## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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### HOUSE BILL 1115 Committee Substitute Favorable 5/2/05 Senate Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 8/12/05 Fourth Edition Engrossed 8/13/05

Short Title:	Election Administration Amendments.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

### April 5, 2005

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ALLOW POLITICAL PARTIES TO USE "RUNNERS" TO PICK UP
3	VOTER LISTS FROM POLLS; TO PROHIBIT A CANDIDATE FROM BEING
4	AN OBSERVER OR RUNNER AT THE POLLS; TO AUTHORIZE THE
5	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS TO
6	PERMIT DIFFERENT VOTING SYSTEMS IN THE SAME PRECINCT; TO
7	ALLOW THE CHANGING OF REGISTERED VOTERS BASED ON ADJUSTED
8	COUNTY LINE; TO CHANGE THE DEADLINE FOR FILING A PROTEST
9	FROM SIX O'CLOCK P.M. TO FIVE O'CLOCK P.M.; TO PERMIT THE SAME
10	KIND OF VOTER ASSISTANCE IN ONE-STOP SITES AS AT VOTING
11	PLACES ON ELECTION DAY; TO EXPRESSLY PROVIDE THAT PRECINCT
12	TRANSFER VOTERS AT ONE-STOP SITES NEED NOT VOTE PROVISIONAL
13	BALLOTS; TO DELETE THE REQUIREMENT THAT ONE-STOP VOTERS BE
14	INSTRUCTED IN HOW TO VOTE MAIL ABSENTEE BALLOTS; TO FIX THE
15	SALARY ON WHICH A FILING FEE FOR AN OFFICE IS BASED; TO
16	REMOVE THE OUTDATED REFERENCE IN THE FILING FEE STATUTE TO
17	OFFICES "COMPENSATED ENTIRELY BY FEES"; TO ALLOW FOR THE
18	CANCELLATION OF A VOTER'S REGISTRATION IN A FORMER COUNTY
19	WHEN THE VOTER REGISTERS IN A NEW COUNTY; TO UPDATE AND
20	MAKE MORE TECHNOLOGY-NEUTRAL THE LANGUAGE IN THE
21	STATUTE PROVIDING FOR ACCESS TO VOTER REGISTRATION DATA; TO
22	EXTEND FOR THREE DAYS THE COUNTY CANVASS AFTER A GENERAL
23	ELECTION IN NOVEMBER OF AN EVEN-NUMBERED YEAR AND CHANGE
24	OTHER RELATED DATES; TO EXPRESSLY ALLOW ELECTRONIC
25	POLLBOOKS; TO CLARIFY HOW WINNERS OF ELECTIONS SHALL BE
26	DETERMINED; TO CLARIFY THAT A VOTER WHOSE NAME HAS BEEN
27	REMOVED FROM THE REGISTRATION LIST MAY VOTE UPON

4

1	AFFIRMING THAT THE VOTER HAS NOT MOVED FROM THE COUNTY;
2	TO PROVIDE FOR THE CORRECTION OF AN OMISSION ON THE VOTER
3	REGISTRATION FORM; TO AUTHORIZE PARTICIPATION IN THE 2010
4	CENSUS REDISTRICTING DATA PROGRAM; AND TO AUTHORIZE
5	BOARDS OF ELECTIONS TO ALLOW KNOWN VOTERS WHOSE VOTES
6	WERE LOST TO RECAST THEIR BALLOTS DURING A TWO-WEEK PERIOD
7	AFTER THE ELECTION.

- 8 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
- 9

**SECTION 1.(a)** G.S. 163-45 reads as rewritten: "§ 163-45. Observers; appointment.

10 The chairman chair of each political party in the county shall have the right to 11 12 designate two observers to attend each voting place at each primary and election and 13 such observers may, at the option of the designating party chairman, chair, be relieved 14 during the day of the primary or election after serving no less than four hours and 15 provided the list required by this section to be filed by each chairman chair contains the names of all persons authorized to represent such chairman's chair's political party. Not 16 17 more than two observers from the same political party shall be permitted in the voting 18 enclosure at any time. This right shall not extend to the chairman-chair of a political 19 party during a primary unless that party is participating in the primary. In any election in 20 which an unaffiliated candidate is named on the ballot, the candidate or the candidate's 21 campaign manager shall have the right to appoint two observers for each voting place consistent with the provisions specified herein. Persons appointed as observers must be 22 23 registered voters of the county for which appointed and must have good moral 24 character. No person who is a candidate on the ballot in a primary or election may serve as an observer or runner in that primary or election. Observers shall take no oath of 25 office. 26

27 Individuals authorized to appoint observers must submit in writing to the chief judge of each precinct a signed list of the observers appointed for that precinct. Individuals 28 29 authorized to appoint observers must, prior to 10:00 A.M. on the fifth day prior to any 30 primary or general election, submit in writing to the chairman chair of the county board of elections two signed copies of a list of observers appointed by them, designating the 31 32 precinct for which each observer is appointed. Before the opening of the voting place on 33 the day of a primary or general election, the chairman chair shall deliver one copy of the list to the chief judge for each affected precinct. He The chair shall retain the other 34 35 copy. The chairman, chair, or the chief judge and judges for each affected precinct, may for good cause reject any appointee and require that another be appointed. The names of 36 37 any persons appointed in place of those persons rejected shall be furnished in writing to 38 the chief judge of each affected precinct no later than the time for opening the voting 39 place on the day of any primary or general election, either by the chairman chair of the county board of elections or the person making the substitute appointment. 40

An observer shall do no electioneering at the voting place, and <del>he</del>-shall in no manner impede the voting process or interfere or communicate with or observe any voter in casting <u>his</u>-<u>a</u> ballot, but, subject to these restrictions, the chief judge and judges of

