

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1993

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SENATE BILL 1400*

Short Title: Voter Registration Rewrite.

(Public)

Sponsors: Senators Plexico, Ballance; Gulley, Gunter, Smith, and Winner of Mecklenburg.

Referred to: Constitution and Elections Laws.

May 25, 1994

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2 AN ACT TO REWRITE THE VOTER REGISTRATION LAWS OF NORTH
3 CAROLINA.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

5 Section 1. Article 7 of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is repealed.

6 Sec. 2. Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
7 Article to read:

8 **"ARTICLE 7A.**

9 **"REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.**

10 **"§ 163-82.1. General principles of voter registration.**

11 (a) Prerequisite to Voting. – No person shall be permitted to vote who has not
12 been registered under the provisions of this Article or registered as previously provided
13 by law.

14 (b) County Board's Duty to Register. – A county board of elections shall register,
15 in accordance with this Article, every person qualified to vote in that county who makes
16 an application in accordance with this Article.

17 (c) Permanent Registration. – Every person registered to vote by a county board
18 of elections in accordance with this Article shall remain registered until:

19 (1) The registrant requests in writing to the county board of elections to be
20 removed from the list of registered voters; or

21 (2) The registrant becomes disqualified through death, conviction of a
22 felony, or removal out of the county; or

1 (3) The county board of elections determines, through the procedure
2 outlined in G.S. 163-82.14, that it can no longer confirm where the
3 voter resides.

4 **"§ 163-82.2. Chief State Election Official.**

5 The Executive Secretary-Director of the State Board of Elections is the 'Chief State
6 Election Official' of North Carolina for purposes of P.L. 103-31, The National Voter
7 Registration Act of 1993, subsequently referred to in this Article as the 'National Voter
8 Registration Act'. As such the Executive Secretary-Director is responsible for
9 coordination of State responsibilities under the National Voter Registration Act.

10 **"§ 163-82.3. Voter registration application forms.**

11 (a) Form Developed by State Board of Elections. – The State Board of Elections
12 shall develop an application form for voter registration. Any person may use the form
13 to apply to do any of the following:

- 14 (1) Register to vote;
- 15 (2) Change party affiliation or unaffiliated status;
- 16 (3) Report a change of address within a county;
- 17 (4) Report a change of name.

18 The county board of elections for the county where the applicant resides shall accept
19 the form as application for any of those purposes if the form is submitted as set out in
20 G.S. 163-82.3.

21 (b) Interstate Form. – The county board of elections where an applicant resides
22 shall accept as application for any of the purposes set out in subsection (a) of this
23 section the interstate registration form designed by the Federal Election Commission
24 pursuant to section 9 of the National Voter Registration Act, if the interstate form is
25 submitted in accordance with G.S. 163-82.6.

26 (c) Agency Application Form. – The county board of elections where an
27 applicant resides shall accept as application for any of the purposes set out in subsection
28 (a) of this section a form developed pursuant to G.S. 163-82.19 or G.S. 163-82.20.

29 **"§ 163-82.4. Contents of application form.**

30 (a) Information Requested of Applicant. – The form required by G.S. 163-82.3(a)
31 shall request the applicant's:

- 32 (1) Name,
- 33 (2) Date of birth,
- 34 (3) Residence address,
- 35 (4) County of residence,
- 36 (5) Date of application,
- 37 (6) Gender,
- 38 (7) Race,
- 39 (8) Political party affiliation, if any, in accordance with subsection (c) of
40 this section,
- 41 (9) Telephone number (to assist the county board of elections in
42 contacting the voter if needed in processing the application),

43 and any other information the State Board finds is necessary to enable officials of the
44 county where the person resides to satisfactorily process the application. The form shall

1 require the applicant to state whether currently registered to vote anywhere, and at what
2 address, so that any prior registration can be cancelled. The county board shall make a
3 diligent effort to complete for the registration records any information requested on the
4 form that the applicant does not complete, but no application shall be denied because an
5 applicant does not state race or gender.

6 (b) Notice of Requirements, Attestation, Notice of Penalty, and Notice of
7 Confidentiality. – The form shall contain, in uniform type, the following:

8 (1) A statement that specifies each eligibility requirement (including
9 citizenship) and an attestation that the applicant meets each such
10 requirement, with a requirement for the signature of the applicant,
11 under penalty of a Class I felony under G.S. 163-275(a).

12 (2) A statement that, if the applicant declines to register to vote, the fact
13 that the applicant has declined to register will remain confidential and
14 will be used only for voter registration purposes.

15 (3) A statement that, if the applicant does register to vote, the office at
16 which the applicant submits a voter registration application will remain
17 confidential and will be used only for voter registration purposes.

18 (c) Party Affiliation or Unaffiliated Status. – The application form described in
19 G.S. 163-82.3(a) shall provide a place for the applicant to state a preference to be
20 affiliated with one of the political parties in G.S. 163-96, or a preference to be an
21 'unaffiliated' voter. Every person who applies to register shall state his preference. If
22 the applicant fails to declare a preference for a party or for unaffiliated status, that
23 person shall be listed as 'unaffiliated', except that if the person is already registered to
24 vote in the county and that person's registration already contains a party affiliation, the
25 county board shall not change the registrant's status to 'unaffiliated' unless the registrant
26 clearly indicates a desire in accordance with G.S. 163-82.17 for such a change. An
27 unaffiliated registrant shall not be eligible to vote in any political party primary, except
28 as provided in G.S. 163-116, but may vote in any other primary or general election. The
29 application form shall so state.

30 **"§ 163-82.5. Distribution of application forms.**

31 The State Board of Elections shall make the forms described in G.S. 163-82.3
32 available for distribution through governmental and private entities, with particular
33 emphasis on making them available for organized voter registration drives.

34 **"§ 163-82.6. Acceptance of application forms.**

35 (a) How the Form May Be Submitted. – The county board of elections shall
36 accept any form described in G.S. 163-82.3 if the applicant submits the form by mail or
37 in person. The applicant may delegate the submission of the form to another person.

38 (b) Signature. – The form shall be valid only if signed by the applicant.

39 (c) Registration Deadlines for an Election. – In order to be valid for an election,
40 the form:

41 (1) If submitted by mail, must be postmarked at least 25 days before the
42 election, except that any mailed application on which the postmark is
43 missing or unclear is validly submitted if received in the mail not later
44 than 20 days before the election,

1 (2) If submitted in person (by the applicant or another person), must be
2 received at least 25 days before the election,
3 except as provided in subsection (d) of this section.

4 (d) Instances When Person May Register and Vote on Election Day. – If a person
5 has become qualified to register and vote between the twenty-fifth day before an
6 election and election day, then that person may apply to register on election day by
7 submitting an application form described in G.S. 163-82.3(a) or (b) to:

8 (1) A member of the county board of elections;

9 (2) The county supervisor of elections; or

10 (3) The chief judge or a judge of the precinct in which the person is
11 eligible to vote,

12 and, if the application is approved, that person may vote the same day. The official in
13 subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection to whom the application is submitted
14 shall decide whether the applicant is eligible to vote. The applicant shall present to the
15 official written or documentary evidence that the applicant is the person he represents
16 himself to be. The official, if in doubt as to the right of the applicant to register, may
17 require other evidence satisfactory to that official as to the applicant's qualifications. If
18 the official determines that the person is eligible, the person shall be permitted to vote in
19 the election and the county board shall add the person's name to the list of registered
20 voters. If the official denies the application, the person shall be permitted to vote a
21 challenged ballot under the provisions of G.S. 163-88.1, and may appeal the denial to
22 the full county board of elections. The State Board of Elections shall promulgate rules
23 for the county boards of elections to follow in hearing appeals for denial of election-day
24 applications to register. No person shall be permitted to register on the day of a second
25 primary unless he shall have become qualified to register and vote between the date of
26 the first primary and the date of the succeeding second primary. For purposes of this
27 subsection, persons who 'become qualified to register and vote' during a time period:

28 (1) Include those who during that time period are naturalized as citizens of
29 the United States or who are restored to citizenship after a conviction
30 of a felony; but

31 (2) Do not include persons who reach the age of 18 during that time
32 period, if those persons were eligible to register while 17 years old
33 during an earlier period.

34 **"§ 163-82.7. Verification of qualifications and address of applicant; denial or**
35 **approval of application.**

36 (a) Tentative Determination of Qualification. – When a county board of elections
37 receives an application for registration submitted pursuant to G.S. 163-82.6, the board
38 either:

39 (1) Shall make a determination that the applicant is not qualified to vote at
40 the address given, or

41 (2) Shall make a tentative determination that the applicant is qualified to
42 vote at the address given, subject to the mail verification notice
43 procedure outlined in subsection (c) of this section

44 within two business days after receiving the application.

1 (b) Denial of Registration. – If the county board of elections makes a
2 determination pursuant to subsection (a) of this section that the applicant is not qualified
3 to vote at the address given, the board shall send, by certified mail, a notice of denial of
4 registration. The notice of denial shall contain the date on which registration was
5 denied, and shall be mailed within two business days after denial. The notice of denial
6 shall inform the applicant of alternatives that the applicant may pursue to exercise the
7 franchise. If the applicant disagrees with the denial, the applicant may appeal the
8 decision under G.S. 163-82.18.

9 (c) Verification of Address by Mail. – If the county board of elections tentatively
10 determines that the applicant is qualified to vote at the address given, then the county
11 board shall send a notice to the applicant, by nonforwardable mail, at the address the
12 applicant provides on the application form. The notice shall state that the county will
13 register the applicant to vote if the Postal Service does not return the notice as
14 undeliverable to the county board. The notice shall also inform the applicant of the
15 precinct and voting place to which the applicant will be assigned if registered.

16 (d) Approval of Application. – If the Postal Service does not return the notice as
17 undeliverable, the county board shall register the applicant to vote.

18 (e) Second Notice if First Notice Is Returned as Undeliverable. – If the Postal
19 Service returns the notice as undeliverable, the county board shall send a second notice
20 by nonforwardable mail to the same address to which the first was sent. If the second
21 notice is not returned as undeliverable, the county board shall register the applicant to
22 vote.

23 (f) Denial of Application Based on Lack of Verification of Address. – If the
24 Postal Service returns as undeliverable the notice sent by nonforwardable mail pursuant
25 to subsection (e) of this section, the county board shall deny the application. The
26 county board need not try to notify the applicant further.

27 (g) Voting When Verification Process Is Incomplete. – In cases where an election
28 occurs before the process of verification outlined in this section has had time to be
29 completed, the county board of elections shall be guided by the following rules:

30 (1) If the county board has made a tentative determination that an
31 applicant is qualified to vote under subsection (a) of this section, then
32 that person shall not be denied the right to vote in person in an election
33 unless the Postal Service has returned as undeliverable two notices to
34 the applicant: one mailed pursuant to subsection (c) of this section and
35 one mailed pursuant to subsection (e) of this section. This subdivision
36 does not preclude a challenge to the voter's qualifications under Article
37 8 of this Chapter.

38 (2) If the Postal Service has returned as undeliverable a notice sent within
39 25 days before the election to the applicant under subsection (c) of this
40 section, then the applicant may vote only in person in that first election
41 and may not vote by mailed absentee ballot. The county board of
42 elections shall establish a procedure at the voting site for:

43 a. Obtaining the correct address of any person described in this
44 subdivision who appears to vote in person; and

1 b. Assuring that the person votes in the proper place and in the
2 proper contests.

3 If a notice mailed under subsection (c) or subsection (e) of this section
4 is returned as undeliverable after a person has already voted by
5 absentee ballot, then that person's ballot may be challenged in
6 accordance with G.S. 163-89.

7 (3) If a notice sent pursuant to subsection (c) or (e) of this section is
8 returned by the Postal Service as undeliverable after a person has
9 already voted in an election, then the county board shall treat the
10 person as a registered voter but shall send a confirmation mailing
11 pursuant to G.S. 163-82.14(d)(2) and remove or retain the person on
12 the registration records in accordance with that subdivision.

13 **"§ 163-82.8. Voter registration cards.**

14 (a) Authority to Issue Card. – With the approval of the board of county
15 commissioners, the county board of elections may issue to each voter in the county a
16 voter registration card, or may issue cards to all voters registered after January 1, 1995.

17 (b) Content and Format of Card. – At a minimum, the voter registration card
18 shall:

19 (1) List the voter's name, address, and voting place;

20 (2) Contain the address and telephone number of the county board of
21 elections, along with blanks to report a change of address within the
22 county; and

23 (3) Be wallet size.

24 No voter registration card may be issued by a county board of elections unless the
25 State Board of Elections has approved the format of the card.

26 (c) Ways County Board and Registrant May Use Card. – If the county board of
27 elections issues voter registration cards, the county board may use that card as a notice
28 of tentative approval of the voter's application pursuant to G.S. 163-82.7(c), provided
29 that the mailing contains the statements and information required in that subsection.
30 The county board may also satisfy the requirements of G.S. 163-82.15(b), 163-82.16(b),
31 or 163-82.17(b) by sending the registrant a replacement of the voter registration card to
32 verify change of address, change of name, or change of party affiliation. A registrant
33 may use the card to report a change of address, change of name, or change of party
34 affiliation, satisfying G.S. 163-82.15, 163-82.16, or 163-82.17.

35 (d) Card as Evidence of Registration. – A voter registration card shall be
36 evidence of registration but shall not preclude a challenge as permitted by law.

37 (e) Display of Card May Not Be Required to Vote. – No county board of
38 elections may require that a voter registration card be displayed in order to vote.

39 **"§ 163-82.9. Cancellation of prior registration.**

40 If an applicant indicates on an application form described in G.S. 163-82.3 a current
41 registration to vote in any other county, municipality, or State, the county board of
42 elections, upon registering the person to vote, shall send a notice to the appropriate
43 officials in the other county, municipality, or State and shall ask them to cancel the
44 person's voter registration there.

1 **"§ 163-82.10. Official record of voter registration.**

2 (a) Application Form Becomes Official Record. – A completed and signed
3 registration application form described in G.S. 163-82.3, once approved by the county
4 board of elections, becomes the official registration record of the voter. The county
5 board of elections shall maintain custody of the official registration records of all voters
6 in the county and shall keep them in a place where they are secure.

7 (b) Access to Registration Records. – Upon request by that person, the county
8 board of elections shall provide to any person a list of the registered voters of the county
9 or of any precinct or precincts in the county. The county board may furnish selective
10 lists according to party affiliation, sex, race, date of registration, or any other reasonable
11 category. The county board shall require each person to whom a list is furnished to
12 make full reimbursement for the expense incurred in preparing it, except as provided in
13 subsection (c) of this section.

14 (c) Free Lists. – Free lists of all registered voters in the county shall be provided
15 in the following cases:

16 (1) A county board that maintains voter records on computer shall
17 provide, upon written request, one free list to:

18 a. The State chair of each political party; and

19 b. The county chair of each political party

20 once in every odd-numbered year, once during the first six calendar
21 months of every even-numbered year, and once during the latter six
22 calendar months of every even-numbered year.

23 (2) A county board that does not maintain voter records on computer shall
24 provide one free paper list every two years to the county chair of each
25 political party.

26 Each free list shall include the name, address, sex, political affiliation, voting history,
27 and precinct of each registered voter. The list to the State party chairs shall additionally
28 include the date of birth and race of each registered voter. The free paper list to the
29 county party chairs shall group voters by precinct. All free lists shall be provided as
30 soon as practicable but no later than 30 days after written request. Each State party
31 chair shall provide the discs or tapes received from the county boards to candidates of
32 that party who request the discs or tapes in writing. Each State party chair shall return
33 discs and tapes to the county boards within 30 days after receiving them. As used in
34 this section, 'political party' means a political party as defined in G.S. 163-96.

35 **"§ 163-82.11. Establishment of statewide computerized voter registration.**

36 The State Board of Elections shall develop and implement a statewide
37 computerized voter registration system to facilitate voter registration and to provide a
38 central database containing voter registration information for each county. The system
39 shall encompass both software development and purchasing of the necessary hardware
40 for the central and distributed-network systems.

41 The State Board of Elections shall develop and implement the system so that each
42 county board of elections can:

43 (1) Verify that an applicant to register in its county is not also registered in
44 another county;

- 1 (2) Be notified automatically that a registered voter in its county has
2 registered to vote in another county; and
3 (3) Receive automatically data about a person who has applied to vote at a
4 drivers license office or at another public agency that is authorized to
5 accept voter registration applications.

6 Each county board of elections shall be responsible for registering voters within
7 its county according to law. Each county board of elections shall maintain its own
8 computer file of registered voters in accordance with rules promulgated by the State
9 Board of Elections. Each county board of elections shall transmit through the computer
10 network all additions, deletions, and changes in its list of registered voters promptly to
11 the statewide computer file. The State Board of Elections shall maintain a continually
12 updated duplicate file of each county's registered voters.

13 **"§ 163-82.12. Promulgation of rules relating to computerized voter registration.**

14 The State Board of Elections shall make all rules necessary to administer the
15 statewide voter registration system established by this Article. These rules shall include
16 provisions for:

- 17 (1) Establishing, developing, and maintaining a computerized central voter
18 registration file;
19 (2) Linking the central file through a network with computerized voter
20 registration files in each of the counties;
21 (3) Interacting with the computerized drivers license records of the
22 Division of Motor Vehicles and with the computerized records of other
23 public agencies authorized to accept voter registration applications;
24 (4) Protecting and securing the data; and
25 (5) Converting current voter registration records in the counties in
26 computer files that can be used on the statewide computerized
27 registration system.

28 **"§ 163-82.13. Access to statewide voter registration file.**

29 (a) Free Copy for Political Parties. – Beginning January 1, 1996, the State Board
30 of Elections shall make available free of charge, upon written request, one magnetic
31 copy of the statewide computerized voter registration file to the chairman of each
32 political party as defined in G.S. 163-96 as soon as practicable after the close of
33 registration before every statewide primary and election. The file made available to the
34 political party chairmen shall contain the name, address, sex, voting history, political
35 affiliation, and precinct of every registered voter in the State.

36 (b) Copies for Sale to Others. – Beginning January 1, 1996, the State Board of
37 Elections shall sell, upon written request, to other public and private organizations and
38 persons magnetic copies of the statewide computerized voter registration file. The State
39 Board of Elections may sell selective lists of registered voters according to county,
40 congressional or legislative district, party affiliation, sex, race, date of registration, or
41 any other reasonable category, or a combination of categories. The State Board of
42 Elections shall require all persons to whom any list is furnished under this subsection to
43 make full reimbursement of the expenses incurred in preparing it.

44 **"§ 163-82.14. List maintenance.**

1 (a) Uniform Program. – The State Board of Elections shall adopt a uniform
2 program that makes a reasonable effort:

3 (1) To remove the names of ineligible voters from the official lists of
4 eligible voters, and

5 (2) To update the addresses and other necessary data of persons who
6 remain on the official lists of eligible voters.

7 That program shall be nondiscriminatory and shall comply with the provisions of the
8 Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended, and with the provisions of the National Voter
9 Registration Act. The State Board of Elections, in addition to the methods set forth in
10 this section, may use other methods toward the ends set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2)
11 of this subsection, including address-updating services provided by the Postal Service.
12 Each county board of elections shall conduct systematic efforts to remove names from
13 its list of registered voters in accordance with this section and with the program adopted
14 by the State Board.

