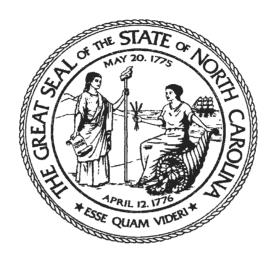
NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY



HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON ACHIEVEMENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS

REPORT TO THE
2016 SESSION
of the
2015 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
OF NORTH CAROLINA

APRIL, 2016

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TRANSMITTAL LETTER

April 13, 2016

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TO THE MEMBERS OF THE 2016 REGULAR SESSION OF THE 2015 GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON ACHIEVEMENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS, respectfully submits the following report to the 2016 Regular Session of the 2015 General Assembly.

Rep. Rob Bryan (Chair)

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COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

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The House Select Committee on Achievement School Districts met 3 times after the 2015 Regular Session.

January 27, 2016

Review of Legislative History

Kara McCraw, Staff Attorney, NCGA Legislative Analysis Division

DPI Presentation on Prior and Present Turnaround Strategy

Dr. Nancy Barbour

Pilot Achievement School Districts Bill Presentation

Representative Rob Bryan

March 30, 2016

Report on Tennessee Achievement School District

Dr. Gary T. Henry, Professor of Public Policy and Education, Vanderbilt University

Report on Tennessee Achievement School District

Dr. Joshua Glazer, Professor of Education Policy, George Washington University

Current Standing of Achievement School Districts in Tennessee

Malika Anderson, Superintendent, Achievement School District

Public Comment

Presentation from Carolina Can on Achievement School District Proposal

Marcus Brandon, Executive Director, CarolinaCan

Pilot Achievement School District Bill Presentation (Revisions)

Representative Rob Bryan

April 13, 2016

Review of Final Committee Report on Achievement School District Pilot

Representative Rob Bryan

Committee Discussion

Vote and Closing Remarks

SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

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This section of the report provides a brief summary of the Committee meetings. It is not intended to be a complete, official record of those meetings. However, there is an official record of the Committee's meetings, including minutes and handouts distributed to the Committee members, in the Legislative Library.

January 27, 2016

The House Select Committee on Achievement School District (Committee) met on January 27, 2016, at 10:00 am in the Legislative Office Building, with Chair Rep. Rob Bryan presiding. Rep. Bryan welcomed Committee members, introductions were made, and handouts were distributed to Committee members.

Kara McCraw, Staff Attorney for the Legislative Analysis Division, presented information on the current definition of "continually low-performing school" referencing definitions outlined in G.S. 115C-105.37A and 115C-105.37. In addition, she provided information on the four school turnaround models authorized in State law. These are: (i) Transformation Model, (ii) Restart Model, (iii) Turnaround Model, and (iv) School Closure Model.

As part of the presentation, examples of school turnaround districts currently in operation in other states were noted. These school districts included the Louisiana Recovery School District, the Tennessee Achievement School District, and the Michigan Education Achievement Authority.

Dr. Nancy Barbour, Director of District and School Transformation at the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, spoke next with a presentation entitled *Transforming Lowest Achieving School Districts and Schools*. As part of the presentation, Dr. Barbour explained the effectiveness of district and school transformation over four years of services. She emphasized that of the 118 low-performing schools served, 70% met or exceeded growth. Student impact was discussed with Dr. Barbour mentioning that proficiency gains in elementary science and middle school math were larger in district and school transformation schools than in comparison schools. In summary, Dr. Barbour explained that the goal to improve school performance involves continuing improvement of student achievement in the lowest performing schools in North Carolina.

Rep. Bryan offered a summary overview of the Achievement School District (ASD) draft legislation that included: (i) an overview of current law as it relates to low-performing schools, (ii) the definition of ASD, (iii) how schools would be chosen to be a part of the ASD, (iv) how operators of schools within the ASD would be selected, (v) how schools in the ASD would be managed, and (vi) how funds would be allocated to achievement

schools in the ASD. Rep. Bryan facilitated Committee discussion and then offered closing remarks.

March 30, 2016

Malika Anderson, Superintendent, Tennessee Achievement School District (ASD), offered a history of the Tennessee ASD and successful collaborative efforts in working with ASD operators in Memphis, Chattanooga, and Nashville. Ms. Anderson stressed that an ASD is a governance model that uses interventions to compel action in ASD schools. In addition, she stated that the ASD should be a short term arrangement with the ultimate goal being to return ASD schools to local school districts. Ms. Anderson emphasized the nature of the change typically requires one to two years for results to maximize and she highlighted some charter schools with extremely high growth.

Dr. Gary T. Henry, Professor of Public Policy and Education, Vanderbilt University, presented on school turnaround models in Tennessee. He explained that "Priority" schools are the 5 percent of schools across the state with the lowest overall performance. These Priority schools were placed in: (i) the Achievement School District (ASD), (ii) an Innovation Zone (iZone), or (iii) a local school improvement plan. ASD schools are run either by the Tennessee ASD or by charter management organizations (CMOs). Dr. Henry stated that the main goal of the ASD in Tennessee was to move the bottom 5% of schools to the top 25% in five years. The main strategy initiated in Tennessee includes: (i) providing more school autonomy in regards to resources, staffing, and day-to-day operations, (ii) hiring talented staff and contracting with proven CMOs, and (iii) providing district support. Dr. Henry concluded by stating the following about Tennessee's Priority schools:

- iZone schools have large to moderate effects on reading, math, and science.
- ASD schools did not gain more or less than other Priority schools.
- ASD-run schools show some positive effects in math and science.
- CMO-run schools did not gain more or less than other Priority schools.