elections shall permit him the observer to make such observation and take such notes as 1 2 he the observer may desire. 3 Whether or not the observer attends to the polls for the requisite time provided by this section, each observer shall be entitled to obtain at times specified by the State 4 5 Board of Elections, but not less than three times during election day with the spacing 6 not less than one hour apart, a list of the persons who have voted in the precinct so far in that election day. Counties that use an "authorization to vote document" instead of poll 7 8 books may comply with the requirement in the previous sentence by permitting each 9 observer to inspect election records so that the observer may create a list of persons who 10 have voted in the precinct so far that election day; each observer shall be entitled to make the inspection at times specified by the State Board of Elections, but not less than 11 12 three times during election day with the spacing not less than one hour apart. Instead of having an observer receive the voting list, the county party chair may send a runner to 13 14 do so. The runner may be the precinct party chair or any person named by the county 15 party chair. That party chair must notify the chair of the county board of elections or the board chair's designee of the names of all runners to be used in each precinct before the 16 17 runner goes to the precinct. The runner may receive a voter list from the precinct on the 18 same schedule as an observer. Whether obtained by observer or runner, each party is entitled to only one voter list at each of the scheduled times. No runner may enter the 19 20 voting enclosure except when necessary to announce that runner's presence and to 21 receive the list. The runner must leave immediately after being provided with the list." SECTION 1.(b) G.S. 163-166.3 reads as rewritten: 22 23 "§ 163-166.3. Limited access to the voting enclosure. 24 During the time allowed for voting in the voting place, only the following persons 25 may enter the voting enclosure: An election official. 26 (1)27 (2)An observer appointed pursuant to G.S. 163-45. A runner appointed pursuant to G.S. 163-45, but only to the extent 28 (2a) 29 necessary to announce that runner's presence and to receive the voter 30 list as provided in G.S. 163-45. A person seeking to vote in that voting place on that day but only 31 (3) 32 while in the process of voting or seeking to vote. 33 A voter in that precinct while entering or explaining a challenge (4) pursuant to G.S. 163-87 or G.S. 163-88. 34 35 (5) A person authorized under G.S. 163-166.8 to assist a voter but, except as provided in subdivision (6) of this section, only while assisting that 36 voter. 37 38 (6) Minor children of the voter under the age of 18, or minor children 39 under the age of 18 in the care of the voter, but only while accompanying the voter and while under the control of the voter. 40 Persons conducting or participating in a simulated election within the 41 (7)42 voting place or voting enclosure, if that simulated election is approved by the county board of elections. 43

1	(8) Any other person determined by election officials to have an urgent
2	need to enter the voting enclosure but only to the extent necessary to
3	address that need."
4	<b>SECTION 2.</b> G.S. 163-165.10 reads as rewritten:
5	"§ 163-165.10. Adequacy of voting system for each precinct.
6	The county board of elections shall make available for each precinct voting place an
7	adequate quantity of official ballots or equipment so that all voters qualified to vote at
8	the precinct may do so. equipment. When the board of county commissioners has
9	decided to adopt and purchase or lease a voting system for voting places under the
10	provisions of G.S. 165-165.8, the board of county commissioners shall, as soon as
11	practical, provide for each of those voting places sufficient equipment of the approved
12	voting system in complete working order. If it is impractical to furnish each voting
13	place with the equipment of the approved voting system, that which has been obtained
14	may be placed in voting places chosen by the county board of elections. In that case, the
15	county board of elections shall choose the voting places and allocate the equipment in a
16	way that as nearly as practicable provides equal access to the voting system for each
17	voter. The county board of elections shall appoint as many voting system custodians as
18	may be necessary for the proper preparation of the system for each election and for its
19	maintenance, storage, and care. The Executive Director of the State Board of Elections
20	may permit a county board of elections to provide more than one type of voting system
21	in a precinct, but only upon a finding that doing so is necessary to comply with federal
22	or State law."
23	SECTION 3.(a) Article 7A of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is
24	amended by adding a new section to read:
25	" <u>§ 163-82.15A. Administrative change of registration when county line is adjusted.</u>
26	When a boundary between counties is established by legislation or under
27	G.S. 153A-18, the Executive Director shall direct the county boards of elections
28	involved to administratively change the voter registration of any voter whose county of
29	residence is altered by the establishment of the boundary. The voter shall not be
30	required to submit a new application to register, and the provisions of G.S. 163-57 shall
31	apply to the determination of residency. The Executive Director shall prescribe a
32	method of notifying the voter of the change of county registration, the correct precinct,
33	and other relevant information."
34 25	<b>SECTION 3.(b)</b> G.S. 163-57 reads as rewritten:
35	"§ 163-57. Residence defined for registration and voting.
36 37	All election officials in determining the residence of a person offering to register or
	vote, shall be governed by the following rules, so far as they may apply: (1) That place shall be considered the residence of a person in which that
38 39	(1) That place shall be considered the residence of a person in which that person's habitation is fixed, and to which, whenever that person is
39 40	absent, has the intention of returning.
40 41	
41 42	a. In the event that a person's habitation is divided by a State, county, municipal, precinct, ward, or other election district, then
42 43	the location of the bedroom or usual sleeping area for that
ъJ	the rocation of the occition of usual steeping area for that

1		person with respect to the location of the boundary line at issue
1 2		person with respect to the location of the boundary line at issue shall be controlling as the residency of that person
2 3		shall be controlling as the residency of that person.
3 4		b. If the person disputes the determination of residency, the person may request a hearing before the county board of elections
4 5		
5 6		making the determination of residency. The procedures for
7		notice of hearing and the conduct of the hearing shall be as provided in $G S_{163} = 163 86$ . The presentation of an accurate and
8		provided in G.S. 163-86. The presentation of an accurate and
0 9		current determination of a person's residence and the boundary
9 10		line at issue by map or other means available shall constitute
10		prima facie evidence of the geographic location of the residence
11	( <b>2</b> )	of that person.
12 13	(2)	A person shall not be considered to have lost that person's residence if that person leaves home and goes into another state or countristate
15 14		that person leaves home and goes into another state or countystate,
		county, municipality, precinct, ward, or other election district of this
15	(2)	State, for temporary purposes only, with the intention of returning.
16	(3)	A person shall not be considered to have gained a residence in any
17		county county, municipality, precinct, ward, or other election district
18		of this State, into which that person comes for temporary purposes
19 20		only, without the intention of making that county county, municipality,
20	(A)	precinct, ward, or other election district a permanent place of abode.
21	(4)	If a person removes to another state or county state or county,
22		municipality, precinct, ward, or other election district within this State,
23		with the intention of making that state or county state, county,
24		municipality, precinct, ward, or other election district a permanent
25		residence, that person shall be considered to have lost residence in the
26		state or county state, county, municipality, precinct, ward, or other
27		election district from which that person has removed.
28	(5)	If a person removes to another state or county state or county,
29		municipality, precinct, ward, or other election district within this State,
30		with the intention of remaining there an indefinite time and making
31		that state or county state, county, municipality, precinct, ward, or other
32		election district that person's place of residence, that person shall be
33		considered to have lost that person's place of residence in this State or
34		the county State, county, municipality, precinct, ward, or other election
35		district from which that person has removed, notwithstanding that
36		person may entertain an intention to return at some future time.
37	(6)	If a person goes into another <u>state or county</u> state, county,
38		municipality, precinct, ward, or other election district, or into the
39		District of Columbia, and while there exercises the right of a citizen by
40		voting in an election, that person shall be considered to have lost
41		residence in this State or county that State, county, municipality,
42		precinct, ward, or other election district from which that person
43		removed.