15 (b) Death. – The Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, on
16 or before the fifteenth day of March, June, September, and December, shall furnish free
17 of charge to each county board of elections a certified list of the names of deceased
18 persons who were residents of that county. The Department of Environment, Health,
19 and Natural Resources shall base each list upon information supplied by death
20 certifications it received during the preceding quarter. Upon the receipt of the certified
21 list, the county board of elections shall remove from its voter registration records any
22 person the list shows to be dead. The county board need not send any notice to the
23 address of the person so removed.

24 (c) Conviction of a Felony. –

25 (1) Report of Conviction Within the State. – The clerk of superior court,
26 on or before the fifteenth day of March, June, September, and
27 December of every year, shall report to the county board of elections
28 of that county the name, county of residence, and residence address if
29 available, of each individual against whom a final judgment of
30 conviction of a felony has been entered in that county in the preceding
31 calendar quarter. Any county board of elections receiving such a
32 report about an individual who is a resident of another county in this
33 State shall forward a copy of that report to the board of elections of
34 that county as soon as possible.

35 (2) Report of Federal Conviction. – The Executive Secretary-Director of
36 the State Board of Elections, upon receipt of a notice of conviction
37 sent by a United States Attorney pursuant to section 8(g) of the
38 National Voter Registration Act, shall notify the appropriate county
39 boards of elections of the conviction.

40 (3) County Board's Duty Upon Receiving Report of Conviction. – When a
41 county board of elections receives a notice pursuant to subdivision (1)
42 or (2) of this subsection relating to a resident of that county and that
43 person is registered to vote in that county, the board shall, after giving
44 30 days' written notice to the voter at his registration address, and if

1 the voter makes no objection, remove the person's name from its
2 registration records. If the voter notifies the county board of elections
3 of his objection to the removal within 30 days of the notice, the
4 chairman of the board of elections shall enter a challenge under G.S.
5 163-85(c)(5), and the notice the county board received pursuant to this
6 subsection shall be **prima facie** evidence for the preliminary hearing
7 that the registrant was convicted of a felony.

8 (d) Change of Address. – A county board of elections shall conduct a systematic
9 program to remove from its list of registered voters those who have moved out of the
10 county, and to update the registration records of persons who have moved within the
11 county. The county board shall remove a person from its list if the registrant:

12 (1) Gives confirmation in writing of a change of address for voting
13 purposes out of the county. 'Confirmation in writing' for purposes of
14 this subdivision shall include:

15 a. A report to the county board from the Department of
16 Transportation or from a voter registration agency listed in G.S.
17 163-82.20 that the voter has reported a change of address for
18 voting purposes outside the county;

19 b. A notice of cancellation received under G.S. 163-82.9; or

20 c. A notice of cancellation received from an election jurisdiction
21 outside the State.

22 (2) Fails to respond to a confirmation mailing sent by the county board in
23 accordance with this subdivision and does not vote or appear to vote in
24 an election beginning on the date of the notice and ending on the day
25 after the date of the second general election for the United States
26 House of Representatives that occurs after the date of the notice. A
27 county board sends a confirmation notice in accordance with this
28 subdivision if the notice:

29 a. Is a postage prepaid and preaddressed return card, sent by
30 forwardable mail, on which the registrant may state current
31 address;

32 b. Contains or is accompanied by a notice to the effect that if the
33 registrant did not change residence but remained in the county,
34 the registrant should return the card not later than the deadline
35 for registration by mail in G.S. 163-82.6(c)(1); and

36 c. Contains or is accompanied by information as to how the
37 registrant may continue to be eligible to vote if the registrant
38 has moved outside the county.

39 A county board shall send a confirmation mailing in accordance with
40 this subdivision if the registrant remains on the list, the registrant has
41 not voted in two successive presidential elections or in any election in
42 between, and the county board has not confirmed the registrant's
43 address by another means. The county board may send a confirmation
44 mailing in accordance with this subdivision if the registrant has been

1 identified as residing outside the county through change-of-address
2 information supplied by the Postal Service through its licensees.

3 **"§ 163-82.15. Change of address within the county.**

4 (a) Registrant's Duty to Report. – No registered voter shall be required to re-
5 register upon moving from one precinct to another within the same county. Instead, a
6 registrant shall notify the county board of the change of address by the close of
7 registration for an election as set out in G.S. 163-82.6(c). The registrant shall make the
8 notification by means of a voter registration form as described in G.S. 163-82.3, or by
9 another written notice, signed by the registrant, that includes the registrant's full name,
10 former residence address, new residence address, and date of moving from the old to the
11 new address.

12 (b) Verification of New Address by Mail. – When a county board of elections
13 receives a notice that a registrant in that county has changed residence within the same
14 county, the county board shall send a notice, by nonforwardable mail, to the registrant at
15 the new address. The notice shall inform the registrant of any new precinct and voting
16 place that will result from the change of address, and it shall state whether the registrant
17 shall vote at the new voting place during the upcoming election or at a later election. If
18 the Postal Service returns the county board's notice to the registrant as undeliverable,
19 the county board shall either:

- 20 (1) Send a second notice by nonforwardable mail to the new address and,
21 if it is returned as undeliverable, send to the registrant's old address a
22 confirmation notice as described in G.S. 163-82.14(d)(2); or
23 (2) Send to the registrant's old address a confirmation notice as described
24 in G.S. 163-82.14(d)(2) without first sending a second nonforwardable
25 notice to the new address.

26 In either case, if the registrant does not respond to the confirmation notice as described
27 in G.S. 163-82.14(d)(2), then the county board shall proceed with the removal of the
28 registrant from the list of voters in accordance with G.S. 163-82.14(d).

29 (c) Board's Duty to Make Change. – If the county board confirms the registrant's
30 new address in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, the county board shall
31 immediately change the record to reflect the new address.

32 (d) Unreported Move Within the Same Precinct. – A registrant who has moved
33 from one address to another within the same precinct shall, notwithstanding failure to
34 notify the county board of the change of address before an election, be permitted to vote
35 at the voting place of that precinct upon oral or written affirmation by the registrant of
36 the change of address before a precinct official at that voting place.

37 (e) Unreported Move to Another Precinct Within the County. – If a registrant has
38 moved from an address in one precinct to an address in another precinct within the same
39 county more than 30 days before an election and has failed to notify the county board of
40 the change of address before the close of registration for that election, the county board
41 shall permit that person to vote in that election. The county board shall permit the
42 registrant described in this subsection to vote at the registrant's new precinct, upon the
43 registrant's written affirmation of the new address, or, if the registrant prefers, at a
44 central location in the county to be chosen by the county board. If the registrant appears

1 at the old precinct, the precinct officials there shall send the registrant to the new
2 precinct or, at the registrant's choice, to the central location, according to rules which
3 shall be prescribed by the State Board of Elections. At the new precinct, the registrant
4 shall be processed by a precinct transfer assistant, according to rules which shall be
5 prescribed by the State Board of Elections.

6 (f) When Registrant Disputes Registration Records. – If the registration records
7 indicate that the registrant has moved outside the precinct, but the registrant denies
8 having moved from the address within the precinct previously shown on the records, the
9 registrant shall be permitted to vote at the voting place for the precinct where the
10 registrant claims to reside, if the registrant gives oral or written affirmation before a
11 precinct official at that voting place.

12 (g) Precinct Transfer Assistants. – The county board of elections shall either
13 designate a board employee or appoint other persons to serve as precinct transfer
14 assistants to receive the election-day transfers of the voters described in subsection (e)
15 of this section. In addition, board members and employees may perform the duties of
16 precinct transfer assistants. The State Board of Elections shall promulgate uniform
17 rules to carry out the provisions of this section, and shall define in those rules the duties
18 of the precinct transfer assistant.

19 **§ 163-82.16. Change of name.**

20 (a) Registrant's Duty to Report. – If the name of a registrant is changed in
21 accordance with G.S. 48-36, G.S. 50-12, or Chapter 101 of the General Statutes, of if a
22 married registrant assumes the last name of the registrant's spouse, the registrant shall
23 not be required to re-register, but shall report the change of name to the county board
24 not later than the last day for applying to register to vote for an election in G.S. 163-
25 82.6. The registrant shall report the change on a form described in G.S. 163-82.3 or on a
26 voter registration card described in G.S. 163-82.8 or in another written statement that is
27 signed, contains the registrant's full names, old and new, and the registrant's current
28 residence address.

29 (b) Verification of New Name by Mail. – When a county board of elections
30 receives a notice of name change from a registrant in that county, the county board shall
31 send a notice, by nonforwardable mail, to the registrant's residence address. The notice
32 shall state that the registrant's records will be changed to reflect the new name if the
33 registrant does not respond that the name change is incorrect. If the Postal Service
34 returns the county board's notice to the registrant as undeliverable, the county board
35 shall send to the registrant's residence address a confirmation notice as described in G.S.
36 163-82.14(d)(2).

37 If the registrant does not respond to the confirmation notice as described in G.S.
38 163-82.14(d)(2), then the county board shall proceed with the removal of the registrant
39 from the list of voters in accordance with G.S. 163-82.14(d).

40 (c) Board's Duty to Make Change. – If the county board confirms the registrant's
41 address in accordance with subsection (b) of this section and the registrant does not
42 deny making the application for the name change, the county board shall immediately
43 change the record of the registrant's name to conform to that stated in the application.

1 (d) Unreported Name Change. – A registrant who has not reported a name
2 change in accordance with subsection (a) of this section shall be permitted to vote if the
3 registrant reports the name change to the chief judge at the voting place, or to the county
4 board along with the voter's application for an absentee ballot.

5 **"§ 163-82.17. Change of party affiliation.**

6 (a) Registrant's Duty to Report. – Any registrant who desires to have the record
7 of his party affiliation or unaffiliated status changed on the registration list shall, no
8 later than the last day for making application to register under G.S. 163-82.6 before the
9 election, indicate the change on an application form as described in G.S. 163-82.3 or on
10 a voter registration card described in G.S. 163-82.8. No registrant shall be permitted to
11 change party affiliation or unaffiliated status for a primary, second primary, or special
12 or general election after the deadline for registration applications for that election as set
13 out in G.S. 163-82.6.

14 (b) Verification of Affiliation Change by Mail. – When a county board of
15 elections receives a notice of change of party affiliation or unaffiliated status from a
16 registrant in that county, the county board shall send a notice, by nonforwardable mail,
17 to the registrant's residence address. The notice shall state that the registrant's records
18 will be changed to reflect the change of status if the registrant does not respond by
19 stating that he does not desire a change in status. The notice shall also inform the
20 registrant of the time that the change of affiliation status will occur, and shall explain
21 the provisions of subsection (d) of this section. If the Postal Service returns the county
22 board's notice to the registrant as undeliverable, the county board shall send to the
23 registrant's residence address a confirmation notice as described in G.S. 163-
24 82.14(d)(2). If the registrant does not respond to the confirmation notice as described in
25 G.S. 163-82.14(d)(2), then the county board shall proceed with the removal of the
26 registrant from the list of voters in accordance with G.S. 163-82.14(d).

27 (c) Board's Duty to Make Change. – If the county board confirms the registrant's
28 address in accordance with subsection (b) of this section and the registrant does not
29 deny making the application to change affiliated or unaffiliated status, the county board
30 of elections shall immediately change the record of the registrant's party affiliation, or
31 unaffiliated status, to conform to that stated in the application. Thereafter the voter shall
32 be considered registered and qualified to vote in accordance with the change, except as
33 provided in subsection (d) of this section.

34 (d) Deadline to Change Status Before Primary. – If a registrant applies to change
35 party affiliation or unaffiliated status later than the last day for applying to register
36 under G.S. 163-82.6 before a primary, the registrant shall not be entitled to vote in that
37 primary.

38 (e) Authority of County Board or Supervisor to Make Correction. – If at any time
39 the chairman or supervisor of elections of the county board of elections is satisfied that
40 an error has been made in designating the party affiliation of any voter on the
41 registration records, then the chairman or supervisor of elections of the county board of
42 elections shall make the necessary correction after receiving from the voter a sworn
43 statement as to the error and the correct status.

44 **"§ 163-82.18. Appeal from denial of registration.**

1 (a) Right to Appeal. – Any applicant who receives notice of denial of registration
2 pursuant to G.S. 163-82.7 may appeal the denial within five days after receipt of the
3 notice of denial. The county board of elections shall promptly set a date for a public
4 hearing. The notice of appeal shall be in writing and shall be signed by the appealing
5 party, shall include the appealing party's name, date of birth, address, and reasons for
6 the appeal.

7 (b) Hearing Before County Board of Elections. – The county board of elections
8 shall set a date and time for a public hearing and shall notify the appealing party. Every
9 person appealing to the county board of elections from denial of registration shall be
10 entitled to a prompt and fair hearing on the question of the denied applicant's right and
11 qualifications to register as a voter. All cases on appeal to a county board of elections
12 shall be heard **de novo**.

13 Two members of the county board of elections shall constitute a quorum for the
14 purpose of hearing appeals on questions of registration. The decision of a majority of
15 the members of the board shall be the decision of the board. The board shall be
16 authorized to subpoena witnesses and to compel their attendance and testimony under
17 oath, and it is further authorized to subpoena papers and documents relevant to any
18 matters pending before the board.

19 If at the hearing the board shall find that the person appealing from a denial of
20 registration meets all requirements of law for registration as a voter in the county, the
21 board shall enter an order directing that the appellant be registered and assign the
22 appellant to the appropriate precinct. Not later than five days after an appeal is heard
23 before the county board of elections, the board shall give written notice of its decision to
24 the appealing party.

25 (c) Appeal to Superior Court. – Any person aggrieved by a final decision of a
26 county board of elections denying registration may at any time within 10 days from the
27 date on which he receives notice of the decision appeal to the superior court of the
28 county in which the board is located. Upon such an appeal, the appealing party shall be
29 the plaintiff and the county board of elections shall be the defendant, and the matter
30 shall be heard **de novo** in the superior court in the manner in which other civil actions
31 are tried and disposed of in that court.

32 If the decision of the court is that the order of the county board of elections shall be
33 set aside, then the court shall enter its order so providing and adjudging that the plaintiff
34 is entitled to be registered as a qualified voter in the precinct in which he originally
35 made application to register, and in such case the plaintiff's name shall be entered in the
36 registration book of that precinct. The court shall not order the registration of any
37 person in a precinct in which he did not apply to register prior to the proceeding in
38 court.

39 From the judgment of the superior court an appeal may be taken to the appellate
40 division in the same manner as other appeals are taken from judgments of that court in
41 civil actions.

42 **"§ 163-82.19. Voter registration at drivers license offices.**

43 The Division of Motor Vehicles shall, pursuant to the rules adopted by the State
44 Board of Elections, modify its forms so that any eligible person who applies for original

1 issuance, renewal or correction of a drivers license, or special identification card issued
2 under G.S. 20-37.7 may, on a part of the form, complete an application to register to
3 vote or to update his registration if the voter has changed his address or moved from one
4 precinct to another or from one county to another. Any person who willfully and
5 knowingly and with fraudulent intent gives false information on the application is guilty
6 of a Class I felony. The application shall state in clear language the penalty for
7 violation of this section. The necessary forms shall be prescribed by the State Board of
8 Elections. The form must ask for the previous voter registration address of the voter, if
9 any. If a previous address is listed, and it is not in the county of residence of the
10 applicant, the appropriate county board of elections shall treat the application as an
11 authorization to cancel the previous registration and also process it as such under the
12 procedures of G.S. 163-82.9. If a previous address is listed and that address is in the
13 county where the voter applies to register, the application shall be processed as if it had
14 been submitted under G.S. 163-82.9.

15 Registration shall become effective as provided in G.S. 163-82.7. Applications to
16 register to vote accepted at a drivers license office under this section until the deadline
17 established in G.S. 163-82.6(c)(2) shall be treated as timely made for an election, and no
18 person who completes an application at that drivers license office shall be denied the
19 vote in that election for failure to apply earlier than that deadline.

20 All applications shall be forwarded by the Department of Transportation to the
21 appropriate board of elections not later than two business days after the date of
22 acceptance, according to rules which shall be promulgated by the State Board of
23 Elections.

24 **"§ 163-82.20. Voter registration at other public agencies.**

25 (a) Voter Registration Agencies. – Every office in this State which accepts:

- 26 (1) Applications for a program of public assistance under Article 2 of
27 Chapter 108A of the General Statutes;
28 (2) Applications for State-funded State or local government programs
29 primarily engaged in providing services to persons with disabilities,
30 with such office designated by the State Board of Elections; or
31 (3) Claims for benefits under Chapter 96 of the General Statutes, the
32 Employment Security Law.

33 (b) Duties of Voter Registration Agencies. – A voter registration agency
34 described in subsection (a) of this section shall, unless the applicant declines, in writing,
35 to register to vote:

- 36 (1) Distribute with each application for service or assistance, and with
37 each recertification, renewal, or change of address relating to such
38 service or assistance:
39 a. The voter registration application form described in G.S. 163-
40 82.3(a) or (b); or
41 b. The voter registration agency's own form, if it is substantially
42 equivalent to the form described in G.S. 163-82.3(a) or (b) and
43 has been approved by the State Board of Elections, provided
44 that the agency's own form may be a detachable part of the

1 agency's paper application or may be a paperless computer
2 process, as long as the applicant is required to sign an
3 attestation as part of the application to register.

4 (2) Provide a form that contains the elements required by section
5 7(a)(6)(B) of the National Voter Registration Act; and

6 (3) Provide to each applicant who does not decline to register to vote the
7 same degree of assistance with regard to the completion of the
8 registration application as is provided by the office with regard to the
9 completion of its own forms.

10 (c) Home Registration for Disabled. – If a voter registration agency provides
11 services to a person with disability at the person's home, the voter registration agency
12 shall provide the services described in subsection (b) of this section at the person's
13 home.

14 (d) Prohibitions. – Any person providing any service under subsection (b) of this
15 section shall not:

16 (1) Seek to influence an applicant's political preference or party
17 registration, except that this shall not be construed to prevent the
18 notice provided by G.S. 163-82.4(c) to be given if the applicant refuses
19 to declare his party affiliation;

20 (2) Display any such political preference or party allegiance;

21 (3) Make any statement to an applicant or take any action the purpose or
22 effect of which is to discourage the applicant from registering to vote;
23 or

24 (4) Make any statement to an applicant or take any action the purpose or
25 effect of which is to lead the applicant to believe that a decision to
26 register or not to register has any bearing on the availability of services
27 or benefits.

28 (e) Confidentiality of Declination to Register. – No information relating to a
29 declination to register to vote in connection with an application made at a voter
30 registration agency may be used for any purpose other than voter registration.

31 (f) Transmittal From Agency to Board of Elections. – Any voter registration
32 application completed at a voter registration agency shall be accepted by that agency in
33 lieu of the applicant's mailing the application. Any such application so received shall be
34 transmitted to the appropriate board of elections not later than two business days after
35 acceptance, according to rules which shall be promulgated by the State Board of
36 Elections.

37 (g) Twenty-Five-Day Deadline for an Election. – Applications to register
38 accepted by a voter registration agency shall entitle a registrant to vote in any primary,
39 general, or special election unless the registrant shall have made application later than
40 the twenty-fifth calendar day immediately preceding such primary, general, or special
41 election, provided that nothing shall prohibit voter registration agencies from continuing
42 to accept applications during that period.

43 (h) Ineligible Applications Prohibited. – No person shall make application to
44 register to vote under this section if that person is ineligible to vote on account of age,

1 citizenship, lack of residence for the period of time provided by law, or because of
2 conviction of a felony.

