

# NORTH CAROLINA MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY NUMBER 1

Annual Financial Report (With Report of Independent Auditor Thereon)

December 31, 2019 and 2018



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RSM US LLP

#### **Independent Auditors Report**

Board of Directors North Carolina Municipal Power Agency 1

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of North Carolina Municipal Power Agency 1 (the Agency), which are comprised of the statements of net position as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of revenue and expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The budgetary schedules and statements listed in the table of contents as Supplementary Information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Agency.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

RSM US LLP

Morehead City, North Carolina April 29, 2020

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Unaudited

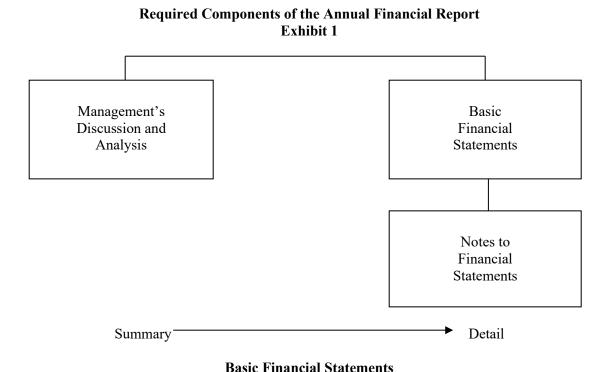
As management of North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1 (Agency), we offer this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Agency for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. We encourage you to read this information in conjunction with additional information furnished in the Agency's audited financial statements and accompanying notes that follow this narrative.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The Agency's basic financial statements consist of a single electric enterprise fund.
- At year-end 2019 and 2018, the Agency's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$272,053,000 and \$298,238,000 (net position).
- The Agency's net position decreased by \$26,185,000 and increased \$76,923,000 for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Year-end 2019 and 2018 unrestricted net position deficit was \$568,325,000 and \$464,056,000, respectively, after decreasing \$164,351,000 and increasing \$54,444,000, respectively.
- The significant working capital levels built up over the past 3 years due to Duke's cost saving strategies, combined with lower projected costs resulted in the Rate Committee recommending and the Board of Commissioners and Board of Directors approving the following actions:
  - o A 2% wholesale rate decrease
  - o A \$75,000,000 credit to members and
  - o Defeasance of \$75,000,000 of debt
- The Agency's total debt decreased by \$169,355,000 and \$81,845,000 during 2019 and 2018, respectively, as follows:
  - o Decreased \$71,505,000 and \$81,845,000 due to principal paid in 2019 and 2018, respectively, in accordance with the debt service schedules.
  - o Decreased \$28,950,000 due to issuance of new debt and refunding of existing debt in 2019.
  - o Decreased \$68,900,000 due to defeasance of old debt in 2019.
- There was no debt issuance in 2018.
- In September 2019, the Agency defeased \$68,900,000 of 2012B, 2012C and 2015C series. Net present value savings realized were \$33,815,000 with debt serve savings of \$1,413,000 in 2020 and ranging from \$10,832,000 to \$10,838,000 per year through 2032. In addition to the debt service savings the defeasance resulted in net gain of \$5,565,000.
- The Agency disbursed \$75,000,000 of Working Capital to Participants based on their share of 2018 Allocated Demand through a credit on each Participants' July 2019 bill.
- The bond ratings remained the same as follows:
  - Standard and Poor's A (stable).
  - $\circ$  Fitch A (stable).
  - o Moody's − A2 (stable).
- The Agency decreased rates to Participants by 2.0% and 7.0% effective July 1, 2019 and July 1, 2018, respectively, in accordance with the Agency's Rate Plan.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This MD&A serves as an introduction to the Agency's basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements (see Exhibit 1). In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information designed to enhance your understanding of the financial condition of the Agency.



The Agency is a special purpose municipal corporation that accounts for its activities as a business type entity. The first section of the basic financial statements is the Agency's single proprietary fund that focuses on the business activities of the electric enterprise. The statements are designed to provide a broad overview of the Agency's finances, similar in format to private sector business statements, and provide short and long-term information about the Agency's financial status, operations and cash flow. The statements report net position and how it has changed during the period. Net position is the difference between total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Analyzing the various components of net position is one way to gauge the Agency's financial condition.

The second section of the basic financial statements is the notes that explain in more detail some of the data contained in the fund financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the fund financial statements. The notes are on pages 14 to 36 of this report.

After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show how the Agency's rates recovered its expenses as defined by the Bond Resolution, to show the Agency's performance against budget and to show activities in the special funds established by the Bond Resolution or the Board of Commissioners. Supplemental information can be found on pages 39 to 44 of this report.

#### **Financial Analysis**

The electric enterprise fund financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 are presented in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

## Condensed Statement of Net Position Exhibit 2 (\$000s)

December 31,						
2019	2018	2017				
\$ 1,161,418	\$ 1,157,655	\$ 1,147,075				
1,063,671	1,160,578	1,136,527				
45,065	55,894	64,810				
2,270,154	2,374,127	2,348,412				
1,309,404	1,412,317	1,458,238				
97,442	132,248	137,292				
591,255	531,324	531,567				
1,998,101	2,075,889	2,127,097				
840,378	722,934	648,947				
-	39,360	90,868				
(568,325)	(464,056)	(518,500)				
\$ 272,053	\$ 298,238	\$ 221,315				
	\$ 1,161,418 1,063,671 45,065 2,270,154 1,309,404 97,442 591,255 1,998,101 840,378 - (568,325)	2019     2018       \$ 1,161,418     \$ 1,157,655       1,063,671     1,160,578       45,065     55,894       2,270,154     2,374,127       1,309,404     1,412,317       97,442     132,248       591,255     531,324       1,998,101     2,075,889       840,378     722,934       -     39,360       (568,325)     (464,056)				

The various components of net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Agency's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Agency exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$272,053,000, \$298,238,000 and \$221,315,000 at December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively, representing a decrease of \$26,185,000 in 2019 and an increase of \$76,923,000 in 2018, respectively.

The first portion of net position of \$840,378,000, \$722,934,000 and \$648,947,000 at December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively, reflects the Agency's investments in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, generation facilities, nuclear fuel and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items, including related net premiums, discounts, refunding losses and debt issuance costs.

The Agency uses these capital assets to provide power to its Participants. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Agency's investments in capital assets are reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt will be provided through rates and certain reserve funds since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

An additional portion of the Agency's net position of \$0, \$39,360,000 and \$90,868,000 as of December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively, represents resources that are restricted for the payment of debt service.

