## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H HOUSE DRH70269-LE-177A\* (3/15)

Short Title	Placing Students in Seclusion. (1	Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Glazier, Preston, and Farmer-Butterfield (P Sponsors).	rimary
Referred to	:	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT		AND
RESTR	AINT IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND TO PROVIDE FOR TRAININ	NG IN
MANA	GEMENT OF STUDENT BEHAVIOR.	
The Genera	al Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
,	SECTION 1. Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by ad	lding a
new section	n to read:	
	91.1. Permissible use of seclusion and restraint.	
<u> </u>	t is the policy of the State of North Carolina to:	
<u>(</u>	1) Promote safety and prevent harm to all students, staff, and visi	tors in
	the public schools.	
<u>(</u>	2) Treat all public school students with dignity and respect in the de	
	of discipline, use of physical restraints or seclusion, and	use of
	reasonable force as permitted by law.	c
<u>(</u>	3) Provide school staff with clear guidelines about what constitutes	use or
,	reasonable force permissible in North Carolina public schools.	
<u>(</u>	4) Improve student achievement, attendance, promotion, and grad	
	rates by employing positive behavioral interventions to address s	<u>tuaent</u>
,	<ul><li>behavior in a positive and safe manner.</li><li>Promote retention of valuable teachers and other school person</li></ul>	nal by
<u>7</u>	providing appropriate training in prescribed procedures, which a	
	student behavior in a positive and safe manner.	<u>.uu1038</u>
<u>(b)</u> ]	Definition of Terms:	
		ensory

1			<u>disat</u>	bility that causes or reasonably may be expected to cause one or
2			more	e of the following:
3			<u>a.</u>	Significant physical harm, such as tissue damage, physical
4				illness, and/or death.
5			<u>b.</u>	Serious, foreseeable long-term psychological impairment.
6			<u>c</u> .	Obvious repulsion on the part of observers who cannot
7				reconcile such extreme procedures with acceptable, standard
8				practice, for example: electric shock applied to the body;
9				extreme auditory stimuli; forcible introduction of foul
10				substances to the mouth, eyes, ears, nose, or skin; placement in
11				a tub of cold water or shower; slapping, pinching, hitting, or
12				pulling hair; blindfolding or other forms of visual blocking;
13				unreasonable withholding of meals; eating one's own vomit; or
14				denial of reasonable access to toileting facilities.
15		<u>(2)</u>	Isola	tion means a behavior management technique in which a student
16				laced alone in an enclosed space from which the student is
17			_	ented from leaving.
18		<u>(3)</u>	-	enforcement officer means a sworn law enforcement officer with
19		(2)		ower to arrest.
20		<u>(4)</u>	_	raint:
21		<u>\ /</u>	a.	Physical restraint means the use of physical force to restrict the
22			<u>u.</u>	free movement of all or a portion of a student's body.
23			<u>b.</u>	Mechanical restraint means the use of any device or material
24			<u>o.</u>	attached or adjacent to a student's body that restricts freedom of
25				movement or normal access to any portion of the student's body
26				and that the student cannot easily remove.
27		<u>(5)</u>	Scho	pol personnel means:
28		<u>(5)</u>	<u>a.</u>	Employees of a local board of education.
29			<u>а.</u> b.	Any person working on school grounds or at a school function
30			<u>0.</u>	under a contract or written agreement with the public school
31				system to provide educational or related services to students.
32			<u>c.</u>	Any person working on school grounds or at a school function
33			<u>c.</u>	for another agency providing educational or related services to
34				students.
35		<u>(6)</u>	Sech	usion means the confinement of a student alone in an enclosed
36		(0)		e from which the student is:
37			a.	Physically prevented from leaving by locking hardware or other
38			<u>a.</u>	means.
39			b.	Not capable of leaving due to physical or cognitive incapacity.
40		(7)		e-out means a behavior management technique in which a student
40		<u>(7)</u>		eparated from other students for a limited period of time in a
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42	(a)	Dhya		itored setting.
43	<u>(c)</u>	rnys	icai Ke	estraint:

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1		<u>(1)</u>	Physical restraint of students by school personnel shall be considered a
2			reasonable use of force when used in the following circumstances:
3			a. As reasonably needed to obtain possession of a weapon or other
4			dangerous objects on a person or within the control of a person.
5			b. As reasonably needed to maintain order or prevent or break up a
6			fight.
7			<u>c.</u> <u>As reasonably needed for self-defense.</u>
8			d. As reasonably needed to ensure the safety of any student,
9			school employee, volunteer, or other person present, to teach a
10			skill, to calm or comfort a student, or to prevent self-injurious
11			behavior.
12			e. As reasonably needed to escort a student safely from one area to
13			another.
14			f. If used as provided for in a student's Individualized Education
15			Plan (IEP) or Section 504 plan or behavior intervention plan.
16			g. As reasonably needed to prevent imminent destruction to school
17			or another person's property.
18		<u>(2)</u>	Except as set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, physical
19			restraint of students shall not be considered a reasonable use of force,
20			and its use is prohibited.
21		<u>(3)</u>	Physical restraint shall not be considered a reasonable use of force
22			when used solely as a disciplinary consequence.
22 23		<u>(4)</u>	Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the use of
24			force by law enforcement officers in the lawful exercise of their law
25			enforcement duties.
26	<u>(d)</u>	Mech	anical Restraint:
27		<u>(1)</u>	Mechanical restraint of students by school personnel is permissible
28			only in the following circumstances:
29			a. When properly used as an assistive technology device included
30			in the student's IEP or Section 504 plan or behavior intervention
31			plan or as otherwise prescribed for the student by a medical or
32			related service provider.
33			b. When using seat belts or other safety restraints to secure
34			students during transportation.
34 35			c. As reasonably needed to obtain possession of a weapon or other
36			dangerous objects on a person or within the control of a person.
37			<u>d.</u> <u>As reasonably needed for self-defense.</u>
38			e. As reasonably needed to ensure the safety of any student,
39			school employee, volunteer, or other person present.
40		<u>(2)</u>	Except as set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, mechanical
41			restraint, including the tying, taping, or strapping down of a student,
42			shall not be considered a reasonable use of force, and its use is
43			prohibited.

1		<u>(3)</u>	Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the use of
2			mechanical restraint devices, such as handcuffs by law enforcement
3			officers in the lawful exercise of their law enforcement duties.
4	<u>(e)</u>	Seclu	usion:
5		<u>(1)</u>	Seclusion of students by school personnel may be used in the
6			following circumstances:
7			a. As reasonably needed to respond to a person in control of a
8			weapon or other dangerous object.
9			b. As reasonably needed to maintain order or prevent or break up a
10			fight.
11			c. As reasonably needed for self-defense.
12			d. As reasonably needed when a student's behavior poses a threat
13			of imminent physical harm to self or others or imminent
14			substantial destruction of school or another person's property.
15			e. When used as specified in the student's IEP, Section 504 plan,
16			or behavior intervention plan.
17			1. The student is monitored while in seclusion by an adult
18			in close proximity who is able to see and hear the student
19			at all times.
20			2. The student is released from seclusion upon cessation of
21			the behaviors that led to the seclusion or as otherwise
22			specified in the student's IEP or Section 504 plan.
23			3. The space in which the student is confined has been
24			approved for such use by the local education agency.
25			The state of the s
26			<ul><li>4. The space is appropriately lighted.</li><li>5. The space is appropriately ventilated and heated or</li></ul>
27			cooled.
28			6. The space is free of objects that unreasonably expose the
29			student or others to harm.
30		(2)	Except as set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the use of
31		(2)	seclusion is not considered reasonable force, and its use is not
32			permitted.
33		<u>(3)</u>	Seclusion shall not be considered a reasonable use of force when used
34		(2)	solely as a disciplinary consequence.
35		(4)	Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the use of
36		<u>(+)</u>	seclusion by law enforcement officers in the lawful exercise of their
37			law enforcement duties.
38	(f)	Icola	tion. – Isolation is permitted as a behavior management technique
39	provided		tion. – Isolation is permitted as a behavior management technique
40	provided		The space used for isolation is appropriately lighted, ventilated, and
		<u>(1)</u>	* * * * * *
41		(2)	heated or cooled.  The duration of the isolation is reasonable in light of the purpose of the
42		<u>(2)</u>	The duration of the isolation is reasonable in light of the purpose of the
43		(2)	isolation. The student is reasonably monitored while in isolation
44		<u>(3)</u>	The student is reasonably monitored while in isolation.