3 **"§ 163-82.21. Voter registration at military recruitment offices.**

4 The Executive Secretary-Director, jointly with the Department of Defense, shall
5 develop and implement procedures for persons to apply to register to vote at recruitment
6 offices of the armed forces of the United States in compliance with section 7(c) of
7 the National Voter Registration Act.

8 **"§ 163-82.22. Voter registration at public libraries.**

9 Every library covered by G.S. 153A-272 shall make available to the public the
10 application forms described in G.S. 163-82.3, and shall keep a sufficient supply of the
11 forms so that they are always available. Every library covered by G.S. 153A-272 shall
12 designate at least one employee to assist voter registration applicants in completing the
13 form during all times that the library is open.

14 **"§ 163-82.23. Voter registration at public high schools.**

15 Every public high school shall make available to its students and others who are
16 eligible to register to vote the application forms described in G.S. 163-82.3, and shall
17 keep a sufficient supply of the forms so that they are always available. A local board of
18 education may, but is not required to, designate high school employees to assist in
19 completing the forms. Only employees who volunteer for this duty may be designated
20 by boards of education.

21 **"§ 163-82.24. Statewide training for election officials.**

22 The State Board of Elections shall conduct training programs in election law and
23 procedures. All the following officers shall attend a training program conducted by the
24 State Board at least once within six months after their initial appointment:

- 25 (1) Members of county boards of elections; and
26 (2) County supervisors of elections.

27 In addition, members of the county boards of elections and supervisors shall attend a
28 training program conducted by the State Board at least once a year after their initial
29 appointment. The State Board of Elections shall promulgate rules for the training of
30 precinct officials.

31 **"§ 163-82.25. Mandated voter registration drive.**

32 The Governor shall proclaim as Citizens Awareness Month the month designated by
33 the State Board of Elections during every even-numbered year. During that month, the
34 State Board of Elections shall initiate a statewide voter registration drive and shall adopt
35 rules under which county boards of elections shall conduct the drives. Each county
36 board of elections shall participate in the statewide voter registration drives in
37 accordance with the rules adopted by the State Board.

38 **"§ 163-82.26. Rule-making authority.**

39 The State Board of Elections shall promulgate rules necessary to implement the
40 provisions of this Article."

41 Sec. 3. G.S. 163-41 reads as rewritten:

42 **"§ 163-41. Precinct registrars—~~chief judges and judges of election; special~~**
43 **registrars—~~commissioners; appointment; terms of office; qualifications;~~**
44 **vacancies; oaths of office.**

1 (a) Appointment of ~~Registrar~~Chief Judge and Judges. – At the meeting required
2 by G.S. 163-31 to be held on the Tuesday following the third Monday in August of the
3 year in which they are appointed, the county board of elections shall appoint one person
4 to act as ~~registrar~~chief judge and two other persons to act as judges of election for each
5 precinct in the county. Their terms of office shall continue for two years from the
6 specified date of appointment and until their successors are appointed and qualified. It
7 shall be their duty to conduct the primaries and elections within their respective
8 precincts. Persons appointed to these offices must be registered voters and residents of
9 the precinct for which appointed, of good repute, and able to read and write. Not more
10 than one judge in each precinct shall belong to the same political party as the ~~registrar~~
11 chief judge.

12 The term 'precinct official' shall mean ~~registrars~~chief judges and judges appointed
13 pursuant to this section, and all assistants appointed pursuant to G.S. 163-42, unless the
14 context of a statute clearly indicates a more restrictive meaning.

15 No person shall be eligible to serve as a precinct official, as that term is defined
16 above, who holds any elective office under the government of the United States, or of
17 the State of North Carolina or any political subdivision thereof.

18 No person shall be eligible to serve as a precinct official who is a candidate for
19 nomination or election.

20 No person shall be eligible to serve as a precinct official who holds any office in a
21 state, congressional district, county, or precinct political party or political organization,
22 or who is a manager or treasurer for any candidate or political party, provided however
23 that the position of delegate to a political party convention shall not be considered an
24 office for the purpose of this subsection.

25 The chairman of each political party in the county where possible shall recommend
26 two registered voters in each precinct who are otherwise qualified, are residents of the
27 precinct, have good moral character, and are able to read and write, for appointment as
28 ~~registrar~~chief judge in the precinct, and he shall also recommend where possible the
29 same number of similarly qualified voters for appointment as judges of election in that
30 precinct. If such recommendations are received by the county board of elections no
31 later than the fifth day preceding the date on which appointments are to be made, it must
32 make precinct appointments from the names of those recommended. Provided that if
33 only one name is submitted by the fifth day preceding the date on which appointments
34 are to be made, by a party for judge of election by the chairman of one of the two
35 political parties in the county having the greatest numbers of registered voters in the
36 State, the county board of elections must appoint that person.

37 If, at any time other than on the day of a primary or election, a ~~registrar~~chief judge
38 or judge of election shall be removed from office, or shall die or resign, or if for any
39 other cause there be a vacancy in a precinct election office, the chairman of the county
40 board of elections shall appoint another in his place, promptly notifying him of his
41 appointment. If at all possible, the chairman of the county board of elections shall
42 consult with the county chairman of the political party of the vacating official, and if the
43 chairman of the county political party nominates a qualified voter of that precinct to fill
44 the vacancy, the chairman of the county board of elections shall appoint that person. In

1 filling such a vacancy, the chairman shall appoint a person who belongs to the same
2 political party as that to which the vacating member belonged when appointed. If the
3 chairman of the county board of elections did not appoint a person upon
4 recommendation of the chairman of the party to fill such a vacancy, then the term of
5 office of the person appointed to fill the vacancy shall expire upon the conclusion of the
6 next canvass held by the county board of elections under this Chapter, and any
7 successor must be a person nominated by the chairman of the party of the vacating
8 officer.

9 If any person appointed ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall fail to be present at the voting
10 place at the hour of opening the polls on primary or election day, or if a vacancy in that
11 office shall occur on primary or election day for any reason whatever, the precinct
12 judges of election shall appoint another to act as ~~registrar~~ chief judge until such time as
13 the chairman of the county board of elections shall appoint to fill the vacancy. If such
14 appointment by the chairman of the county board of elections is not a person nominated
15 by the county chairman of the political party of the vacating officer, then the term of
16 office of the person appointed to fill the vacancy shall expire upon the conclusion of the
17 next canvass held by the county board of elections under this Chapter. If a judge of
18 election shall fail to be present at the voting place at the hour of opening the polls on
19 primary or election day, or if a vacancy in that office shall occur on primary or election
20 day for any reason whatever, the ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall appoint another to act as
21 judge until such time as the chairman of the county board of elections shall appoint to
22 fill the vacancy. Persons appointed to fill vacancies shall, whenever possible, be chosen
23 from the same political party as the person whose vacancy is being filled, and all such
24 appointees shall be sworn before acting.

25 As soon as practicable, following their training as prescribed in G.S. ~~163-80(d)~~, 163-
26 82.24, each ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judge of ~~elections~~ election shall take and subscribe
27 the following oath of office to be administered by an officer authorized to administer
28 oaths and file it with the county board of elections:

29 I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the
30 Constitution of the United States; that I will be faithful and bear true
31 allegiance to the State of North Carolina, and to the constitutional powers
32 and authorities which are or may be established for the government
33 thereof; that I will endeavor to support, maintain and defend the
34 Constitution of said State not inconsistent with the Constitution of the
35 United States; that I will administer the duties of my office as ~~registrar~~
36 chief judge of (judge of ~~elections~~ election in) precinct, County,
37 without fear or favor; that I will not in any manner request or seek to
38 persuade or induce any voter to vote for or against any particular
39 candidate or proposition; and that I will not keep or make any
40 memorandum of anything occurring within a voting booth, unless I am
41 called upon to testify in a judicial proceeding for a violation of the
42 election laws of this State; so help me, God.'

43 Notwithstanding the previous paragraph, a person appointed ~~registrar~~ chief judge by
44 the judges of election under this section, or appointed judge of election by the ~~registrar~~

1 chief judge under this section may take the oath of office immediately upon
2 appointment.

3 Before the opening of the polls on the morning of the primary or election, the
4 ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall administer the oath set out in the preceding paragraph to each
5 assistant, and any judge of ~~elections~~ election not previously sworn, substituting for the
6 words '~~registrar~~ chief judge of' the words 'assistant in' or 'judge of ~~elections~~ election in'
7 whichever is appropriate.

8 (b) ~~Appointment of Special Registration Commissioners.~~—~~In each county the~~
9 ~~county board of elections shall appoint as special registration commissioners the~~
10 ~~persons required by the next paragraph of this subsection, and may appoint additional~~
11 ~~persons as special registration commissioners. Special registration commissioners shall~~
12 ~~serve a term to expire on the date on which registrars and judges are appointed pursuant~~
13 ~~to subsection (a) of this subsection, and may be removed with cause. A special~~
14 ~~registration commissioner for a county must be a registered voter of that county.~~

15 ~~In each county, the county chairman of each of the two political parties having the~~
16 ~~greatest voter registration in the State may each, from time to time until the maximum~~
17 ~~number of special registration commissioners allowed by this sentence are appointed,~~
18 ~~recommend voters who are eligible and who are residents of the county for appointment~~
19 ~~as special registration commissioners in a number not to exceed:~~

- 20 (1) ~~One per 2,500 (or major fraction) residents of the county according to~~
21 ~~the most recent decennial federal census; or~~
- 22 (2) ~~Five, whichever is greater, but in no case greater than 100. If such~~
23 ~~recommendations are received by the county board of elections at least~~
24 ~~seven days prior to the next meeting of the county board of elections,~~
25 ~~the county board of elections shall at that meeting appoint as special~~
26 ~~registration commissioners the qualified persons on each list. The~~
27 ~~county board of elections shall meet within 45 days of receiving such~~
28 ~~nominations.~~

29 ~~No person shall be eligible to serve as a special registration commissioner, who~~
30 ~~holds any elective office under the government of the United States, or of the State of~~
31 ~~North Carolina or any political subdivision thereof.~~

32 ~~No person shall be eligible to serve as a special registration commissioner, who~~
33 ~~serves as chairman of any state, congressional district, county, or precinct political party~~
34 ~~or political organization.~~

35 ~~No person shall be eligible to serve as a special registration commissioner who is a~~
36 ~~candidate for nomination or election.~~

37 ~~No special registration commissioner who is the wife, husband, mother, father, son,~~
38 ~~daughter, brother or sister of any candidate for nomination or election may serve as~~
39 ~~special registration commissioner during the period beginning when the person files a~~
40 ~~notice of candidacy or otherwise obtains ballot access and ending on the date of the~~
41 ~~primary if the candidate is on the primary ballot or ending on the day of the general~~
42 ~~election if the candidate is on the general election ballot. The county board of elections~~
43 ~~shall temporarily disqualify the special registration commissioner for that period and~~
44 ~~shall have authority to appoint a temporary substitute who is a member of the same~~

1 political party, to serve until the special registration commissioner is no longer
2 disqualified.

3 If the commissioner being temporarily replaced was appointed from a list of names
4 which the board of elections was required to appoint one of, then the board of elections
5 must appoint the temporary substitute from a list of two names submitted by the
6 chairman of that political party.

7 Before being eligible to take the oath of office, each special registration
8 commissioner must receive the same training in registering voters as is required of
9 registrars and judges under G.S. 163-80(d).

10 Before entering upon his duties each special registration commissioner shall take
11 and subscribe the following oath of office to be administered by an officer authorized to
12 administer oaths and file it with the county board of elections:

13 I, _____, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will
14 support the Constitution of the United States; that I will be faithful and
15 bear true allegiance to the State of North Carolina, and to the
16 constitutional powers and authorities which are or may be established for
17 the government thereof; that I will endeavor to support, maintain and
18 defend the Constitution of said State, not inconsistent with the
19 Constitution of the United States; that I will administer the duties of my
20 office as special registration commissioner for _____ County
21 without fear or favor, to the best of my knowledge and ability, according
22 to law; so help me, God!

23 Special Registration Commissioners Abolished; Optional Training. – The office of
24 special registration commissioner is abolished. The State Board of Elections and county
25 boards of elections may provide training to persons assisting in voter registration.

26 (b1) Repealed by Session Laws 1985, c. 387, s. 1.1.

27 (c) Publication of Names of Precinct Officials. – Immediately after
28 appointing registrars, judges, and special registration commissioners chief judges and
29 judges as herein provided, the county board of elections shall publish the names of the
30 persons appointed in some newspaper having general circulation in the county or, in lieu
31 thereof, at the courthouse door, and shall notify each person appointed of his
32 appointment, either by letter or by having a notice served upon him by the sheriff.
33 Notice may additionally be made on a radio or television station or both, but such notice
34 shall be in addition to the newspaper and other required notice."

35 Sec. 4. G.S. 163-47 reads as rewritten:

36 "**§ 163-47. Powers and duties of registrars chief judges and judges of election.**

37 (a) The registrars chief judges and judges of election shall conduct the primaries
38 and elections within their respective precincts fairly and impartially, and they shall
39 enforce peace and good order in and about the place of registration and voting. On the
40 day of each primary and general and special election, the precinct registrar chief judge
41 and judges shall remain at the voting place from the time fixed by law for the
42 commencement of their duties there until they have completed all those duties, and they
43 shall not separate nor shall any one of them leave the voting place except for
44 unavoidable necessity.

1 (b) ~~The registrar shall have in his charge the actual registration of voters within~~
2 ~~his precinct and shall not delegate this responsibility. On the days required by law, he~~
3 ~~shall attend the voting place for the registration of new voters and for hearing~~
4 ~~challenges, but in the performance of these duties the registrar shall be subject to the~~
5 ~~observance of such reasonable rules and regulations as the county board of elections~~
6 ~~may prescribe, not inconsistent with law. On the day of an election or primary, the~~
7 ~~registrar-chief judge shall have charge of the registration book-list for the purpose of~~
8 ~~passing on the registration of persons who present themselves at the polls to vote.~~

9 (c) ~~The registrars-chief judge and judges shall hear challenges of the right of~~
10 ~~registered voters to vote as provided by law.~~

11 (d) ~~The registrars-chief judge and judges shall count the votes cast in their~~
12 ~~precincts and make such returns of the same as is provided by law.~~

13 (e) ~~The registrars-chief judge and judges shall make such an accounting to the~~
14 ~~chairman of the county board of elections for ballots and for election supplies as is~~
15 ~~required by law.~~

16 (f) ~~The registrar-chief judge and judges of election shall act by a majority vote on~~
17 ~~all matters not assigned specifically by law to the registrar-chief judge or to a judge."~~

18 Sec. 5. Wherever the term "registrar" appears in Chapter 163 of the General
19 Statutes, the term shall be changed to read "chief judge".

20 Sec. 6. Article 4 of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is amended by
21 adding a new section to read:

22 **"§ 163-36. Modified full-time offices.**

23 The State Board of Elections shall promulgate rules permitting counties that have
24 fewer than 14,001 registered voters to operate a modified full-time elections office to
25 the extent that the operation of a full-time office is not necessary. Nothing in this
26 section shall preclude any county from keeping an elections office open at hours
27 consistent with the hours observed by other county offices."

28 Sec. 7. Article 10 of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes is amended by
29 adding a new section to read:

30 **"§ 163-116. Voting by unaffiliated voter in party primary.**

31 If a political party has, by action of its State Executive Committee reported to the
32 State Board of Elections by resolution delivered no later than the first day of December
33 preceding a primary, provided that unaffiliated voters may vote in the primary of that
34 party, an unaffiliated voter may vote in the primary of that party by announcing that
35 intention under G.S. 163-150(a). For a party to withdraw its permission, it must do so
36 by action of its State Executive Committee, similarly reported to the State Board of
37 Elections no later than the first day of December preceding the primary where the
38 withdrawal is to become effective."

39 Sec. 8. G.S. 18B-601(i) reads as rewritten:

40 "(i) Observers. – The proponents and opponents for an alcoholic beverage
41 election, as determined by the local board of elections, shall have the right to appoint
42 two ~~watchers-observers~~ to attend each voting place. The persons authorized to appoint
43 ~~watchers-observers~~ shall, three days before the election, submit in writing to the
44 ~~registrar-chief judge~~ of each precinct a signed list of the ~~watchers-observers~~ appointed

1 for that precinct. The persons appointed as ~~watchers~~observers shall be registered voters
2 of the precinct for which appointed. The ~~registrar~~chief judge and judges for the
3 precinct may for good cause reject any appointee and require that another be appointed.
4 ~~Watchers~~Observers shall do no electioneering at the voting place nor in any manner
5 impede the voting process, interfere or communicate with or observe any voter in
6 casting his ballot. ~~Watchers~~Observers shall be permitted in the voting place to make
7 such observation and to take such notes as they may desire."

8 Sec. 9. G.S. 115C-506 reads as rewritten:

9 **"§ 115C-506. Action of board of county commissioners or governing body of**
10 **municipality.**

11 Petitions requesting special school elections and bearing the approval of the board of
12 education of the local school administrative unit shall be presented to the board of
13 county commissioners, and it shall be the duty of said board of county commissioners to
14 call an election and fix the date for the same: Provided, that the board of education
15 requesting the election may, for any reason deemed sufficient by said board which shall
16 be specified and recorded in the minutes of the board, withdraw the petition ~~before the~~
17 ~~close of the registration books, by the twenty-fifth day before the election,~~ and if the
18 petition be so withdrawn, the election shall not be held unless by some other provision
19 of law the holding of such election is mandatory. In the case of a city administrative
20 unit in any incorporated city or town and formed from portions of contiguous counties,
21 said petition shall be presented to the governing body of the city or town situated within,
22 coterminous with, or embracing such city administrative unit, and the election shall be
23 ordered by said governing body, and said governing body shall perform all the duties
24 pertaining to said election performed by the board of county commissioners in elections
25 held under this Article."

26 Sec. 10. G.S. 139-40 reads as rewritten:

27 **"§ 139-40. Conduct of election.**

28 (a) There shall be no new registration of voters for such an election. ~~The~~
29 ~~registration books~~Registration shall be open for registration of new voters in said
30 county and registration of any and all legal residents of said county, who are or could
31 legally be enfranchised as qualified voters for regular general elections, shall be carried
32 out in accordance with the general election laws of the State of North Carolina as
33 provided for local elections. Notice of such registration of new voters shall be
34 published in a newspaper circulated in said county, once, not less than ~~30~~55 days
35 before and not more than ~~40~~65 days ~~before, the close of the registration books,~~
36 before the election, stating the hours and days for registration. The special election, if called,
37 shall be under the control and supervision of the county board of elections.

38 (b) The form of the question shall be substantially the words 'For Watershed
39 Improvement Tax of Not More Than Cents Per One Hundred Dollar (\$100.00)
40 Valuation,' and 'Against Watershed Improvement Tax of Not More Than Cents
41 Per One Hundred Dollar (\$100.00) Valuation,' which alternates shall appear separated
42 from each other on one ballot containing opposite, and to the left of each alternate,
43 squares of appropriate size in one of which squares the voter may make a mark 'X' to
44 designate the voter's choice for or against such tax, provided, the board of county

1 commissioners may vary the aforesaid form of the question to be placed upon the ballot
2 for the watershed improvement tax election in such manner as the board deems
3 appropriate, and the board of elections shall cause to be placed upon the ballot such
4 form of the question as may be requested by the board of county commissioners. The
5 board of county commissioners shall designate the amount of the maximum annual rate
6 of such tax to be levied, which amount may be less than but may not exceed twenty-five
7 cents (25¢) on the one hundred dollar (\$100.00) valuation of property in the county, and
8 said amount shall be stated on the ballot in the question to be voted upon. Such ballot
9 shall be printed on white paper and each polling place shall be supplied with a sufficient
10 number of ballots not later than the day before the election. At such special election the
11 election board shall cause to be placed at each voting precinct in said county a ballot
12 box marked 'Watershed Improvement Tax Election'.

