GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1999

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HOUSE BILL 303* Proposed Committee Substitute H303-PCS4168-SK Committee Substitute Favorable 4/7/99

Short Title: Commercial Vehicle Safety/AB.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

March 4, 1999

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS RELATING TO COMMERCIAL VEHICLE
HIGHWAY SAFETY AND WORK ZONE SAFETY.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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Section 1. Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 20-17.7. Commercial motor vehicle out-of-service fines authorized.

The Commissioner may adopt rules implementing fines for violation of out-of-service criteria as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 390.5. These fines may not exceed the schedule of fines adopted by the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Alliance that is in effect on the date of the violations."

Section 2. Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 20-138.2C. Possession of alcoholic beverages while operating a commercial motor vehicle.

A person commits the offense of operating a commercial motor vehicle while possessing alcoholic beverages if the person drives a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(3d), upon any highway, any street, or any public vehicular area

within the State while having alcoholic beverages in the passenger area of the commercial vehicle."

Section 3. G.S. 20-141(j2) reads as rewritten:

"(j2) A person who drives a motor vehicle in a highway work zone at a speed greater than the speed limit set and posted under G.S. 20-141 is responsible for an infraction of "Speeding in a Highway Work Zone" and this section shall be required to pay a penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00), but not more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00). This penalty shall be imposed in addition to those penalties established in this Chapter. A "highway work zone" is the area between the first sign that informs motorists of the existence of a work zone on a highway and the last sign that informs motorists of the end of the work zone. This subsection applies only if a sign posted at the beginning of the highway work zone states the penalty for speeding in the work zone. The Secretary shall ensure that work zones shall only be posted with penalty signs if the Secretary determines, after engineering review, that the posting is necessary to ensure the safety of the traveling public due to a hazardous condition.

A law enforcement officer issuing a citation for a violation of this section while in a highway work zone shall indicate the vehicle speed and speed limit posted in the work zone. Upon an individual's conviction of a violation of this section while in a highway work zone, the clerk of court shall report that the vehicle was in a work zone at the time of the violation, the vehicle speed, and the speed limit of the work zone to the Division of Motor Vehicles."

Section 4. G.S. 20-309(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) No self-propelled motor vehicle shall be registered in this State unless the owner at the time of registration has financial responsibility for the operation of such motor vehicle, as provided in this Article. The owner of each motor vehicle registered in this State shall maintain financial responsibility continuously throughout the period of registration.

An owner of a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in 49 C.F.R. Part 390, shall have financial responsibility for the operation of the motor vehicle as required by this section. The financial responsibility for a commercial motor vehicle shall be equal to that required in 49 C.F.R. §§ 387.3, 387.5, 387.7, and 387.11 for for-hire or private motor vehicles transporting property in interstate or intrastate commerce."

Section 5. G.S. 20-140.3 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-140.3. Unlawful use of National System of Interstate and Defense Highways and other controlled-access highways.

On those sections of highways which are or become a part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways and other controlled-access highways, it shall be unlawful for any person:

- (1) To drive a vehicle over, upon, or across any curb, central dividing section or other separation or dividing line on said highways.
- (2) To make a left turn or a semicircular or U-turn except through an opening provided for that purpose in the dividing curb, separation section, or line on said highways.

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- (3) To drive any vehicle except in the proper lane provided for that purpose and in the proper direction and to the right of the central dividing curb, separation section, or line on said highways.
- (4) To drive a vehicle onto or from any controlled-access highway except at such entrances and exits as are established by public authority.
- (5) To stop, park, or leave standing any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, on any part or portion of the right-of-way of said highways, except in the case of an emergency or as directed by a peace officer, or at designated parking areas.
- (6) To fail to yield the right-of-way when entering the highway to any vehicle already travelling on the highway.
- (7) Notwithstanding any other subdivision of this section, a member of the State Highway Patrol-law enforcement officer may cross the median of a divided highway when he has reasonable grounds to believe that a felony is being or has been committed, has personal knowledge that a vehicle is being operated at a speed or in a manner which is likely to endanger persons or property, or the patrol member officer has reasonable grounds to believe that his presence is immediately required at a location which would necessitate his crossing a median of a divided highway for this purpose."

Section 6. G.S. 136-89.58 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-89.58. Unlawful use of National System of Interstate and Defense Highways and other controlled-access facilities.

On those sections of highways which are or become a part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways and other controlled-access facilities it shall be unlawful for any person:

- (1) To drive a vehicle over, upon or across any curb, central dividing section or other separation or dividing line on said highways.
- (2) To make a left turn or a semicircular or U-turn except through an opening provided for that purpose in the dividing curb section, separation, or line on said highways.
- (3) To drive any vehicle except in the proper lane provided for that purpose and in the proper direction and to the right of the central dividing curb, separation section, or line on said highways.
- (4) To drive any vehicle into the main travel lanes or lanes of connecting ramps or interchanges except through an opening or connection provided for that purpose by the Department of Transportation.
- (5) To stop, park, or leave standing any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, on any part or portion of the right-of-way of said highways, except in the case of an emergency or as directed by a peace officer, or as designated parking areas.
- (6) To willfully damage, remove, climb, cross or breach any fence erected within the rights-of-way of said highways.