1	(7)	School teachers who remove to a county <u>county</u> , <u>municipality</u> ,
2		precinct, ward, or other election district in this State for the purpose of
3		teaching in the schools of that county temporarily and with the
4		intention or expectation of returning during vacation periods to live in
5		the county in which where their parents or other relatives reside, reside
6		in this State and who do not have the intention of becoming residents
7		of the county county, municipality, precinct, ward, or other election
8		district to which they have moved to teach, for purposes of registration
9		and voting shall be considered residents of the county county,
10		municipality, precinct, ward, or other election district in which their
11		parents or other relatives reside.
12	(8)	If a person removes to the District of Columbia or other federal
13	~ /	territory to engage in the government service, that person shall not be
14		considered to have lost residence in this State during the period of such
15		service unless that person votes in the place to which the person
16		removed, and the place at which that person resided at the time of that
17		person's removal shall be considered and held to be the place of
18		residence.
19	(9)	If a person removes to a county-county, municipality, precinct, ward,
20		or other election district to engage in the service of the State
21		government, that person shall not be considered to have lost residence
22		in the county county, municipality, precinct, ward, or other election
23		district from which that person removed, unless that person votes in
24		the place to which the person removed, and the place at which that
25		person resided at the time of that person's removal shall be considered
26		and held to be the place of residence.
27	(9a)	The establishment of a secondary residence by an elected official
28		outside the district of the elected official shall not constitute prima
29		facie evidence of a change of residence.
30	(10)	For the purpose of voting a spouse shall be eligible to establish a
31		separate domicile.
32	(11)	So long as a student intends to make the student's home in the
33		community where the student is physically present for the purpose of
34		attending school while the student is attending school and has no intent
35		to return to the student's former home after graduation, the student may
36		claim the college community as the student's domicile. The student
37		need not also intend to stay in the college community beyond
38		graduation in order to establish domicile there. This subdivision is
39		intended to codify the case law."
40	SECT	<b>TION 4.</b> G.S. 163-182.9(b)(4) reads as rewritten:
41	"(4)	The timing for filing a protest shall be as follows:
42		a. If the protest concerns the manner in which votes were counted
43		or results tabulated, the protest shall be filed before the
44		beginning of the county board of election's canvass meeting.

1	b.	If the protest concerns the manner in which votes were counted
2		or results tabulated and the protest states good cause for delay
3		in filing, the protest may be filed until 6:00-5:00 P.M. on the
4		second <u>business</u> day after the county board of elections has
5		completed its canvass and declared the results.
6	с.	If the protest concerns an irregularity other than vote counting
7		or result tabulation, the protest shall be filed no later than $\frac{6:00}{100}$
8		<u>5:00</u> P.M. on the second <u>business</u> day after the county board has
9		completed its canvass and declared the results.
10	d.	If the protest concerns an irregularity on a matter other than
11		vote counting or result tabulation and the protest is filed before
12		election day, the protest proceedings shall be stayed, unless a
13		party defending against the protest moves otherwise, until after
14		election day if any one of the following conditions exists:
15		1. The ballot has been printed.
16		2. The voter registration deadline for that election has
17		passed.
18		3. Any of the proceedings will occur within 30 days before
19		election day."
20	SECTION 5	<b>5.(a)</b> G.S. 163-227.2(e) reads as rewritten:
21	"(e) The voter sh	all vote that voter's absentee ballot in a voting booth in the office
22	of the county board of	elections, and the county board of elections shall provide a voting
23		provided however, that the county board of elections may in the
24		rivate room for the voter adjacent to the office of the board, in
25		shall vote that voter's absentee ballot in that room. If the voter
26	÷	ting to and from the voting booth and in preparing and marking
27		the voter is a blind voter, only a member of the county board of
28		of elections, an employee of the board of elections authorized by
29		ive of the voter or the voter's verifiable legal guardian shall be
30		voter. A voter at a one-stop site shall be entitled to the same
31		t a voting place on election day under G.S. 163-166.8. The State
32		shall, where appropriate, adapt the rules it adopts under
33	<u>G.S. 163-166.8 to one-</u>	
34		<b>5.(b)</b> G.S. 163-226.3(a) reads as rewritten:
35	• •	who shall, in connection with absentee voting in any election
36		any of the acts or things declared in this section to be unlawful,
37		ss I felony. It shall be unlawful:
38		ny person except the voter's near relative or the voter's verifiable
39	-	guardian to assist the voter to vote an absentee ballot when the
40		is voting an absentee ballot other than under the procedure
41		bed in G.S. 163-227.2; provided that if there is not a near relative
42	-	al guardian available to assist the voter, the voter may request
43	some	other person to give assistance;

1	(2)	For any person to assist a voter to vote an absentee ballot under the
2		absentee voting procedure authorized by G.S. 163-227.2 except a
3		member of the county board of elections, the director of elections, an
4		employee of the board authorized by the board, the voter's near relative
5		or the voter's verifiable legal guardian; as provided in that section;
6	(3)	For a voter who votes an absentee ballot under the procedures
7		authorized by G.S. 163-227.2 to vote that voter's absentee ballot
8		outside of the voting booth or private room provided to the voter for
9		that purpose in or adjacent to the office of the county board of
10		elections or at the additional site provided by G.S. 163-227.2(f1), or to
11		receive assistance in getting to and from the voting booth or private
12		room and in preparing and marking that voter's ballots from any
13		person other than a member of the county board of elections, the
14		director of elections, an employee of the board of elections authorized
15		by the board, a near relative of the voter or the voter's verifiable legal
16		guardian; except as provided in G.S. 163-227.2;
17	(4)	For any owner, manager, director, employee, or other person, other
18		than the voter's near relative or verifiable legal guardian, to make a
19		written request pursuant to G.S. 163-230.1 or an application on behalf
20		of a registered voter who is a patient in any hospital, clinic, nursing
21		home or rest home in this State or for any owner, manager, director,
22		employee, or other person other than the voter's near relative or
23		verifiable legal guardian, to mark the voter's absentee ballot or assist
24		such a voter in marking an absentee ballot;
25	(5)	Repealed by Session Laws 1987, c. 583, s. 8.
26	(6)	For any person to take into that person's possession for delivery to a
27		voter or for return to a county board of elections the absentee ballot of
28		any voter, provided, however, that this prohibition shall not apply to a
29		voter's near relative or the voter's verifiable legal guardian;
30	(7)	Except as provided in subsections (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this section,
31		G.S. 163-231(a), G.S. 163-250(a), and G.S. 163-227.2(e), for any voter
32		to permit another person to assist the voter in marking that voter's
33		absentee ballot, to be in the voter's presence when a voter votes an
34		absentee ballot, or to observe the voter mark that voter's absentee
35		ballot."
36		<b>TION 6.(a)</b> G.S. 163-227.2 is amended by adding a new subsection to
37	read:	
38		er who has moved within the county more than 30 days before election
39	•	reported the move to the board of elections shall not be required on that
40		a provisional ballot at the one-stop site, as long as the one-stop site has
41		information necessary to determine whether a voter is registered to vote
42	•	nd which ballot the voter is eligible to vote based on the voter's proper
43		ss. The voter with that kind of unreported move shall be allowed to vote
44	the same kind of	f absentee ballot as other one-stop voters."