13 (c) The duly appointed judges and other election officials who are named and
14 fixed by the county board of elections shall count the ballots so cast in such election and
15 the results of the election shall be officially canvassed, certified and announced by the
16 proper officials of the board of elections, according to the manner of canvassing,
17 certifying and announcing the elections held under the general election laws of the State
18 as provided for local elections.

19 (d) If a majority of those voting in such election favor the levying of such a tax,
20 the board of commissioners of such county is authorized to levy a special tax at a rate
21 not to exceed twenty-five cents (25¢) on each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of assessed
22 value of real and personal property taxable in said county, not to exceed the maximum
23 rate of tax approved by the voters in such election, and the General Assembly does
24 hereby give its special approval for the levy of such special tax."

25 Sec. 11. G.S. 158-17 reads as rewritten:

26 **"§ 158-17. Registration of voters; election under supervision of county board of**
27 **elections.**

28 There shall be no new registration of voters for such an election. ~~The registration~~
29 ~~books—Registration~~ shall be open for registration of new voters in said county and
30 registration of any and all legal residents of said county, who are or could legally be
31 enfranchised as qualified voters for regular general elections, shall be carried out in
32 accordance with the general election laws of the State of North Carolina as provided for
33 local elections. Notice of such registration of new voters shall be published in a
34 newspaper circulated in said county, once, not less than ~~30-55~~ days before and not more
35 than ~~40-65~~ days before, ~~the close of the registration books, the election,~~ stating the hours
36 and days for registration. The special election, if called, shall be under the control and
37 supervision of the county board of elections."

38 Sec. 12. G.S. 163-22(o) reads as rewritten:

39 "(o) The State Board of Elections shall promulgate minimum requirements for the
40 number of pollbooks, voting machines and curbside ballots to be available at each
41 precinct, such that more of such will be available at general elections and a sufficient
42 number will be available to allow voting without excessive delay. The State Board of
43 Elections shall provide for a training and screening program for ~~registrars—chief judges~~

1 and judges. The State Board of Elections shall provide additional testing of voting
2 machines to ensure that they operate properly even with complicated ballots.

3 The State Board of Elections shall require counties with voting systems to have
4 sufficient personnel available on election day with technical expertise to make repairs in
5 such equipment, to investigate election day problems, and assist in curbside voting."

6 Sec. 13. G.S. 163-31 reads as rewritten:

7 **"§ 163-31. Meetings of county boards of elections; quorum; minutes.**

8 In each county of the State the members of the county board of elections shall meet
9 at the courthouse or board office at noon on the Tuesday following the third Monday in
10 July in the year of their appointment by the State Board of Elections and, after taking
11 the oath of office provided in G.S. 163-30, they shall organize by electing one member
12 chairman and another member secretary of the county board of elections. On the
13 Tuesday following the third Monday in August of the year in which they are appointed
14 the county board of elections shall meet and appoint precinct ~~registrars~~ chief judges and
15 judges of elections. The board may hold other meetings at such times as the chairman
16 of the board, or any two members thereof, may direct, for the performance of duties
17 prescribed by law. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the
18 transaction of board business. The chairman shall notify, or cause to be notified, all
19 members regarding every meeting to be held by the board.

20 The county board of elections shall keep minutes recording all proceedings and
21 findings at each of its meetings. The minutes shall be recorded in a book which shall be
22 kept in the board office and it shall be the responsibility of the secretary, elected by the
23 board, to keep the required minute book current and accurate. The secretary of the
24 board may designate the supervisor of elections to record and maintain the minutes
25 under his supervision."

26 Sec. 14. G.S. 163-32 reads as rewritten:

27 **"§ 163-32. Compensation of members of county boards of elections.**

28 In full compensation of their services, members of the county board of elections
29 (including the chairman) shall be paid by the county twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) per
30 meeting for the time they are actually engaged in the discharge of their duties, together
31 with reimbursement of expenditures necessary and incidental to the discharge of their
32 duties; provided that members are not entitled to be compensated for more than one
33 meeting held in any one 24-hour period. In its discretion, the board of county
34 commissioners of any county may pay the chairman and members of the county board
35 of elections compensation in addition to the per meeting and expense allowance
36 provided in this paragraph.

37 In all counties the board of elections shall pay its clerk, assistant clerks, and other
38 employees such compensation as it shall fix within budget appropriations. Counties
39 which adopt full-time and permanent registration shall have authority to pay supervisors
40 of elections ~~and special registration commissioners~~ whatever compensation they may
41 fix within budget appropriations."

42 Sec. 15. G.S. 163-33(2) reads as rewritten:

43 "(2) To appoint all ~~registrars~~ chief judges, judges, assistants, and other
44 officers of elections, and designate the precinct in which each shall

1 serve; and, after notice and hearing, to remove any ~~registrar, chief~~
2 ~~judge,~~ judge of elections, assistant, or other officer of election
3 appointed by it for incompetency, failure to discharge the duties of
4 office, failure to qualify within the time prescribed by law, fraud, or
5 for any other satisfactory cause. In exercising the powers and duties of
6 this subdivision, the board may act only when a majority of its
7 members are present at any meeting at which such powers or duties are
8 exercised."

9 Sec. 16. G.S. 163-35(d) reads as rewritten:

10 "(d) Duties. – The supervisor of elections may be empowered by the county board
11 of elections to perform such administrative duties as might be assigned by the board and
12 the chairman. ~~In addition to any administrative duties the supervisor of elections shall~~
13 ~~be authorized to receive applications for registration and in pursuit of such authority~~
14 ~~shall be given the oath required of all registrars.~~ In addition, the supervisor of elections
15 may be authorized by the chairman to execute the responsibilities devolving upon the
16 chairman provided such authorization by any chairman shall in no way transfer the
17 responsibility for compliance with the law. The chairman shall remain liable for proper
18 execution of all matters specifically assigned to him by law.

19 The county board of elections shall have authority, by resolution adopted by
20 majority vote, to delegate to its supervisor of elections so much of the administrative
21 detail of the election functions, duties, and work of the board, its officers and members,
22 as is now, or may hereafter be vested in the board or its members as the county board of
23 elections may see fit: Provided, that the board shall not delegate to a supervisor of
24 elections any of its quasi-judicial or policy-making duties and authority. Within the
25 limitations imposed upon him by the resolution of the county board of elections the acts
26 of a properly appointed supervisor of elections shall be deemed to be the acts of the
27 county board of elections, its officers and members."

28 Sec. 17. G.S. 163-42 reads as rewritten:

29 "**§ 163-42. Assistants at polls; appointment; term of office; qualifications; oath of**
30 **office.**

31 Each county and municipal board of elections is authorized, in its discretion, to
32 appoint two or more assistants for each precinct to aid the ~~registrar chief judge~~ and
33 judges. Not more than two assistants shall be appointed in precincts having 500 or less
34 registered voters. Assistants shall be qualified voters of the precinct for which
35 appointed. When the board of elections determines that assistants are needed in a
36 precinct an equal number shall be appointed from different political parties, unless the
37 requirement as to party affiliation cannot be met because of an insufficient number of
38 voters of different political parties within a precinct.

39 The chairman of each political party in the county shall have the right to recommend
40 from three to 10 registered voters in each precinct for appointment as precinct assistants
41 in that precinct. If the recommendations are received by it no later than the thirtieth day
42 prior to the primary or election, the board shall make appointments of the precinct
43 assistants for each precinct from the names thus recommended.

1 Before entering upon the duties of the office, each assistant shall take the oath
2 prescribed in G.S. 163-41(a) to be administered by the ~~registrar~~chief judge of the
3 precinct for which the assistant is appointed. Assistants serve for the particular primary
4 or election for which they are appointed, unless the county board of elections appoints
5 them for a term to expire on the date appointments are to be made pursuant to G.S. 163-
6 41."

7 Sec. 18. G.S. 163-43 reads as rewritten:

8 **"§ 163-43. Ballot counters; appointment; qualifications; oath of office.**

9 The county board of elections of any county may authorize the use of precinct ballot
10 counters to aid the ~~registrars~~chief judges and judges of election in the counting of
11 ballots in any precinct or precincts within the county. The county board of elections
12 shall appoint the ballot counters it authorizes for each precinct or, in its discretion, the
13 board may delegate authority to make such appointments to the precinct ~~registrar~~chief
14 judge, specifying the number of ballot counters to be appointed for each precinct. A
15 ballot counter must be a resident of that precinct.

16 No person shall be eligible to serve as a ballot counter, who holds any elective office
17 under the government of the United States, or of the State of North Carolina or any
18 political subdivision thereof.

19 No person shall be eligible to serve as a ballot counter, who serves as chairman of a
20 state, congressional district, county, or precinct political party or political organization.

21 No person who is the wife, husband, mother, father, son, daughter, brother or sister
22 of any candidate for nomination or election may serve as ballot counter during any
23 primary or election in which such candidate qualifies.

24 No person shall be eligible to serve as a ballot counter who is a candidate for
25 nomination or election.

26 Upon acceptance of appointment, each ballot counter shall appear before the
27 precinct ~~registrar~~chief judge at the voting place immediately at the close of the polls on
28 the day of the primary or election and take the following oath to be administered by the
29 ~~registrar~~chief judge:

30 'I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the Constitution of the
31 United States; that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to the State of North
32 Carolina, and to the constitutional powers and authorities which are or may be
33 established for the government thereof; that I will endeavor to support, maintain and
34 defend the Constitution of said State not inconsistent with the Constitution of the United
35 States; that I will honestly discharge the duties of ballot counter in precinct,
36 County for primary (or election) held this day, and that I will fairly and honestly
37 tabulate the votes cast in said primary (or election); so help me, God.'

38 The names and addresses of all ballot counters serving in any precinct, whether
39 appointed by the county board of elections or by the ~~registrar~~chief judge, shall be
40 reported by the ~~registrar~~chief judge to the county board of elections at the county
41 canvass following the primary or election."

42 Sec. 19. G.S. 163-45 reads as rewritten:

43 **"§ 163-45. Observers; appointment.**

1 The chairman of each political party in the county shall have the right to designate
2 two observers to attend each voting place at each primary and election and such
3 observers may, at the option of the designating party chairman, be relieved during the
4 day of the primary or election after serving no less than four hours and provided the list
5 required by this section to be filed by each chairman contains the names of all persons
6 authorized to represent such chairman's political party. Not more than two observers
7 from the same political party shall be permitted in the voting enclosure at any time.
8 This right shall not extend to the chairman of a political party during a primary unless
9 that party is participating in the primary. In any election in which an unaffiliated
10 candidate is named on the ballot, he or his campaign manager shall have the right to
11 appoint two observers for each voting place consistent with the provisions specified
12 herein. Persons appointed as observers must be registered voters of the precinct for
13 which appointed and must have good moral character. Observers shall take no oath of
14 office.

15 Individuals authorized to appoint observers must submit in writing to the ~~registrar~~
16 chief judge of each precinct a signed list of the observers appointed for that precinct.
17 Individuals authorized to appoint observers must, prior to 10:00 A.M. on the fifth day
18 prior to any primary or general election, submit in writing to the chairman of the county
19 board of elections two signed copies of a list of observers appointed by them,
20 designating the precinct for which each observer is appointed. Before the opening of
21 the voting place on the day of a primary or general election, the chairman shall deliver
22 one copy of the list to the ~~registrar~~ chief judge for each affected precinct. He shall
23 retain the other copy. The chairman, or the ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges for each
24 affected precinct, may for good cause reject any appointee and require that another be
25 appointed. The names of any persons appointed in place of those persons rejected shall
26 be furnished in writing to the ~~registrar~~ chief judge of each affected precinct no later than
27 the time for opening the voting place on the day of any primary or general election,
28 either by the chairman of the county board of elections or the person making the
29 substitute appointment.

30 An observer shall do no electioneering at the voting place, and he shall in no manner
31 impede the voting process or interfere or communicate with or observe any voter in
32 casting his ballot, but, subject to these restrictions, the ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges
33 of elections shall permit him to make such observation and take such notes as he may
34 desire.

35 Whether or not the observer attends to the polls for the requisite time provided by
36 this section, each observer shall be entitled to obtain at times specified by the State
37 Board of Elections, but not less than three times during election day with the spacing
38 not less than one hour apart, a list of the persons who have voted in the precinct so far in
39 that election day. Counties that use an 'authorization to vote document' instead of poll
40 books may comply with the requirement in the previous sentence by permitting each
41 observer to inspect election records so that the observer may create a list of persons who
42 have voted in the precinct so far that election day; each observer shall be entitled to
43 make the inspection at times specified by the State Board of Elections, but not less than
44 three times during election day with the spacing not less than one hour apart."

1 Sec. 20. G.S. 163-46 reads as rewritten:

2 **"§ 163-46. Compensation of precinct officials and assistants.**

3 The precinct ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall be paid the state minimum wage for his
4 services on the day of a primary, special or general election. Judges of election shall
5 each be paid the state minimum wage for their services on the day of a primary, special
6 or general election. Assistants, appointed pursuant to G.S. 163-42, shall each be paid
7 the state minimum wage for their services on the day of a primary, special or general
8 election. Ballot counters appointed pursuant to G.S. 163-43 shall be paid a minimum of
9 five dollars (\$5.00) for their services on the day of a primary, general or special
10 election.

11 ~~Registrars~~ Chief judges shall be paid the sum of twenty dollars (\$20.00) per day and
12 judges shall be paid the sum of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) per day for attendance at the
13 county canvass, pursuant to G.S. 163-173; ~~or for attending the polling place for the~~
14 ~~purpose of registering voters upon instruction from the chairman of the county board of~~
15 ~~elections.~~ 163-173.

16 The chairman of the county board of elections, along with the supervisor of
17 elections, shall conduct an instructional meeting prior to each primary and general
18 election which shall be attended by each ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judge of election,
19 unless excused by the chairman, and such precinct election officials shall be paid the
20 sum of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) for attending the instructional meetings required by this
21 section.

22 In its discretion, the board of county commissioners of any county may provide
23 funds with which the county board of elections may pay ~~registrars,~~ chief judges, judges,
24 assistants, and ballot counters in addition to the amounts specified in this section.
25 Observers shall be paid no compensation for their services.

26 A person appointed to serve as ~~registrar~~ chief judge, or judge of election when a
27 previously appointed ~~registrar~~ chief judge or judge fails to appear at the voting place or
28 leaves his post on the day of an election or primary shall be paid the same compensation
29 as the ~~registrar~~ chief judge or judge appointed prior to that date.

30 For the purpose of this section, the phrase 'the State minimum wage,' means the
31 amount set by G.S. 95-25.3(a). For the purpose of this section, no other provision of
32 Article 2A of Chapter 95 of the General Statutes shall apply."

33 Sec. 21. G.S. 163-48 reads as rewritten:

34 **"§ 163-48. Maintenance of order at place of registration and voting.**

35 The ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges of election shall enforce peace and good order
36 in and about the place of registration and voting. They shall especially keep open and
37 unobstructed the place at which voters or persons seeking to register or vote have access
38 to the place of registration and voting. They shall prevent and stop improper practices
39 and attempts to obstruct, intimidate, or interfere with any person in registering or voting.
40 They shall protect challenger and witnesses against molestation and violence in the
41 performance of their duties, and they may eject from the place of registration or voting
42 any challenger or witness for violation of any provisions of the election laws. They
43 shall prevent riots, violence, tumult, or disorder.

1 In the discharge of the duties prescribed in the preceding paragraph of this section,
2 the ~~registrar-chief judge~~ and judges may call upon the sheriff, the police, or other peace
3 officers to aid them in enforcing the law. They may order the arrest of any person
4 violating any provision of the election laws, but such arrest shall not prevent the person
5 arrested from registering or voting if he is entitled to do so. The sheriff, ~~constables,~~
6 police officers, and other officers of the peace shall immediately obey and aid in the
7 enforcement of any lawful order made by the precinct election officials in the
8 enforcement of the election laws. The ~~registrar-chief judge~~ and judges of election of any
9 precinct, or any two of such election officials, shall have the authority to deputize any
10 person or persons as police officers to aid in maintaining order at the place of
11 registration or voting."

12 Sec. 22. G.S. 163-57 reads as rewritten:

13 **"§ 163-57. Residence defined for registration and voting.**

14 All ~~registrars and judges, election officials~~ in determining the residence of a person
15 offering to register or vote, shall be governed by the following rules, so far as they may
16 apply:

- 17 (1) That place shall be considered the residence of a person in which his
18 habitation is fixed, and to which, whenever he is absent, he has the
19 intention of returning.
- 20 (2) A person shall not be considered to have lost his residence who leaves
21 his home and goes into another state or county of this State, for
22 temporary purposes only, with the intention of returning.
- 23 (3) A person shall not be considered to have gained a residence in any
24 county of this State, into which he comes for temporary purposes only,
25 without the intention of making such county his permanent place of
26 abode.
- 27 (4) If a person removes to another state or county within this State, with
28 the intention of making such state or county his permanent residence,
29 he shall be considered to have lost his residence in the state or county
30 from which he has removed.
- 31 (5) If a person removes to another state or county within this State, with
32 the intention of remaining there an indefinite time and making such
33 state or county his place of residence, he shall be considered to have
34 lost his place of residence in this State or the county from which he has
35 removed, notwithstanding he may entertain an intention to return at
36 some future time.
- 37 (6) If a person goes into another state or county, or into the District of
38 Columbia, and while there exercises the right of a citizen by voting in
39 an election, he shall be considered to have lost his residence in this
40 State or county.
- 41 (7) School teachers who remove to a county for the purpose of teaching in
42 the schools of that county temporarily and with the intention or
43 expectation of returning during vacation periods to live in the county
44 in which their parents or other relatives reside, and who do not have

1 the intention of becoming residents of the county to which they have
 2 moved to teach, for purposes of registration and voting shall be
 3 considered residents of the county in which their parents or other
 4 relatives reside.

5 (8) If a person removes to the District of Columbia or other federal
 6 territory to engage in the government service, he shall not be
 7 considered to have lost his residence in this State during the period of
 8 such service unless he votes there, and the place at which he resided at
 9 the time of his removal shall be considered and held to be his place of
 10 residence.

11 (9) If a person removes to a county to engage in the service of the State
 12 government, he shall not be considered to have lost his residence in the
 13 county from which he removed, unless he demonstrates a contrary
 14 intention.

15 (10) For the purpose of voting a spouse shall be eligible to establish a
 16 separate domicile.

17 (11) So long as a student intends to make his home in the community where
 18 he is physically present for the purpose of attending school while he is
 19 attending school and has no intent to return to his former home after
 20 graduation, he may claim the college community as his domicile. He
 21 need not also intend to stay in the college community beyond
 22 graduation in order to establish his domicile there. This subdivision is
 23 intended to codify the case law."

