GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

EXTRA SESSION 1994

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SENATE BILL 123*

Select Committee on Courts Committee Substitute Adopted 2/24/94
Appropriations Committee Substitute No. 2 Adopted 3/2/94
Select Committee on Courts Committee Substitute No. 3 Adopted 3/9/94

Short Title: Limit Privileges for Crimes.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

February 15, 1994

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE FORFEITURE OR RESTRICTION OF CERTAIN

CITIZENSHIP PRIVILEGES OF AN INDIVIDUAL CONVICTED OF A

FELONY OR SENTENCED TO COMMUNITY PUNISHMENT OR

INTERMEDIATE PUNISHMENT.

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Whereas, the rights and privileges of citizenship are interrelated with the responsibilities of citizenship; and

Whereas, it is the policy of this State that conviction of a felony connotes such irresponsibility as to justify forfeiture of privileges as well as forfeiture of rights; and

Whereas, licensing by the State and its subdivisions for various activities, such as regular and commercial drivers licenses, business and occupational licenses, and hunting and fishing licenses, is a matter of privilege and not of right; and

Whereas, although constitutional standards apply to every citizen's opportunity for licensing, primarily through due process and equal protection considerations, the people of North Carolina demand that every citizen demonstrate sufficient responsibility to retain licensing privileges; and

Whereas, one who commits a felony does not demonstrate sufficient responsibility; and

Whereas, the State may require forfeiture or restriction of any licensing privilege upon a person's conviction of a felony; and

Whereas, to further the purposes of suspended sentences and probation and provide incentive for persons convicted of a felony to complete such sentences and accept responsibility for their conduct, trial courts particularly should be authorized to order forfeiture or restriction as a condition of a suspended sentence or probation and require forfeiture as to persons who do not consent to a suspended sentence or probation; and

Whereas, restoration of the privileges of citizenship should occur in the same manner as restoration of the rights of citizenship; Now, therefore,

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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Section 1. Article 81 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 15A-1331A. Forfeiture or restriction of licensing privileges upon conviction of a felony.

- (a) The following definitions apply in this section:
 - (1) <u>Licensing agency. Any department, division, agency, board, or other unit of State or local government that issues licenses for licensing privileges.</u>
 - (2) Licensing privilege. The privilege of an individual to be authorized to engage in an activity as evidenced by a license. The term includes the privileges as evidenced by the following licenses: regular and commercial drivers licenses, occupational licenses, hunting licenses, and fishing licenses. The term does not include the privileges of paying taxes as evidenced by a tax license issued under Chapter 105 of the General Statutes, Article 7 of Chapter 153A of the General Statutes, or Article 9 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes. The term does not include the privilege of marrying as evidenced by a marriage license.
 - (3) Occupational license. A licensure, permission, certification, or similar authorization required by statute or rule to practice an occupation or business.
- (b) Upon conviction of a felony, an individual automatically forfeits the individual's licensing privileges for the full term of the maximum active sentence for the offense class and level if:
 - (1) The individual is offered a suspended sentence on condition the individual accepts probation and the individual refuses probation, or
 - (2) The individual's probation is revoked or suspended.
- (c) Whenever an individual's licensing privileges are forfeited under this section, the judge shall make findings in the judgment of the licensing privileges held by the individual known to the court at that time, the drivers license number and social security number of the individual, and the beginning and ending date of the period of time of the forfeiture. The terms and conditions of the forfeiture shall be transmitted by the clerk of court to the Division of Motor Vehicles, in accordance with G.S. 20-24 and to the licensing agencies specified by the judge in the judgment. A licensing agency, upon receiving notice from the clerk of court, shall require the individual whose licensing

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 privileges were forfeited to surrender the forfeited license issued by the agency and shall not reissue a license to that individual during the period of forfeiture as stated in the notice. Licensing agencies are authorized to establish procedures to implement this section.

- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the court may order that an individual whose licensing privileges are forfeited under this section be granted a limited driving privilege in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 20-179.3."
 - Sec. 2. G.S. 15A-1344 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
- "(d2) License Forfeiture in Response to Violation. Upon a finding that a person sentenced to community punishment or intermediate punishment under Article 81B of this Chapter has violated one or more conditions of probation, the court may order the forfeiture of any regular or commercial drivers licenses issued to the person or of any license or permit issued by the Wildlife Resources Commission to the person. Forfeiture under this subsection may be for up to three years, but in no event shall the time of forfeiture be less than the term of community punishment or intermediate punishment given."
- Sec. 3. Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 20-15.1. Revocations when licensing privileges forfeited upon conviction of a crime.

The Division shall revoke the license of a person whose licensing privileges have been forfeited under G.S. 15A-1331A or G.S. 15A-1344(d2). If a revocation period set by this Chapter is longer than the revocation period resulting from the forfeiture of licensing privileges, the revocation period in this Chapter applies."

Sec. 4. G.S. 20-179.3(b) is rewritten to read:

- "(b) Eligibility.
 - (1) A person convicted of the offense of impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1 is eligible for a limited driving privilege if:

(1)<u>a.</u> At the time of the offense he held either a valid driver's license or a license that had been expired for less than one year;

(2)b. At the time of the offense he had not within the preceding seven years been convicted of an offense involving impaired driving;

(3)c. Punishment Level Three, Four, or Five was imposed for the offense of impaired driving; and

(4)<u>d.</u> Subsequent to the offense he has not been convicted of, or had an unresolved charge lodged against him for, an offense involving impaired driving.

A person whose North Carolina driver's license is revoked because of a conviction in another jurisdiction substantially equivalent to impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1 is eligible for a limited driving privilege if he would be eligible for it had the conviction occurred in

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1		North Carolina. Eligibility for a limited driving privilege following a
2		revocation under G.S. 20-16.2(d) is governed by G.S. 20-16.2(e1).
3	<u>(2)</u>	Any person whose licensing privileges are forfeited pursuant to G.S.
4		15A-1331A is eligible for a limited driving privilege if the court finds
5		that at the time of the forfeiture, the person held either a valid drivers
6		license or a license that had been expired for less than one year and
7		a. The person is supporting existing dependents and must have a
8		drivers license to be gainfully employed; or
9		b. The person has an existing dependent who requires serious
10		medical treatment and the defendant is the only person able to
11		provide transportation to the dependent to the health care
12		facility where the dependent can receive the needed medical
13		treatment.
14		The limited driving privilege granted under this subdivision must
15		restrict the person to essential driving related to the purposes listed
16		above, and any driving that is not related to those purposes is unlawful
17		even though done at times and upon routes that may be authorized by
18		the privilege."
19		. G.S. 113-277 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
20	"(<u>a4)</u> The V	Vildlife Resources Commission shall order the surrender of any license
21	_	l under this Article to a person whose licensing privileges have been
22	forfeited under	G.S. 15A-1331A or G.S. 15A-1344(d2) for the period specified by the
23	court."	

Sec. 6. Section 2 of this act becomes effective on the same date that Section 56 of Chapter 538 of the 1993 Session Laws provides that that act becomes effective. The remainder of this act becomes effective May 1, 1994, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

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