The remaining balance of \$(568,325,000), \$(464,056,000) and \$(518,500,000) as of December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively, is the deficit of unrestricted net position.

## Condensed Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Exhibit 3 (\$000s)

	Years Ended December 31,						
	2019	2018	2017				
Revenues:							
Sales of electricity and other operating revenue	\$ 491,880	\$ 522,214	\$ 521,619				
Nonoperating revenues and changes in fair value	40,823	14,613	14,193				
Total Revenues	532,703	536,827	535,812				
Expenses:							
Operating expenses	378,259	416,409	383,226				
Interest on long-term debt	48,454	47,151	50,721				
Other nonoperating expenses	57,175	(3,656)	43,349				
Working capital refund	75,000						
Total Expenses	558,888	459,904	477,296				
Change in Net Position	(26,185)	76,923	58,516				
Net Position, Beginning of the year	298,238	221,315	162,799				
Net Position, End of the year	\$ 272,053	\$ 298,238	\$ 221,315				

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The significant working capital levels built up over the past 3 years due to Duke's cost saving strategies, combined with lower projected costs resulted in the Rate Committee recommending and the Board of Commissioners and Board of Directors approving the following actions:
  - A 2% wholesale rate decrease
  - o A \$75,000,000 credit to members and
  - o Defeasance of \$75,000,000 of debt
- The Agency implemented a 2.0% and 7.0% decrease effective July 1, 2019 and July 1, 2018, respectively, in accordance with the Agency's Rate Plan.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

The Agency's investments in capital assets at December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 totaled \$1,161,418, \$1,157,655,000 and \$1,147,075,000, respectively, (net of accumulated amortization and depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, generation facilities, nuclear fuel and equipment.

Major capital asset transactions during 2019 and 2018 include the following:

- Construction work in progress increased \$44,292,000 and \$37,761,000 in 2019 and 2018, respectively, due to capital additions at the Catawba plant.
- Construction work in progress decreased and electric plant in service increased by \$18,436,000 and \$41,761,000 in 2019 and 2018, respectively, due to the transfer of completed projects.
- Electric Utility Plant and Non-Utility Property and Equipment were depreciated \$41,757,000 and \$40,078,000 for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Nuclear Fuel was amortized \$40,376,000 and \$40,434,000 for 2019 and 2018, respectively. In 2019 and 2018 there were retirements of Electric Utility Plant of \$90,272,000 and \$44,223,000, respectively. There were no write-offs of spent nuclear fuel in 2019 and 2018.

## Capital Assets Exhibit 4 (\$000s)

## Electric Utility Plant, Net

	December 31, 2018	Additions	Additions Transfers		December 31, 2019
Depreciable Utility Plant					
Electric Utility Plant					
Electric plant in service	\$ 1,892,283	\$ 15	\$ 16,845	\$ 90,272	\$ 1,999,415
Nuclear fuel	240,702	41,589	(32,453)		249,838
Total Depreciable Utility Plant	2,132,985	41,604	(15,608)	90,272	2,249,253
Accumulated Depreciation and					
Amortization					
Electric plant in service	(895,673)	(41,714)	1,591	(90,272)	(1,026,068)
Nuclear fuel	(134,582)	(40,376)	32,453		(142,505)
Total Accumulated Depreciation					
and Amortization	(1,030,255)	(82,090)	34,044	(90,272)	(1,168,573)
Depreciable Utility Plant, Net	1,102,730	(40,486)	18,436	-	1,080,680
Land and Other Non-Depreciable Assets					
Land	19,768	-	-	-	19,768
Construction work in progress	34,159	44,292	(18,436)		60,015
Total Electric Utility Plant, Net	\$ 1,156,657	\$ 3,806	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,160,463
	December 31, 2017	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	December 31, 2018
Depreciable Utility Plant		Additions	Transfers	Retirements	
Electric Utility Plant	2017				2018
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service	\$ 1,891,710	\$ 440	\$ 44,356	Retirements \$ (44,223)	\$ 1,892,283
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel	\$ 1,891,710 219,743	\$ 440 52,877	\$ 44,356 (31,918)	\$ (44,223)	\$ 1,892,283 240,702
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant	\$ 1,891,710	\$ 440	\$ 44,356		\$ 1,892,283
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant Accumulated Depreciation and	\$ 1,891,710 219,743	\$ 440 52,877	\$ 44,356 (31,918)	\$ (44,223)	\$ 1,892,283 240,702
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 1,891,710 219,743 2,111,453	\$ 440 52,877 53,317	\$ 44,356 (31,918) 12,438	\$ (44,223) - - (44,223)	\$ 1,892,283 240,702 2,132,985
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Electric plant in service	\$ 1,891,710 219,743 2,111,453 (897,263)	\$ 440 52,877 53,317 (40,038)	\$ 44,356 (31,918) 12,438 (2,595)	\$ (44,223)	\$ 1,892,283 240,702 2,132,985 (895,673)
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel	\$ 1,891,710 219,743 2,111,453	\$ 440 52,877 53,317	\$ 44,356 (31,918) 12,438	\$ (44,223) - - (44,223)	\$ 1,892,283 240,702 2,132,985
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 1,891,710 219,743 2,111,453 (897,263) (126,066)	\$ 440 52,877 53,317 (40,038) (40,434)	\$ 44,356 (31,918) 12,438 (2,595) 31,918	\$ (44,223) - (44,223) 44,223	\$ 1,892,283 240,702 2,132,985 (895,673) (134,582)
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 1,891,710 219,743 2,111,453 (897,263) (126,066) (1,023,329)	\$ 440 52,877 53,317 (40,038) (40,434) (80,472)	\$ 44,356 (31,918) 12,438 (2,595) 31,918 29,323	\$ (44,223) - - (44,223)	\$ 1,892,283 240,702 2,132,985 (895,673) (134,582) (1,030,255)
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Depreciable Utility Plant, Net	\$ 1,891,710 219,743 2,111,453 (897,263) (126,066)	\$ 440 52,877 53,317 (40,038) (40,434)	\$ 44,356 (31,918) 12,438 (2,595) 31,918	\$ (44,223) - (44,223) 44,223	\$ 1,892,283 240,702 2,132,985 (895,673) (134,582)
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Depreciable Utility Plant, Net Land and Other Non-Depreciable Assets	\$ 1,891,710 219,743 2,111,453 (897,263) (126,066) (1,023,329) 1,088,124	\$ 440 52,877 53,317 (40,038) (40,434) (80,472)	\$ 44,356 (31,918) 12,438 (2,595) 31,918 29,323	\$ (44,223) - (44,223) 44,223	2018 \$ 1,892,283 240,702 2,132,985 (895,673) (134,582) (1,030,255) 1,102,730
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Depreciable Utility Plant, Net Land and Other Non-Depreciable Assets Land	2017 \$ 1,891,710 219,743 2,111,453 (897,263) (126,066) (1,023,329) 1,088,124 19,768	\$ 440 52,877 53,317 (40,038) (40,434) (80,472) (27,155)	\$ 44,356 (31,918) 12,438 (2,595) 31,918 29,323 41,761	\$ (44,223) - (44,223) 44,223	\$ 1,892,283 240,702 2,132,985 (895,673) (134,582) (1,030,255) 1,102,730 19,768
Electric Utility Plant Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Depreciable Utility Plant Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Electric plant in service Nuclear fuel Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Depreciable Utility Plant, Net Land and Other Non-Depreciable Assets	\$ 1,891,710 219,743 2,111,453 (897,263) (126,066) (1,023,329) 1,088,124	\$ 440 52,877 53,317 (40,038) (40,434) (80,472)	\$ 44,356 (31,918) 12,438 (2,595) 31,918 29,323	\$ (44,223) - (44,223) 44,223	\$ 1,892,283 240,702 2,132,985 (895,673) (134,582) (1,030,255) 1,102,730

