GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2003**

S SENATE BILL 861*

Senators Clodfelter and Hoyle.

(Public)

Short Title: Adopt International Building Code.

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Referred to: Commerce.

April 3, 2003

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO ADOPT THE INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE AS THE STATE BUILDING CODE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 143-138(a) reads as rewritten:

Preparation and Adoption. - The Building Code Council may prepare and "(a) adopt, in accordance with the provisions of this Article, a North Carolina State Building Code. Before the adoption of the Code, or any part of the Code, the Council shall hold at least one public hearing. A notice of the public hearing shall be published in the North Carolina Register at least 15 days before the date of the hearing. The North Carolina State Building Code shall be adopted by reference with limited technical amendments from the most current edition of the International Code Council's International Building Code. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-2(8a)h., the North Carolina State Building Code as adopted by the Building Code Council is a rule within the meaning of G.S. 150B-2(8a) and shall be adopted in accordance with the procedural requirements of Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.

The Building Code Council shall request the Office of State Budget and Management to prepare a fiscal note for a proposed Code change that has a substantial economic impact, as defined in G.S. 150B-21.4(b1), or that increases the cost of residential housing by eighty dollars (\$80.00) or more per housing unit. The change can become effective only in accordance with G.S. 143-138(d). Neither the Department of Insurance nor the Council shall be required to expend any monies to pay for the preparation of any fiscal note under this section by any person outside of the Department or Council unless the Department or Council contracts with a third-party vendor to prepare the fiscal note."

SECTION 2. G.S. 143-138(b) reads as rewritten:

Contents of the Code. – The North Carolina State Building Code, as adopted by the Building Code Council, may include reasonable and suitable classifications of buildings and structures, both as to use and occupancy; general building restrictions as

Sponsors:

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to location, height, and floor areas; rules for the lighting and ventilation of buildings and structures; requirements concerning means of egress from buildings and structures; requirements concerning means of ingress in buildings and structures; rules governing construction and precautions to be taken during construction; rules as to permissible materials, loads, and stresses; rules governing chimneys, heating appliances, elevators, and other facilities connected with the buildings and structures; rules governing plumbing, heating, air conditioning for the purpose of comfort cooling by the lowering of temperature, and electrical systems; and such other reasonable rules pertaining to the construction of buildings and structures and the installation of particular facilities therein as may be found reasonably necessary for the protection of the occupants of the building or structure, its neighbors, and members of the public at large.

In addition, the Code may regulate activities and conditions in buildings, structures, and premises that pose dangers of fire, explosion, or related hazards. Such fire prevention code provisions shall be considered the minimum standards necessary to preserve and protect public health and safety, subject to approval by the Council of more stringent provisions proposed by a municipality or county as provided in G.S. 143-138(e). These provisions may include regulations requiring the installation of either battery operated or electrical smoke detectors in every dwelling unit used as rental property, regardless of the date of construction of the rental property. For dwelling units used as rental property constructed prior to 1975, smoke detectors shall have an Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., listing or other equivalent national testing laboratory approval, and shall be installed in accordance with either the standard of the National Fire Protection Association or the minimum protection designated in the manufacturer's instructions, which the property owner shall retain or provide as proof of compliance. The North Carolina State Building Code shall contain the following codes adopted by reference from the International Code Council:

- (1) The International Building Code.
- (2) The International Plumbing Code.
- (3) The International Mechanical Code.
- (4) The International Fuel Gas Code.
- (5) The International Energy Conservation Code.
- (6) The International Fire Prevention Code.
- (7) The International Electric Code.

The Code may contain provisions regulating every type of building or structure, wherever it might be situated in the State.

Provided further, that nothing in this Article shall be construed to make any building rules applicable to farm buildings located outside the building-rules jurisdiction of any municipality.

Provided further, that no building permit shall be required under the Code or any local variance thereof approved under subsection (e) for any construction, installation, repair, replacement, or alteration costing five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less in any single family residence or farm building unless the work involves: the addition, repair, or replacement of load bearing structures; the addition (excluding replacement of same size and capacity) or change in the design of plumbing; the addition, replacement or

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change in the design of heating, air conditioning, or electrical wiring, devices, appliances, or equipment, the use of materials not permitted by the North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code; or the addition (excluding replacement of like grade of fire resistance) of roofing.

Provided further, that no building permit shall be required under such Code from any State agency for the construction of any building or structure, the total cost of which is less than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), except public or institutional buildings.

For the information of users thereof, the Code shall include as appendices

- (1) Any rules governing boilers adopted by the Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessels Rules,
- (2) Any rules relating to the safe operation of elevators adopted by the Commissioner of Labor, and
- (3) Any rules relating to sanitation adopted by the Commission for Health Services which the Building Code Council believes pertinent.

In addition, the Code may include references to such other rules of special types, such as those of the Medical Care Commission and the Department of Public Instruction as may be useful to persons using the Code. No rule issued by any agency other than the Building Code Council shall be construed as a part of the Code, nor supersede that Code, it being intended that they be presented with the Code for information only.