24 Sec. 23. G.S. 163-59 reads as rewritten:

25 **"§ 163-59. Right to participate or vote in party primary.**

26 No person shall be entitled to vote or otherwise participate in the primary election of
 27 any political party unless he

28 (1) Is a registered voter, and

29 (2) Has declared and has had recorded on the registration book or record
 30 the fact that he affiliates with the political party in whose primary he
 31 proposes to vote or participate, and

32 (3) Is in good faith a member of that party.

33 Notwithstanding the previous paragraph, any unaffiliated voter who is authorized
 34 under G.S. ~~163-74(a1)~~ 163-116 may also vote in the primary if the voter is
 35 otherwise eligible to vote in that primary except for subdivisions (2) and (3) of the
 36 previous paragraph.

37 Any person who will become qualified by age or residence to register and vote in the
 38 general election or regular municipal election for which the primary is held, even
 39 though not so qualified by the date of the primary, shall be entitled to register for the
 40 primary and general or regular municipal election prior to the primary and then to vote
 41 in the primary after being registered. Such person may register not earlier than 60 days
 42 nor later than the last day for making application to register under G.S. ~~163-67~~ 163-
 43 82.6(c) prior to the primary. In addition, persons who will become qualified by age
 44 to register and vote in the general election or regular municipal election for which the

1 primary is held, who do not register during the special period may register to vote after
2 such period as if they were qualified on the basis of age, but until they are qualified by
3 age to vote, they may vote only in primary elections."

4 Sec. 24. G.S. 163-84 reads as rewritten:

5 **"§ 163-84. Time for challenge other than on day of primary or election.**

6 The registration records of each county shall be open to inspection by any registered
7 voter of the county, including any ~~registrar~~ chief judge or judge of elections, during the
8 normal business hours of the county board of elections on the days when the board's
9 office is ~~open pursuant to G.S. 163-67.~~ open. At those times the right of any person to
10 register, remain registered, or vote shall be subject to objection and challenge."

11 Sec. 25. G.S. 163-85(a) reads as rewritten:

12 "(a) Right to Challenge; When Challenge May Be Made. – Any registered voter
13 of the county may challenge the right of any person to register, remain registered or vote
14 in such county. No such challenge may be made after the ~~close of the registration books,~~
15 ~~pursuant to G.S. 163-67,~~ twenty-fifth day before each primary, general, or special
16 election."

17 Sec. 26. G.S. 163-87 reads as rewritten:

18 **"§ 163-87. Challenges allowed on day of primary or election.**

19 On the day of a primary or election, at the time a registered voter offers to vote, any
20 other registered voter of the precinct may exercise the right of challenge, and when he
21 does so may enter the voting enclosure to make the challenge, but he shall retire
22 therefrom as soon as the challenge is heard.

23 On the day of a primary or election, any other registered voter of the precinct may
24 challenge a person for one or more of the following reasons:

- 25 (1) One or more of the reasons listed in G.S. 163-85(c), or
- 26 (2) That the person has already voted in that primary or election, or
- 27 (3) That the person presenting himself to vote is not who he represents
28 himself to be.

29 On the day of a party primary, any voter of the precinct who is registered as a
30 member of the political party conducting the primary may, at the time any registrant
31 proposes to vote, challenge his right to vote upon the ground that he does not affiliate
32 with the party conducting the primary or does not in good faith intend to support the
33 candidates nominated in that party's primary, and it shall be the duty of the ~~registrar~~
34 chief judge and judges of election to determine whether or not the challenged registrant
35 has a right to vote in that primary according to the procedures prescribed in G.S. 163-
36 88; provided that no challenge may be made on the grounds specified in the paragraph
37 against an unaffiliated voter voting in the primary under G.S. 163-74(a1).

38 If a person is challenged under this subsection, and the challenge is sustained under
39 G.S. 163-85(c)(3), the voter may still transfer his registration under G.S. ~~163-72.3,~~ 163-
40 82.15(e) if eligible under that section, and the registration shall not be cancelled under
41 G.S. 163-90.2(a) if the transfer is made. A person who has transferred his registration
42 under G.S. ~~163-72.3~~ 163-82.15(e) may be challenged at the precinct to which the
43 registration is being transferred."

44 Sec. 27. G.S. 163-88 reads as rewritten:

1 **"§ 163-88. Hearing on challenge made on day of primary or election.**

2 A challenge entered on the day of a primary or election shall be heard and decided
3 by the ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges of election of the precinct in which the
4 challenged registrant is registered before the polls are closed on the day the challenge is
5 made. When the challenge is heard the precinct officials conducting the hearing shall
6 explain to the challenged registrant the qualifications for registration and voting in this
7 State, and shall examine him as to his qualifications to be registered and to vote. If the
8 challenged registrant insists that he is qualified, and if, by sworn testimony, he shall
9 prove his identity with the person in whose name he offers to vote and his continued
10 residence in the precinct since he was registered, one of the judges of election or the
11 ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall tender to him the following oath or affirmation, omitting the
12 portions in brackets if the challenge is heard on the day of an election other than a
13 primary:

14 'You do solemnly swear (or affirm) that you are a citizen of the United States; that
15 you are at least 18 years of age [or will become 18 by the date of the next general
16 election]; that you have [or will have] resided in this State and in the precinct for which
17 registered for 30 days [by the date of the next general election]; that you are not
18 disqualified from voting by the Constitution and laws of this State; that your name is
19, and that in such name you were duly registered as a voter of this precinct; that
20 you are the person you represent yourself to be; [that you are affiliated with the
21 party]; and that you have not voted in this [primary] election at this or any other voting
22 place. So help you, God.'

23 If the challenged registrant refuses to take the tendered oath, the challenge shall be
24 sustained, and the precinct officials conducting the hearing shall mark the registration
25 records to reflect their decision, and they shall erase the challenged registrant's name
26 from the pollbook if it has been entered therein. If the challenged registrant takes the
27 tendered oath, the precinct officials conducting the hearing may, nevertheless, sustain
28 the challenge unless they are satisfied that the challenged registrant is a legal voter. If
29 they are satisfied that he is a legal voter, they shall overrule the challenge and permit
30 him to vote. Whenever any person's vote is received after having taken the oath
31 prescribed in this section, the ~~registrar~~ chief judge or one of the judges of election shall
32 write on the registration record and on the pollbook opposite the registrant's name the
33 word 'sworn.'

34 Precinct election officials conducting hearings on challenges on the day of a primary
35 or election shall have authority to administer the necessary oaths or affirmations to all
36 witnesses brought before them to testify to the qualifications of the person challenged.

37 A letter or postal card mailed by returnable mail and returned by the United States
38 Postal Service purportedly because the person no longer lives at that address or because
39 a forwarding order has expired shall not be admissible evidence in a challenge heard
40 under this section which was made under G.S. 163-87."

41 Sec. 28. G.S. 163-88.1 reads as rewritten:

42 **"§ 163-88.1. Request for challenged ballot.**

43 (a) If the decision of the ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges pursuant to G.S. 163-88
44 is to sustain the challenge, the challenged voter may request a challenged ballot by

1 submitting an application to the ~~registrar, chief judge,~~ such application shall include as
2 part thereof an affidavit that such person possesses all the qualifications for voting and
3 is entitled to vote at the election. The form of such affidavit shall be prescribed by the
4 State Board of Elections and shall be available at the polls.

5 (b) Any person requesting a challenged ballot shall have the letter 'C' entered at
6 the appropriate place on the voter's permanent registration record. The voter's name
7 shall be entered on a separate page in the pollbook entitled 'Challenged Ballot,' and
8 serially numbered. The challenged ballot shall be the same type of ballot used for
9 absentee voters, and the ~~registrar chief judge~~ shall write across the top of the ballot
10 'Challenged Ballot #,' and shall insert the same serial number as entered in the
11 pollbook. The ~~registrar chief judge~~ shall deliver to such voter a challenged ballot
12 together with an envelope marked 'Challenged Ballot' and serially numbered. The
13 challenged voter shall forthwith mark the ballot in the presence of the ~~registrar chief~~
14 ~~judge~~ in such manner that the ~~registrar chief judge~~ shall not know how the ballot is
15 marked. He shall then fold the ballot in the presence of the ~~registrar chief judge~~ so as to
16 conceal the markings and deposit and seal it in the serially numbered envelope. He
17 shall then deliver such envelope to the ~~registrar chief judge~~. The ~~registrar chief judge~~
18 shall retain all such envelopes in an envelope provided by the county board of elections,
19 which he shall seal immediately after the polls close, and deliver to the board chairman
20 at the canvass.

21 (c) The chairman of the county board of elections shall preserve such ballots in
22 the sealed envelopes for a period of six months after the election. However, in the case
23 of a contested election, either party to such action may request the court to order that the
24 sealed envelopes containing challenged ballots be delivered to the board of elections by
25 the chairman. If so ordered, the board of elections shall then convene and consider each
26 challenged ballot and rule as to which ballots shall be counted. In such consideration,
27 the board may take such further evidence as it deems necessary, and shall have the
28 power of subpoena. If any ballots are ordered to be counted, they shall be added to the
29 vote totals."

30 Sec. 29. G.S. 163-89 reads as rewritten:

31 "**§ 163-89. Procedures for challenging absentee ballots.**

32 (a) Time for Challenge. – The absentee ballot of any voter may be challenged on
33 the day of any statewide primary or general election or county bond election beginning
34 no earlier than noon and ending no later than 5:00 P.M., or by the ~~registrar chief judge~~
35 at the time of closing of the polls as provided in G.S. ~~163-233~~-163-232 and G.S. 163-
36 251(b).

37 (b) Who May Challenge. – Any registered voter of the same precinct as the
38 absentee voter may challenge that voter's absentee ballot.

39 (c) Form and Nature of Challenge. – Each challenged absentee ballot shall be
40 challenged separately. The burden of proof shall be on the challenger. Each challenge
41 shall be made in writing and, if they are available, shall be made on forms prescribed by
42 the State Board of Elections. Each challenge shall specify the reasons why the ballot
43 does not comply with the provisions of this Article or why the absentee voter is not

1 legally entitled to vote in the particular primary or election. The challenge shall be
2 signed by the challenger.

3 (d) To Whom Challenge Addressed; to Whom Challenge Delivered. – Each
4 challenge shall be addressed to the county board of elections. It may be filed with the
5 board at its offices or with the ~~registrar~~chief judge of the precinct in which the
6 challenger and absentee voter are registered. If it is delivered to the ~~registrar~~chief
7 judge, the ~~registrar~~chief judge shall personally deliver the challenge to the chairman of
8 the county board of elections on the day of the county canvass.

9 (e) Hearing Procedure. – All challenges filed under this section shall be heard by
10 the county board of elections on the day set for the canvass of the returns. All members
11 of the board shall attend the canvass and all members shall be present for the hearing of
12 challenges to absentee ballots.

13 Before the board hears a challenge to an absentee ballot, the chairman shall mark the
14 word 'challenged' after the voter's name in the register of absentee ballot applications
15 and ballots issued and in the pollbook of absentee voters.

16 The board then shall hear the challenger's reasons for the challenge, and it shall
17 make its decision without opening the container-return envelope or removing the ballots
18 from it.

19 The board shall have authority to administer the necessary oaths or affirmations to
20 all witnesses brought before it to testify to the qualifications of the voter challenged or
21 to the validity or invalidity of the ballot.

22 If the challenge is sustained, the chairman shall mark the word 'sustained' after the
23 word 'challenged' following the voter's name in the register of absentee ballot
24 applications and ballots issued and in the pollbook of absentee voters; the voter's ballots
25 shall not be counted; and the container-return envelope shall not be opened but shall be
26 marked 'Challenge Sustained.' All envelopes so marked shall be preserved intact by the
27 chairman for a period of six months from canvass day or longer if any contest then is
28 pending concerning the validity of any absentee ballot.

29 If the challenge is overruled, the absentee ballots shall be removed from the
30 container-return envelopes and counted by the board of elections, and the board shall
31 adjust the appropriate abstracts of returns to show that the ballots have been counted and
32 tallied in the manner provided for unchallenged absentee ballots.

33 If the challenge was delivered to the board by the ~~registrar~~chief judge of the
34 precinct and was sustained, the board shall reopen the appropriate ballot boxes, remove
35 such ballots, determine how those ballots were voted, deduct such ballots from the
36 returns, and adjust the appropriate abstracts of returns.

37 Any voter whose ballots have been challenged may, either personally or through an
38 authorized representative, appear before the board at the hearing on the challenge and
39 present evidence as to the validity of the ballot."

40 Sec. 30. G.S. 163-105 reads as rewritten:

41 "**§ 163-105. Payment of expense of conducting primary elections.**

42 The expense of printing and distributing the poll and registration books, blanks, and
43 ballots for those offices required by G.S. 163-109(b) to be furnished by the State, and
44 the per diem and expenses of the State Board of Elections while engaged in the

1 discharge of primary election duties imposed by law upon that Board, shall be paid by
2 the State.

3 The expenses of printing and distributing the ballots for those offices required by
4 G.S. 163-109(c) to be furnished by counties, and the per diem (or salary) and
5 expenses of the county board of elections and the ~~registrars~~ chief judges and judges of
6 election, while engaged in the discharge of primary election duties imposed by law upon
7 them, shall be paid by the counties."

8 Sec. 31. G.S. 163-106(b) reads as rewritten:

9 "(b) Eligibility to File. – No person shall be permitted to file as a candidate in a
10 primary if, at the time he offers to file notice of candidacy, he is registered on the
11 appropriate registration book or record as an affiliate of a political party other than that
12 in whose primary he is attempting to file. No person who has changed his political
13 party affiliation or who has changed from unaffiliated status to party affiliation as
14 permitted in G.S. ~~163-74(b)~~, 163-82.17, shall be permitted to file as a candidate in the
15 primary of the party to which he changed unless he has been affiliated with the political
16 party in which he seeks to be a candidate for at least 90 days prior to the filing date for
17 the office for which he desires to file his notice of candidacy.

18 A person registered as 'unaffiliated' shall be ineligible to file as a candidate in a party
19 primary election."

20 Sec. 32. G.S. 163-109(c) reads as rewritten:

21 "(c) Ballots to Be Furnished by County Board of Elections. – It shall be the duty
22 of the county board of elections to print official ballots for each political party having
23 candidates for the following offices to be voted for in the primary:

24 Superior court judge,

25 District court judge,

26 District attorney,

27 State Senator,

28 Member of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly, and

29 All county offices.

30 In printing primary ballots, the county board of elections shall be governed by
31 instructions of the State Board of Elections with regard to width, color, kind of paper,
32 form, and size of type.

33 In its discretion, the county board of elections may print separate primary ballots for
34 the district and county offices listed in this subsection, or it may combine some or all of
35 them on a single ballot. In a primary election, if there shall be 10 or more candidates for
36 nomination to any one office, the county board of elections in its discretion may prepare
37 a separate ballot for said office.

38 Three days before the primary election, the chairman of the county board of
39 elections shall distribute official State, district, and county ballots to the ~~registrar~~ chief
40 judge of each precinct in his county, and the ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall give him a
41 receipt for the ballots received. On the day of the primary it shall be the ~~registrar's~~ chief
42 judge's duty to have all the ballots delivered to him available for use at the precinct
43 voting place."

44 Sec. 33. G.S. 163-128(a) reads as rewritten:

1 "(a) Each county shall be divided into a convenient number of precincts for the
2 purpose of voting, and there shall be at least one precinct encompassed within the
3 territory of each township; provided, however, that upon a resolution adopted by the
4 county board of elections and approved by the Secretary-Director of the State Board of
5 Elections voters from a given precinct within a township may be temporarily
6 transferred, for the purpose of voting, to a precinct in an adjacent township. Any such
7 transfers shall be for the period of time equal only to the term of office of the county
8 board of elections making such transfer. When such a resolution has been adopted by
9 the county board of elections to assign voters from more than one township to the same
10 precinct, then the county board of elections shall maintain separate registration and
11 voting records, consistent with the procedure prescribed by the State Board of Elections,
12 so as to properly identify the township in which such voters reside. Except as provided
13 in G.S. 163-132.2(a)(1), the polling place for a precinct shall be located within the
14 precinct.

15 Except as provided by Article 12A of this Chapter, the county board of elections
16 shall have power from time to time, by resolution, to establish, alter, discontinue, or
17 create such new election precincts or voting places as it may deem expedient. Upon
18 adoption of a resolution establishing, altering, discontinuing, or creating a precinct or
19 voting place, the board shall give 20-45 days' notice thereof prior to the ~~date on which~~
20 ~~the registration books or records next close pursuant to G.S. 163-67. next primary or~~
21 election. Notice shall be given by advertisement in a newspaper having general
22 circulation in the county, by posting a copy of the resolution at the courthouse door, and
23 by mailing a copy of the resolution to the chairman of every political party in the
24 county. Notice may additionally be made on a radio or television station or both, but
25 such notice shall be in addition to the newspaper and other required notice."

26 Sec. 34. G.S. 163-129 reads as rewritten:

27 "**§ 163-129. Structure at voting place; marking off limits of voting place.**

28 At the voting place in each precinct established under the provisions of G.S. 163-
29 128, the county board of elections shall provide or procure by lease or otherwise a
30 suitable structure or part of a structure in which registration and voting may be
31 conducted. To this end, the county board of elections shall be entitled to demand and
32 use any school or other State, county, or municipal building, or a part thereof, or any
33 other building, or a part thereof, which is supported or maintained, in whole or in part
34 by or through tax revenues provided, however, that this section shall not be construed to
35 permit any board of elections to demand and use any tax exempt church property for
36 such purposes without the express consent of the individual church involved, for the
37 purpose of conducting registration and voting for any primary or election, and it may
38 require that the requisitioned premises, or a part thereof, be vacated for these purposes.

39 The county board of elections shall inspect each precinct voting place to ascertain
40 how it should be arranged for voting purposes, and shall direct the ~~registrar~~ chief judge
41 and judges of any precinct to define the voting place by roping off the area or otherwise
42 enclosing it or by marking its boundaries. The boundaries of the voting place shall at
43 any point lie no more than 100 feet from each ballot box or voting machine. The space

1 so roped off or enclosed or marked for the voting place may contain area both inside
2 and outside the structure in which registration and voting are to take place."

3 Sec. 35. G.S. 163-141 reads as rewritten:

4 **"§ 163-141. Sample ballots.**

5 Sample ballots of each kind to be voted in each primary and election shall be printed
6 by the board of elections responsible for printing the official ballots. Sample ballots
7 shall be printed on paper of a color different from that used for the official ballots, and
8 each sample ballot shall have the words 'Sample Ballot' printed conspicuously on its
9 face. Sample ballots shall be used for instructional purposes and shall not be used as
10 official ballots.

11 The State Board of Elections shall distribute the sample ballots for which it is
12 responsible to the county boards of elections at the time it distributes the official ballots;
13 and the county board of elections, at the time it is required to distribute official ballots,
14 shall furnish each precinct ~~registrar~~ chief judge with an adequate supply of the sample
15 ballots prepared by the State Board of Elections as well as of those the county board is
16 required to prepare."

17 Sec. 36. G.S. 163-142 reads as rewritten:

18 **"§ 163-142. Number of ballots to be furnished each voting place; packaging; date
19 of delivery; receipt for ballots; accounting for ballots.**

20 The county board of elections shall furnish each precinct voting place with each kind
21 of ballot to be voted in the primary or election in a number equal to at least eighty
22 percent (80%) of the number of persons registered to vote in the primary or election in
23 the precinct. Provided that in those instances where precincts are provided with less
24 than a number of ballots equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the number of voters
25 registered to vote in the primary or election in the precinct, the responsible board of
26 elections shall ensure that a number of additional ballots are stored in its offices for
27 distribution to precincts where the need for additional ballots becomes evident so that a
28 number of ballots equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the number of registered
29 voters in the primary or election in each precinct is available.