#### Non-Utility Plant and Equipment, Net

	December 31, 2018						Additions		s Transfers		Retirements		December 31, 2019	
Non-Utility Property and Equipment														
Property and equipment	\$	3,638	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,638				
Accumulated depreciation		(3,350)		(43)		-				(3,393)				
Total Depreciable Non-Utility Prope	rty													
and Equipment, Net		288		(43)		-		-		245				
Land		710		-		-		-		710				
Total Non-Utility Property and										<u></u>				
Equipment, Net	\$	998	\$	(43)	\$		\$		\$	955				
	December 31,				Additions Transfers		Retirements		December 31, 2018					
Non-Utility Property and Equipment		2017	Auc	11110118	11411	SICIS	Kei	incincins		2016				
Property and equipment	\$	5,040	\$	14	\$	_	\$	(1,416)	\$	3,638				
Accumulated depreciation	*	(4,726)	•	(40)	*	_	*	1,416	*	(3,350)				
Total Depreciable Non-Utility Prope	rt v	(1,1=0)		(10)				-,		(0,000)				
and Equipment, Net		314		(26)		_		_		288				
Land		710		-		_		_		710				
Total Non-Utility Property and		,,,,			-					, 10				

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note C beginning on page 22.

## **Outstanding Debt**

The Agency's total debt outstanding at December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 was \$804,770,000, \$974,125,000 and \$1,055,970,000, respectively, all of which are revenue bonds. Total debt decreased by \$169,355,000 (17.39%) and \$81,845,000 (7.75%) during 2019 and 2018, respectively. The decreases were due to principal payments made in accordance with debt service schedules and early redemption net of issuance of new debt.

The Agency's bond ratings remained the same over the two-year period as follows:

- Standard and Poor's A (stable).
- Fitch A (stable).
- Moody's A2 stable).

Additional information regarding the Agency's long-term debt can be found in Note H beginning on page 30 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

#### **Economic Factors**

The following key economic factors played a role in the 2020 budget.

- The historical 10-year average weather-normalized load (energy) growth rate is approximately 0.5%/year. Load is expected to grow at a rate of 0.5% annually for the next 10 years for Power Agency based on current economic projections and anticipated improvements in end-use energy efficiency.
- Natural gas prices are expected to go down slightly in the near term then increase comparable with inflation.
- Market prices for coal are expected to stay flat due to weaker demand. U.S. coal production will stabilize in 2021 as export demand rises and U.S. power sector demand for coal increases slightly.

#### **Budget Highlights for 2020**

- Forecasts no change in wholesale rates for the years 2020-2021; the actual rate change will be considered at the Spring 2020 Rate Committee Meeting.
- Collection through rates of \$49,265,000 for debt principal due January 1, 2021.
- Anticipates scheduled refueling outages for Catawba 2, McGuire Unit 1 and McGuire Unit 2.
- Projects totaling \$48,375,000 will be spent on capital additions at the Catawba plant funded from rates
- Projected average annual load growth over 10 years is 0.4% for both energy and OP demand.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Agency's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Chief Financial Officer, North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1, P.O. Box 29513, Raleigh, NC 27626-0513.

## North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1 Statements of Net Position (\$000s)

		Ι,		
		2019		2018
ASSETS				
Non-Current Assets				
Capital Assets (Note C):				
Electric Utility Plant, Net				
Electric plant in service	\$	2,019,183	\$	1,912,051
Construction work in progress		60,015		34,159
Nuclear fuel		249,838		240,702
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(1,168,573)		(1,030,255)
Total Electric Utility Plant, Net		1,160,463		1,156,657
Non-Utility Property and Equipment, Net				
Property and Equipment		4,348		4,348
Accumulated depreciation		(3,393)		(3,350)
Total Non-Utility Property and Equipment, Net		955		998
Total Capital Assets		1,161,418		1,157,655
Restricted Assets				
Special Funds Invested (Note D):				
Construction fund		3,414		28,606
Bond fund		146,235		213,035
Reserve and contingency fund		8,608		11,752
Total Special Funds Invested		158,257		253,393
Trust for Decommissioning Costs (Notes D and F)		372,225		346,228
Total Restricted Assets		530,482		599,621
Total Non-Current Assets		1,691,900		1,757,276
Current Assets				
Funds Invested (Notes D):				
Revenue fund		89,010		82,656
Operating fund		108,798		90,162
Supplemental fund		232,166		282,218
Total Funds Invested		429,974		455,036
Participant accounts receivable		29,143		29,977
Operating accounts receivable		6,141		9,163
Plant materials and renewable certificate inventory		67,931		66,781
Total Current Assets		533,189		560,957
Total Assets	\$	2,225,089	\$	2,318,233

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

## North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1 Statements of Net Position (\$000s)

	Dece	mber 31,
	2019	2018
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Costs of advance refundings of debt	\$ 41,796	\$ 52,278
Unamortized debt issuance costs	3,269	3,616
Total Deferred Outlflows of Resources	45,065	55,894
LIABILITIES		
Non-Current Liabilities		
Long-Term Debt:		
Bonds (Note H)	763,360	902,620
Unamortized premium	79,297	74,623
Total Long-Term Debt, net	842,657	977,243
Asset Retirement Obligation (Note F)	466,747	435,074
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,309,404	1,412,317
Current Liabilities		
Operating Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	37,665	37,249
Total Operating Liabilities	37,665	37,249
Special Funds Liabilities:		
Current maturities of bonds (Note H)	41,410	71,505
Accrued interest on bonds	18,367	23,494
Total Special Funds Liabilities	59,777	94,999
Total Current Liabilities	97,442	132,248
Total Liabilities	1,406,846	1,544,565
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Collections to be expended (Note G)	591,255	531,324
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 591,255	\$ 531,324
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets net of related debt	840,378	722,934
Restricted for debt service	0-10,570 -	39,360
Unrestricted (deficit)	(568,325)	(464,056)
Total Net Position	\$ 272,053	\$ 298,238

