## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2003

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#### HOUSE DRH10219-LM-83A\* (03/26)

Short Title:	Net Metering.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representative Insko.	
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT REQUIRING ELECTRIC UTILITIES TO MAKE NET ENERGY
3	METERING AVAILABLE TO NONUTILITY CUSTOMERS WHO HAVE
4	THEIR OWN ELECTRIC GENERATION FACILITY.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	SECTION 1. Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
7	new Article to read:
8	"Article 5B.
9	"Net Energy Metering.
10	" <u>§ 62-109.1. Purpose.</u>
11	It's in the public interest to encourage small scale and diversified sources of
12	electrical generation to lessen North Carolina's dependence upon other sources that may,
13	from time to time, be uncertain. It is also in the public interest to encourage and support
14	diversified electrical production that uses indigenous and renewable fuels and has a
15	beneficial impact on the environment and public health. Net energy metering for
16	eligible customer-generators may be one way to provide a reasonable opportunity for
17	customers to choose interconnected self-generation, encourage private investment in
18	renewable energy resources, stimulate in-State commercialization of innovative and
19	beneficial new technology, enhance the future diversification of the State's energy
20	resource mix, and reduce interconnection and administrative costs for all parties.
21	" <u>§ 62-109.2. Definitions.</u>
22	The following definitions shall apply in this Article:
23	(1) Commission. – The North Carolina Utilities Commission.
24	(2) Customer-generator. – A nonutility owner of an electric generation
25	facility.

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1	<u>(3)</u>	Electric utility A public utility, as defined in G.S. 62-3(23), a
2		municipally owned and operated utility, or an electric cooperative that
3		delivers electricity to customers.
4	<u>(4)</u>	Net metering Using a single meter to measure the difference
5		between the electricity supplied by an electric utility and the electricity
6		generated by a customer-generator that is fed back to the electric utility
7		over the applicable billing period.
8	<u>(5)</u>	<u>Net metering facility. – A facility for the production of electricity that:</u>
9		a. Uses solar, wind, biomass, biogas, or hydroelectric energy to
10		generate electricity.
11		b. Has a generating capacity of not more than 20 kilowatts, if a
12		residential facility.
13		c. <u>Has a generating capacity of not more than 100 kilowatts, if a</u>
14		commercial, industrial, or institutional facility.
15		<u>d.</u> <u>Has a generating capacity of not more than one megawatt, if a</u>
16		farm-based facility.
17		e. <u>Is located on the customer-generator's premises.</u>
18		<u>f.</u> <u>Has the ability to be operated in parallel with an electric utility's</u>
19		existing transmission and distribution facilities.
20		g. Is intended primarily to offset part or all of the customer-
21		generator's requirements for electricity.
22	" <u>§ 62-109.3.</u> E	<u>lectric utility's responsibilities.</u>
23	(a) Every	y electric utility that offers residential and commercial service:
24	<u>(1)</u>	Shall offer to make net metering available to eligible customer-
25		generators.
26	<u>(2)</u>	Shall allow net metering facilities to be interconnected using a single
27		standard kilowatt-hour meter.
28	<u>(3)</u>	Shall offer to the customer-generator a tariff or contract, that is
29		identical, in energy rates, rate structure, and monthly charges, to the
30		contract or tariff that the customer would be assigned if the customer
31		were not an eligible customer-generator, but shall not charge the
32		customer-generator any additional standby, capacity, interconnection,
33		or other fee or charge.
34	<u>(4)</u>	May, at its own expense and with the consent of the customer-
35		generator, install additional metering equipment to separately monitor
36		the flow of electricity in each direction provided that the net effect on
37		billing is exactly the same as it would be if a single standard kilowatt-
38		hour meter was installed.
39	<u>(b)</u> <u>An e</u>	electric utility is not required to provide net metering to additional
40	customer-gener	ators in its service territory when the combined total peak generation
41	· · ·	customer-generators reaches one percent (1%) of the aggregate customer
42	peak demand in	the service territory.
43	" <u>§ 62-109.4.</u> N	et energy measured.