1	<b>SECTION 6.(b)</b> G.S. 163-166.1	l is amended by adding a new subdivision
2	to read:	
3	"(2a) A voter who has moved w	ithin the county more than 30 days before
4	election day but has not re	ported the move to the board of elections
5	shall not be required on that	t account to vote a provisional ballot at the
6	one-stop site, as long as	the one-stop site has available all the
7	information necessary to c	letermine whether a voter is registered to
8		ch ballot the voter is eligible to vote based
9	on the voter's proper resid	ence address. The voter with that kind of
10	unreported move shall be a	allowed to vote the same kind of absentee
11	ballot as other one-stop vote	ers as provided in G.S. 163-227.2(e2)."
12	<b>SECTION 7.</b> G.S. 163-227.2(c) r	eads as rewritten:
13	"(c) If the application is properly fille	d out, the authorized member or employee
14	shall enter the voter's name in the register of	absentee requests, applications, and ballots
15	issued; shall furnish the voter with the instru	action sheets called for by G.S. 163-229(c);
16	and issued and shall furnish the voter with	h the ballots to which the application for
17	absentee ballots applies. The voter thereupo	n shall vote in accordance with subsection
18	(e) of this section.	
19	All actions required by this subsection sh	hall be performed in the office of the board
20	of elections, except that the voting may take	e place in an adjacent room as provided by
21	subsection (e) of this section. The application	on under this subsection shall be signed in
22	the presence of the chairmanchair, member	er, director of elections of the board, or
23	full-time employee, authorized by the bo	oard who shall sign the application and
24	certificate as the witness and indicate	the official title held by him or her.
25	Notwithstanding G.S. 163-231(a), in the cas	e of this subsection, only one witness shall
26	be required on the certificate."	
27	<b>SECTION 8.</b> G.S. 163-107(a) rea	
28		ling a notice of candidacy, each candidate
29	shall pay to the board of elections with	-
30	G.S. 163-106 a filing fee for the office he see	eks in the amount specified in the following
31	tabulation:	
32		
33	Office Sought	Amount of Filing Fee
34	Governor	One percent (1%) of the annual salary of
35		the office sought
36	Lieutenant Governor	One percent (1%) of the annual salary of
37		the office sought
38	All State executive offices	One percent (1%) of the annual salary of
39		the office sought
40	All District Attorneys of the General	One percent (1%) of the annual salary of
41	Court of Justice	the office sought
42	United States Senator	One percent (1%) of the annual salary of
43		the office sought
44	Members of the United States House	One percent (1%) of the annual salary of

1	of Representatives	the office sought
2	State Senator	One percent (1%) of the annual salary of
3		the office sought
4	Member of the State House of	One percent $(1\%)$ of the annual salary of
5	Representatives	the office sought
6	All county offices not compensated by fees	One percent (1%) of the annual salary of
7		the office sought
8	County commissioners, if compensated	Ten dollars (\$10.00)
9	entirely by fees	
10	Members of county board of education,	Five dollars (\$5.00)
11	if compensated entirely by fees	
12	Sheriff, if compensated entirely by fees	Forty dollars (\$40.00), plus one percent
13		(1%) of the income of the office above
14		four thousand dollars (\$4,000)
15	Clerk of superior court, if compensated	Forty dollars (\$40.00), plus one percent
16	entirely by fees	(1%) of the income of the office above
17		four thousand dollars (\$4,000)
18	Register of deeds, if compensated	Forty dollars (\$40.00), plus one percent
19	entirely by fees	(1%) of the income of the office above
20		four thousand dollars (\$4,000)
21	Any other county office, if compensated	Twenty dollars (\$20.00), plus one percent
22	entirely by fees	(1%) of the income of the office above
23		two thousand dollars (\$2,000)
24	All county offices compensated partly	One percent (1%) of the first annual
25	by salary and partly by fees	salary to be received (exclusive of
26		fees)
27	The salary of any office that is the basis	for calculating the filing fee is the starting
28	salary for the office, rather than the salary re	eceived by the incumbent, if different. If no
29	starting salary can be determined for the of	fice, then the salary used for calculation is
30	the salary of the incumbent, as of January 1 of	of the election year."
31	<b>SECTION 9.</b> G.S. 163-82.9 reads	s as rewritten:
32	"§ 163-82.9. Cancellation of prior registra	
33		n form described in G.S. 163-82.3 a current
34	registration to vote in any other county, n	
35	elections, upon registering the person to v	ote, shall send a notice to the appropriate
36	officials in the other county, municipality,	or state and shall ask them to cancel the
37	person's voter registration there. If an application	ant completes an application form described
38	in G.S. 163-82.3 except that the applicant n	
39	that authorizes cancellation of previous regi	istration in another county, the State Board
40	of Elections shall notify the county board of	
41	registration, and the board in the previous co	
42	-	to prevent disenfranchisement in the
43	implementation of this section. Those rules	
44	whose previous registration is to be cancelled	d."

1	<b>SECTION 10.(a)</b> G.S. 163-82.10(b) reads as rewritten:
2	"(b) Access to Registration Records. – Upon request by that person, the county
3	board of elections shall provide to any person a list of the registered voters of the county
4	or of any precinct or precincts in the county. The county board may furnish selective
5	lists according to party affiliation, gender, race, date of registration, precinct name,
6	precinct identification code, congressional district, senate district, representative district,
7	and, where applicable, county commissioner district, city governing board district, fire
8	district, soil and water conservation district, and voter history including primary,
9	general, and special districts, or any other reasonable category. No list produced under
10	this section shall contain a voter's date of birth. However, lists may be produced
11	according to voters' ages. The Both the following shall apply if a county maintains or
12	has its voter registration list maintained on a computer: to all counties:
13	(1) In addition to the typed, mimeographed, photocopied, computer
14	printout or label lists, the The county board of elections shall make the
15	voter registration information available to the public on electronic or
16	magnetic medium. Magnetic medium for the purpose of this section
17	shall consist of nine track tape or 3.5 inch diskettes and 5.25 inch
18	diskettes readily accessible using MS-DOS or Microsoft Windows
19	operating systems or both such systems; and For purposes of this
20	section, "electronic or magnetic medium" means any of the media in
21	use by the State Board of Elections at the time of the request.
22	(2) Information requested on <u>electronic or magnetic medium shall contain</u>
23	the following: voter name, county voter identification number,
24	residential address, mailing address, sex, race, age but not date of
25	birth, party affiliation, precinct name, precinct identification code,
26	congressional district, senate district, representative district, and,
27	where applicable, county commissioner district, city governing board
28	district, fire district, soil and water conservation district, and any other
29	district information available, and voter history including primary,
30	general, and special districts, or any other reasonable
31	<del>category,</del> <u>category.</u>
32	provided that this subsection shall not require a county to computerize its lists, but if a
33	county does computerize it shall comply with subdivisions (1) and (2) of this
34	subsection. The county board shall require each person to whom a list is furnished to
35	reimburse the board for the actual cost incurred in preparing it, except as provided in
36	subsection (c) of this section. Actual cost for the purpose of this section shall not
37	include the cost of any equipment or any imputed overhead expenses. It may include the
38	actual cost of paper, labels, and magnetic medium. The purchaser at its discretion may
39	provide the magnetic medium. When furnishing information under this subsection to a
40	purchaser on a magnetic medium provided by the county board or the purchaser, the
4.1	

41 county board may impose a service charge of up to twenty-five dollars (\$25.00)."