Dr. Joshua Glazer, Professor of Education Policy, George Washington University, presented on his research on the Tennessee ASD. Within his research Dr. Glazer emphasized that:

- Time is needed for an ASD to achieve results with low-performing schools.
- The details of ASD operation should be addressed through inter-agency cooperation.
- Coalitions should be built at both the local and state levels, and beyond the political majority.
- Time should be taken to involve various stakeholders in the formation and administration of an ASD.
- The ASD is a statewide research and development laboratory, not a panacea.

Matt Elinwood, Policy Analyst, Education and Law Project, NC Justice Center, expressed concern that the ASD bill in its current form does not provide adequate classroom interventions and that the formation of an ASD could exacerbate teacher turnover in ASD schools. Mr. Elinwood stated that he does not think that the ASD in the proposed draft bill would be able to solicit private investment for ASD schools as has been done in Tennessee.

Pamela Blizzard, Founder and Managing Director, Research Triangle High School, offered to the Committee that the State should move forward with an ASD pilot. She stated that there are successful charters all over the State serving unique student populations and demonstrating positive student outcomes. She further stated that some charter schools are specifically suited to address the challenges of low-performing students and that the State should allow those that have demonstrated success to aid other schools and student groups in North Carolina.

Bruce Mildwurf, Associate Director, Governmental Relations, NC School Boards Association (NCSBA), stated that improved student outcomes with an ASD are necessary. He emphasized that the proposed bill would not offer ASD schools the same choice as is offered to current charter schools in North Carolina. Mr. Mildwurf stated that involving stakeholders would be vital in forming an ASD. A handout was provided to Committee members noting the possible liability issues with the proposed bill, according to the NCSBA.

Marcus Brandon, Executive Director, CarolinaCan, discussed his work helping students in schools improve their achievement through the accountability process. Mr. Brandon expressed his belief that students in Tennessee and New Orleans have made gains and valuable lessons have been learned through ASD models. He stated that North Carolina can take these lessons and craft a successful ASD that is tailored to North Carolina. Mr. Brandon stressed that for an ASD to be successful there needs to be meaningful community involvement throughout the entire process; that community support is imperative for success. He also emphasized that an ASD is needed to create or force change needed in other low-performing schools. Mr. Brandon stated that these schools have been continually low performing and doing the same things over and over will not work and that the ASD would have the added benefit in provoking other schools to change.

Rep. Rob Bryan explained the most recent changes to the ASD bill draft. He offered the Committee a chart that included an iZone as a possible route for low-performing schools. In conclusion Rep. Bryan facilitated Committee discussion and offered closing remarks.

April 13, 2016

The House Select Committee on Achievement School District (Committee) met on April 13, 2016, at 10:00 am in the Legislative Building, with Chair Rep. Rob Bryan presiding. The draft report was presented to the Committee, including review of recommended legislation. Following discussion, the report was adopted by the Committee.

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

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The Committee finds that, although significant efforts have been made to transform low-performing schools through coaching, professional development, and outside assessments, too many North Carolina public schools remain continually low-performing over multiple years. The Committee also finds that other states have begun trying new approaches to transforming continually low-performing schools that may serve as examples for North Carolina. One such approach is the creation of special districts identifying and working with continually low-performing schools and innovation zones to allow greater flexibility to address the needs of continually low-performing schools. Therefore, the Committee recommends that the General Assembly enact legislation to establish an Achievement School District, provide for innovation zones, and establish a new principal turnaround model for continually low-performing schools. See attached legislative proposal 2015-TC-36.

COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

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2015-2016

Speaker of the House of Representatives Appointments:

Rep. Rob Bryan (Chair)

Rep. Hugh Blackwell

Rep. Cecil Brockman

Rep. Tricia Ann Cotham

Rep. Jeffrey Elmore

Rep. Edward Hanes, Jr.

Rep. Jon Hardister

Rep. D. Craig Horn

Rep. Bert Jones

Rep. Chris Malone

Rep. Dennis Riddell

Rep. Rena W. Turner

COMMITTEE CHARGE/STATUTORY AUTHORITY

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Office of Speaker Tim Moore North Carolina House of Representatives Raleigh, North Carolina 27601-1096

HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON ACHIEVEMENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Section 1. The House Select Committee on Achievement School Districts (hereinafter "Committee") is established by the Speaker of the House of Representatives pursuant to G.S. 120-19.6(a1) and Rule 26(a) of the Rules of the House of Representatives of the 2015 General Assembly.

Section 2. The Committee consists of 12 members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The membership of the Committee shall include legislators as specified below. Members serve at the pleasure of the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The Speaker of the House of Representatives may dissolve the Committee at any time. Vacancies are filled by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. A Chair or other member of the Committee continues to serve until a successor is appointed.