Nothing in this Article shall extend to or be construed as being applicable to the regulation of the design, construction, location, installation, or operation of (1) equipment for storing, handling, transporting, and utilizing liquefied petroleum gases for fuel purposes or anhydrous ammonia or other liquid fertilizers, except for liquefied petroleum gas from the outlet of the first stage pressure regulator to and including each liquefied petroleum gas utilization device within a building or structure covered by the Code, or (2) equipment or facilities, other than buildings, of a public utility, as defined in G.S. 62-3, or an electric or telephone membership corporation, including without limitation poles, towers, and other structures supporting electric or communication lines.

In addition, the Code may contain rules concerning minimum efficiency requirements for replacement water heaters, which shall consider reasonable availability from manufacturers to meet installation space requirements."

SECTION 3. G.S. 143-138(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Standards to Be Followed in Adopting the Code. – All regulations contained in the North Carolina State Building Code shall have a reasonable and substantial connection with the public health, safety, morals, or general welfare, and their provisions shall be construed reasonably to those ends. Requirements of the Code shall conform to good engineering practice. The Council may use as guidance, but is not required to adopt, shall adopt the requirements of the International Building Code of the International Code Council, the Standard Building Code of the Southern Building Code Congress International, Inc., the Uniform Building Code of the International Conference of Building Officials, the National Building Code of the Building Officials and Code Administrators, Inc., the National Electric Code, the Life Safety Code, the National Fuel Gas Code, the Fire Prevention Code of the National Fire Protection Association, the

Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators, and the Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, and standards promulgated by the American National Standards Institute, Standards Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., and similar national or international agencies engaged in research concerning strength of materials, safe design, and other factors bearing upon health and safety. Council."

SECTION 4. G.S. 143-138(d) reads as rewritten:

"(d) Amendments of the Code. – The Building Code Council may shall not revise and amend the North Carolina State Building Code, either on its own motion or upon application from any citizen, State agency, or political subdivision of the State. Code other than to conform administrative procedures in Chapter 1 of the International Building Code to North Carolina regulations and to conform accessibility provisions in Chapter 11 of the International Building Code to the North Carolina State Building Code, Accessibility Code, 2002 Edition. In adopting any administrative amendment, the Council shall comply with the same procedural requirements and the same standards set forth above for adoption of the Code.

Handbooks providing explanatory material on Code provisions shall be provided no later than January 1, 2000, and shall be updated with each revision of the Code or, in the discretion of the Council, more frequently. The Department may charge a reasonable fee for the handbooks."

SECTION 5. G.S. 143-138(g) reads as rewritten:

"(g) Publication and Distribution of Code. – The Building Code Council shall cause to be printed, after adoption by the Council, the North Carolina State Building Code and each amendment the administrative section thereto. It shall, at the State's expense, distribute copies of the Code and each amendment to State and local governmental officials, departments, agencies, and educational institutions, as is set out in the table below. (Those marked by an asterisk will receive copies only on written request to the Council.)

29 OFFICIAL OR AGENCY

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NUMBER OF COPIES

30	State Departments and Officials
31	Governor1
32	Lieutenant Governor1
33	Auditor1
34	Treasurer1
35	Secretary of State
36	Superintendent of Public Instruction
37	Attorney General (Library)1
38	Commissioner of Agriculture
39	Commissioner of Labor
40	Commissioner of Insurance
41	Department of Environment and Natural Resources
42	Department of Health and Human Services
43	Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention
44	Board of Transportation

1	Utilities Commission
2	Department of Administration
3	Clerk of the Supreme Court
4	Clerk of the Court of Appeals1
5	Clerk of the Superior Court
6	Department of Cultural Resources [State Library]5
7	Supreme Court Library
8	Legislative Library
9	Office of Administrative Hearings
10	Rules Review Commission
11	Schools
12	All state-supported colleges and universities
13	in the State of North Carolina*1 each
14	Local Officials
15	Clerks of the Superior Courts
16	Chief Building Inspector of each incorporated
17	municipality or county1
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19	In addition, the Building Code Council shall make additional copies available at
20	such price as it shall deem reasonable to members of the general public."
21	SECTION 6. G.S. 143-139 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
22	"(b2) Alternative Building Code Interpretations. – Interpretations of the North
23	Carolina State Building Code may also be obtained from the model code agency from
24	which the North Carolina State Building Code was adopted. Interpretations from the
25	model code agency shall have the same legal force and effect as interpretations from the
26	Department of Insurance."
27	SECTION 7. G.S. 143-141 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
28	"(b1) Resolving Interpretation Disputes When a dispute arises regarding the
29	interpretation of a provision of the North Carolina State Building Code between the
30	Department of Insurance and the model code agency from which the North Carolina
31	State Building Code was adopted, the Building Code Council may hear an appeal and
32	rule on it pursuant to subsection (b) of this section."
33	SECTION 8. This act becomes effective October 1, 2004.