial ballot for justice of 26 27 the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, and superior and district court. ballot." 28 29 SECTION 3.12. G.S. 163-327(b) reads as rewritten: 30 "(b) Death, Disgualification, or Resignation of Official After Election. - If a person elected to the office of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of 31 32 Appeals, or superior or district court judge dies, becomes disqualified, or resigns on or after election day and before he has gualified by taking the oath of office, the office 33 34 shall be deemed vacant and shall be filled as provided by law." 35 SECTION 3.13. G.S. 163-329 reads as rewritten: 36

#### "§ 163-329. Elections to fill vacancy created after primary filing period to use plurality method. 37

38 General. - If a vacancy is created in the office of justice of the Supreme (a) 39 Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, or judge of superior court after the filing period for the primary opens but more than 60 days before the general election, and under the 40 Constitution of North Carolina an election is to be held for that position, such that the 41 42 office shall be filled in the general election as provided in G.S. 163-9, the election to fill the office for the remainder of the term shall be conducted without a primary using the 43 plurality method as provided in subsection (b) of this section. If a vacancy is created in 44

1	the office of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, or judge of
2	superior court before the filing period for the primary opens, and under the Constitution
3	of North Carolina an election is to be held for that position, such that the office shall be
4	filled in the general election as provided in G.S. 163-9, the election to fill the office for
5	the remainder of the term shall be conducted in accordance with G.S. 163-322.
6	(b) Plurality Election Rules. – Elections under this section shall be conducted
7	using the following rules:
8	(1) The filing period shall be prescribed by the State Board of Elections,
9	but in no event may it be less than five working days. If a vacancy
10	occurs in a second office in the same superior court district after the
11	first filing period established under the section has closed, the State
12	Board of Elections shall reopen filing for a period of not less than five
13	working days for the office of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of
14	the Court of Appeals, or superior court judge. All persons filing in
15	either filing period shall run as a group and the election results shall be
16	determined by subdivision (3) of this subsection.
17	(2) When more than one person is seeking election to a single office, the
18	candidate who receives the highest number of votes shall be declared
19	elected.
20	(3) When more persons are seeking election to two or more offices
21	(constituting a group) than there are offices to be filled, those
22	candidates receiving the highest number of votes, equal in number to
23	the number of offices to be filled, shall be declared elected.
24	(4) If two or more candidates receiving the highest number of votes each
25	receive the same number of votes, the board of elections shall resolve
26	the tie in accordance with G.S. 163-182.8.
27	(5) Except as provided in this section, the provisions of this Article apply
28	to elections conducted under this section."
29	SECTION 3.14. G.S. 163-332(b) reads as rewritten:
30	"(b) Ballots to Be Furnished by County Board of Elections. – It shall be the duty
31	of the county board of elections to print official ballots for the following offices to be
32	voted for in the primary:
33	Justice of the Supreme Court.
34	Judge of the Court of Appeals.
35	Superior court judge.
36	District court judge.
37	In printing ballots, the county board of elections shall be governed by instructions of
38	the State Board of Elections with regard to width, color, kind of paper, form, and size of
39	type.
40	Three days before the election, the chairman of the county board of elections shall
41	distribute official ballots to the chief judge of each precinct in his county, and the chief
42	judge shall give a receipt for the ballots received. On the day of the primary, it shall be

the chief judge's duty to have all the ballots so delivered available for use at the precinct voting place." 43

44

- 1 **SECTION 3.15.** Sections 3.1 through 3.14 of this act are effective only if the 2 constitutional amendment proposed by Section 1 of this act is approved by the qualified
- voters in accordance with Section 2 of this act.
- 4 **SECTION 4.** Except as otherwise provided for, this act is effective when it 5 becomes law.