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1	<u>(4</u> )	<u>The</u>	isolation space is free of objects that unreasonably expose the
2		stud	ent or others to harm.
3	<u>(g)</u> <u>Ti</u>	me-Out -	- Nothing in this section is intended to prohibit or regulate the use
4	of time-out a	s defined	<u>l herein.</u>
5	<u>(h)</u> <u>Av</u>	versive P	Procedures. – The use of aversive procedures as defined herein is
6	prohibited in	public s	chools.
7	<u>(i)</u> No	othing in	n this section modifies the rights of school personnel to use
8	reasonable fo	orce as p	ermitted under G.S. 115C-390 or modifies the rules and procedures
9	governing di	scipline	pursuant to G.S. 115C-391(a).
10	<u>(1</u> )	Noti	ice of procedures. – Each board of education shall provide copies
11		of the	nis section and all local board policies developed to implement this
12		sect	ion to school personnel and parents or guardians at the beginning
13			ach school year.
14	<u>(2</u> )	Noti	ice of specified incidents:
15		<u>a.</u>	School personnel shall promptly notify the principal or
16			principal's designee of:
17			1. Any use of aversive procedures.
18			2. Any prohibited use of mechanical restraint.
19			3. Any use of physical restraint resulting in observable
20			physical injury to a student.
21			4. Any prohibited use of seclusion or seclusion that exceeds
21 22 23 24			10 minutes or the amount of time specified on a student's
23			behavior intervention plan.
24		<u>b.</u>	When a principal or principal's designee has personal
25 26			knowledge or actual notice of any of the events described in this
26			subdivision, the principal or principal's designee shall promptly
27			notify the student's parent or guardian and will provide the
28			name of a school employee the parent or guardian can contact
29			regarding the incident.
30	<u>(3</u> )		used in subdivision (2) of this subsection, prompt notice means by
31			end of the workday during which the incident occurred when
32			onably possible, but in no event later than the end of following
33		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>kday.</u>
34	<u>(4</u> )		parent or guardian of the student shall be provided with a written
35			dent report for any incident reported under this section within a
36			onable period of time, but in no event later than 30 days after the
37		inci	dent. The written incident report shall include:
38		<u>a.</u>	The date, time of day, location, duration, and description of the
39			incident and interventions.
40		<u>b.</u>	The events or events that led up to the incident.
41		<u>c.</u>	The nature and extent of any injury to the student.
42		<u>d.</u>	The name of a school employee the parent or guardian can
43			contact regarding the incident.

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- (5) No local board of education or employee of a local board of education shall discharge, threaten, or otherwise retaliate against another employee of the board regarding that employee's compensation, terms, conditions, location, or privileges of employment because the employee makes a report alleging a prohibited use of physical restraint, mechanical restraint, aversive procedure, or seclusion, unless the employee knew or should have known that the report was false.
- Nothing in this section shall be construed to create a private cause of action (k) against any local board of education, its agents or employees, or any institutions of teacher education or their agents or employees."

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 115C-296 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 115C-296. Board sets certification requirements.

(b) It is the policy of the State of North Carolina to maintain the highest quality teacher education programs and school administrator programs in order to enhance the competence of professional personnel certified in North Carolina. To the end that teacher preparation programs are upgraded to reflect a more rigorous course of study, the State Board of Education, as lead agency in coordination and cooperation with the University Board of Governors, the Board of Community Colleges and such other public and private agencies as are necessary, shall continue to refine the several certification requirements, standards for approval of institutions of teacher education, standards for institution-based innovative and experimental programs, standards for implementing consortium-based teacher education, and standards for improved efficiencies in the administration of the approved programs. The certification program shall provide for initial certification after completion of preservice training, continuing certification after three years of teaching experience, and certificate renewal every five years thereafter, until the retirement of the teacher. The last certificate renewal received prior to retirement shall remain in effect for five years after retirement.

The State Board of Education, as lead agency in coordination with the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina and any other public and private agencies as necessary, shall continue to raise standards for entry into teacher education programs.

The State Board of Education, in consultation with the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, shall evaluate and develop enhanced requirements for continuing certification. The new requirements shall reflect more rigorous standards for continuing certification and to the extent possible shall be aligned with quality professional development programs that reflect State priorities for improving student achievement.