Representative Rob Bryan, Chair
Representative Hugh Blackwell
Representative Cecil Brockman
Representative Tricia Ann Cotham
Representative Jeffrey Elmore
Representative Edward Hanes, Jr.
Representative Jon Hardister
Representative D. Craig Horn
Representative Bert Jones
Representative Chris Malone
Representative Dennis Riddell
Representative Rena Turner

HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON ACHIEVEMENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS

- Section 3. The Committee may study research on existing achievement school districts, integration within traditional K-12 school districts, and the current North Carolina Department of Public Instruction's district and school transformation program. The Committee also may examine any other issue it deems relevant to this study.
- Section 4. The Committee shall meet upon the call of the Chair. A quorum of the Committee shall be a majority of its members. No action may be taken except by a majority vote at a meeting at which a quorum is present.
- Section 5. The Committee, while in the discharge of its official duties, may exercise all powers provided for under G.S. 120-19 and Article 5A of Chapter 120 of the General Statutes. The Committee may contract for professional, clerical, or consultant services, as provided by G.S. 120-32.02.
- Section 6. Members of the Committee shall receive per diem, subsistence, and travel allowance as provided in G.S. 120-3.1.
- Section 7. The expenses of the Committee including per diem, subsistence, travel allowances for Committee members, and contracts for professional or consultant services shall be paid upon the written approval of the Speaker of the House of Representatives pursuant to G.S. 120-32.02(c) and G.S. 120-35 from funds available to the House of Representatives for its operations. Individual expenses of \$5,000 or less, including per diem, travel, and subsistence expenses of members of the Committee, and clerical expenses shall be paid upon the authorization of the Chair of the Committee. Individual expenses in excess of \$5,000 shall be paid upon the written approval of the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- Section 8. The Legislative Services Officer shall assign professional and clerical staff to assist the Committee in its work. The Director of Legislative Assistants of the House of Representatives shall assign clerical support staff to the Committee.
- Section 9. The Committee may meet at various locations around the State in order to promote greater public participation in its deliberations.
- Section 10. The Committee may submit an interim report on the results of the study, including any proposed legislation, to the members of the House of Representatives at any time. The Committee may submit a final report on the results of its study, including any proposed legislation, to the members of the House of Representatives prior to the convening of the 2017 General Assembly. Reports shall be submitted by filling a copy of the report with the Office of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the House Principal Clerk, and the

HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON ACHIEVEMENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS

Legislative Library. The Committee terminates upon the convening of the 2017 General Assembly or upon the filing of its final report, whichever occurs first.

Effective this the 14th day of January, 2016.

Tim Moore Speaker

LEGISLATIVE PROPOSALS

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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Short Title: Achievement School District.

BILL DRAFT 2015-TC-36 [v.9] (01/26)

(THIS IS A DRAFT AND IS NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION)

	Sponsors:	Representative Bryan.				
	Referred to:					
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
2	AN ACT TO	O ESTABLISH THE ACHIEVEMENT SCHOOL DISTRICT.				
3	The Genera	l Assembly of North Carolina enacts:				
4	S	ECTION 1. Subchapter III of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is				
5	amended by	adding a new Article to read:				
6	-	"Article 7A.				
7		Achievement School District and Innovation Zones.				
8		.5. Definitions.				
9	<u>T</u>	he following definitions apply in this Article:				
10	(1	Achievement school. – An elementary school under the supervision of				
11		the Achievement School District.				
12	(2	Achievement School District or ASD. – The statewide school unit				
13		established pursuant to this Article.				
14	<u>(3</u>	Achievement school operator or AS operator. – An entity selected by				
15		the State Board of Education upon the recommendation of the ASD				
16		Superintendent to operate an achievement school. The Department of				
17		Public Instruction may not be selected as an AS operator.				
18	(4					
19		the State Board of Education in accordance with G.S. 115C-75.6(b).				
20	(5					
21		G.S. 115C-105.37, that meets one of the following criteria:				
22		a. Received a school performance score in the lowest five percent				
23		(5%) of all schools that include all or part of grades				
24		kindergarten through fifth in the prior school year, unless one of				
25		the following apply:				
26 27		1. That school both exceeded growth in at least one of the prior				
28		three school years and met growth in at least one of the prior				
29		three school years. One of the models established in G.S. 115C-105.37B for				
30		continually low-performing schools has been adopted for that				
31		school.				

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(Public)

b. Received a school performance score in the lowest ten percent (10%) of all schools that include all or part of grades kindergarten through fifth in the prior school year and has been designated by the local board of education for consideration by the State Board of Education as an achievement school.

"§ 115C-75.6. Achievement School District.

- (a) There is established the Achievement School District (ASD) under the administration of the State Board of Education. The ASD shall assume the supervision, management, and operation of elementary schools that have been selected as achievement schools pursuant to this Article.
- (b) An ASD Superintendent Selection Advisory Committee shall be established to make a recommendation to the State Board of Education on appointment of a superintendent to serve as an executive officer of the ASD. The Committee shall ensure that the individual recommended has qualifications consistent with G.S. 115C-271(a). The Lieutenant Governor shall serve as chair of the Committee, and shall appoint the following additional members:
 - (1) Three members of the State Board of Education.
 - (2) One teacher or retired teacher.
 - (3) One principal or retired principal.
 - (4) One superintendent or retired superintendent.
 - (5) One parent of a student currently enrolled in a low performing school, as defined in G.S. 115C-105.37.
- (c) The State Board of Education or its designee shall consider the recommendation of the ASD Superintendent Selection Advisory Committee and shall appoint a superintendent to serve as the executive officer of the ASD. The ASD Superintendent shall serve at the pleasure of the State Board of Education at a salary established by the State Board within the funds appropriated for this purpose. The Superintendent of the ASD shall have qualifications consistent with G.S. 115C-271(a) and report directly to the State Board.
- (d) By January 15 annually, the State Board and the ASD Superintendent shall report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee on all aspects of operation of ASD, including the selection of achievement schools and their progress.