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Notwithstanding any other subdivision of this section, a member of the (7) 1 2 State Highway Patrol may cross the median of a divided highway when 3 he has reasonable grounds to believe that a felony is being or has been committed, has personal knowledge that a vehicle is being operated at a 4 5 speed or in a manner which is likely to endanger persons or property, or 6 the patrol member has reasonable grounds to believe that his presence is 7 immediately required at a location which would necessitate his crossing 8 a median of a divided highway for this purpose. 9

Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor."

Section 7. G.S. 20-16(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) The Division shall maintain a record of convictions of every person licensed or required to be licensed under the provisions of this Article as an operator and shall enter therein records of all convictions of such persons for any violation of the motor vehicle laws of this State and shall assign to the record of such person, as of the date of commission of the offense, a number of points for every such conviction in accordance with the following schedule of convictions and points, except that points shall not be assessed for convictions resulting in suspensions or revocations under other provisions of laws: Further, any points heretofore charged for violation of the motor vehicle inspection laws shall not be considered by the Division of Motor Vehicles as a basis for suspension or revocation of driver's license:

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SCHEDULE OF POINT VALUES

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5 25 Passing stopped school bus Reckless driving 4 26 Hit and run, property damage only 4 27 Following too close 28 29 Driving on wrong side of road 4 30 Illegal passing Running through stop sign 31 Speeding in excess of 55 miles per hour 3 32 Failing to yield right-of-way 33 Running through red light 34 No driver's license or license expired more than one year 3 35 Failure to stop for siren 3 36 Driving through safety zone 37 No liability insurance 38 39 Failure to report accident where such report is required 3 Speeding in a school zone in excess of the posted school zone speed limit 3 40 All other moving violations 41 42 Littering pursuant to G.S. 14-399 when the littering involves the use of a motor vehicle 1 43

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2	SCHEDULE OF POINT VALUES FOR VIOLATIONS WHILE OPERATING A
3	COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLE
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5	Passing stopped school bus 8
6	Rail-highway crossing violation 6
7	Reckless driving 5
8	Hit and run, property damage only 5
9	Following too close 5
10	<u>Driving on wrong side of road 5</u>
11	Illegal passing 5
12	Running through stop sign 4
13	Speeding in excess of 55 miles per hour 4
14	Failing to yield right-of-way 4
15	Running through red light 4
16	No driver's license or license expired more than one year 4
17	Failure to stop for siren 4
18	<u>Driving through safety zone</u> 4
19	No liability insurance 4
20	Failure to report accident where such report is required 4
21	Speeding in a school zone in excess of the posted school zone speed limit 4
22	Possessing alcoholic beverages in the
23	passenger area of a commercial motor
24	vehicle 4
25	All other moving violations 3
26	Littering pursuant to G.S. 14-399 when the littering involves the use of a motor
27	<u>vehicle 1</u>
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29	The above provisions of this subsection shall only apply to violations and convictions
30	which take place within the State of North Carolina.
31	No points shall be assessed for conviction of the following offenses:
32	Orranta a da
33	Overloads Overloads
3435	Over length Over width
36	Over height
37	Illegal parking
38	Carrying concealed weapon
39	Improper plates
40	Improper registration
41	Improper nuffler
42	Public drunk within a vehicle
43	Possession of alcoholic beverages
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Improper display of license plates or dealers' tags Unlawful display of emblems and insignia Failure to display current inspection certificate.

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In case of the conviction of a licensee of two or more traffic offenses committed on a single occasion, such licensee shall be assessed points for one offense only and if the offenses involved have a different point value, such licensee shall be assessed for the offense having the greater point value.

Upon the restoration of the license or driving privilege of such person whose license or driving privilege has been suspended or revoked because of conviction for a traffic offense, any points that might previously have been accumulated in the driver's record shall be cancelled.

Whenever any licensee accumulates as many as seven points or accumulates as many as four points during a three-year period immediately following reinstatement of his license after a period of suspension or revocation, the Division may request the licensee to attend a conference regarding such licensee's driving record. The Division may also afford any licensee who has accumulated as many as seven points or any licensee who has accumulated as many as four points within a three-year period immediately following reinstatement of his license after a period of suspension or revocation an opportunity to attend a driver improvement clinic operated by the Division and, upon the successful completion of the course taken at the clinic, three points shall be deducted from the licensee's conviction record; provided, that only one deduction of points shall be made on behalf of any licensee within any five-year period.

When a license is suspended under the point system provided for herein, the first such suspension shall be for not more than 60 days; the second such suspension shall not exceed six months and any subsequent suspension shall not exceed one year.

Whenever the driver's license of any person is subject to suspension under this subsection and at the same time also subject to suspension or revocation under other provisions of laws, such suspensions or revocations shall run concurrently.

In the discretion of the Division, a period of probation not to exceed one year may be substituted for suspension or for any unexpired period of suspension under subsections (a)(1) through (a)(10a) of this section. Any violation of probation during the probation period shall result in a suspension for the unexpired remainder of the suspension period. Any accumulation of three or more points under this subsection during a period of probation shall constitute a violation of the condition of probation."

Section 8. Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 20-16A. Double penalties for offenses committed while operating a commercial motor vehicle.

Any infraction or misdemeanor committed in violation of Chapter 20 while operating a commercial motor vehicle may be assessed double the amount of any fine or penalty authorized by statute."

Section 9. This act becomes effective December 1, 1999, and applies to violations occurring on or after that date.