The State Board of Education, in consultation with local boards of education and the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, shall reevaluate and enhance the requirements for renewal of teacher certificates. The State Board shall consider modifications in the certificate renewal achievement and to make it a mechanism for teachers to renew continually their knowledge and professional skills. The State Board shall adopt new standards for the renewal of teacher certificates by May 15, 1998.

Page 6 H1032 [Filed] The standards for approval of institutions of teacher education shall require that teacher education programs for <u>all</u> students who do not major in special education include demonstrated competencies in (i) the identification and education of children with <u>learning disabilities</u>. <u>disabilities</u> and (ii) positive management of student behavior and effective communication techniques for defusing and deescalating disruptive or dangerous behavior. The State Board of Education shall incorporate the criteria developed in accordance with G.S. 116-74.21 for assessing proposals under the School Administrator Training Program into its school administrator program approval standards.

All North Carolina institutions of higher education that offer teacher education programs, masters degree programs in education, or masters degree programs in school administration shall provide performance reports to the State Board of Education. The performance reports shall follow a common format, shall be submitted according to a plan developed by the State Board, and shall include the information required under the plan developed by the State Board.

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(c) It is the policy of the State of North Carolina to encourage lateral entry into the profession of teaching by skilled individuals from the private sector. To this end, before the 1985-86 school year begins, the State Board of Education shall develop criteria and procedures to accomplish the employment of such individuals as classroom teachers. Beginning with the 2006-2007 school year, such criteria and procedures shall include preservice training in (i) the identification and education of children with disabilities and (ii) positive management of student behavior, effective communication for defusing and deescalating disruptive or dangerous behavior, and safe and appropriate use of seclusion and restraint. Regardless of credentials or competence, no one shall begin teaching above the middle level of differentiation. Skilled individuals who choose to enter the profession of teaching laterally may be granted a provisional teaching certificate for no more than five years and shall be required to obtain certification before contracting for a sixth year of service with any local administrative unit in this State.

It is further the policy of the State of North Carolina to ensure that local boards of education can provide the strongest possible leadership for schools based upon the identified and changing needs of individual schools. To this end, before the 1994-95 school year begins, the State Board of Education shall carefully consider a lateral entry program for school administrators to ensure that local boards of education will have sufficient flexibility to attract able candidates.

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## **SECTION 3.** G.S. 115C-105.47(b)(9) reads as rewritten:

"(b) Each plan shall include each of the following components:

(9) Professional development clearly matched to the goals and objectives of the plan. This professional development shall include a component to train appropriate school personnel in the management of disruptive or dangerous student behavior. Appropriate school personnel may

include, but is not limited to, teachers, teacher assistants, school 1 administrators, bus drivers, school resource officers, school 2 3 psychologists, and school counselors. The training shall include instruction in positive management of student behavior, effective 4 5 communication for defusing and deescalating disruptive or dangerous 6 behavior, and safe and appropriate use of seclusion and restraint. The 7 appropriate personnel with priority for the training shall include those 8 staff members who are most likely to be called upon to prevent or 9 address disruptive or dangerous student behavior. Each local board of 10 education shall include in this component of its safe school plan procedures to evaluate the effectiveness of this training in preventing 11 12 or addressing disruptive or dangerous student behavior. Local boards of education are encouraged to use available sources of discretionary 13 14 revenue to implement the plan to train personnel in the management of 15 disruptive or dangerous student behavior. Local boards may only be required to implement the behavior management training component 16 17 of the plan to the extent that funds have been appropriated for this 18 purpose by the General Assembly or by local units of government. By January 1, 2006, local boards of education shall amend their safe 19 20 school plans to include this training component." 21

**SECTION 4.** G.S. 115C-47 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read: "**§ 115C-47.** Powers and duties generally.

In addition to the powers and duties designated in G.S. 115C-36, local boards of education shall have the power or duty:

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(45) To report certain incidents of seclusion and restraint. – Local boards of education shall maintain a record of incidents reported under G.S. 115C-391.1(j)(4) and shall provide this information annually to the State Board of Education."