"§ 115C-75.7. Selection of achievement schools.

- (a) State Board Selection. The State Board of Education is authorized to select, upon the recommendation of the Superintendent of the ASD, no more than five qualifying schools to transfer to the ASD as achievement schools. The five qualifying schools selected for inclusion in the ASD should represent geographic diversity, including urban and rural schools. The State Board of Education shall select no more than one qualifying school per local school administrative unit, unless the local board of education consents.
- (b) Selection Process. The selection of qualifying schools shall be based on an analysis of performance over the most recent three-year period. Prior to recommendation of selection of a qualifying school, the ASD Superintendent shall conduct an evaluation of the school to determine the factors contributing to the school's performance and shall confer with the school principal, local board of education members, the local school superintendent, and the local board of county commissioners

to share the findings of the evaluation. The school selection process shall also include a public hearing to allow for parent and community input. The ASD Superintendent shall evaluate and identify the qualifying schools to recommend for selection as prospective achievement schools no later than November 15 prior to the initial school year in which the school may operate as an achievement school, and shall notify the local boards of education where prospective achievement schools are located by that date. The State Board of Education shall select the prospective achievement schools no later than January 15.

- Local Board Response. Upon notification by the ASD Superintendent of (c) selection by the State Board of Education of the qualifying school as a prospective achievement school, the local board of education shall determine whether to (i) close the selected qualifying school, (ii) transfer the school into the ASD, or (iii) request adoption of the principal turnaround reform model for the qualifying school, as provided in and subject to G.S. 115C-105.37B. The local board shall not be required to undertake the study required by G.S. 115C-72 before closing the school. Before the adoption of a resolution, the local board of education shall provide for a public hearing in regard to the proposed transfer, closure, or adoption of the principal turnaround reform model, at which hearing the public shall be afforded an opportunity to express their views. No later than March 1, the local board of education shall adopt a resolution either (i) consenting to transfer of the selected qualifying school to the ASD as an achievement school, (ii) closing that school at the conclusion of that school year, or (iii) requesting adoption of the principal turnaround reform model for the qualifying school. The State Board of Education may delay the transfer of a selected school to the ASD for one year upon the recommendation of the ASD Superintendent.
- (d) <u>Public Notification. The list of qualifying schools and selected achievement</u> schools shall be made publically available on a Web site maintained by the ASD.
- (e) Waivers for AS Schools. The ASD Superintendent may waive State Board of Education rules, regulations, policies, and procedures, or the provisions of this Chapter for achievement schools; however achievement schools shall be required to comply with, at a minimum, the statutory requirements for charter schools as provided in Article 14A of this Chapter. The goal for each waiver shall be improvement of student performance. All achievement schools shall comply with all applicable constitutional and statutory nondiscrimination requirements.

"§ 115C-75.8. Selection of AS operators.

- (a) The State Board of Education may select an AS operator for a prospective achievement school by January 15, and shall select an AS operator for a prospective school no later than February 15.
- (b) The State Board of Education, upon the recommendation of the ASD Superintendent, shall only select an entity to contract as an AS operator if that entity demonstrates one of the following:
 - (1) The school or schools operated by the entity in this State or other states have a record of results in improving performance of persistently low-performing schools or improving performance of a substantial number of persistently low-performing students attending the school.
 - (2) The entity has a credible and specific plan for dramatically improving student achievement in a low-performing school and provides

evidence that the entity is currently operating a school or schools in this State that provide a sound, basic education or has demonstrated consistent and substantial growth towards providing a sound, basic education in the prior three school years, or is a contractual affiliate of such an entity.

(c) The selected AS operator shall be provided opportunities to hold public informational sessions and other outreach to the community, prospective achievement school, and local board of education of a prospective achievement school prior to a local board's adoption of the resolution required by G.S. 115C-75.7(c).

"§ 115C-75.9. Management of achievement schools.

- (a) <u>Direct Management by AS Operator. An achievement school shall be subject to direct management by an AS operator selected by the State Board of Education, upon the recommendation of the ASD Superintendent, for a five-year contract.</u>
- (b) Role of AS Operator. The AS operator shall be authorized to have a direct role in making decisions about school finance, human capital, and curriculum and instruction for the achievement school while developing the leadership capacity in such schools.
- (c) Assignment to Achievement Schools. All achievement schools shall remain open to enrollment in the same manner with the same attendance zone as prior to becoming an achievement school. If a local board of education's reassignment of students within the local school administrative unit due to student population changes or openings or closures of other schools impacts the achievement school, the AS operator may appeal to the ASD Superintendent and request a hearing before the State Board of Education regarding the reassignment. Notwithstanding G.S. 115C-366, the State Board of Education shall, after hearing from both the local board of education and AS operator, determine whether the reassignment of students impacting the achievement school may proceed.
- (d) Facility and Capital Expenditures. Facility and capital expenditures shall be provided as follows:
 - (1) In addition to the transfer of funds as provided in G.S. 115C-75.10, the local board of education shall be responsible for facility and capital expenditures at the qualifying school.
 - All AS operators and local boards of education shall enter into an occupancy agreement establishing the terms of occupancy for the AS operator not otherwise addressed in statute. If the parties are unable to reach agreement, either party may petition the State Board of Education to resolve any issues in dispute.
 - (3) The AS operator shall have first priority in use of the facility for any purpose related to the operation of the achievement school. The local board of education, with the consent of the AS operator, may allow use of the facility by governmental, charitable, civic, or other organizations for activities within the community, and may retain any funds received for such use.