## North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1 Statement of Revenues and Expenses and Changes in Net Position (\$000s)

	Years Ended December			
	2019	2018		
Operating Revenues:				
Sales to participants	\$ 386,080	\$ 405,809		
Sales to utilities	104,399	114,989		
Other revenues	1,401	1,416		
Total Operating Revenues	491,880	522,214		
Operating Expenses:				
Operation and maintenance	103,626	118,064		
Fuel	40,896	41,925		
Interconnection services:				
Purchased power	77,002	89,031		
Transmission and distribution	16,923	16,868		
Other	1,114	932		
Total interconnection services	95,039	106,831		
Administrative and general	40,423	47,362		
Gross receipts and excise taxes	2,141	2,121		
Property tax	22,704	22,114		
Depreciation	41,757	40,078		
Amortization of asset retirement obligation	31,673	37,914		
Total Operating Expenses	378,259	416,409		
Operating Income	113,621	105,805		
Nonoperating (Revenues) Expenses				
Investment income	(24,435)	(21,082)		
Working capital refund	75,000	-		
Net decrease (increase) in fair value of investments	(16,388)	6,469		
Interest expense	48,454	47,151		
Amortization of debt refunding costs	7,808	8,392		
Amortization of debt discount, premium costs and issuance costs	(10,564)	(11,805)		
Net decrease in costs to be recovered (Note G)	59,741	22,415		
Net increase (decrease) in collections to be expended (Note G)	190	(22,658)		
Total Nonoperating (Revenues) Expenses	139,806	28,882		
Change in Net Position	(26,185)	76,923		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	298,238	221,315		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 272,053	\$ 298,238		