**SECTION 5.** G.S. 143-138(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) Contents of the Code. – The North Carolina State Building Code, as adopted by the Building Code Council, may include reasonable and suitable classifications of buildings and structures, both as to use and occupancy; general building restrictions as to location, height, and floor areas; rules for the lighting and ventilation of buildings and structures; requirements concerning means of egress from buildings and structures; requirements concerning means of ingress in buildings and structures; rules governing construction and precautions to be taken during construction; rules as to permissible materials, loads, and stresses; rules governing chimneys, heating appliances, elevators, and other facilities connected with the buildings and structures; rules governing plumbing, heating, air conditioning for the purpose of comfort cooling by the lowering of temperature, and electrical systems; and such other reasonable rules pertaining to the construction of buildings and structures and the installation of particular facilities therein as may be found reasonably necessary for the protection of the occupants of the building or structure, its neighbors, and members of the public at large.

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 In addition, the Code may regulate activities and conditions in buildings, structures, and premises that pose dangers of fire, explosion, or related hazards. Such fire prevention code provisions shall be considered the minimum standards necessary to preserve and protect public health and safety, subject to approval by the Council of more stringent provisions proposed by a municipality or county as provided in G.S. 143-138(e). These provisions may include regulations requiring the installation of either battery-operated or electrical smoke detectors in every dwelling unit used as rental property, regardless of the date of construction of the rental property. For dwelling units used as rental property constructed prior to 1975, smoke detectors shall have an Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., listing or other equivalent national testing laboratory approval, and shall be installed in accordance with either the standard of the National Fire Protection Association or the minimum protection designated in the manufacturer's instructions, which the property owner shall retain or provide as proof of compliance.

The Code may contain provisions regulating every type of building or structure, wherever it might be situated in the State.

Provided further, that nothing in this Article shall be construed to make any building rules applicable to farm buildings located outside the building-rules jurisdiction of any municipality.

Provided further, that no building permit shall be required under the Code or any local variance thereof approved under subsection (e) for any construction, installation, repair, replacement, or alteration costing five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less in any single family residence or farm building unless the work involves: the addition, repair, or replacement of load bearing structures; the addition (excluding replacement of same size and capacity) or change in the design of plumbing; the addition, replacement or change in the design of heating, air conditioning, or electrical wiring, devices, appliances, or equipment, the use of materials not permitted by the North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code; or the addition (excluding replacement of like grade of fire resistance) of roofing.

Provided further, that no building permit shall be required under such Code from any State agency for the construction of any building or structure, the total cost of which is less than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), except public or institutional buildings.

For the information of users thereof, the Code shall include as appendices

- (1) Any rules governing boilers adopted by the Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessels Rules,
- (2) Any rules relating to the safe operation of elevators adopted by the Commissioner of Labor, and
- (3) Any rules relating to sanitation adopted by the Commission for Health Services which the Building Code Council believes pertinent.

In addition, the Code may include references to such other rules of special types, such as those of the Medical Care Commission and the Department of Public Instruction as may be useful to persons using the Code. No rule issued by any agency other than the Building Code Council shall be construed as a part of the Code, nor supersede that Code, it being intended that they be presented with the Code for information only.

Nothing in this Article shall extend to or be construed as being applicable to the regulation of the design, construction, location, installation, or operation of (1) equipment for storing, handling, transporting, and utilizing liquefied petroleum gases for fuel purposes or anhydrous ammonia or other liquid fertilizers, except for liquefied petroleum gas from the outlet of the first stage pressure regulator to and including each liquefied petroleum gas utilization device within a building or structure covered by the Code, or (2) equipment or facilities, other than buildings, of a public utility, as defined in G.S. 62-3, or an electric or telephone membership corporation, including without limitation poles, towers, and other structures supporting electric or communication lines.

In addition, the Code may contain rules concerning minimum efficiency requirements for replacement water heaters, which shall consider reasonable availability from manufacturers to meet installation space requirements.

No State, county, or local building code or regulation shall prohibit the use of special locking mechanisms for seclusion rooms in the public schools approved pursuant to G.S. 115C-391.1(e)(1)e., provided that the special locking mechanism shall be constructed so that it will engage only when a key, knob, handle, button, or other similar device is being held in position by a person, and provide further that, if the mechanism is electrically or electronically controlled, it automatically disengages when the building's fire alarm is activated. Upon release of the locking mechanism by a supervising adult, the door must be able to be opened readily."

**SECTION 6.** Except as otherwise provided, this act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

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