30 Each kind of ballot shall be wrapped in a separate package or packages for each
31 precinct voting place. The number of ballots to be placed in each package shall be
32 determined by the chairman of the county board of elections, and the outside of each
33 package shall be marked or stamped to show the kind of ballot and the number
34 contained.

35 Three days before the primary or election, the county board of elections shall deliver
36 to such precinct ~~registrar~~ chief judge the required number of ballots of each kind to be
37 voted in his precinct, and the ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall immediately give a receipt for
38 the ballots delivered to him in accordance with the information marked or stamped on
39 the ballot packages.

40 Within three days after the primary or election, the ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall deliver
41 to the county board of elections all ballots spoiled in his precinct. At the same time he
42 shall also deliver to the county board of elections all unused ballots from his precinct.
43 Thereupon, the county board of elections shall make a check to ascertain whether the
44 total of spoiled ballots and unused ballots, when added to the number of ballots cast in

1 the precinct, equal the number of ballots furnished to and receipted for by the ~~registrar~~
2 chief judge prior to the primary or election.

3 The provisions of this section shall not apply to voting places at which voting
4 machines are used."

5 Sec. 37. G.S. 163-143 reads as rewritten:

6 **"§ 163-143. Ballot boxes to be furnished each voting place; date of delivery; receipt
7 for boxes.**

8 The county board of elections shall furnish each precinct voting place with a ballot
9 box for each kind of ballot to be voted in the primary or election, together with one
10 additional box in which spoiled ballots are to be deposited. Each box shall be plainly
11 marked to indicate the ballots to be deposited therein, and the extra box to be delivered
12 to each precinct shall be marked 'For Spoiled Ballots.'

13 Each ballot box shall be designed so that it may be locked and sealed and shall be
14 constructed with an opening in the top large enough to allow a single ballot to be easily
15 passed through, but no larger. At the time ballot boxes are delivered to the precinct, the
16 chairman of the county board of elections shall furnish each ~~registrar~~ chief judge with a
17 lock and proper seals for each box to be used in his precinct, with instructions as to how
18 each box is to be securely locked and sealed in compliance with G.S. 163-171.

19 Three days before the primary or election, the county board of elections shall deliver
20 to each precinct ~~registrar~~ chief judge the number of ballot boxes required for his
21 precinct, and the ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall immediately give a receipt for them.

22 The provisions of this section shall not apply to voting places at which voting
23 machines are used."

24 Sec. 38. G.S. 163-144 reads as rewritten:

25 **"§ 163-144. Lost, destroyed, damaged, and stolen ballots; replacement; report.**

26 Should official ballots furnished to any precinct in accordance with the provisions of
27 this chapter be lost, destroyed, damaged, or stolen, the county board of elections, upon
28 ascertaining that a shortage of ballots exists in the precinct, shall furnish the needed
29 replacement ballots.

30 Within three days after the primary or election, the ~~registrar~~ chief judge of the
31 precinct in which the loss occurred shall make a written report, under oath, to the county
32 board of elections describing in detail the circumstances of the loss, destruction,
33 damage, or theft of the ballots."

34 Sec. 39. G.S. 163-146 reads as rewritten:

35 **"§ 163-146. Voting enclosure at voting place; furnishings; arrangement.**

36 At each precinct voting place as described in G.S. 163-129, there shall be a room or
37 area set apart as the voting enclosure. The limits of the voting enclosure shall be
38 defined by walls, guardrails, or other boundary markers which at no point stand nearer
39 than 10 feet nor farther than 20 feet from each ballot box or voting machine. This
40 enclosure shall be arranged so that a single door or opening (not more than three feet
41 wide) can be used as the entrance for persons seeking to vote.

42 Within the voting enclosure and in plain view of the qualified voters present at the
43 voting place shall be placed:

- 1 (1) A table or desk on which the ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall place and use
2 the precinct registration books and records.
- 3 (2) A table or desk on which the responsible judge shall place and
4 superintend the ballots for distribution and the box for spoiled ballots.
- 5 (3) A table or desk on which the responsible judge shall place and
6 maintain the pollbook.
- 7 (4) The ballot boxes.
- 8 (5) The voting booths.

9 All voting booths and ballot boxes shall be placed in plain view of the ~~registrar~~ chief
10 judge and judges as well as of the qualified voters present at the voting place.

11 The ~~registrar's~~ chief judge's table shall be placed near the entrance to the voting
12 enclosure.

13 Each voting booth shall be located and arranged so that it is impossible for a voter in
14 one booth to see a voter in another booth in the act of marking his ballots. Each voting
15 booth shall be kept properly lighted and provided with pencils or pens for marking
16 ballots.

17 In precincts in which voting machines are used, ballot boxes and voting booths shall
18 not be used. Within the voting enclosure at the voting place in such a precinct, each
19 machine shall be placed so that the exterior from all its sides is visible and so that
20 whenever it is not in use by a voter the ballot labels on its face may be plainly seen by
21 the precinct officials and assistants, and by observers appointed under the provisions of
22 G.S. 163-45. Precinct election officials and assistants shall not place themselves, nor
23 shall they permit any other person to place himself, in any position that will permit one
24 to see or ascertain how a voter votes on a voting machine except when the voter obtains
25 assistance as provided in this Chapter.

26 No political banner, poster, or placard shall be allowed in or upon the voting place
27 during the day of a primary or election."

28 Sec. 40. G.S. 163-147(a) reads as rewritten:

29 "(a) No person or group of persons shall, while the polls are open at the voting
30 place on the day of the primary or election, loiter about, congregate, distribute campaign
31 material, or do any electioneering within the voting place, or within 50 feet in any
32 direction of the entrance or entrances to the building in which the voting place is
33 located. Notwithstanding the above provision, if the voting place is located in a large
34 building, the ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges of the precinct may designate the entrance
35 to the voting place within said building and none of the above activity shall be permitted
36 within 50 feet of said entrance or entrances of said voting place. This section shall not,
37 however, prohibit any candidate for nomination or election from visiting such voting
38 place in person, provided he does not enter the voting enclosure except to cast his vote
39 as a registered voter in said precinct. The county boards of elections and precinct
40 ~~registrars~~ chief judges shall have full authority to enforce the provisions of this section."

41 Sec. 41. G.S. 163-148 reads as rewritten:

42 "**§ 163-148. Procedures at voting place before polls are opened.**

43 At least one-half hour before the time set for opening the polls for each primary and
44 election, the judges of elections and assistants, shall meet the ~~registrar~~ chief judge at the

1 precinct voting place, at which time the ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall administer to them
2 the appropriate oaths set out in G.S. 163-41(a) and G.S. 163-42.

3 The ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges shall arrange the voting enclosure according to
4 the requirements of G.S. 163-146 and the instructions of the county board of elections.
5 They shall then unlock the official ballot boxes, see that they are empty, allow
6 authorized observers and other voters present to examine the boxes, and then they shall
7 relock them while still empty. They shall open the sealed packages of ballots, and one
8 of the judges, at the ~~registrar's~~ chief judge's request, shall announce that the polls are
9 open and state the hour at which they will be closed.

10 If voting machines are used in the precinct, immediately before the polls are opened
11 the ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges shall open each voting machine, examine the ballot
12 labels, and check the counters to see that they are set to indicate that no votes have been
13 cast or recorded; at the same time, the precinct officials shall allow authorized observers
14 and other voters present to examine the machines. If found to be in order and the ballot
15 labels in proper form, the precinct officials shall lock and seal each machine, and it shall
16 remain locked until after the polls are closed."

17 Sec. 42. G.S. 163-150 reads as rewritten:

18 "**§ 163-150. Voting procedures.**

19 (a) Checking Registration. – A person seeking to vote shall enter the voting
20 enclosure at the voting place through the appropriate entrance and shall at once state his
21 name and place of residence to one of the judges of election. In a primary election, the
22 voter shall also state the political party with which he affiliates and in whose primary he
23 desires to vote, or if the voter is an unaffiliated voter permitted to vote in the primary of
24 a particular party under G.S. ~~163-74(a1), 163-116,~~ the voter shall state the name of the
25 authorizing political party in whose primary he wishes to vote. The judge to whom the
26 voter gives this information shall announce the name and residence of the voter in a
27 distinct tone of voice. After examining the precinct registration records, the ~~registrar~~
28 chief judge shall state whether the person seeking to vote is duly registered.

29 (b) Distribution of Ballots; Information. – If the voter is found to be registered
30 and is not challenged, or, if challenged and the challenge is overruled as provided in
31 G.S. 163-88, the responsible judge of election shall hand him an official ballot of each
32 kind he is entitled to vote. In a primary election the voter shall be furnished ballots of
33 the political party with which he affiliates and no others, except that unaffiliated voters
34 who are permitted to vote in a party primary under G.S. ~~163-74(a1)–163-116~~ shall be
35 furnished ballots for that primary. No such unaffiliated voter shall vote in the primary
36 of more than one party on the same day. It shall be the duty of the ~~registrar~~ chief judge
37 and judges holding the primary or election to give any voter any information he desires
38 in regard to the kinds of ballots he is entitled to vote and the names of the candidates on
39 the ballots. In response to questions asked by the voter, the ~~registrar~~ chief judge and
40 judges shall communicate to him any information necessary to enable him to mark his
41 ballot as he desires.

42 (c) Act of Voting. – When a person is given official ballots by the judge, he shall
43 be deemed to have begun the act of voting, and he shall not leave the voting enclosure
44 until he has deposited his ballots in the ballot boxes or returned them to the precinct

1 officials. When he leaves the voting enclosure, whether or not he has deposited his
2 ballots in the ballot boxes, he shall not be entitled to enter the voting enclosure again for
3 the purpose of voting. On receiving his ballots, the voter shall immediately retire alone
4 to one of the voting booths unless he is entitled to assistance under the provisions of
5 G.S. 163-152, and without undue delay he shall mark his ballots in accordance with the
6 provisions of G.S. 163-151.

7 (d) Spoiled and Damaged Ballots. – If a voter spoils or damages a ballot, he may
8 obtain another upon returning the spoiled or damaged ballot to the ~~registrar~~ chief judge.
9 A voter shall not be given a replacement ballot until he has returned the spoiled or
10 damaged ballot, and he shall not be given more than three replacement ballots in all.
11 The ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall deposit each spoiled or damaged ballot in the box
12 provided for that purpose.

13 (e) Depositing Ballots and Leaving Enclosure. – When the voter has marked his
14 ballots he shall leave the voting booth and deposit them in the appropriate boxes or hand
15 them to the ~~registrar~~ chief judge or a judge who shall deposit them for him. If he does
16 not mark a ballot he shall return it to one of the precinct officials before leaving the
17 voting enclosure. If the voter has been challenged and the challenge has been overruled,
18 before depositing his ballots in the boxes he shall write his name on each of his ballots
19 so they may be identified in the event his right to vote is again questioned. After
20 depositing his ballots in the ballot boxes, the voter shall immediately leave the voting
21 enclosure unless he is one of the persons authorized by law to remain within the
22 enclosure for purposes other than voting.

23 (f) Maintenance of Pollbook or Other Record of Voting. – At each primary,
24 general or special election, the precinct ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall appoint two precinct
25 assistants (one from each political party as recommended by the county chairman
26 thereof), one to be assigned to keep the pollbook or other voting record used in the
27 county as approved by the State Board of Elections, and the other to keep the
28 registration books under the supervision of the precinct officials. The names of all
29 persons voting shall be checked on the registration records and entered on the pollbook
30 or other voting record. In an election where observers may be appointed under G.S.
31 163-45 each voter's party affiliation shall be entered in the proper column of the book or
32 other approved record opposite his name. The precinct assistant shall make each entry
33 at the time the ballots are handed to the voter. As soon as the polls are closed, the
34 ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges of election shall sign the pollbook or other approved
35 record immediately beneath the last voter's name entered therein. The ~~registrar~~ chief
36 judge or the judge appointed to attend the county canvass shall deliver the pollbook or
37 other approved record to the chairman of the county board of elections at the time of the
38 county canvass, and the chairman shall remain responsible for its safekeeping.

39 (g) Occupation of Voting Booth. – Subject to the provisions of G.S. 163-152 and
40 G.S. 163-152.1, no voter shall be allowed to occupy a voting booth or voting machine
41 already occupied by another voter, provided, however, husbands and wives may occupy
42 the same voting booth if both wish to do so. No voter shall be allowed to occupy a
43 voting booth or voting machine more than five minutes if all the booths or machines are
44 in use and other voters are waiting to obtain booths or machines."

1 Sec. 43. G.S. 163-152(a)(2) reads as rewritten:

2 "(2) Procedure for Obtaining Assistance: A person seeking assistance in a
3 primary or general election shall, upon arriving at the voting place,
4 first request the ~~registrar~~chief judge to permit him to have assistance,
5 stating his reasons. If the ~~registrar~~chief judge determines that the voter
6 is entitled to assistance, he shall ask the voter to point out and identify
7 the person he desires to help him and to whose assistance he is entitled
8 under this section. The ~~registrar~~chief judge shall thereupon request the
9 person indicated to render the requested aid. The ~~registrar~~chief judge,
10 one of the judges, or one of the assistants may provide aid to the voter
11 if so requested, if the election official is not prohibited by sub-
12 subdivision (a)(1)b. of this section. Under no circumstances shall any
13 precinct official be assigned to assist a voter who qualifies for
14 assistance under this section, who was not specified by the voter."

15 Sec. 44. G.S. 163-152.1 reads as rewritten:

16 "**§ 163-152.1. Assistance to blind voters in primaries and elections.**

17 Any blind voter may record a certificate issued by the Department of Human
18 Resources, by an optometrist or by a physician, stating that the named individual should
19 be entitled to assistance as a blind voter. Upon receipt of such certification the ~~registrar~~
20 ~~or special registration commissioner~~appropriate election official shall enter on the
21 voter's registration record the words 'blind voter' so as to establish such fact and so as to
22 entitle such voter to the same assistance in subsequent primaries and elections. The
23 certification presented to the precinct ~~registrar~~or special registrar~~chief judge~~, the
24 county board of elections, or the person accepting the application to register shall be
25 forwarded to the chairman of the county board of elections to be filed as a permanent
26 record with the voter's duplicate registration record as required by G.S. 163-65."

27 Sec. 45. G.S. 163-153(1) reads as rewritten:

28 "(1) Officers of election, that is, members of the State Board of Elections,
29 members of the county board of elections, supervisors of elections, and
30 the precinct ~~registrar~~chief judge, precinct judges of election, and
31 assistants appointed for the precinct under the provisions of G.S. 163-
32 42."

33 Sec. 46. G.S. 163-155 reads as rewritten:

34 "**§ 163-155. Aged and disabled persons allowed to vote outside voting enclosure.**

35 In any primary or election any qualified voter who is able to travel to the voting
36 place, but because of age, or physical disability and physical barriers encountered at the
37 voting place is unable to enter the voting place or enclosure to vote in person without
38 physical assistance, shall be allowed to vote either in the vehicle conveying such person
39 to the voting place or in the immediate proximity of the voting place under the
40 following restrictions:

41 (1) The county board of elections shall have printed and numbered a
42 sufficient supply of affidavits to be distributed to each precinct
43 ~~registrar~~chief judge which shall be in the following form:

44 'Affidavit of person voting outside voting place or enclosure.

1 State of North Carolina
2 County of _____

3 I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a registered voter in
4 _____ precinct. That because of age or physical
5 disability I am unable to enter the voting place to vote in person
6 without physical assistance. That I desire to vote outside the voting
7 place and enclosure.

8 I understand that a false statement as to my condition will subject
9 me to a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or
10 imprisonment not to exceed six months, or both.

11 _____
12 Date Signature of Voter

13 _____
14 Address

15 _____
16 Signature of assistant

17 who administered oath.'

18
19
20
21 (2) The ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall designate one of the assistants,
22 appointed under G.S. 163-42 to attend the voter. Upon arrival outside
23 the voting place, the voter shall execute the affidavit after being sworn
24 by the assistant. The ballots shall then be delivered to the voter who
25 shall mark the ballots and hand them to the assistant. The ballots shall
26 then be delivered to one of the judges of elections who shall deposit
27 the ballots in the proper boxes. The affidavit shall be delivered to the
28 other judge of election.

29 (3) The voter shall be entitled to the same assistance in marking the ballots
30 as is authorized by G.S. 163-152.

31 (4) The affidavit executed by the voter shall be retained by the county
32 board of elections for a period of six months. In those precincts using
33 voting machines, the county board of elections shall furnish paper
34 ballots of each kind for use by persons authorized to vote outside the
35 voting place by this section.

36 (5) If there is no assistant appointed under G.S. 163-42 to perform the
37 duties required by this section, the precinct ~~registrar~~ chief judge or one
38 of the precinct judges, to be designated by the voter, if he chooses, or,
39 if he does not, by the precinct ~~registrar~~ chief judge, shall perform
40 those duties.

41 A violation of this section is a Class 2 misdemeanor."

42 Sec. 47. G.S. 163-168 reads as rewritten:

43 "§ 163-168. Proceedings when polls are closed.

1 At the time set by G.S. 163-2 for closing the polls on the day of a primary, general
2 or special election, the precinct ~~registrar~~chief judge shall announce that the polls are
3 closed, but any qualified voters who are then in the process of voting or who are in line
4 at the voting place waiting to vote, whether or not they are within the voting enclosure
5 or voting place boundaries, shall be allowed to vote.

6 At closing time, the ~~registrar~~chief judge, or a judge designated by the ~~registrar~~,
7 chief judge, shall enter into the pollbook, on a separate page labeled 'Persons Waiting to
8 Vote at Closing Time in the Primary Election Held the Day of... .. ,
9 19... ..,' the names of all persons then in line at the voting place waiting to vote,
10 beginning with the person last in line and proceeding to the person first in line at closing
11 time. No persons shall be allowed to vote after closing time unless their names are so
12 listed."

13 Sec. 48. G.S. 163-169 reads as rewritten:

14 **"§ 163-169. Counting ballots at precincts; unofficial report of precinct vote to**
15 **county board of elections.**

16 (a) Instructions. – Before each primary and election, the chairman of the county
17 board of elections shall furnish each ~~registrar~~chief judge written instructions on how
18 ballots shall be marked and counted. Before starting the counting of ballots in his
19 precinct, the ~~registrar~~chief judge shall instruct all of the judges, assistants, and ballot
20 counters in how differently marked ballots shall be counted and tallied.

21 (b) General Rule. – Only official ballots shall be voted and counted. No official
22 ballot shall be rejected because of technical errors in marking it, unless it is impossible
23 to determine the voter's choice under the rules for counting ballots. Such determination
24 shall be made by the county board of elections if the ~~registrar~~chief judge and judges are
25 unable to determine the voter's choice, or whether a particular ballot should be counted.

26 (c) Right to Witness Precinct Count. – The counting of the ballots in each box
27 shall be made in the presence of the precinct election officials and witnesses and
28 observers who are present and desire to observe the count. Observers shall not interfere
29 with the orderly counting of the ballots.

