## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2003

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## HOUSE BILL 1760 Committee Substitute Favorable 6/29/04

Short Title: C	lawback Failed Incentives.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
May 31, 2004		
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR PUBLICATION, MONITORING, AND REPORTING		
ON ECON	OMIC DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVE (	CLAWBACKS AND TO
PROVIDE	FOR FIRST SOURCE HIRING AGREEM	IENTS FOR INCENTIVE
GRANTS A	ND LOANS.	
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
<b>SECTION 1.</b> G.S. 105-129.6(b) reads as rewritten:		
` '	rts. – The Department of Revenue shall publi	•
_	nformation itemized by credit and by taxpay	er for the 12-month period
ending the preceding December 31:		
(1)	The number of claims for each credit allowed	
(2)	The number and enterprise tier area of new credits were generated and to which credits	
(3)	The cost and enterprise tier area of mach	2 2
	respect to which credits were generated a	and to which credits were
	claimed.	
(4)	The number of new jobs created by busines	-
	zones, and the percentage of jobs at those l	ocations that were filled by
(5)	residents of the zones.	1
(5)	The amount and enterprise tier area of we	0 1
	with respect to which credits were generated claimed.	a and to which credits were
(6)		research and dayslanment
(6)	The amount and enterprise tier area of new expenditures with respect to which credit	
	which credits were claimed.	its were generated and to
(7)	The cost and enterprise tier area of real	property investment with
(1)	respect to which credits were generated a	
	claimed.	und to windii diddits well

- (8) The number and amount of credits forfeited under G.S. 105-129.4(d) and the reason for the forfeiture.
  - (9) The number and amount of assessments for credits erroneously claimed under this Article that are not included in subdivision (8) of this subsection."

**SECTION 2.** Article 10 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new sections to read:

## "§ 143B-435.1. Clawbacks.

- (a) Clawback Defined. For the purpose of this Article, a clawback is a requirement that all or part of an economic development incentive will be returned if the recipient business does not fulfill its responsibilities under the incentive law, contract, or both.
- (b) Findings. The General Assembly finds that in order for a clawback to be effective, there must be monitoring and reporting regarding the business's performance of its responsibilities and a mechanism for obtaining repayment if the clawback is triggered. Clawback provisions are essential to protect the State's investment in a private business and ensure that the public benefits from the incentive will be secured.
- (c) Catalog. The Department of Commerce shall catalog all clawbacks in State and federal programs it administers, whether provided by statute, by rule, or under a contract. The catalog must include a description of each clawback, the program to which it applies, and a citation to its source. The Department shall publish the catalog on its Web site and update it every six months.
- (d) Report. The Department of Commerce shall report to the Revenue Laws Study Committee by April 1 and October 1 of each year on all clawbacks that have been triggered under programs it administers and its progress on obtaining repayment. The report must include the name of each business, the event that triggered the clawback, and the amount to be repaid.

## "§ 143B-435.2. First source hiring.

In order for a business to be eligible for a direct economic development grant or loan under this Article for the purposes of job creation or from the One North Carolina Industrial Recruitment Competitive Fund, the business must have entered into a first source hiring contract to utilize the State Employment Security Commission and any cooperating local agency as a first source for recruitment and referral of applicants for new and replacement employment associated with the grant or loan. To meet the first source hiring requirement under the contract, the business must allow the agency three days to refer applicants. Upon request of the business in the case of an emergency, the agency may waive the three-day period. Under the contract, the business must interview and consider qualified candidates referred by the agency concurrently with interviewing other candidates. The Secretary of Commerce may waive this requirement for projects in enterprise tiers one and two and in areas of especially severe economic distress, as determined by the Secretary."

**SECTION 3.** This act becomes effective July 1, 2004.