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**SECTION 10.(b)** G.S. 163-82.10(c) reads as rewritten:

43 "(c) Free Lists. -- Free lists of all registered voters in the county shall be provided
44 in the following cases:

1 2	(1) A county board that maintains voter records on computer shall provide, upon written request, one free list to:of all the registered
3	voters in the county to
4	a. <u>The the State chair of each political party; party and</u>
5	b. Theto the county chair of each political party once in every
6	odd-numbered year, once during the first six calendar months of
7	every even-numbered year, and once during the latter six
8	calendar months of every even-numbered year.
9	(2) A county board that does not maintain voter records on computer shall
10	provide one free paper list every two years to the county chair of each
11	political party.
12	Each free list shall include the name, address, gender, age but not date of birth, race,
13	political affiliation, voting history, precinct, precinct name, precinct identification code,
14	congressional district, senate district, representative district, and, where applicable,
15	county commissioner district, city governing board district, fire district, soil and water
16	conservation district, and voter history including primary, general, and special districts
17	of each registered voter. The free paper list to the county party chairs shall group voters
18	by precinct. All free lists shall be provided as soon as practicable on one of any
19	electronic or magnetic media, but no later than 30 days after written request. Each State
20	party chair shall provide the discs or tapes the information on the media received from
21	the county boards or a copy of the media containing the data itself to candidates of that
22	party who request the discs or tapes data in writing. Each State party chair shall return
23	discs and tapes to the county boards within 30 days after receiving them. As used in this
24	section, "political party" means a political party as defined in G.S. 163-96."
25	SECTION 11.(a) G.S. 163-182.5(b) reads as rewritten:
26	"(b) Canvassing by County Board of Elections. – The county board of elections
27	shall meet at 11:00 A.M. on the seventh tenth day after every election held on the same
28	day as a general election in November of the even-numbered year, and at 11:00 A.M. on
29	the seventh day after every other election, to complete the canvass of votes cast and to
30	authenticate the count in every ballot item in the county by determining that the votes
31	have been counted and tabulated correctly. If, despite due diligence by election officials,
32	the initial counting of all the votes has not been completed by that time, the county
33	board may hold the canvass meeting a reasonable time thereafter. The canvass meeting
34	shall be at the county board of elections office, unless the county board, by unanimous
35	vote of all its members, designates another site within the county. The county board
36	shall examine the returns from precincts, from absentee official ballots, and from
37	provisional official ballots and shall conduct the canvass."

38

SECTION 11.(b) G.S. 163-182.7 reads as rewritten:

39 "**§ 163-182.7. Ordering recounts.** 

40 (a) Discretionary Recounts. – The county board of elections or the State Board of
41 Elections may order a recount when necessary to complete the canvass in an election.
42 The county board may not order a recount where the State Board of Elections has
43 already denied a recount to the petitioner.

Mandatory Recounts for Ballot Items Within the Jurisdiction of the County 1 (b)2 Board of Elections. - In a ballot item within the jurisdiction of the county board of 3 elections, a candidate shall have the right to demand a recount of the votes if the 4 difference between the votes for that candidate and the votes for a prevailing candidate 5 is not more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast in the ballot item, or in the case 6 of a multiseat ballot item not more than one percent (1%) of the votes cast for those two 7 candidates. The demand for a recount must be made in writing and must be received by 8 the county board of elections by 5:00 P.M. on the first business day after the canvass. 9 The recount shall be conducted under the supervision of the county board of elections.

10 (c) Mandatory Recounts for Ballot Items Within the Jurisdiction of the State Board of Elections. - In a ballot item within the jurisdiction of the State Board of 11 12 Elections, a candidate shall have the right to demand a recount of the votes if the difference between the votes for that candidate and the votes for a prevailing candidate 13 14 are not more than the following:

- 15
- 16 17
- (1)For a nonstatewide ballot item, one percent (1%) of the total votes cast in the ballot item, or in the case of a multiseat ballot item, one percent (1%) of the votes cast for those two candidates.
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- (2)For a statewide ballot item, one-half of one percent (0.5%) of the votes cast in the ballot item, or in the case of a multiseat ballot item, one-half of one percent (0.5%) of the votes cast for those two candidates, or 10,000 votes, whichever is less.
- The demand for a recount must be in writing and must be received by the State Board of 22 23 Elections by noon on the second Thursday after the election. business day after the 24 county canvass. If on that Thursday at that time the available returns show a candidate not entitled to a mandatory recount, but the Executive Director determines subsequently 25 that the margin is within the threshold set out in this subsection, the Executive Director 26 27 shall notify the eligible candidate immediately and that candidate shall be entitled to a recount if that candidate so demands within 48 hours of notice. The recount shall be 28 conducted under the supervision of the State Board of Elections. 29
- Rules for Conducting Recounts. The State Board of Elections shall 30 (d) promulgate rules for conducting recounts. Those rules shall be subject to the following 31 32 guidelines:
- 33 34
- The rules shall specify, with respect to each type of voting system, (1)when and to what extent the recount shall consist of machine recounts and hand-to-eye recounts.
- 35 36
- 37
- The rules shall provide guidance in interpretation of the voter's choice. (2)
- The rules shall specify how the goals of multipartisan participation, (3) 38 opportunity for public observation, and good order shall be balanced." 39 SECTION 12. G.S. 163-166.7(c) reads as rewritten:

The State Board of Elections shall promulgate rules for the process of voting. 40 "(c) Those rules shall emphasize the appearance as well as the reality of dignity, good order, 41 42 impartiality, and the convenience and privacy of the voter. Those rules, at a minimum, shall include procedures to ensure that all the following occur: 43