## North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1 Statements of Cash Flows (\$000s)

Cash Hows from Operating Activities:         2019         2018           Receipts from sales of electricity         \$ 493,127         \$ 533,056           Receipts from sales of electricity         2 (265,187)         (290,403)           Payments of operating expenses         229,341         244,069           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:           Refunding Bonds issued         102,035         -           Bond Principal Payments         (71,505)         (81,845)           Interest paid         (53,581)         (48,905)           Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (85,896)         (92,044)           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)		Years Ended December			her 31		
Cash From Operating Activities:         8         493,127         \$ 533,056           Receipts from sales of electricity         \$ 1,401         1,416           Payments of operating expenses         (265,187)         (290,403)           Net cash provided by operating activities         229,341         244,069           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:           Refunding Bonds issued         102,035         -           Bond Principal Payments         (71,505)         (81,845)           Interest paid         (35,811)         (48,905)           Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (85,806)         (29,044)           Bonds Refunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (130,985)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (88,900)         -           Debt premium et of issuance costs         (88,900)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction flund         68         45           Investment earnings receipts from construction flund         68         45           Net cash provided by (used in) investment securities         1,827,117         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         1,827,117         1,606,713           Investment e				Decen			
Receipts from sales of electricity         \$ 493,127         \$ 533,056           Receipts from other revenues         1,401         1,416           Payments of operating expenses         265,187         (290,040)           Net cash provided by operating activities         229,341         244,069           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:           Refunding Bonds issued         102,035         (81,845)           Bond Principal Payments         (71,505)         (81,845)           Interest paid         (35,881)         (48,005)           Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (35,866)         (92,044)           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with secrow agent         (130,985)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with secrow agent         (68,900)         -           Debt premium net of issuance costs         18,229         4           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,705,903         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         21	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	-	2019		2010		
Receipts from other revenues         1,401         1,416           Payments of operating expenses         (265,187)         (290,403)           Net eash provided by operating activities         229,341         244,069           Cash From Capital and Related Financing Activities:           Refunding Bonds issued         102,035         -           Bond Principal Payments         (71,505)         (81,845)           Interest paid         (35,581)         (48,905)           Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (85,896)         (20,404)           Bonds Refunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (130,985)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (88,906)         -           Bord Sefunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (75,000)         -           Bord Sefunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (88,906)         -           Borking Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         [1,827,17]         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         [1,827,17]         1,606,713           Investment earnings receipts         [1,14] <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>493 127</td><td>\$</td><td>533 056</td></td<>		\$	493 127	\$	533 056		
Payments of operating expenses         (265,187)         (290,403)           Net cash provided by operating activities         229,341         244,069           Cash Frows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:           Refunding Bonds issued         102,035         -           Bond Principal Payments         (71,505)         (81,845)           Interest paid         (53,581)         (48,905)           Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (85,896)         (92,044)           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Debt premium net of issuance costs         18,259         4           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash Investing Activities         (1,705,904)         (1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,904)         (1,608,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,904)         (1,608,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,904)         (1,608,713           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         316,818 <td>•</td> <td>Ψ</td> <td></td> <td>Ψ</td> <td></td>	•	Ψ		Ψ			
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:         229,341         244,069           Refunding Bonds issued         102,035         -           Bond Principal Payments         (71,505)         (81,845)           Interest paid         (35,381)         (48,905)           Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (85,896)         (92,044)           Bonds Refunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Debt premium net of issuance costs         18,259         4           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         (365,505)         (222,331)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities<	•						
Refunding Bonds issued         102,035         -           Bond Principal Payments         (71,505)         (81,845)           Interest paid         (35,381)         (48,905)           Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (85,896)         (92,044)           Bonds Refunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Debt premium net of issuance costs         18,259         4           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         316,185         (21,759)           Net lncrease (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provi							
Refunding Bonds issued         102,035         -           Bond Principal Payments         (71,505)         (81,845)           Interest paid         (35,381)         (48,905)           Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (85,896)         (92,044)           Bonds Refunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (88,900)         -           Debt premium net of issuance costs         18,259         4           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         (365,505)         222,231           Purchases of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         37         78           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Bond Principal Payments         (71,505)         (81,845)           Interest paid         (53,581)         (48,905)           Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (85,896)         (92,044)           Bonds Refunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (130,985)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Debt preniumnet of issuance costs         18,259         4           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         (365,505)         (222,331)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net cash provided by (used in) inve			102 035		_		
Interest paid         (53,581)         (48,905)           Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (85,896)         (92,044)           Bonds Refunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (130,985)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Debt premium net of issuance costs         18,259         4           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         (365,505)         (222,331)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net locrease (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         57           According Ac					(81.845)		
Additions to electric utility plant and non-utility property and equipment         (85,896)         (92,044)           Bonds Refunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (130,985)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Debt premium net of issuance costs         18,259         4           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         (365,505)         (222,331)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Activities:           Degreating Activities         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805			` ' /				
Bonds Refunded - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent         (68,900)         -           Debt premium net of issuance costs         18,259         4           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         (365,505)         (222,331)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         378         57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Activities:           Operating Activities:           Operating Income         Net Cash Provided by <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td>	•				, ,		
Bonds Defeased - Deposited with escrow agent Debt premium net of issuance costs         18,259         4           Working Capital Refunded Investment carnings receipts from construction fund Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         365,505         (222,331)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         316,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         \$ 57           Reconcilitation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Activities:           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td>()2,044)</td></tr<>			, ,		()2,044)		
Debt premium net of issuance costs         18,259         4           Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         (365,505)         (222,331)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         114,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Activities:           Operating Activities:           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				_		
Working Capital Refunded         (75,000)         -           Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net eash used for capital and related financing activities         (365,505)         (222,331)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           A Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           A mortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         834					4		
Investment earnings receipts from construction fund         68         459           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         365,505         (222,331)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           A mortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           A mortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         Decrease in participant accounts receivable         834         2,007      <							
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         (365,505)         (222,331)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         \$ 57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         Decrease in participant accounts receivable         834         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         834         2,007           I	<del>-</del> -				459		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         \$ 57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         834         2,007           Decrease in participant accounts receivable         834         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         1,814         10,251           Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-					
Sales and maturities of investment securities         1,827,717         1,606,713           Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         \$ 57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         834         2,007           Decrease in participant accounts receivable         834         2,007           Decrease in participant accounts receivable         1,814         10,251           Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory         (1,150)         (422)           Increase in accounts	The cash asea for capital and lowered infallening activities		(303,303)		(222,331)		
Purchases of investment securities         (1,705,943)         (1,639,895)           Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         \$ 78           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         834         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         834         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         1,814         10,251           Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory         (1,150)         (422)           Increase in accounts payable         416         7,252           Decrease in accrued taxes         -							
Investment earnings receipts         14,411         11,423           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         \$ 57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Activities:           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         834         2,007           Decrease in participant accounts receivable         884         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         1,814         10,251           Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory         (1,150)         (422)           Increase in accounts payable         416         7,252           Decrease in accrued taxes         -         (200)			1,827,717		1,606,713		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities         136,185         (21,759)           Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         \$ 77           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Activities:           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         834         2,007           Decrease in participant accounts receivable         834         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         1,814         10,251           Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory         (1,150)         (422)           Increase in accounts payable         416         7,252           Decrease in accrued taxes         -         (200)           Total Adjustments         1138,264	Purchases of investment securities		(1,705,943)		(1,639,895)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash         21         (21)           Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         \$ 57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by           Operating Activities:           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         834         2,007           Decrease in participant accounts receivable         834         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         1,814         10,251           Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory         (1,150)         (422)           Increase in accounts payable         416         7,252           Decrease in accrued taxes         -         (200)           Total Adjustments         115,720         138,264	Investment earnings receipts		14,411		11,423		
Operating Cash, Beginning of year         57         78           Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         \$ 57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:           Depreciation         41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         3         2,007           Decrease in participant accounts receivable         834         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         1,814         10,251           Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory         (1,150)         (422)           Increase in accounts payable         416         7,252           Decrease in accrued taxes         -         (2002)           Total Adjustments         115,720         138,264	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		136,185		(21,759)		
Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)         \$ 78         \$ 57           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:           Operating Income         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:         \$ 12,757         \$ 40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         \$ 2,007           Decrease in participant accounts receivable         834         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         1,814         10,251           Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory         (1,150)         (422)           Increase in accounts payable         416         7,252           Decrease in accrued taxes         -         (202)           Total Adjustments         115,720         138,264	Net Increase (Decrease) in Operating Cash		21		(21)		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:  Operating Income \$ 113,621 \$ 105,805  Adjustments: Depreciation \$ 41,757 \$ 40,078  Amortization of nuclear fuel \$ 40,376 \$ 41,386  Amortization of asset retirement obligation \$ 31,673 \$ 37,914  Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in participant accounts receivable \$ 834 \$ 2,007  Decrease in operating accounts receivable \$ 1,814 \$ 10,251  Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory \$ (1,150) \$ (422)  Increase in accounts payable \$ 416 \$ 7,252  Decrease in accrued taxes \$ - (202)  Total Adjustments \$ 115,720 \$ 138,264	Operating Cash, Beginning of year		57		78		
Operating Activities:         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:         \$ 41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         \$ 2,007           Decrease in participant accounts receivable         834         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         1,814         10,251           Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory         (1,150)         (422)           Increase in accounts payable         416         7,252           Decrease in accrued taxes         -         (200)           Total Adjustments         115,720         138,264	Operating Cash, End of year (Note B)	\$	78	\$	57		
Operating Activities:         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:         \$ 113,621         \$ 105,805           Adjustments:         \$ 41,757         40,078           Amortization of nuclear fuel         40,376         41,386           Amortization of asset retirement obligation         31,673         37,914           Changes in assets and liabilities:         \$ 2,007           Decrease in participant accounts receivable         834         2,007           Decrease in operating accounts receivable         1,814         10,251           Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory         (1,150)         (422)           Increase in accounts payable         416         7,252           Decrease in accrued taxes         -         (200)           Total Adjustments         115,720         138,264	Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by						
Adjustments: Depreciation 41,757 40,078 Amortization of nuclear fuel 40,376 41,386 Amortization of asset retirement obligation 31,673 37,914 Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in participant accounts receivable 834 2,007 Decrease in operating accounts receivable 1,814 10,251 Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory (1,150) (422) Increase in accounts payable 416 7,252 Decrease in accrued taxes - (202) Total Adjustments 115,720 138,264							
Adjustments: Depreciation 41,757 40,078 Amortization of nuclear fuel 40,376 41,386 Amortization of asset retirement obligation 31,673 37,914 Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease in participant accounts receivable 834 2,007 Decrease in operating accounts receivable 1,814 10,251 Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory (1,150) (422) Increase in accounts payable 416 7,252 Decrease in accrued taxes - (202) Total Adjustments 115,720 138,264	Operating Income	\$	113,621	\$	105,805		
Depreciation       41,757       40,078         Amortization of nuclear fuel       40,376       41,386         Amortization of asset retirement obligation       31,673       37,914         Changes in assets and liabilities:       2,007         Decrease in participant accounts receivable       834       2,007         Decrease in operating accounts receivable       1,814       10,251         Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory       (1,150)       (422)         Increase in accounts payable       416       7,252         Decrease in accrued taxes       -       (202)         Total Adjustments       115,720       138,264							
Amortization of nuclear fuel 40,376 41,386 Amortization of asset retirement obligation 31,673 37,914 Changes in assets and liabilities:  Decrease in participant accounts receivable 834 2,007 Decrease in operating accounts receivable 1,814 10,251 Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory (1,150) (422) Increase in accounts payable 416 7,252 Decrease in accrued taxes - (202) Total Adjustments 115,720 138,264	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		41,757		40,078		
Changes in assets and liabilities:Decrease in participant accounts receivable8342,007Decrease in operating accounts receivable1,81410,251Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory(1,150)(422)Increase in accounts payable4167,252Decrease in accrued taxes-(202)Total Adjustments115,720138,264			40,376		41,386		
Changes in assets and liabilities:Decrease in participant accounts receivable8342,007Decrease in operating accounts receivable1,81410,251Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory(1,150)(422)Increase in accounts payable4167,252Decrease in accrued taxes-(202)Total Adjustments115,720138,264	Amortization of asset retirement obligation		31,673		37,914		
Decrease in participant accounts receivable8342,007Decrease in operating accounts receivable1,81410,251Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory(1,150)(422)Increase in accounts payable4167,252Decrease in accrued taxes-(202)Total Adjustments115,720138,264					ŕ		
Decrease in operating accounts receivable Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory Increase in accounts payable Decrease in accrued taxes Total Adjustments  1,814 10,251 (422) 11,500 (422) 115,00  115,720 138,264			834		2,007		
Increase in plant materials and renewable certificate inventory(1,150)(422)Increase in accounts payable4167,252Decrease in accrued taxes-(202)Total Adjustments115,720138,264			1,814				
Increase in accounts payable         416         7,252           Decrease in accrued taxes         -         (202)           Total Adjustments         115,720         138,264							
Decrease in accrued taxes         -         (202)           Total Adjustments         115,720         138,264							
Total Adjustments 115,720 138,264			-				
			115,720	-			
	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	229,341	\$	244,069		

