GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2003

H HOUSE BILL 40

Short Title: Session Limits/Four-Year Terms. (Public)

Sponsors: Representative Owens.

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Referred to: Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House.

February 20, 2003 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION OF NORTH CAROLINA TO LIMIT 3 THE LENGTH OF LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS AND PROVIDE FOR FOUR-4 YEAR TERMS FOR MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY. 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.** Section 11(1) of Article II of the Constitution of North 6 7 Carolina reads as rewritten: 8 "(1)Regular sessions. 9 The General Assembly shall meet in regular session in 1973-after the (a) 10 terms of office for Senators and Representatives commence in 2004 and every two years thereafter on the day prescribed by law. 11 Odd-numbered years. - Beginning with the regular session in 2005, 12 (b) during an odd-numbered year the General Assembly shall remain in 13 session for no more than 135 calendar days, except that this period 14 may be extended by joint resolution once per regular session for not 15 more than 10 calendar days. The month of December beginning on the 16 first Wednesday in the month in each preceding even-numbered year is 17 also included in the calculation of the limit of days the General 18 Assembly may meet in odd-numbered years. If the General Assembly, 19 upon convening of the regular session, meets initially for not more 20 than two consecutive calendar days and then adjourns for not less than 21 30 calendar days, that period of adjournment shall be excluded from 22 the 135 calendar days. 23 24 Even-numbered years. – If the regular session meets in even-numbered (c) years, the General Assembly shall remain in session for no more than 25 60 calendar days, except that this period may be extended by joint 26 resolution once per regular session for not more than 10 calendar days, 27 but the month of December beginning on the first Wednesday in the 28

month in each preceding even-numbered year is excluded from the

- 1 <u>calculation of the maximum number of days the General Assembly can</u> 2 meet in that year.
 - (d) Any reconvened session called under Section 5 of Article III of this Constitution shall be excluded from the calculations of this section.
 - (e) Neither house shall proceed upon public business unless a majority of all of its members are actually present.
 - (f) No valid action, other than a resolution of adjournment, may be taken by the General Assembly after the time limits prescribed in this section have expired."

SECTION 2. Section 9 of Article II of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as rewritten:

"Sec. 9. Term of office.

The term of office of Senators and Representatives shall commence on the first day of January-Wednesday in December next after their election."

SECTION 3. Section 2 of Article II of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as rewritten:

"Sec. 2. Number of Senators.

The Senate shall be composed of 50 Senators, biennially quadrennially chosen by ballot."

SECTION 4. Section 4 of Article II of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as rewritten:

"Sec. 4. Number of Representatives.

The House of Representatives shall be composed of 120 Representatives, biennially quadrennially chosen by ballot."

SECTION 5. Section 8 of Article II of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as rewritten:

"Sec. 8. Elections.

The election for members of the General Assembly shall be held for the respective districts in 1972-2004 and every two-four years thereafter, at the places and on the day prescribed by law."

SECTION 6. Section 2(1) of Article III of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as rewritten:

"(1) **Election and term.** The Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be elected by the qualified voters of the State in 1972-2004 and every four years thereafter, at the same time and places as members of the General Assembly are elected. places and on the day prescribed by law. Their term of office shall be four years and shall commence on the first day of January next after their election and continue until their successors are elected and qualified."

SECTION 7. Section 7(3) of Article III of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as rewritten:

"(3) **Vacancies.** If the office of any of these officers is vacated by death, resignation, or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the Governor to appoint another to serve until his successor is elected and qualified. Every such vacancy shall be filled by election at the first election for members of the General Assembly first statewide

election for members of the United States House of Representatives that occurs more than 60 days after the vacancy has taken place, and the person chosen shall hold the office for the remainder of the unexpired term fixed in this Section. When a vacancy occurs in the office of any of the officers named in this Section and the term expires on the first day of January succeeding the next election for members of the General Assembly, the Governor shall appoint to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of the office."

SECTION 8. Section 9(3) of Article IV of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as rewritten:

"(3) **Clerks.** A Clerk of the Superior Court for each county shall be elected for a term of four years by the qualified voters thereof, at the same time and places as members of the General Assembly—United States House of Representatives are elected.elected on a statewide basis. If the office of Clerk of the Superior Court becomes vacant otherwise than by the expiration of the term, or if the people fail to elect, the senior regular resident Judge of the Superior Court serving the county shall appoint to fill the vacancy until an election can be regularly held."

SECTION 9. Section 18(1) of Article IV of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as rewritten:

"(1) **District Attorneys.** The General Assembly shall, from time to time, divide the State into a convenient number of prosecutorial districts, for each of which a District Attorney shall be chosen for a term of four years by the qualified voters thereof, at the same time and places as members of the General Assembly United States House of Representatives are elected. elected on a statewide basis. Only persons duly authorized to practice law in the courts of this State shall be eligible for election or appointment as a District Attorney. The District Attorney shall advise the officers of justice in his district, be responsible for the prosecution on behalf of the State of all criminal actions in the Superior Courts of his district, perform such duties related to appeals therefrom as the Attorney General may require, and perform such other duties as the General Assembly may prescribe."

SECTION 10. Section 19 of Article IV of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as rewritten:

"Sec. 19. Vacancies.

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Unless otherwise provided in this Article, all vacancies occurring in the offices provided for by this Article shall be filled by appointment of the Governor, and the appointees shall hold their places until the next election for members of the General Assembly next statewide election for members of the United States House of Representatives that is held more than 60 days after the vacancy occurs, when elections shall be held to fill the offices. When the unexpired term of any of the offices named in this Article of the Constitution in which a vacancy has occurred, and in which it is herein provided that the Governor shall fill the vacancy, expires on the first day of January succeeding the next election for members of the General Assembly next statewide election for members of the United States House of Representatives, the Governor shall appoint to fill that vacancy for the unexpired term of the office. If any person elected or appointed to any of these offices shall fail to qualify, the office shall

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be appointed to, held and filled as provided in case of vacancies occurring therein. All incumbents of these offices shall hold until their successors are qualified."

SECTION 11. The amendments set out in Sections 1 through 10 of this act shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the next statewide election, primary or otherwise, which election shall be conducted under the laws then governing elections in the State. Ballots, voting systems, or both may be used in accordance with Chapter 163 of the General Statutes. The question to be used in the voting systems and ballots shall be:

"[]FOR []AGAINST

Constitutional amendments limiting the length of the legislative session, making the term of members of the General Assembly four years beginning with members elected in 2004 and making conforming amendments."

SECTION 12. If a majority of votes cast on the question are in favor of the amendments set out in Sections 1 through 10 of this act, the State Board of Elections shall certify the amendments to the Secretary of State. The constitutional amendments shall become effective upon certification. The Secretary of State shall enroll the amendments so certified among the permanent records of that office.

SECTION 13. This act is effective when it becomes law.