1 2	(1)	The voting system remains secure throughout the period voting is being conducted.
3	(2)	Only properly voted official ballots are introduced into the voting
4	(2)	system.
5	(3)	Except as provided by G.S. 163-166.9, no official ballots leave the
6	(5)	voting enclosure during the time voting is being conducted there.
7	(4)	All improperly voted official ballots are returned to the precinct
8		officials and marked as spoiled.
9	(5)	Voters leave the voting place promptly after voting.
10	(6)	Voters not clearly eligible to vote in the precinct but who seek to vote
11	(-)	there are given proper assistance in voting a provisional official ballot
12		or guidance to another voting place where they are eligible to vote.
13	(7)	Information gleaned through the voting process that would be helpful
14		to the accurate maintenance of the voter registration records is
15		recorded and delivered to the county board of elections.
16	(8)	The registration records are kept secure. The State Board of Elections
17		shall permit the use of electronic registration records in the voting
18		place in lieu of or in addition to a paper pollbook or other registration
19		record.
20	(9)	Party observers are given access as provided by G.S. 163-45 to current
21		information about which voters have voted.
22	(10)	The voter, before voting, shall sign that voter's name on the pollbook,
23		other voting record, or voter authorization document. If the voter is
24		unable to sign, a precinct official shall enter the person's name on the
25		same document before the voter votes."
26		<b>FION 13.</b> G.S. 163-182.15 is amended by adding a subsection to read:
27	"(d) Deter	mining Results. – In a primary for party nomination, the results shall be
28		accordance with G.S. 163-111. In a general election, the individuals
29		nest number of votes for each office shall be declared elected to the
30		certificate shall be issued accordingly. In a referendum, the ballot
31		ing the highest number of votes shall be declared to have prevailed, and
32		nall be issued accordingly."
33		<b>FION 14.</b> G.S. 163-82.14(d) reads as rewritten:
34		ge of Address. – A county board of elections shall conduct a systematic
35		ove from its list of registered voters those who have moved out of the
36	•	update the registration records of persons who have moved within the
37	•	inty board shall remove a person from its list if the registrant:
38	(1)	Gives confirmation in writing of a change of address for voting
39		purposes out of the county. "Confirmation in writing" for purposes of
40		this subdivision shall include:
41		a. A report to the county board from the Department of
42		Transportation or from a voter registration agency listed in $C \leq 1/2$ 82.20 that the sector has reported a shares of address
43		G.S. 163-82.20 that the voter has reported a change of address
44		for voting purposes outside the county;

1		b. A notice of cancellation received under G.S. 163-82.9; or
2		c. A notice of cancellation received from an election jurisdiction
3		outside the State.
4	(2)	Fails to respond to a confirmation mailing sent by the county board in
5		accordance with this subdivision and does not vote or appear to vote in
6 7		an election beginning on the date of the notice and ending on the day
/ 8		after the date of the second general election for the United States
8 9		House of Representatives that occurs after the date of the notice. A county board sends a confirmation notice in accordance with this
9 10		subdivision if the notice:
10		a. Is a postage prepaid and preaddressed return card, sent by
11		forwardable mail, on which the registrant may state current
12		address;
13		b. Contains or is accompanied by a notice to the effect that if the
15		registrant did not change residence but remained in the county,
16		the registrant should return the card not later than the deadline
17		for registration by mail in G.S. 163-82.6(c)(1); and
18		c. Contains or is accompanied by information as to how the
19		registrant may continue to be eligible to vote if the registrant
20		has moved outside the county.
21		A county board shall send a confirmation mailing in accordance with
22		this subdivision to every registrant after every congressional election if
23		the county board has not confirmed the registrant's address by another
24		means.
25	<u>(3)</u>	Any registrant who is removed from the list of registered voters
26		pursuant to this subsection shall be reinstated if the voter appears to
27		vote and gives oral or written affirmation that the voter has not moved
28		out of the county but has maintained residence continuously within the
29		county. That person shall be allowed to vote as provided in
30	GEO	<u>G.S. 163-82.15(f).</u> "
31		<b>FION 15.</b> G.S. 163-82.4 reads as rewritten:
32 33	•	ontents of application form.
33 34	(a) Inform shall request the	nation Requested of Applicant. – The form required by G.S. 163-82.3(a)
35	(1)	Name,
36	(1) $(2)$	Date of birth,
37	(2)	Residence address,
38	(4)	County of residence,
39	(5)	Date of application,
40	(6)	Gender,
41	(7)	Race,
42	(7a)	Ethnicity,
43	(8)	Political party affiliation, if any, in accordance with subsection (c) of
44		this section,

(9) Telephone number (to assist the county board of elections in 1 2 contacting the voter if needed in processing the application), 3 Drivers license number or, if the applicant does not have a drivers (10)4 license number, the last four digits of the applicant's social security 5 number. 6 and any other information the State Board finds is necessary to enable officials of the 7 county where the person resides to satisfactorily process the application. The form shall 8 require the applicant to state whether currently registered to vote anywhere, and at what 9 address, so that any prior registration can be cancelled. The portions of the form 10 concerning race and ethnicity shall include as a choice any category shown by the most recent decennial federal census to compose at least one percent (1%) of the total 11 12 population of North Carolina. The county board shall make a diligent effort to complete 13 for the registration records any information requested on the form that the applicant 14 does not complete, but no application shall be denied because an applicant does not 15 state race, ethnicity, gender, or telephone number. The application shall conspicuously state that provision of the applicant's telephone number is optional. If the county board 16 17 maintains voter records on computer, the free list provided under this subsection shall 18 include telephone numbers if the county board enters the telephone number into its computer records of voters. 19 No Drivers License or Social Security Number Issued. - The State Board 20 (a1)

21 shall assign a unique identifier number to an applicant for voter registration if the applicant has not been issued either a current and valid drivers license or a social 22 23 security number. That unique identifier number shall serve to identify that applicant for 24 voter registration purposes.

25 (b) Notice of Requirements, Attestation, Notice of Penalty, and Notice of Confidentiality. – The form required by G.S. 163-82.3(a) shall contain, in uniform type, 26 27 the following:

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- (1)A statement that specifies each eligibility requirement (including citizenship) and an attestation that the applicant meets each such requirement, with a requirement for the signature of the applicant, under penalty of a Class I felony under G.S. 163-275(13).
- A statement that, if the applicant declines to register to vote, the fact (2)that the applicant has declined to register will remain confidential and will be used only for voter registration purposes.
- 35 36 37
- (3) A statement that, if the applicant does register to vote, the office at which the applicant submits a voter registration application will remain confidential and will be used only for voter registration purposes.

38 Party Affiliation or Unaffiliated Status. - The application form described in (c) 39 G.S. 163-82.3(a) shall provide a place for the applicant to state a preference to be affiliated with one of the political parties in G.S. 163-96, or a preference to be an 40 "unaffiliated" voter. Every person who applies to register shall state his preference. If 41 42 the applicant fails to declare a preference for a party or for unaffiliated status, that person shall be listed as "unaffiliated", except that if the person is already registered to 43 44 vote in the county and that person's registration already contains a party affiliation, the