30 (d) Counting to Be Continuous; Precinct Officials Not to Separate. – As soon as
31 the polls are closed the ~~registrar~~chief judge and judges shall, without adjournment or
32 postponement, open the ballot boxes and count the ballots. The counting of ballots at the
33 precinct shall be continuous until completed. More than one box may be counted at the
34 same time by the precinct officials, assistants, and ballot counters, but the ~~registrar~~chief
35 judge and judges shall supervise the counting of all boxes and shall be responsible for
36 them. From the time the first ballot box is opened and the count of votes begun until the
37 votes are counted and the statement of returns made out, signed, certified as required by
38 G.S. 163-173, and delivered to the ~~registrar~~chief judge or judge chosen to deliver them
39 to the county board of elections, the precinct ~~registrar~~chief judge and judges shall not
40 separate, nor shall any one of them leave the voting place except for unavoidable
41 necessity.

42 (e) Counting Primary Ballots. – In a primary election the ballots shall be emptied
43 on a table in full view of the precinct election officials, ballot counters, if used, and
44 witnesses present. Identically marked ballots may be arranged in orderly piles to be

1 counted. The results of those counts shall be stated aloud and the totals recorded on the
2 tally sheet. For all other ballots, the name of each candidate voted for shall be read
3 aloud distinctly, and the vote received by each candidate shall be tallied on the tally
4 sheet. This procedure shall be followed for all boxes being counted.

5 (f) Counting General Election Ballots. – In a general election the contents of a
6 ballot box may be emptied upon a table and the ballots divided into two piles:

7 (1) All those ballots marked in the circle of one political party to indicate a
8 vote for all of the candidates of that party, that is, 'straight tickets,'
9 which shall be so counted and tallied.

10 (2) All those ballots marked for candidates of more than one political
11 party, that is, 'split tickets,' which shall be called and tallied in the
12 manner prescribed for counting primary ballots in subsection (e) of
13 this section.

14 (g) Questioned Ballots. – All questions arising with respect to how a ballot shall
15 be counted or tallied shall be referred to the ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges of election
16 for determination before the completion of the counting of the ballots in the box from
17 which the questioned ballot was taken.

18 (h) Unofficial Report of Precinct Returns. – On the night of the primary or
19 election, as soon as the votes have been counted and the precinct returns certified, the
20 ~~registrar~~ chief judge, or one of the judges selected by the ~~registrar~~ chief judge, shall
21 report the total precinct vote for each candidate, constitutional amendment, and
22 proposition by telephone or otherwise to the county board of elections. This report shall
23 be unofficial and shall have no binding effect upon the official county canvass to
24 follow. As soon as the precinct reports are received, the chairman, secretary, or clerk to
25 the county board of elections shall publish the reports to the press, radio, and television.
26 The costs incurred in executing the provisions of this subsection shall be charged to the
27 operating expense of the county board of elections.

28 (i) Absentee Ballots. – Absentee ballots shall be deposited and voted in
29 accordance with the provisions of G.S. 163-234; they shall be counted and tabulated as
30 provided in this section and G.S. 163-170.

31 (j) Repealed by Session Laws 1977, c. 265, s. 12."

32 Sec. 49. G.S. 163-171 reads as rewritten:

33 **"§ 163-171. Preservation of ballots; locking and sealing ballot boxes; signing**
34 **certificates.**

35 When the precinct count is completed after a primary or election, all ballots shall be
36 put back in the ballot boxes from which they were taken, and the ~~registrar~~ chief judge
37 and judges shall promptly lock and place a seal around the top of each ballot box, so
38 that no ballot may be taken from or put in it. The ~~registrar~~ chief judge and judges shall
39 then sign the seal on each ballot box. In the alternative, the county board of elections
40 may permit the precinct officials to put the counted ballots back in one ballot box or
41 more to facilitate safekeeping provided the board prescribes an appropriate procedure to
42 keep the different kinds of ballots separated in bundles or bags within the box.

43 Ballot boxes in which ballots have been placed and which have been locked and
44 sealed as required by the preceding paragraph shall remain in the safe custody of the

1 ~~registrar, chief judge,~~ subject to the orders of the chairman of the county board of
2 elections as to their disposition; provided that ballot boxes with paper ballots shall be
3 delivered in person to the office of the county board of elections; provided further that
4 in the case of paper ballots which have been counted either mechanically or
5 electronically either the counting machines with the paper ballots sealed inside shall be
6 delivered in person to the office of the county board of elections, or the paper ballots
7 shall be placed in ballot boxes, sealed, and those boxes shall be delivered in person to
8 the office of the county board of elections. The ballots and ballot boxes shall be
9 delivered at a time specified by the county board of elections. No ballot box shall be
10 opened except upon the written order of the county board of elections or upon a proper
11 order of court.

12 Ballots cast in a primary or general election shall be preserved for at least two
13 months after the primary or general election in which voted.

14 On each precinct return form there shall be printed a statement to be signed by the
15 ~~registrar chief judge~~ and judges certifying that, after the precinct count was completed,
16 each ballot box was properly locked, sealed, and the seals signed, as prescribed in this
17 section, before the precinct officials left the voting place on the night of the primary or
18 election.

19 Willful failure to securely lock, seal, and sign the seal on each ballot box on the
20 night of any primary or election, and willful failure to sign the certificate on the
21 duplicate return forms certifying that this was done, shall constitute a Class 2
22 misdemeanor.

23 In the event that a recount is requested as provided by law or there is other filing of
24 an appeal of the election results, the county board of elections shall seal and secure the
25 ballots, ballot boxes, and voting machines within a uniform period of time set by the
26 State Board of Elections, to the extent that such actions have not already been taken as
27 required by law. The aforementioned items shall then be stored in locations that are
28 securely locked by members of the county board of elections. In counties that utilize
29 voting machines or voting systems the county board of elections shall be required to
30 store in one location that record on which the official vote cast is recorded."

31 Sec. 50. G.S. 163-173 reads as rewritten:

32 "**§ 163-173. How precinct returns are to be made.**

33 In each precinct, when the results of the counting of the ballots have been
34 ascertained they shall be recorded in original and duplicate statements to be prepared,
35 signed, and certified to by the ~~registrar chief judge~~ and judges on forms provided by the
36 county board of elections.

37 One of the statements of the voting in the precincts shall be placed in a sealed
38 envelope and delivered to the ~~registrar chief judge~~ or a judge selected by the precinct
39 officials for the purpose of delivery to the county board of elections for review at its
40 meeting on the second day after the primary or election. The other copy of the statement
41 shall either be mailed immediately or delivered in person immediately, as directed by
42 the county board of elections, by one of the other two precinct election officials, to the
43 chairman of the county board of elections or the supervisor of elections if authorized by
44 the chairman to receive the statement.

1 Any ~~registrar-chief judge~~ or judge appointed to deliver the certified precinct returns
2 who shall fail to deliver them to the county board of elections by 12:00 noon, on the day
3 the board meets to canvass the returns shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor, unless
4 the failure resulted from illness or other good cause."

5 Sec. 51. G.S. 163-174 reads as rewritten:

6 **"§ 163-174. Registration and pollbooks to be returned to chairman of county**
7 **board of elections.**

8 On the day preceding the county canvass or on the day of the county canvass,
9 following each primary and election, as may be directed by the chairman of the county
10 board of elections, the ~~registrar-chief judge~~ (or judge appointed to bring in the precinct
11 returns) shall deliver the precinct registration book or records and the pollbook to the
12 chairman of the county board of elections at the time directed by the chairman."

13 Sec. 52. G.S. 163-213.7 reads as rewritten:

14 **"§ 163-213.7. Voting in presidential preference primary; ballots.**

15 The names of all candidates in the presidential preference primary shall appear at an
16 appropriate place on the ballot or voting machine. In addition the State Board of
17 Elections shall provide a category on the ballot or voting machine allowing voters in
18 each political party to vote an 'uncommitted' or 'no preference' status. The voter shall be
19 able to cast his ballot for one of the presidential candidates of a political party or for an
20 'uncommitted' or 'no preference' status, but shall not be permitted to vote for candidates
21 or 'uncommitted' status of a political party different from his registration. ~~Persons~~
22 ~~registered as 'Independents' or 'No Party' shall not participate in the presidential~~
23 ~~preference primary except upon changing such affiliation in accordance with law.~~
24 Persons registered as 'Unaffiliated' shall not participate in the presidential primary
25 except as provided in G.S. 163-116."

26 Sec. 53. G.S. 163-227.2 reads as rewritten:

27 **"§ 163-227.2. Alternate procedures for requesting application for absentee ballot;**
28 **'one-stop' voting procedure in board office.**

29 (a) A person expecting to be absent from the county in which he is registered
30 during the entire period that the polls are open on the day of an election in which
31 absentee ballots are authorized or is eligible under G.S. 163-226(a)(2) or 163-226(a)(4)
32 may request an application for absentee ballots, complete the application, receive the
33 absentee ballots, vote and deliver them sealed in a container-return envelope to the
34 county board of elections in the county in which he is registered under the provisions of
35 this section.

36 (b) ~~Not earlier than the day following the day on which the registration books~~
37 ~~close twenty-fourth day~~ before an election, in which absentee ballots are authorized, in
38 which he seeks to vote and not later than 5:00 P.M. on the Friday prior to that election,
39 the voter shall appear in person only at the office of the county board of elections and
40 request that the chairman, a member, or the supervisor of elections of the board, or an
41 employee of the board of elections, authorized by the board, furnish him with an
42 application form as specified in G.S. 163-227. The voter shall complete the application
43 in the presence of the chairman, member, supervisor of elections or authorized
44 employee of the board, and shall deliver the application to that person.

1 (c) If the application is properly filled out, the chairman, member, supervisor of
2 elections of the board, or employee of the board of elections, authorized by the board,
3 shall enter the voter's name in the register of absentee ballot applications and ballots
4 issued; shall furnish the voter with the instruction sheets called for by G.S. 163-229(c);
5 shall furnish the voter with the ballots to which the application for absentee ballots
6 applies; and shall furnish the voter with a container-return envelope. The voter
7 thereupon shall comply with the provisions of G.S. 163-231(a) except that he shall
8 deliver the container-return envelope to the chairman, member, supervisor of elections
9 of the board, or an employee of the board of elections, authorized by the board,
10 immediately after making and subscribing the certificate printed on the container-return
11 envelope as provided in G.S. 163-229(b). All actions required by this subsection shall
12 be performed in the office of the board of elections. For the purposes of this section
13 only, the chairman, member, supervisor of elections of the board, or full-time employee,
14 authorized by the board shall sign the application and certificate as the witness and
15 indicate the official title held by him or her. Notwithstanding G.S. 163-231(a), in the
16 case of this subsection, only one witness shall be required on the certificate.

17 (d) Only the chairman, member or supervisor of elections of the board shall keep
18 the voter's application for absentee ballots and the sealed container-return envelope in a
19 safe place, separate and apart from other applications and container-return envelopes.
20 At the first meeting of the board pursuant to G.S. 163-230(2) held after receipt of the
21 application and envelope, the chairman shall comply with the requirements of G.S. 163-
22 230(1) and 163-230(2) b. and c. If the voter's application for absentee ballots is
23 approved by the board at that meeting, the application form and container-return
24 envelope, with the ballots enclosed, shall be handled in the same manner and under the
25 same provisions of law as applications and container-return envelopes received by the
26 board under other provisions of this Article. If the voter's application for absentee
27 ballots is disapproved by the board, the board shall so notify the voter stating the reason
28 for disapproval by first-class mail addressed to the voter at his residence address or at
29 the address shown in the application for absentee ballots; and the board chairman shall
30 retain the container-return envelope in its unopened condition until the day of the
31 primary or election to which it relates and on that day he shall destroy the container-
32 return envelope and the ballots therein, without, however, revealing the manner in
33 which the voter marked the ballots.

34 (e) The voter shall vote his absentee ballot in a voting booth and the county
35 board of elections shall provide a voting booth for that purpose, provided however, that
36 the county board of elections may in the alternative provide a private room for the voter
37 adjacent to the office of the board, in which case the voter shall vote his absentee ballot
38 in that room. The voting booth shall be in the office of the county board of elections. If
39 the voter needs assistance in getting to and from the voting booth and in preparing and
40 marking his ballots or if he is a blind voter, only a member of the county board of
41 elections, the supervisor of elections, an employee of the board of elections authorized
42 by the board, a near relative of the voter as defined in G.S. 163-227(c)(4), or the voter's
43 legal guardian shall be entitled to assist the voter.

1 (f) Notwithstanding the exception specified in G.S. ~~163-67(b)~~ 163-116, counties
2 which operate a modified full-time office shall remain open five days each week during
3 regular business hours consistent with daily hours presently observed by the county
4 board of elections, commencing with the date prescribed in G.S. 163-227.2(b) and
5 continuing until 5:00 P.M. on the Friday prior to that election or primary. The boards of
6 county commissioners shall provide necessary funds for the additional operation of the
7 office during such time."

8 Sec. 54. G.S. 163-232 reads as rewritten:

9 **"§ 163-232. Certified list of executed absentee ballots; distribution of list.**

10 The chairman of the county board of elections shall prepare, or cause to be prepared,
11 a list in at least quadruplicate, of all absentee ballots returned to the county board of
12 elections to be counted, which have been approved by the county board of elections. At
13 the end of the list, the chairman shall execute the following certificate under oath:

14 'State of North Carolina
15 County of

16 I,, chairman of the County board of elections, do hereby certify
17 that the foregoing is a list of all executed absentee ballots to be voted in the election to
18 be conducted on the day of, 19, which have been approved by the county
19 board of elections. I further certify that I have issued ballots to no other persons than
20 those listed herein, whose original applications or original applications made by near
21 relatives are filed in the office of the county board of elections; and I further certify that
22 I have not delivered ballots for absentee voting to any person other than the voter
23 himself, by mail or in person, except as provided by law, in the case of approved
24 applications received after 5:00 P.M. on the Tuesday or Friday before the election.

25 This the day of, 19

26
27 (Signature of chairman of
28 county board of elections)

29 Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 19 Witness my
30 hand and official seal.

31
32 (Signature of officer
33 administering oath)
34
35 (Title of officer)'

36 No earlier than 3:00 P.M. on the day before the election and no later than 10:00
37 A.M. on election day, the chairman shall cause one copy of the list of executed absentee
38 ballots, which may be a continuing countywide list or a separate list for each precinct, to
39 be immediately deposited as 'first-class' mail to the State Board of Elections, Post Office
40 ~~Box 1166, Raleigh, N.C. 27602.~~ Elections. He shall retain one copy in the board office
41 for public inspection and he shall cause two copies of the appropriate precinct list to be
42 delivered to the ~~registrar~~ chief judge of each precinct in the county. The chairman shall
43 be authorized to call upon the sheriff of the county to distribute the list to the precincts.
44 In addition the chairman shall, upon request, provide a copy of the complete list to the

1 chairman of each political party, recognized under the provisions of G.S. 163-96,
2 represented in the county.

3 The ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall post one copy of the list immediately in a conspicuous
4 location in the voting place and retain one copy until all challenges of absentee ballots
5 have been heard by the county board of elections. Challenges shall be made to absentee
6 ballots as provided in G.S. 163-89.

7 After receipt of the list of absentee voters required by this section the ~~registrar~~ chief
8 judge shall call the name of each person recorded on the list and enter an 'A' in the
9 appropriate voting square on the voter's permanent registration record. If such person is
10 already recorded as having voted in that election, the ~~registrar~~ chief judge shall enter a
11 challenge which shall be presented to the chairman of the county board of elections for
12 resolution by the board of elections prior to certification of results by the board.

13 All lists required by this section shall be retained by the county board of elections
14 for a period of four years after which they may then be destroyed."

15 Sec. 55. G.S. 163-234(5) reads as rewritten:

16 "(5) As each ballot envelope is opened, the board shall cause to be entered
17 into a pollbook designated 'Pollbook of Absentee Voters' the name of
18 the absentee voter. Preserving secrecy, the ballots shall be placed in
19 the appropriate ballot boxes, at least one of which shall be provided for
20 each type of ballot.

21 After all ballots have been placed in the boxes, the counting
22 process shall begin.

23 If a challenge transmitted to the board on canvass day by a ~~registrar~~
24 chief judge is sustained, the ballots challenged and sustained shall be
25 withdrawn from the appropriate boxes, as provided in G.S. 163-89(e).

26 As soon as the absentee ballots have been counted and the names
27 of the absentee voters entered in the pollbook as required herein, the
28 board members and assistants employed to count the absentee ballots
29 shall each sign the pollbook immediately beneath the last absentee
30 voter's name entered therein. The chairman shall be responsible for
31 the safekeeping of the pollbook of absentee voters."

32 Sec. 56. G.S. 163-251(b) reads as rewritten:

33 "(b) Distribution of List. – No earlier than 3:00 P.M. on the day before the
34 election and no later than 10:00 A.M. on election day, the chairman shall cause one
35 copy of the list of executed military absentee ballots, which may be a continuing
36 countywide list or a separate list for each precinct, to be immediately deposited as first-
37 class mail to the State Board of Elections, ~~Post Office Box 1166, Raleigh, North~~
38 ~~Carolina 27602.~~ Elections. The chairman shall retain one copy in the board office for
39 public inspection and he shall cause two copies of the appropriate precinct list to be
40 delivered to the ~~registrar~~ chief judge of each precinct in the county. The ~~registrar~~ chief
41 judge shall post one copy in the voting place and retain one copy until all challenges of
42 absentee ballots have been heard by the county board of elections. Challenges shall be
43 made as provided in G.S. 163-89.

1 After receipt of the list of absentee voters required by this section the ~~registrar chief~~
2 judge shall call the name of each person recorded on the list and enter an 'A' in the
3 appropriate voting square on the voter's permanent registration record, if any. If such
4 person is already recorded as having voted in that election, the ~~registrar chief judge~~ shall
5 enter a challenge which shall be presented to the chairman of the county board of
6 elections for resolution by the board of elections prior to certification of results by the
7 board."

8 Sec. 57. G.S. 163-251(c) reads as rewritten:

9 "(c) List Constitutes Registration. – The 'List of Applicants for Military Absentee
10 Ballots to Whom Ballots Have Been Issued' prescribed by this section, when delivered
11 to the ~~registrars chief judges~~ of the various precincts, shall constitute the only precinct
12 registration of the military absentee voters listed thereon whose names are not already
13 entered in the registration records of the appropriate precinct. ~~Registrars Chief judges~~
14 shall not add the names of persons listed on the military absentee list to the regular
15 registration books of their precincts."

16 Sec. 58. (a) G.S. 163-274(1) reads as rewritten:

17 "(1) For any person to fail, as an officer or as a judge or ~~registrar chief~~
18 judge of a primary or election, or as a member of any board of
19 elections, to prepare the books, ballots, and return blanks which it is
20 his duty under the law to prepare, or to distribute the same as required
21 by law, or to perform any other duty imposed upon him within the
22 time and in the manner required by law;".

23 (b) G.S. 163-274(2) reads as rewritten:

24 "(2) For any person to continue or attempt to act as a judge or ~~registrar~~
25 chief judge of a primary or election, or as a member of any board of
26 elections, after having been legally removed from such position and
27 after having been given notice of such removal;".

28 (c) G.S. 163-274(4) reads as rewritten:

29 "(4) For any person to be guilty of any boisterous conduct so as to disturb
30 any member of any election board or any ~~registrar chief judge~~ or judge
31 of election in the performance of his duties as imposed by law;".