- (e) Transportation. The local board of education shall provide transportation of all students assigned to the achievement school in the same manner as provided for other schools in the local school administrative unit in that school year.
- (f) Memorandums of Understanding for Alternate Arrangements. Notwithstanding this section, the AS operator, in consultation with the ASD Superintendent, may elect to enter into a memorandum of understanding for alternate arrangements with the local board of education to address any of the following:
 - (1) Facility and capital expenditures.
 - (2) Transportation services.

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- (3) Services for Children with Disabilities.
- If a AS operator elects to use a memorandum of understanding for alternate arrangements, the AS operator and local board of education shall finalize the memorandum of understanding within 30 days of the initial request by the AS operator. If the parties have not completed the memorandum of understanding within 30 days, the State Board of Education shall resolve any issues in dispute.
- (g) Student Records. The local board of education shall make available in a timely fashion all student records to the achievement school at no cost for all students of that school.
- Achievement School Employees. The AS operator shall select and hire the (h) school principal for an achievement school. Within the limits of the school budget, the AS operator or its designee shall select staff members in accordance with guidance from the ASD Superintendent. Before finalizing staffing recommendations, the AS operator and the ASD Superintendent shall interview all existing staff members at the qualifying school and review student growth and performance data for those staff members for whom it is available. Notwithstanding Article 21A of this Chapter, the AS operator and the ASD Superintendent shall be permitted to examine personnel files of existing staff members for the qualifying school. The AS operator shall have the authority to decide whether any administrator, teacher, or staff member previously assigned to a qualifying school selected to become an achievement school shall continue as an employee of the achievement school. Any such employees retained shall become employees of the ASD. An employee hired to work in an achievement school shall be an employee of the ASD, and the employees shall be under the exclusive control of the ASD. All employees of the ASD shall be eligible for enrollment in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina, State Health Plan, and other benefits available to State employees. The AS operator shall provide funds to the ASD in an amount sufficient to provide salary and benefits for employees of the ASD working in the achievement school based on the terms of employment established by the AS operator.
- (i) Employees of Local Board of Education. The transfer of a qualifying school shall be deemed a reorganization of the local school administration unit resulting in a reduction in force. If an employee is not given the option to continue as an employee for the achievement school, the local board of education may, in its discretion, do any of the following:

1	(1) Continue the employee's employment with the local board of
2	education.
3	(2) Dismiss the employee due to a reduction in force as provided in
4	Article 22 of this Chapter.
5	(3) Dismiss the employee as otherwise provided in Article 22 of this
6	Chapter.
7	(j) <u>Liability Insurance. – The AS operator shall maintain reasonable amounts and</u>
8	types of liability insurance as established by the State Board of Education. No civil
9	liability shall attach to a local board of education, or to any its members or employees,
10	individually or collectively, for any acts or omissions of the AS operator.
11	(k) School Nutrition Program. – The achievement school shall participate in the
12	National School Lunch Program, as provided in G.S. 115C-264.
13	(1) Cooperation with ASD Superintendent. – The local board of education shall
14	cooperate with the ASD Superintendent in carrying out his or her powers and duties as
15	necessary in accordance with this Chapter."
16	"§ 115C-75.10. Achievement schools funds.
17 18	(a) Funding Allocation Selection. – State and local funding for an achievement school
19	shall be allocated as provided in subsection (b) or subsection (c) of this section. The AS operator shall select one of the allocation methods as the method to be used for the achievement
20	school.
21	(b) Designated Funding. – Funding shall be allocated to the ASD for the
22	achievement school by the State Board of Education and local board of education as
23	follows:
24	(1) The State Board of Education shall allocate to the ASD for each
25	achievement school:
26	a. An amount equal to the average per pupil allocation for average
27	daily membership from the local school administrative unit
28	allotments in which the achievement school was located for
29	each child attending the achievement school except for the
30	allocations for (i) children with disabilities, (ii) children with
31	limited English proficiency, and (iii) transportation. The State
32	Board shall provide the allocation for transportation to the local
33	school administrative unit in which the achievement school is
34	<u>located.</u>
35	b. An additional amount for each child attending the achievement
36	school who is a child with disabilities.
37	c. An additional amount for children with limited English
38	proficiency attending the achievement school, based on a
39	formula adopted by the State Board.
40	(2) The local school administrative unit in which the achievement school
41	is located shall transfer to the ASD for the achievement school an
42	amount equal to the per pupil share of the local current expense fund
43	of the local school administrative unit for the fiscal year. The per pupil
44	share of the local current expense fund shall be transferred to the ASD
45	for the achievement school within 30 days of the receipt of monies into
46	the local current expense fund. The local school administrative unit

and ASD may use the process for mediation of differences between the State Board and a charter school provided in G.S. 115C-218.95(d) to resolve differences on calculation and transference of the per pupil share of the local current expense fund. The amount transferred under this subsection that consists of revenue derived from supplemental taxes shall be transferred only to a achievement school located in the tax district for which these taxes are levied and in which the student resides. The local school administrative unit shall also provide the ASD with all of the following information within the 30-day time period provided in this subsection:

- a. The total amount of monies the local school administrative unit has in each of the funds listed in G.S. 115C-426(c).
- b. The student membership numbers used to calculate the per pupil share of the local current expense fund.
- c. How the per pupil share of the local current expense fund was calculated.
- d. Any additional records requested by the ASD from the local school administrative unit in order for the ASD to audit and verify the calculation and transfer of the per pupil share of the local current expense fund.
- Funding Memorandum of Understanding. The AS operator, in consultation with the ASD Superintendent, may enter into a funding memorandum of understanding with the local board of education of the local school administrative unit where the achievement school is located for all student support and operational services and instructional services to be provided by the local board of education in the same manner and degree as in the prior school year or funding in an amount equivalent to the amount the local board of education would have expended on those services if provided. For the purposes of this subsection, student support and operational services include cafeteria services, custodial services, broadband and utilities, and student information services, and instructional services includes alternative education, special education services, test administration services, textbooks, technology, media resources, instructional equipment, and other resources. The AS operator and local board of education shall finalize the funding memorandum of understanding within 30 days of the initial request for the memorandum by the AS operator. If the parties have not completed the funding memorandum of understanding within 30 days, the State Board of Education shall resolve any issues in dispute.
- (d) The ASD may seek, manage and expend federal money and grants, State funding, and other funding with the same authority as a local school administrative unit, including decisions related to allocation of State funds among achievement schools."

"§ 115C-75.11. Accountability and governance for achievement schools.

- (a) The AS operator shall set clear goals, empower and equip teachers and school leaders to meet the goals, and hold such teachers and school leaders accountable to meet the goals. The AS operator shall apply to the ASD Superintendent for appropriate waivers for the achievement school pursuant to G.S. 115C-75.7(d).
- (b) The AS operator shall select, approve, or remove the school principal of an achievement school that it is managing in accordance with this Article.

- (c) The AS operator shall enter into an agreement with the school principal regarding specific goals for the achievement school related to higher academic outcomes for students, safe and positive learning environments for children, parent and community engagement, and the efficient and effective use of taxpayer dollars. The agreement shall be made publically available on the ASD website.
- (d) An achievement school shall not be included in any State evaluation or performance models used for the local school administrative unit in which the school is located, but shall be considered a part of the ASD for all evaluation purposes.

"§ 115C-75.12. Term of supervision for an achievement school.

- (a) An achievement school shall remain under the supervision of the ASD for a minimum of five consecutive years through a contract with an AS operator. The following shall apply to the term of a contract with an AS operator of an achievement school:
 - (1) Early Termination of Contract Based on Performance. If during the five-year contract, the achievement school's annual percentage growth does not exceed the average annual percentage growth of other qualifying schools for three consecutive years, the State Board of Education, upon the recommendation of the ASD Superintendent, may terminate the contract at the conclusion of the academic year and select another AS operator in accordance with G.S. 115C-75.8 to assume the remainder of the five-year contract and any occupancy agreements or memorandums of understanding with the local board of education at the beginning of the next academic year.
 - (2) Closure of Achievement School Based on Performance. If by the end of the five-year contract, the achievement school's average annual percentage growth during the term of the contract does not exceed the average annual percentage growth of other qualifying schools during the same term, the State Board of Education shall close the achievement school and develop a transition plan to return the school to the local school administrative unit.
 - (3) State Board Optional Extension of Contract for Three Years. If by the end of the five-year contract, the achievement school remains a qualifying school, but has exceeded the average annual percentage growth of other qualifying schools, the State Board of Education, upon the recommendation of the ASD Superintendent in his or her discretion, may continue the contract with the AS operator for an additional three-year term. The ASD Superintendent and AS operator shall engage the school, the school community, and the school's local board of education in developing a transition plan for the school to leave the supervision of the ASD at the conclusion of the three-year extension of the contract. If the State Board does not elect to continue the contract, the State Board may do any of the following:
 - a. Select another AS operator for a three-year contract.
 - b. Close the school as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.

- c. Develop a transition plan to return the school to the local school administrative unit for the next school year.
- (4) AS Operator Option to Extend Contract for Three Years. If by the end of the five-year contract, the achievement school receives a grade of C or higher under G.S. 115C-12(9)c1., the AS operator shall have the option to extend the contract for another three-year term. The ASD Superintendent and AS operator shall engage the school, the school community, and the school's local board of education in developing a transition plan for the school to leave the supervision of the ASD at the conclusion of the three-year extension of the contract. Options at the conclusion of the contract shall include the following:
 - a. Conversion to Charter. If, in the development of the transition plan, a local board of education indicates by resolution to the State Board of Education that the local board elects to not receive the transfer of the achievement school back to the local school administrative unit, the AS operator may apply to convert the school to a charter school under Article 14A of this Chapter. If a charter is awarded, the charter board of directors may request to use the facility as provided in G.S. 115C-218.35. If the AS operator does not seek conversion to a charter school or fails to receive a charter, the State Board may close the school as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
 - b. Alternate AS Operator or Return to Local School Administrative Unit. If the AS operator does not elect to continue the contract, the State Board may select another AS operator for a three-year contract or may develop a transition plan to return the school to the local school administrative unit for the next school year.
- (6) Termination of Contract on Other Grounds. The State Board of Education, upon the recommendation of the ASD Superintendent, may terminate a contract with an AS operator at any time during the contract for financial mismanagement, noncompliance with federal or State laws, failure to comply with the terms of the contract, or evidence of criminal activity. The State Board of Education shall develop a transition plan to return the school to the local school administrative unit.
- (b) An achievement school shall remain under the supervision of the ASD for no more than eight years.
- (c) The State Board of Education shall make all decisions related to contracts for AS operators no later than May 1."