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

#### A. General Matters

North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1 (Agency) is a joint agency organized and existing pursuant to Chapter 159B of the General Statutes of North Carolina to enable municipalities owning electric distribution systems, through the organization of the Agency, to finance, construct, own, operate and maintain electric generation and transmission facilities. The Agency is comprised of 19 municipal electric systems (Participants) with interests ranging from 0.0869% to 18.96%, which receive power from the Agency.

#### The Project

The project consists of the Agency's undivided ownership interest in 75% of Unit 2 of the Catawba Nuclear Station and in 37.5% of certain support facilities. Catawba Unit 2 has a maximum net dependable capability (MNDC) of 1,145 MW with the Agency's ownership share being 858.75 MW.

In conjunction with the purchase of its ownership interest, the Agency entered into several agreements with Duke Energy Corporation (Duke) which govern the purchase, ownership, construction, operation and maintenance of the project.

- The Purchase, Construction and Ownership Agreement provides, among other things, for the Agency to purchase its ownership share of the project. However, by virtue of various exchange provisions contained in the Interconnection Agreement and the Operation and Fuel Agreement, the Agency (1) bears the costs of acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of 37.5% of both Unit 1 and Unit 2, and (2) has the same proportionate right to the output of and bears the risks associated with the lack of operation of such units.
- The Operation and Fuel Agreement provides for Duke to operate, maintain and fuel the station; to make renewals, replacements and capital additions as approved by the Agency; and for the ultimate decommissioning of the station at the end of its useful life.
- The Emergency Supplemental Power Source (ESPS) Additions Agreement provides for enhancement of Duke operational flexibility at the Catawba Nuclear Station and installation of ESPS.
- The Low Pressure Turbine (LPT) Replacement Additions Agreement provides for Duke Catawba Unit 1 and Unit 2 to function reliably and economically through the ends of their lives.
- The Interconnection Agreement provides for the interconnection of the Project with the Duke system and for the exchange of power between Unit 1 and Unit 2 of Catawba and between the Catawba units and Duke's McGuire Nuclear Station (Reliability Exchanges).

Pursuant to the reliability exchanges, project output is provided in essentially equal amounts from Catawba Unit 2, Catawba Unit 1, McGuire Unit 1 and McGuire Unit 2, all in operation on the Duke system and all of similar size and capacity. The reliability exchanges are intended to make more reliable the supply of capacity and energy to the Agency in the amount to which the Agency is entitled pursuant to its ownership interest in Catawba Unit 2 and to mitigate potential adverse economic effects on the Agency and the Participants from unscheduled outages of Catawba Unit 2. Correspondingly, the Agency bears risks resulting from unscheduled outages of any Catawba or McGuire Unit.

Under the terms of the Operating and Fuel Agreement, The Agency paid Duke cash amounts of \$200,710,000 and \$217,546,000 in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### A. General Matters (continued)

The Agency entered two power sales agreements with each of its Participants for supplying the total electric power requirements of the Participants in excess of Southeastern Power Administration (SEPA) allocations. With project power, together with supplemental purchases of power, the Agency provides the total electric power requirements of its Participants, exclusive of power allotments from SEPA. Under the Project Power Sales Agreements, the Agency sells to the Participants their respective shares of project output. The revenues received relative to the project are pledged as security for bonds issued under the Resolution, after payment of project operating expenses. Each Participant is obligated to pay its share of operating costs and debt service for the project. Under the Supplemental Power Sales Agreements, the Agency supplies each Participant the additional power it requires in excess of that provided by the project and from SEPA.

To meet its supplemental power requirements, the Agency entered several contractual arrangements to assure a reliable and affordable source of supplemental power and energy. The contracts are as follows:

- Agreement with Southern Power Company for the purchase of 150 MW of capacity and the associated energy as scheduled by the Agency for the period 2016 through 2030.
- Agreement with Duke for the purchase of 50 MWh of energy as scheduled by the Agency, and for the sale by the Agency of up to 100 MWh per hour of energy through 2019, and a separate similar agreement for 2020.
- Agreement with Southern Power Company for the purchase of approximately 183 MW of capacity and associated energy as scheduled by the Agency for the period 2012 through 2031.
- Agreement with The Energy Authority (TEA) for TEA to provide hourly scheduling and dispatching services for the period 2019 until terminated (Evergreen).
- Agreement with Southern Power Company for a put option related to Catawba Project surplus energy, involving the sale of up to 200 MWh of energy to Southern Power Company as scheduled by NCMPA1, for the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2018. The contract automatically renews for successive one-year terms unless terminated by 60 days written notice by either party. Neither party has given notice as of December 31, 2019.