1	county board shall not change the registrant's status to "unaffiliated" unless the
2	registrant clearly indicates a desire in accordance with G.S. 163-82.17 for such a
3	change. An unaffiliated registrant shall not be eligible to vote in any political party
4	primary, except as provided in G.S. 163-119, but may vote in any other primary or
5	general election. The application form shall so state.
6	(d) Citizenship and Age Questions. – Voter registration application forms shall
7	include all of the following:
8	(1) The question "Are you a citizen of the United States of America?" and
9	boxes for the applicant to check to indicate whether the applicant is or
10	is not a citizen of the United States.
11	(2) The question "Will you be 18 years of age on or before election day?"
12	and boxes for the applicant to check to indicate whether the applicant
13	will be 18 years of age or older on election day.
14	(3) The statement "If you checked 'no' in response to either of these
15	questions, do not complete this form."
16	(e) <u>Correcting Registration Forms. – If the voter fails to answer the question set</u>
17	out in subdivision (1) of this subsection (d) of this section, the person filling out the
18	registrationvoter shall be notified of the omission and given the opportunity to complete
19	the form in a timely manner in order to be registered for the next election.at any time
20	before casting a vote in the election on election day. If the voter corrects that omission
21	within that time, the voter may vote in the election."
22	SECTION 16. G.S. 163-132.1 reads as rewritten:
	SECTION 10, 0.5, 105-152.1 reads as rewritten.
22	
	"§ 163-132.1. Participation in <del>2000</del> <u>2010</u> Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.
23	"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the
23 24	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010</li> </ul>
23 24 25	"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.
23 24 25 26	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program)</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program) and Phase II (concerning the designation of precincts on 2000 Census maps or</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program) and Phase II (concerning the designation of precincts on 2000 Census maps or databases), so that the State will receive 20002010 Census data by voting precinct and</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program) and Phase II (concerning the designation of precincts on 2000 Census maps or databases), so that the State will receive 20002010 Census data by voting precinct and be able to revise districts at all levels without splitting precincts and in compliance with</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program) and Phase II (concerning the designation of precincts on 2000 Census maps or databases), so that the State will receive 20002010 Census data by voting precinct and be able to revise districts at all levels without splitting precincts and in compliance with the United States and North Carolina Constitutions and the Voting Rights Act of 1965,</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program) and Phase II (concerning the designation of precincts on 2000 Census maps or databases), so that the State will receive 20002010 Census data by voting precinct and be able to revise districts at all levels without splitting precincts and in compliance with the United States and North Carolina Constitutions and the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended.</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> <li>30</li> <li>31</li> <li>32</li> <li>33</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program) and Phase II (concerning the designation of precincts on 2000 Census maps or databases), so that the State will receive 20002010 Census data by voting precinct and be able to revise districts at all levels without splitting precincts and in compliance with the United States and North Carolina Constitutions and the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended.</li> <li>(b) Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program). The State shall participate</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program) and Phase II (concerning the designation of precincts on 2000 Census maps or databases), so that the State will receive 20002010 Census data by voting precinct and be able to revise districts at all levels without splitting precincts and in compliance with the United States and North Carolina Constitutions and the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended.</li> <li>(b) Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program). The State shall participate in the Block Boundary Suggestion Program of the United States Bureau of the Census</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program) and Phase II (concerning the designation of precincts on 2000 Census maps or databases), so that the State will receive 20002010 Census data by voting precinct and be able to revise districts at all levels without splitting precincts and in compliance with the United States and North Carolina Constitutions and the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended.</li> <li>(b) Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program). The State shall participate in the Block Boundary Suggestion Program of the United States Bureau of the Census so that the maps the Census Bureau will use in the 2000 Census will contain adequate</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program) and Phase II (concerning the designation of precincts on 2000 Census maps or databases), so that the State will receive 20002010 Census data by voting precinct and be able to revise districts at all levels without splitting precincts and in compliance with the United States and North Carolina Constitutions and the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended.</li> <li>(b) Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program). The State shall participate in the Block Boundary Suggestion Program of the United States Bureau of the Census so that the maps the Census Bureau will use in the 2000 Census will contain adequate features to permit reporting of Census data by precinct for use in the 2001 redistricting</li> </ul>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>"§ 163-132.1. Participation in 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program of the United States Bureau of the Census.</li> <li>(a) Purpose. – The State of North Carolina shall participate in the 20002010 Census Redistricting Data Program, conducted pursuant to P.L. 94-171, of the United States Bureau of the Census, including Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program) and Phase II (concerning the designation of precincts on 2000 Census maps or databases), so that the State will receive 20002010 Census data by voting precinct and be able to revise districts at all levels without splitting precincts and in compliance with the United States and North Carolina Constitutions and the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended.</li> <li>(b) Phase I (Block Boundary Suggestion Program). The State shall participate in the Block Boundary Suggestion Program of the United States Bureau of the Census so that the maps the Census Bureau will use in the 2000 Census will contain adequate features to permit reporting of Census data by precinct for use in the 2001 redistricting efforts. The Legislative Services Office shall send preliminary maps produced by the</li> </ul>
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1		identifying physical features the county boards may wish to have
2		available for future precinct boundaries;
3	(2)	Place those boundaries and features on maps deemed appropriate by
4		the State Board;
5	<del>(3)</del>	Request the U.S. Census Bureau to hold for census block identification
6		in the 2000 U.S. Census all physical features the county boards have
7		identified as current or potential precinct boundaries; and
8	<del>(4)</del>	Request the U.S. Census Bureau to hold for census block identification
9		in the 2000 U.S. Census all other physical features already on 1990
10		Census maps.
11	(c) Phase	e II The State shall participate in Phase II of the 2000 Census
12	Redistricting D	ata Program so that, to the extent practical, the precinct boundaries of all
13	North Carolina	counties will appear on the 2000 Census maps or database. The State's
14	effort shall be c	onducted as follows:
15	(1)	By January 1, 1998, or as soon thereafter as they become available, the
16		Legislative Services Office shall provide the county boards of
17		elections with access, on paper or electronically, to the Census
18		Bureau's maps for Phase II of the Census Redistricting Data Program.
19	<del>(2)</del>	After receiving the maps, the county boards of elections shall
20		designate their precinct lines along the lines the Census Bureau
21		indicates on the maps it will hold as block boundaries for the 2000
22		Census. Where necessary, the county boards of elections shall alter
23		precincts, including any precincts approved under the provisions of
24		G.S. 163-132.1A, 163-132.2, or 163-132.3 or designated by local act,
25		to conform to lines the Census Bureau indicates it will hold as Census
26		block boundaries as shown on the official block maps to be used for
27		the 2000 Census and to consist only of contiguous territory. The
28		county boards of elections, at a time deemed necessary by the
29		Executive Director of the State Board of Elections, shall file with the
30		Legislative Services Office the maps on which they have designated
31		their precincts pursuant to this subsection.
32	<del>(3)</del>	After examining the maps, the Legislative Services Office shall submit
33		to the Executive Director of the State Board of Elections its opinion as
34		to whether the county board of elections has complied with the
35		provisions of this subsection, with notations as to where those
36		boundaries do not comply with these standards.
37	(4)	If the Executive Director determines that the county board of elections
38		has complied, he shall approve the precinct boundaries as filed and
39	(7)	those precincts shall be the official precincts.
40	(5)	If the Executive Director determines that the county board of elections
41		has not complied, he shall not approve those precinct boundaries but
42 42		shall alter the precinct boundaries so that each precinct consists solely of contiguous territory and that each precinct's boundaries are
43 44		of contiguous territory and that each precinct's boundaries are
44		coterminous with 2000 Census block boundaries nearest to the precinct