"§ 115C-75.13. Innovation Zones

(a) If a local board of education transfers a qualifying school to the ASD, the local board of education may ask the State Board of Education to be allowed to create an innovation zone for up to three continually low-performing schools within its local school administrative unit. The State Board of Education shall grant such requests for the creation of an innovation zone. The State Board of Education shall also authorize

read:

 the local board of education the flexibility to operate the schools within the innovation zone with the same exemptions from statutes and rules as a charter school authorized under Article 14A of this Chapter and with exemptions from local board of education policies as needed to ensure autonomy under the guidance of the innovation zone office for financial, programmatic, staffing, and time allocation decisions.

- (b) The innovation zone created by a local board of education must include all of the following:
 - (1) Development of a clear and specific plan for improving schools within the innovation zone.
 - (2) Establishment of an innovation zone office with a leader appointed by the local board of education and approved by the State Board of Education to govern and lead the schools in the innovation zone.
 - (3) Attraction of high quality staff at schools in the innovation zone through the use of incentives, favorable working conditions, and development of partnerships to develop human capital.
 - (4) Accountability for those schools based on established benchmarks and goals for student achievement and for support services provided by the local school administrative unit based on metrics established by the innovation zone office for effective and efficient delivery.
 - (5) Support for those schools by the innovation zone office to ensure priority in services from the local school administrative unit, pursuit of outside funding, and technical support, including support from external partners."

SECTION 2. G.S. 115C-105.37A is amended by adding a new subsection to

"(c) The State Board shall report annually to the Superintendent of the Achievement School District on any schools identified under this section as qualifying schools as defined in G.S. 115C-75.5 for consideration to be selected as achievement schools in accordance with Article 7A of this Chapter."

SECTION 3. G.S. 115C-105.37B(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, Article or Article 7A of this Chapter, the State Board of Education is authorized to approve a local board of education's request to reform any school in its administrative unit which the State Board of Education has identified as (i) one of the continually low-performing schools in North Carolina. Carolina or (ii) as a qualifying school that is not selected as an achievement school under G.S. 115C-75.7.

If the State Board of Education approves a local board of education's request to reform a school, the State Board of Education may authorize the local board of education to adopt one of the following models in accordance with State Board of Education requirements:

- (1) Transformation model, which would address the following four specific areas critical to transforming a continually low-performing school:
 - a. Developing and increasing teacher and school leader effectiveness.
 - b. Comprehensive instructional reform strategies.

1 Increasing learning time and creating community-oriented C. 2 schools. 3 Providing operational flexibility and sustained support. d. 4 (2) Restart model, in which the State Board of Education would authorize the local board of education to operate the school with the same 5 exemptions from statutes and rules as a charter school authorized 6 under Article 14A of this Chapter, or under the management of an 7 8 educational management organization that has been selected through a 9 rigorous review process. A school operated under this subdivision 10 remains under the control of the local board of education, and 11 employees assigned to the school are employees of the local school 12 administrative unit with the protections provided by Part 3 of Article 13 22 of this Chapter. 14 (3) Turnaround model, which would involve, among other actions, 15 replacing the principal, if the principal has been in that position for at 16 least three years, and rehiring no more than fifty percent (50%) of the school's staff, adopting a new governance structure at the school 17 18 consistent with this Article, and implementing an instructional 19 program aligned with the Standard Course of Study. School closure model, in which a local school administrative unit 20 (4) 21 would close the school consistent with G.S. 115C-72 and enroll the 22 students who attended the school in other, higher-achieving schools in 23 the local school administrative unit consistent with Article 25 of this 24 Chapter. 25 Principal Turnaround model, which would require the following: (5) Replacing the current principal with a turnaround principal. The 26 27 local board of education, after consultation with the 28 Superintendent of the Achievement School District, shall select 29 an individual with a proven record of success as a principal or 30 superintendent as a turnaround principal. The local board of education's selection shall be approved by the State Board of 31 32 Education to serve as a turnaround principal. 33 <u>b.</u> Notwithstanding G.S. 115C-287.1, hiring the turnaround 34 principal on a five year contract that shall include significant 35 compensation and other incentives, as determined by the local board of education. The turnaround principal shall be required 36 37 as a term of the contract to develop a written plan with clear 38 goals for dramatically improving student achievement at the 39 school, including empowering and equipping teachers and 40 school leaders to meet the goals, and holding such teachers and school leaders accountable to meet the goals. 41 The local board of education shall consider 42 <u>c.</u> recommendations of the turnaround principal with regard to 43 44 personnel assigned to the school, and shall, to the extent 45 possible, implement those recommendations.