In addition to the agreements with third parties mentioned above, the Agency has developed or assisted the Participants and/or certain of their customers in developing additional generating facilities. The Agency has 65 MW of Distributed Generation which the Agency constructed to be called upon as needed. In addition, the Agency also has under remote control operation 96 MW of city-owned and customer-owned generation and has been successful in placing an additional 18 MW of generation owned by cities and retail customers under contract for local operation under the Agency's power supply program. The Agency also has 24 MW of gas turbine generation.

Agency administers a load management program by which customers may reduce load during peak billing time periods. The operation of this program results in a total peak reduction of approximately 38 MW each month.

Agency personnel and TEA, pursuant to the agreement described above, provided all scheduling and dispatching services for the Agency's various power supply resources to coordinate the Agency's utilization of Project Output and other power supply arrangements and the Participants use of their SEPA power allotments.

#### A. General Matters (continued)

The Agency's acquisition of its ownership interest is being financed by electric revenue bonds pursuant to Resolution No. R-16-78, as amended, (Resolution) of the Board of Commissioners of the Agency. The Resolution established special funds to hold proceeds from debt issuance, such proceeds to be used for costs of acquisition and construction of the project, for working capital and to establish certain reserves. The Resolution also established special funds in which project revenues are deposited and from which project operating costs, debt service and other specified payments relating to the project are made.

#### ElectriCities of North Carolina, Inc.

ElectriCities of North Carolina, Inc. (ElectriCities), organized as a joint municipal assistance agency under the General Statutes of North Carolina, is a public body and body corporate and politic created for the purpose of providing aid and assistance to municipalities in connection with their electric systems and to joint agencies, such as the Agency.

The Agency has entered into a management agreement with ElectriCities. Under the current management agreement, ElectriCities is required to provide, at cost, all personnel and personnel services necessary for the Agency to conduct its business in an economic and efficient manner. This agreement continued through December 31, 2018 and is automatically renewed for successive three-year periods unless terminated by one year's notice by either party prior to the end of the contract term. Neither party has given notice as of December 31, 2019.

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Agency paid ElectriCities \$12,664,000 and \$14,389,000, respectively.

#### **B.** Significant Accounting Policies

## Basis of Accounting

The accounts of the Agency are maintained on the accrual basis, in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). The Agency has adopted the principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and U.S. GAAP. U.S. GAAP allows utilities to capitalize or defer certain costs and/or revenues based upon the Agency's ongoing assessment that it is probable that such items will be recovered through future revenues.

The Agency reports in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments." The statement requires certain information be included in the financial statements and specifies how that information should be presented.

The financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. Operating revenues are defined as revenues received from the sale of electricity and associated services. Revenues from capital and related financing activities and investment activities are defined as non-operating revenues.

Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are imposed by Resolution and may be utilized only for the purposes established by the Resolution. Unrestricted net position may be utilized for any purpose approved by the Board through the budget process. When both restricted and unrestricted net position might be used to meet an obligation, the Agency first uses the unrestricted net position. Negative unrestricted net position will require future resources.

#### **B. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### Electric Plant in Service

All expenses associated with the development and construction of the Agency's ownership interest in the Catawba station, including interest expense net of investment income on funds not yet expended and the asset retirement obligation adjustment arising from implementing U.S. GAAP (discussed under Decommissioning Costs on page 18) have been recorded at original cost and are being depreciated on a straight-line basis over the average composite life of each unit's assets. At December 31, 2019, the remaining life for Catawba Units 1 and 2 was 24 years.

The Agency has implemented GASB Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries" which requires the Agency to report the effect of capital asset impairments in the financial statements when they occur rather than in the ongoing depreciation expense for the capital asset. Any insurance recovery associated with the impairment will be netted with the impairment loss. During 2019 and 2018, no such impairment occurred.

#### Construction Work in Progress

All expenditures related to capital additions at Catawba and expenditures related to distributive generation units that have not been declared commercial are capitalized as construction work in progress until such time as they are completed and transferred to Electric Plant in Service. Depreciation expense is recognized on these assets after they are transferred to Electric Plant in Service.

#### Nuclear Fuel

All expenditures related to the purchase and construction of the Agency's undivided ownership interests in nuclear fuel cores are capitalized until the cores are placed in the reactor. Once placed in the reactor, the cores are amortized to fuel expense utilizing the units of production method. Amounts are removed from the books upon disposal of the spent nuclear fuel. Nuclear fuel expense does not include a provision for estimated spent nuclear fuel disposal.

Under provisions of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, Duke, on behalf of all co-owners of the Catawba station, has entered into contracts with the DOE for the disposal of spent nuclear fuel. The DOE failed to begin accepting the spent nuclear fuel in 1998, the date provided by the Nuclear Waste Policy Act and Duke's contract with the DOE. As a result of a partial breach of contract claim filed against the DOE by Duke for damages arising out of the DOE's failure to begin accepting the spent nuclear fuel, Duke and the U.S. Department of Justice signed a settlement agreement which provides for an initial payment to Duke Energy for certain storage costs incurred through July 2005, with additional amounts reimbursed annually for future storage costs. The Agency's share of the settlement for 2019 and 2018 was \$911,000 and \$946,000 respectively.

While it is uncertain when the DOE will begin accepting spent fuel, Duke has plans in place to provide adequate storage capacity until such time as DOE begins receiving spent fuel.

The DOE announced that it would cease the collection of the of 0.1-cent charge from utilities customers for each nuclear-generated kilowatt-hour of electricity as of May 16th, 2017, in response to a November 2013 ruling by the US Court of Appeals. This action resulted from a lawsuit filed on behalf of utilities and regulators by the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC) and the Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI). The court instructed the US energy secretary to "change the fee to zero" pending either compliance with the existing US nuclear waste act or the enactment by Congress of an alternative waste management plan.

#### **B.** Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Non-Utility Property and Equipment

The Agency purchased computer equipment for its load management and telemetry programs. This equipment is being depreciated over the estimated useful life of the equipment. Also included are the land and administrative office building jointly owned with North Carolina Eastern Municipal Power Agency and used by both agencies and ElectriCities. The administrative office building is being depreciated over 37 1/2 years on a straight-line basis.