1			boundaries shown by the county boards on the maps. These altered
2			precincts shall then be the official precincts.
3		<del>(6)</del>	Upon the adoption of a resolution by a county board of elections and
4		(0)	instead of altering precinct lines as required by G.S. 163-132.1(c)(5),
5			the Executive Director may combine for Census reporting purposes
6			only two or more adjacent precincts of the county into a Combined
0 7			Reporting Unit, if the Executive Director finds that:
8			
o 9			a. The boundaries of the Combined Reporting Unit conform with the Census block boundaries as shown on the official block
10			maps to be used in the 2000 Census; The Combined Departing Unit consists only of continuous
11			b. The Combined Reporting Unit consists only of contiguous
12			territory;
13			c. The precincts of which the Combined Reporting Unit consists
14			were bounded as of January 1, 1996, by ridgelines, as certified
15			on official county maps by the county manager of the relevant
16			county, or if there is no county manager the chair of the board
17			of commissioners, and the boundaries failed to comply with
18			subdivision (2) of this subsection only because those ridgelines
19			were unrecognized as Census block boundaries in the 2000
20			official Census maps;
21			d. The Combined Reporting Unit does not contain a majority of
22			the territory of more than one township; and
23			e. To alter those precinct boundaries would result in significant
24			voter dislocation.
25			If the Executive Director recognizes a Combined Reporting Unit
26			for specific precincts, the official boundaries of those individual
27			precincts forming the Combined Reporting Unit shall be those which
28			the Legislative Services Office submitted to the Executive Director
29			under subdivision (3) of this subsection.
30		(7)	The Executive Director shall file the completed maps with the Census
31			Bureau and request that the Census Bureau provide summaries of 2000
32			Census data by precinct and Combined Reporting Units.
33	<del>(d)</del>	Freez	zing of Precincts.
34		(1)	Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 163-132.3, after the Executive
35			Director approves the precincts in accordance with subsection (c) of
36			this section and before January 2, 2002, no county board of elections
37			may establish, alter, discontinue, or create any precinct except by
38			division of one precinct into two or more precincts using lines that the
39			Census Bureau has indicated it will use as 2000 Census block
40			boundaries for that division. Provided that, whenever an annexation
41			ordinance adopted under Parts 1, 2, or 3 of Article 4A of Chapter 160A
42			of the General Statutes, or a local act of the General Assembly
43			annexing property to a municipality, becomes effective during the
44			period beginning with the date of the annexation as reported through

1       the U.S. Census Bureau's 1998 Boundary and Annexation Survey or a subsequent edition of that survey and ending January 2, 2002, and any part of the boundary of the area being annexed which is actually contiguous to the city is also a precinct boundary for elections administered by the county board of elections then the county board of elections may exercise one of the following options:         5       a. Direct by resolution that the annexed area is automatically moved into the "city precinct", provided that if the annexed area is adjacent to more than one city precinct, the board of elections shall place the area in any one or more of the adjacent city precincts.         10       shalp are the area in any one or more of the adjacent city precincts.         11       precincts.         12       b. Adopt a resolution moving the precinct boundary to a line that the Census Bureau has indicated it will use as a 2000 block boundary.         13       the Executive Director of the State Board of Elections may permit during the freeze a correction to a county's precincts as they were approved pursuant to subsection (c) of this section where one of the following sets of conditions is present:         19       a. A precinct was designated pursuant to subsection (c) inaccurately, and the United States Bureau to subsection (c) of this section where one of a precinct line for a precinct line based upon a determination by the Bureau that the feature did not exist as shown, and the county board of elections agrees to include the corrected precinct on its database for the 2000 Census.         23       b. The boundary of a precinct designated pursuant to subsection (c) of this section was ubsequenthy for the precinct on a feature the Bureau
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37 precinct lines.
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38(4)The county board of elections shall submit any proposed change made
39 during the freeze under this subsection to the Legislative Services
40 Office, which shall review the proposal and write a letter advising the
41 Executive Director of its opinion as to the legal compliance of the
42 proposal. If the proposal complies with the law, the Executive Director
43 shall approve the proposal. No newly created or altered precinct

boundary is effective until approved by the Executive Director as 1 being in compliance with the provisions of this subsection. 2 3 Right to Postpone Effective Date Until January 1, 2000. A county board of (d1)4 elections may postpone the effective date of the precincts designated in Phase II until January 1, 2000. 5 6 (d2)Special Permission to Postpone Effective Date Until January 1, 2001. The 7 Executive Director may permit a county board of elections to postpone the effective 8 date of precinct lines designated under Phase II until January 1, 2001, upon written 9 application by the county board of elections, if the Executive Director finds both of the 10 following: That the Phase II-designated lines would create a split precinct in 2000 11 (1)12 for county commissioner, board of education, judicial, State 13 legislative, or congressional district elections and that a split could be 14 avoided by using the pre-Phase II precinct. That the county can provide reasonably reliable voter registration data 15 (2)16 for April and October of 2000 by the Phase II designated precincts. 17 In granting an exception under this subsection, the Executive Director shall allow an 18 exception only for the precincts that would result in splits and for any adjacent precincts 19 for which pre-Phase II precincts must be used to avoid geographic overlap or 20 discontinuity. Every county board of elections granted an exception under this 21 subsection shall provide to the State Board of Elections voter registration data for April and October of 2000 by the Phase II-designated precincts. 22 23 Municipal and Township Boundaries. Notwithstanding the provisions of <del>(e)</del> 24 subsections (c) and (d) of this section, the county boards of elections may designate precinct boundaries on municipal or township boundaries that are not designated on the 25 2000 official Census block maps, according to directives promulgated by the Executive 26 27 Director of the State Board of Elections and adopted to insure that all precincts shall be 28 included on the 2000 Census database. 29 Additional Rules. - In addition to the directives promulgated by the (f) 30 Executive Director of the State Board of Elections under G.S. 163-132.4, the Legislative Services Commission may promulgate rules to implement this section." 31 32 SECTION 17. G.S. 163-182.12 reads as rewritten: 33 "§ 163-182.12. Authority of State Board of Elections over protests. 34 The State Board of Elections may consider protests that were not filed in compliance 35 with G.S. 163-182.9, may initiate and consider complaints on its own motion, may intervene and take jurisdiction over protests pending before a county board, and may 36 take any other action necessary to assure that an election is determined without taint of 37 38 fraud or corruption. corruption and without irregularities that may have changed the 39 result of an election. Where a known group of voters cast votes that were lost beyond retrieval, the State Board of Elections may authorize a county board of elections to 40 allow those voters to recast their ballots during a period of two weeks after the election. 41 42 If the State Board approves a recasting of votes under this section, any procedures the county board uses to contact those voters and allow them to recast their votes shall be 43 44 subject to approval by the State Board. Those recast votes shall be added to the returns

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- and included in the canvass. The recasting of those votes shall not be deemed a new
   election for purposes of G.S. 163-182.13."
- 3 SECTION 18. Sections 2, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16 of this act are
- 4 effective when this act becomes law and apply to all primaries and elections held on or
- 5 after that date. The remainder of this act becomes effective January 1, 2006, and applies
- 6 to all primaries and elections held on or after that date.