1	ا ا	Appropriate managering has the transported maintained on the
1	<u>d.</u>	Annually reporting by the turnaround principal on the
2 3		principal's methods and the school's progress and performance
4		to the local board of education. The turnaround principal's
- 1		report shall be provided to the State Board of Education.
5	<u>e.</u>	Sharing of information with other turnaround principals on a
6		regular basis. The Achievement School District shall also serve
7	C C	as a resource for turnaround principals.
8	<u>f.</u>	Authority for the turnaround principal to select staff assigned to
9		the school.
10	<u>g.</u>	Provision of additional discretionary funds by the local board of
11		education to the turnaround principal to address specific issues
12		in the school, including but not limited to professional
13		development, extended school days, or parent academies.
1'4	<u>h.</u>	Authorization by the State Board of Education to operate the
15		school with the same exemptions from statutes and rules as a
16		charter school authorized under Article 14A of this Chapter.
17	(a1) The State B	oard of Education shall authorize the adoption of the principal
18	turnaround model in no	more than 10 schools statewide."
19	SECTION 4	G.S. 115C-321(a) reads as rewritten:
20	(a) All informat	ion contained in a personnel file, except as otherwise provided in
21	this Chapter, is confide	ntial and shall not be open for inspection and examination except
22	to any of the following	persons:
23	(1) The ϵ	employee, applicant for employment, former employee, or his
24	prope	rly authorized agent, who may examine his own personnel file at
25	all re	asonable times in its entirety except for letters of reference
26		ted prior to employment.
27		uperintendent and other supervisory personnel.
28		pers of the local board of education and the board's attorney.
29		ty by authority of a subpoena or proper court order may inspect
30	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	examine a particular confidential portion of an employee's
31		nnel file.
32	(5) An a	chievement school operator and the Superintendent of the
33		vement School District if the school where the individual is
34		yed has been selected as an achievement school as provided in
35		e 7A of this Chapter."
36		Evaluation of the Achievement School District. – The State
37	Board of Education sha	all contract with an independent research organization to evaluate
38		d effectiveness of the Achievement School District in turning
39	<u>-</u>	chools at the conclusion of the initial five-year contracts in 2022.
40	_	ch organization shall include an analysis on the impact of public
41	-	in the effectiveness of the Achievement School District. The
42		organization shall report its findings to the State Board of
43	_	February 15, 2023. The State Board of Education shall provide
44		endent research commission to the Joint Legislative Education
4.5	0 : 14 0 :44	1. 1 26 1 1 2022 1 21

Oversight Committee no later than March 1, 2023, along with any recommended

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legislative changes. It is the intent of the General Assembly to appropriate funding for the evaluation of the Achievement School District in 2022.

SECTION 6. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Public Instruction four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) for the 2016-2017 fiscal year for salary and benefits for the ASD Superintendent, staff, and other expenses associated with the ASD. It is the intent of the General Assembly to appropriate to the Department of Public Instruction four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) for the 2017-2018 fiscal year and annually thereafter for salary and benefits for the ASD Superintendent, staff, and other expenses associated with the ASD.

SECTION 7. It is the intent of the General Assembly to appropriate to the Department of Public Instruction three hundred seventy five thousand (\$375,000) for the 2017-2018 fiscal year and annually thereafter for principal turnaround reform model grants. Upon appropriation of funds, the State Board of Education shall award principal turnaround reform model grants of up to seventy five thousand (\$75,000) per fiscal year for five years to local boards of education who (i) have been authorized to adopt the principal turnaround reform model by the State Board for a school, and (ii) provide a dollar-for-dollar match with non-State funding for the requested grant amount. Principal turnaround reform model grants shall be used by local boards of education to provide substantial incentives for turnaround principals and to provide additional discretionary funds for use by the turnaround principal to address specific issues in the school.

SECTION 8. It is the intent of the General Assembly to appropriate to the Department of Public Instruction four hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$450,000) for the 2017-2018 fiscal year and annually thereafter for innovation zone model grants. Upon appropriation of funds, the State Board of Education shall award innovation zone model grants of up to one hundred fifty thousand (\$150,000) per fiscal year for five years to local boards of education who (i) have been authorized to adopt the innovation zone model by the State Board for up to three schools, and (ii) provide a dollar-for-dollar match with non-State funding for the requested grant amount. Innovation zone model grants shall be directed by local boards of educations to the innovation zone office to address specific issues in innovation zone schools.

SECTION 9. This act becomes effective only if funds are appropriated by the Current Operations Appropriations Act of 2016 for the Achievement School District.

SECTION 10. This act is effective when it becomes law, and supervision of achievement schools by the Achievement School District shall begin with the 2017-2018 school year. In the discretion of the State Board of Education (i) the ASD Superintendent may not be required during the 2016-2017 school year to recommend qualifying schools for inclusion in the ASD for the 2017-2018 school year and (ii) the timeline for selection of achievement schools for the 2017-2018 school year provided in G.S. 115C-75.7 may be varied, but in no event may the local board of education's decision occur later than April 1, 2017. The State Board of Education may select up to five qualifying schools to transfer to the ASD beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, but shall select at least two qualifying schools to transfer to the ASD no later than the 2018-2019 school year and shall have selected five qualifying schools for transfer to the ASD no later than the 2019-2020 school year.