32 (d) G.S. 163-275(8) reads as rewritten:

33 "(8) For any ~~registrar chief judge~~ or any clerk or copyist to make any entry
34 or copy with intent to commit a fraud;".

35 (e) G.S. 163-275(10) reads as rewritten:

36 "(10) For any person to assault any ~~registrar chief judge~~, judge of election
37 or other election officer while in the discharge of his duty in the
38 registration of voters or in conducting any primary or election;".

39 (f) G.S. 163-275(11) reads as rewritten:

40 "(11) For any person, by threats, menaces or in any other manner, to
41 intimidate or attempt to intimidate any ~~registrar chief judge~~, judge of
42 election or other election officer in the discharge of his duties in the
43 registration of voters or in conducting any primary or election;".

44 (g) G.S. 163-275(12) reads as rewritten:

1 "(12) For any ~~registrar, chief judge,~~ judge of election, member of a board of
2 elections, assistant, marker, or other election official, directly or
3 indirectly, to seek, receive or accept money or the promise of money,
4 the promise of office, or other reward or compensation from a
5 candidate in any primary or election or from any source other than
6 such compensation as may be provided by law for his services;"

7 (h) This section applies to offenses committed on or after January 1, 1995.

8 Sec. 59. G.S. 163-280(c) reads as rewritten:

9 "(c) On the Monday following the seventh Saturday before each regular municipal
10 primary or election, the municipal board of elections shall meet and appoint precinct
11 ~~registrars-chief judges~~ and judges of elections. The municipal board of elections may
12 then or at any time thereafter appoint a supervisor of elections, who shall have all of the
13 powers and duties of a supervisor of elections to a county board of elections. The board
14 may hold other meetings at such times and places as the chairman of the board, or any
15 two members thereof, may direct, for the performance of duties prescribed by law. A
16 majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business."

17 Sec. 60. G.S. 163-281 reads as rewritten:

18 "**§ 163-281. Municipal precinct election officials.**

19 (a) ~~Registrars-Chief Judges~~ and Judges. – At the meeting required by G.S. 163-
20 280(c), the municipal board of elections shall appoint one person to act as ~~registrar-chief~~
21 ~~judge~~ and two other persons to act as judges of election for each precinct in the city. Not
22 more than one judge in each precinct where there are registered voters of more than one
23 political party shall belong to the same political party as the ~~registrar, chief judge,~~ if the
24 municipal elections are on a nonpartisan or partisan basis. If the city and county
25 precincts are identical and the board so chooses, it may decline to exercise its power to
26 appoint precinct ~~registrar-chief judge~~ and judges, in which event the persons appointed
27 by the county board of elections as precinct ~~registrar-chief judge~~ and judges in each
28 precinct within the city shall serve as such for municipal elections under authority and
29 subject to the supervision and control of the municipal board of elections. Nothing
30 herein shall prohibit a municipal board of elections from using the ~~registrar-chief judge~~
31 and judges of election appointed by the county board of elections in those precincts
32 which are not identical provided the county board of elections agrees, in writing, to such
33 arrangement. ~~Registrars-Chief judges~~ and judges shall be appointed for terms of two
34 years. Except as modified by this Article, municipal precinct ~~registrar-chief judge~~ and
35 judges shall meet all of the qualifications, perform all the duties, and have all of the
36 powers imposed and conferred on county precinct ~~registrar-chief judge~~ and judges by
37 G.S. 163-41(a), G.S. 163-47, and G.S. 163-48. Municipal precinct ~~registrar-chief judge~~
38 and judges shall not have the powers and duties with respect to registration of voters
39 prescribed by G.S. 163-47(b). Immediately after appointing ~~registrar-chief judge~~ and
40 judges as herein provided, the municipal board of elections shall publish the names of
41 the persons appointed in some newspaper having a general circulation in the city, or in
42 lieu thereof, by posting at the city hall or some other prominent place within the city,
43 and shall notify each person appointed of his appointment. Notice may additionally be

1 made on a radio or television station or both, but such notice shall be in addition to the
2 newspaper and other required notice.

3 (b) Assistants at Polls. – Municipal boards of elections shall have the same
4 authority to appoint assistants to aid the ~~registrar~~chief judge and judges as is conferred
5 on county boards of elections by G.S. 163-42.

6 (c) Ballot Counters. – Municipal boards of elections shall have the same
7 authority to appoint ballot counters as is conferred on county boards of elections by G.S.
8 163-43.

9 (d) Markers. – Municipal boards of elections shall not appoint markers, and
10 markers shall not be used in municipal elections.

11 (e) Observers. – In cities holding partisan municipal elections, the chairman of
12 each political party in the county shall have the same authority to appoint observers for
13 municipal elections as he has for county elections under G.S. 163-45.

14 (f) Compensation. – Precinct officials and assistants appointed under this section
15 shall be paid such sums as the city council may fix. County precinct officials and
16 assistants serving in municipal elections in default of appointment of precinct officials
17 by the municipal board of elections shall be compensated by the city in the sums
18 specified in G.S. 163-46.

19 (g) Party Chairman Not to Recommend Persons for Appointment. – No
20 municipal, county, State or national chairman of any political party shall have the right
21 to recommend to the municipal board of elections the name of any person for
22 appointment as a precinct ~~registrar~~chief judge, judge of elections, assistant or ballot
23 counter.

24 (h) Designation of Precincts in Which Officials to Serve. – The municipal board
25 of elections may designate the precinct in which each ~~registrar~~chief judge, judge,
26 assistant, ballot counter, or observer or other officers of elections shall serve; and, after
27 notice and hearing, may remove any ~~registrar~~chief judge, judge, assistant, ballot
28 counter, observer, supervisor of elections or other officers of elections appointed by it
29 for incompetency, failure to discharge the duties of office, failure to qualify within the
30 time prescribed by law, fraud, or for any other satisfactory cause.

31 (i) Powers and Duties. – Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter, precinct
32 assistants, ballot counters, observers, and supervisors of elections and other officers of
33 elections appointed by the municipal board of elections shall have the same powers and
34 duties with respect to municipal elections as precinct assistants, ballot counters,
35 observers, and supervisors of elections and other officers of elections appointed by
36 county boards of elections."

37 Sec. 61. Any person who on December 31, 1994, was a registrar under G.S.
38 163-41 shall be a chief judge under G.S. 163-41.

39 Sec. 62. G.S. 163-283 reads as rewritten:

40 "**§ 163-283. Right to participate or vote in party primary.**

41 No person shall be entitled to vote or otherwise participate in the primary election of
42 any political party unless he

43 (1) Is a registered voter, and

1 (2) Has declared and has had recorded on the registration book or record
2 the fact that he affiliates with the political party in whose primary he
3 proposes to vote or participate, and

4 (3) Is in good faith a member of that party.

5 Notwithstanding the previous paragraph, any unaffiliated voter who is authorized
6 under G.S. ~~163-74(a1)~~ 163-116 may also vote in the primary if the voter is
7 otherwise eligible to vote in that primary except for subdivisions (2) and (3) of the
8 previous paragraph.

9 Any person who will become qualified by age or residence to register and vote in the
10 general election for which the primary is held, even though not so qualified by the date
11 of the primary election, shall be entitled to register while the registration books are open
12 during the regular registration period prior to the primary and then to vote in the
13 primary after being registered, provided however, under full-time and permanent
14 registration, such an individual may register not earlier than 60 days nor later than the
15 last day for making application to register under G.S. ~~163-67~~163-82.6(c) prior to the
16 primary. In addition, persons who will become qualified by age to register and vote in
17 the general election for which the primary is held, who do not register during the special
18 period may register to vote after such period as if they were qualified on the basis of
19 age, but until they are qualified by age to vote, they may vote only in primary
20 elections."

21 Sec. 63. G.S. 163-285(3) is repealed.

22 Sec. 64. G.S. 163-286 reads as rewritten:

23 **"§ 163-286. Conduct of municipal and special district elections; application of**
24 **Chapter 163.**

25 (a) To the extent that the laws, rules and procedures applicable to the conduct of
26 primary, general and special elections by county boards of elections under Articles 3, 4,
27 5, 6, ~~7, 7A,~~ 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 19 and 22 of this Chapter are not inconsistent
28 with provisions of this Article, those laws, rules and procedures shall apply to municipal
29 and special district elections and their conduct by the board of elections conducting
30 those elections. The State Board of Elections shall have the same authority over all such
31 elections as it has over county and State elections under those Articles.

32 (b) Any city, town or incorporated village which elects to conduct its own
33 elections, under the provisions of G.S. 163-285, shall comply with the requirements
34 contained in G.S. 163-280 and G.S. 163-281."

35 Sec. 65. G.S. 163-287 reads as rewritten:

36 **"§ 163-287. Special elections; procedure for calling.**

37 Any city, whether its elections are conducted by the county board of elections or the
38 municipal board of elections, or any special district shall have authority to call special
39 elections as permitted by law. Prior to calling a special election, the city council or the
40 governing body of the special district shall adopt a resolution specifying the details of
41 the election, and forthwith deliver the resolution to the appropriate board of elections.
42 The resolution shall call on the board of elections to conduct the election described in
43 the resolution and shall state the date on which the special election is to be conducted.
44 The special election may be held at the same time as any other State, county or

1 municipal primary, election or special election or referendum, but may not otherwise be
2 held within the period of time beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after the
3 date of any other primary, election, special election or referendum held for that city or
4 special district.

5 Legal notice of the special election shall be published no less than ~~20~~45 days prior
6 to ~~the date on which the registration books or records close for~~ the special election. The
7 appropriate board of elections shall be responsible for publishing the legal notice. The
8 notice shall state the date and time of the special election, the issue to be submitted to
9 the voters, and the precincts in which the election will be held. This paragraph shall not
10 apply to bond elections."

11 Sec. 66. G.S. 163-288 reads as rewritten:

12 **"§ 163-288. Registration for city elections; county and municipal boards of**
13 **elections.**

14 ~~(a) Where the county board of elections conducts the municipal election,~~
15 Regardless of whether the municipal board of elections is conducted by the county
16 board of elections or by a municipal board of elections, the registration record of the
17 county board of elections shall be the official registration record for voters to vote in all
18 elections, city, district, county, State or national.

19 ~~(b) Where the municipal board of elections conducts the elections, each such~~
20 ~~municipality shall purchase only those loose leaf binders for the registration records that~~
21 ~~have been approved by the State Board of Elections.~~

22 ~~The loose leaf registration forms shall be those approved by the State Board of~~
23 ~~Elections. When completed by each municipal registrant, the forms shall be the official~~
24 ~~registration record in each municipality and shall be kept in agreement with the county~~
25 ~~registration records for that registrant. They shall be prepared, completed, maintained~~
26 ~~and kept current pursuant to the same provisions of Article 7, Chapter 163, as apply to~~
27 ~~registration records of county boards of elections. They also shall be furnished by the~~
28 ~~State Board of Elections, through the respective county boards of elections, to the~~
29 ~~municipalities.~~

30 ~~Every municipal board of elections conducting the elections in any city, town, or~~
31 ~~incorporated village shall secure and install those binders and loose leaf forms required~~
32 ~~by this section no later than January 1, 1973, or no later than 90 days after any such~~
33 ~~municipality elects to conduct its own elections.~~

34 ~~(c) Registration of voters and preparation of registration books for city elections~~
35 ~~in cities electing to conduct their own elections shall be conducted under one of the~~
36 ~~following alternative methods:~~

37 (1) ~~METHOD A.—A permanent, full time registration office shall be~~
38 ~~established in a convenient place within a city, and the municipal~~
39 ~~board of elections shall appoint a special registration commissioner to~~
40 ~~be in charge of the office, and the commissioner shall have full power~~
41 ~~and authority to register voters who reside within the city without~~
42 ~~regard to their precinct or county of residence. A municipal board of~~
43 ~~elections may appoint special registration commissioners~~
44 ~~notwithstanding the population limitation contained in G.S. 163-67(b).~~

- 1 (2) ~~METHOD B.—The municipal board of elections may contract with~~
2 ~~the county board of elections to prepare two extra sets of registration~~
3 ~~forms for each person who registers with the county board of elections~~
4 ~~and who resides in the municipality which negotiates such agreement.~~
5 ~~Any such agreement shall be in writing and shall be on such terms as~~
6 ~~is agreeable to the majority of the county board of elections involved.~~
- 7 (3) ~~(For effective date see note) METHOD C.—The county board of~~
8 ~~elections shall permit the municipal board of elections to copy county~~
9 ~~registration books from the precinct binder record or from the~~
10 ~~duplicate required to be maintained by said county board of elections.~~
11 ~~During the period beginning on the last day for making application to~~
12 ~~register under G.S. 163-67, the municipal board of elections shall~~
13 ~~compare the municipal registration books with the appropriate county~~
14 ~~books and shall add or delete registration certificates in order that the~~
15 ~~city and county records shall agree. The precincts established for~~
16 ~~municipal elections may differ from those established by the county~~
17 ~~board of elections.~~
- 18 (4) ~~METHOD D.—The county board of elections may, in its sole~~
19 ~~discretion, deliver to the municipal board of elections the county~~
20 ~~precinct registration books for each precinct wholly or partially located~~
21 ~~within the city, and these books shall be used in conducting the~~
22 ~~municipal elections.~~
- 23 (d) ~~The State Board of Elections shall have authority to promulgate rules and~~
24 ~~regulations for the detailed administration of each alternative method of registration~~
25 ~~offered by this section.~~
- 26 (e) ~~Each city, town or incorporated village electing to conduct its own elections~~
27 ~~shall select one of the registration methods offered by this section by joint agreement~~
28 ~~with the appropriate county boards of elections, subject to the approval of the State~~
29 ~~Board of Elections. The selection of method shall be evidenced by concurrent~~
30 ~~resolutions of the city council and each affected county board of elections, which shall~~
31 ~~be filed with the State Board of Elections, and which shall become effective upon the~~
32 ~~State Board's approval thereof. Provided, however, if METHOD A is selected, the~~
33 ~~municipal board of elections shall only be required to send a copy of the resolution to~~
34 ~~the State Board of Elections and the county board of elections. If the city and the county~~
35 ~~board of elections fail to agree then METHOD C shall be used."~~

36 Sec. 67. G.S. 163-288.2 reads as rewritten:

37 "**§ 163-288.2. Registration in area proposed for incorporation or annexed.**

38 (a) Whenever the General Assembly incorporates a new city and provides in the
39 act of incorporation for a referendum on the question of incorporation or for a special
40 election for town officials or for both, or whenever an existing city or special district
41 annexes new territory under the provisions of Chapter 160A, Article 4A, or other
42 general or local law, the board of elections of the county in which the proposed city is
43 located or in which the newly annexed territory is located shall determine those
44 individuals eligible to vote in the referendum or special election or in the city or special

1 district elections. In determining the eligible voters the board may, in its discretion, use
2 either of the following methods:

3 METHOD A. – The board of elections shall prepare a list of those registered voters
4 residing within the proposed city or newly annexed territory. The board shall make this
5 list available for public inspection in its office for a two-week period ending on the ~~last~~
6 ~~day for making application to register under G.S. 163-67~~ twenty-fifth day before the day
7 of the referendum or special election, or the next scheduled city or special district
8 election. During this period, any voter resident within the proposed city or newly
9 annexed territory and not included on the list may cause his name to be added to the list.
10 At least one week and no more than two weeks before the day the period of public
11 inspection is to begin, the board shall cause notice of the list's availability to be posted
12 in at least two prominent places within the proposed city or newly annexed territory and
13 may cause the notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the
14 county. The notice shall state that the list has been prepared, that only those persons
15 listed may vote in the referendum or special election, that the list will be available for
16 public inspection in the board's office, that any qualified voter not included on the list
17 may cause his name to be added to the list during the two-week period of public
18 inspection, and that persons in newly annexed territory should present themselves so
19 their registration records may be activated for voting in city or special district elections
20 in the newly annexed territory. Notice may additionally be made on a radio or television
21 station or both, but such notice shall be in addition to the newspaper and other required
22 notice.

23 METHOD B. – The board of elections shall conduct a special registration of eligible
24 persons desiring to vote in the referendum or special election or in the newly annexed
25 territory. The registration records shall be open for a two-week period (except Sundays)
26 ending on the ~~last day for making application to register under G.S. 163-67~~ twenty-fifth
27 day before the day of the referendum or special election or the next scheduled city or
28 special district election. On the two Saturdays during that two-week period, the records
29 shall be located at the voting place for the referendum or special election or the next
30 scheduled city or special district election; on the other days it may, in the discretion of
31 the board, be kept at the voting place, at the office of the board, or at the place of
32 business of a person designated by the board to conduct the special registration. At least
33 one week and no more than two weeks before the day the period of special registration
34 is to begin, the board shall cause notice of the registration to be posted in at least two
35 prominent places within the proposed city or newly annexed territory and may cause the
36 notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the county. The
37 notice shall state the purpose and times of the special registration, the location of the
38 registration records, that only those persons registered in the special registration may
39 vote in the referendum or special election, and that persons in newly annexed territory
40 should present themselves so their registration records may be activated for voting in
41 city or special district elections in the newly annexed territory. Notice may additionally
42 be made on a radio or television station or both, but such notice shall be in addition to
43 the newspaper and other required notice.

1 (b) Only those persons registered pursuant to this section may vote in the
2 referendum or special election, provided, however, that in cases where voters are
3 activated under either Method A or B to vote in a city or special district that annexes
4 territory, the city or special district shall permit them to vote in the city or special
5 district's election and shall, as well, permit other voters to vote in such elections who did
6 not register under the provisions of this section if they are otherwise registered,
7 qualified and eligible to vote in the same."

8 Sec. 68. G.S. 163-295 reads as rewritten:

9 **"§ 163-295. Municipal and special district elections; application of Chapter 163.**

10 To the extent that the laws, rules and procedures applicable to the conduct of
11 primary, general or special elections by county boards of elections under Articles 3, 4,
12 5, 6, ~~7~~, 7A, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 19 and 22 of this Chapter are not inconsistent
13 with the provisions of this Article, those laws, rules and procedures shall apply to
14 municipal and special district elections and their conduct by the board of elections
15 conducting those elections. The State Board of Elections shall have the same authority
16 over all such elections as it has over county and State elections under those Articles."

17 Sec. 69. Notwithstanding the language of G.S. 163-72.4(c), a voter
18 registration application is valid if, before January 1, 1995, the applicant submits the
19 form by mail or in person. The applicant may delegate the submission of the form to
20 another person. The form shall be valid only if signed by the applicant. Before January
21 1, 1995, in order to be valid for an election, the form:

22 (1) If submitted by mail, must be postmarked at least 29 days before the
23 election, except that any mailed application on which the postmark is
24 missing or unclear is validly submitted if received in the mail not later
25 than 25 days before the election,

26 (2) If submitted in person (by the applicant or another person), must be
27 received at least 29 days before the election.

28 Sec. 70. Sections 1 through 68 of this act become effective January 1, 1995,
29 and apply to all primaries and elections occurring on or after that date. The remainder
30 of this act is effective upon ratification and shall apply to all primaries and elections
31 occurring on or after the date of ratification. Prosecutions for, or sentences based on,
32 offenses occurring before the effective date of any section of this act are not abated or
33 affected by this act and the statutes that would be applicable to those prosecutions or
34 sentences but for the provisions of this act remain applicable to those prosecutions or
35 sentences.