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1	Consistent v	with the other provisions of this Article, the net energy measurement
2	shall be calculat	ted as follows:
3	<u>(1)</u>	The electric utility shall measure the net electricity produced or
4		consumed during the billing period, in accordance with normal
5		metering practices of customers in the same rate class.
6	<u>(2)</u>	If the electricity supplied by the electric utility exceeds the electricity
7		generated by the customer-generator and fed back to the electric utility
8		during the billing period, the customer-generator shall be billed for the
9		net electricity supplied by the electric utility, in accordance with
10		normal metering and billing practices.
11	<u>(3)</u>	If electricity generated by the customer-generator equals or exceeds
12		the electricity supplied by the electric utility, the customer-generator:
13		a. Shall be billed for the appropriate customer charges for that
14		month, if any, in accordance with the requirements of this
15		Article.
16		b. Shall be credited for the excess kilowatt-hours generated during
17		the month, and the kilowatt-hour credit shall appear on the
18		customer-generator's bill for the following month.
19	<u>(4)</u>	For the billing cycle ending in December of each year, any remaining
20		unused kilowatt-hour credit accumulated during the previous year shall
21		be granted to the electric utility for distribution to customers enrolled
22		in the utility's low-income assistance programs, without any
23		compensation to the customer-generator.
24		et metering facility installed.
25		net metering facility shall be designed and installed to meet all
26	**	y and performance standards established by the National Electrical Code
27		rical codes, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, and
28	Underwriters La	
29 20		ectric utility may not require a customer-generator whose net metering the standards provided in subsection (a) of this section to:
30 31		Comply with additional safety or performance standards.
32	$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Perform or pay for additional tests.
32 33	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	Purchase liability insurance in excess of one hundred thousand dollars
33 34	<u>(3)</u>	(\$100,000) for residential facilities and three hundred thousand dollars
34 35		(\$300,000) for nonresidential facilities.
36	(4)	Sign any unfair or unreasonable indemnification agreement.
37		uties of Commission and governing body.
38		Commission, in the case of a public utility, or the appropriate governing
39		se of other electric utilities, after appropriate notice and opportunity for
40		develop a standard application for use by eligible customer-generators
41		t meter. The application shall contain: (i) relevant contact information
42		r-generator; (ii) the name and license number for the electrical contractor
43		he net metering facility; and (iii) a statement that the facility meets
44		v and performance standards as required by G.S. 62-109.5(a).

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1 2	(b) <u>The Commission, in the case of a public utility, or the appropriate governing</u> body, in the case of other electric utilities, after appropriate notice and opportunity for
3	comment, shall consider interconnection rules for non-net metered facilities under 20
4	megawatts and regulatory structures that promote distributed generation, including
5	rates.
6	<b>[</b> § 62-109.7. Application for net metering; inspection.
7	(a) Upon receipt of an application for net metering, the utility shall have 10
8	business days to respond to the customer-generator in writing with questions,
9	modifications, or notices. If the utility fails to respond as required by this section, and
10	the customer-generator's application has been filled out completely as required by G.S.
11	62-109.6(a), the customer-generator may interconnect with the utility grid without
12	obtaining approval from the utility.
13	(b) If the utility wants to inspect the facility, the utility shall provide notice to the
14	customer-generator within 10 business days of receipt of the application, and the
15	inspection shall be completed within 20 business days of receipt of the application. If
16	the utility wants to install additional meters as authorized in G.S. 62-109.3(4), the utility
17	shall provide notice of its intention to the customer-generator within 10 business days of
18	receipt of the application, and the meters shall be installed within 20 business days of
19	receipt of the application."
20	SECTION 2. The Commission shall have four months from the effective
21	date of this act to adopt rules to carry out the purposes of this Article.
22	<b>SECTION 3.</b> This act becomes effective on September 1, 2003.