#### Pollution Remediation Obligations

The Agency reports in accordance with GASB Statement No. 49 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations" (GASB No. 49) which addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The scope of the document excludes pollution prevention or control obligations with respect to current operations, and future pollution remediation activities that are required upon retirement of an asset, such as nuclear power plant decommissioning.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of trade accounts receivable associated with the sale of electricity and are stated at cost. The Agency primarily sells to the Participants in the project and high-quality utilities and accordingly, based on past collection history, management does not believe an allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

#### Premiums/Discounts on Bonds

Premiums (net of discounts) on bonds, shown net of accumulated accretion/amortization of \$40,346,000 and \$39,070,000, at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are amortized over the terms of the related bonds in a manner that yields a constant rate of interest.

#### Decommissioning

The Agency reports in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires the Agency to record the fair value of an asset retirement obligation as a liability in the period in which it incurs a legal obligation associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets that result from the acquisition, construction, development and/or normal use of assets and record a corresponding asset that will be depreciated over the life of the asset. Subsequent to the initial measurement of the asset retirement obligation, the obligation will be adjusted at the end of each period to reflect the passage of time and changes in the estimated future cash flows underlying the obligation. Any such adjustments for changes in the estimated future cash flows will also be capitalized and amortized over the remaining life of the asset.

#### Investments

The Agency reports according to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72 "Fair Value Management and Application" which requires investments to be reported at fair value, GASB Statement No. 79 "Certain External

#### **B.** Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investment Pools and Pool Participants", which allows certain whole investment pools to be reported at amortized cost, and GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," which allows certain investments to be reported at amortized cost. In addition, the Agency reports according to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40 "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures" which addresses common investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk and interest rate risk.

#### Renewable Energy Certificate Inventory

The Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standard (REPS) in North Carolina requires electric utilities to procure a certain portion of the energy sold to retail customers from renewable energy generators or energy efficiency programs. The Agency complies with REPS through the procurement of Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) from renewable generators, without the purchase of the physical energy from that generator. The Agency forecasts the number of RECs needed in future years and procures RECs accordingly. RECs are recorded at cost and are being retired on an annual basis in accordance with the quantities determined by the North Carolina Utilities Commission. Once a REC is retired, it can never be used or resold again.

#### **Taxes**

Income of the Agency is excludable from federal income tax under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code. Chapter 159B of the General Statutes of North Carolina exempts the Agency from property and franchise or other privilege taxes. In lieu of North Carolina property taxes, the Agency pays an amount that would otherwise be assessed on the non-utility property and equipment and North Carolina generation of the Agency. The Catawba plant is located in South Carolina and subject to South Carolina property tax. An electric power excise tax equal to 0.05% (5/10 mill) for each kilowatt-hour of electric power generated and sold for resale within South Carolina is also paid.

#### Statements of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, operating cash consists of unrestricted cash of \$58,000 and \$30,000 at December 31, 2019 and 2018 and is included on the balance sheet in the line item "Current Assets: Funds Invested". Restricted cash of \$20,000 and \$27,000 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, included on the balance sheet in the line item "Restricted Assets: Special Funds Invested" is also included on the statements of cash flows. Accounts payable includes special fund liabilities of \$2,585,000 and \$7,831,000 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The cash flows associated with the increase in accounts payable of \$416,000 and \$7,252,000 in 2019 and 2018, respectively, includes the impact of the special fund liabilities noted above.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

GASB No. 65 additionally provides discussion on the accounting treatment of debt issuance costs. This GASB established the requirement that debt issuance costs are to be expensed in the current period as compared

#### **B.** Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

to amortization of the costs over the life of the related debt. Per GASB No. 62 "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements", entities that are rate regulated are allowed to amortize these costs over time if future recovery is probable and that future recovery is based on prior costs and not similar future costs. The Agency elects to follow this pronouncement as its current rate methodology provides recovery of debt issuance costs.

## Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of resources

The Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred Outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. Deferred Inflows of Resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. See Note G beginning on page 29 for more detailed information.

#### **Net Position Classifications**

Certain items on the Statement of Net Position have been reclassified from their presentation in the prior year financial statements. The reclassification did not have an effect on the Agency's overall net position for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019.

## Recently Adopted GASB Standards

In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on this guidance. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018 and did not have a material impact on the Agency's financial position, overall cash flow or balances or results of operations.

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. This Statement established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria is generally on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and did not have a material impact on the Agency's financial position, overall cash flow or balances or results of operations.

In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements". The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. This statements also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. As a result, the Agency has expanded the footnote disclosure related to outstanding bonds.

In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 and did not have a material impact on the Agency's financial position, overall cash flow or balances or results of operations.

#### **B.** Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Future Accounting Standards**

Management has not concluded its evaluation of the impact, if any, on implementation of the following GASB Pronouncements may have on the agency financial statements.

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of this statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

## C. Capital Assets

## Electric Utility Plant, Net

Changes in components of electric utility plant, net during 2019 and 2018 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	December 31,				December 31,
	2018 Additions		Transfers	Retirements	2019
Depreciable Utility Plant					
Electric Utility Plant					
Electric plant in service	\$ 1,892,283	\$ 15	\$ 16,845	\$ 90,272	\$ 1,999,415
Nuclear fuel	240,702	41,589	(32,453)		249,838
Total Depreciable Utility Plant	2,132,985	41,604	(15,608)	90,272	2,249,253
Accumulated Depreciation and					
Amortization					
Electric plant in service	(895,673)	(41,714)	1,591	(90,272)	(1,026,068)
Nuclear fuel	(134,582)	(40,376)	32,453		(142,505)
Total Accumulated Depreciation					
and Amortization	(1,030,255)	(82,090)	34,044	(90,272)	(1,168,573)
Depreciable Utility Plant, Net	1,102,730	(40,486)	18,436		1,080,680
Land and Other Non-Depreciable Assets	, ,	, , ,	,		, ,
Land	19,768	_	_	_	19,768
Construction work in progress	34,159	44,292	(18,436)	_	60,015
Total Electric Utility Plant, Net	\$ 1,156,657	\$ 3,806	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,160,463
,,					
Electric Utility Plant, Net					
Electric Othity Frant, Net	December 31,				December 31,
	2017	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	2018
Depreciable Utility Plant	2017	Additions	Transfers	Retifements	2016
Electric Utility Plant					
Electric plant in service	\$ 1,891,710	\$ 440	\$ 44,356	\$ (44,223)	\$ 1,892,283
Nuclear fuel	219,743	52,877	(31,918)	-	240,702
Depreciable Utility Plant	2,111,453	53,317	12,438	(44,223)	2,132,985
Accumulated Depreciation and	2,111,100	55,517	12,.50	(,225)	2,102,500
Amortization					
Electric plant in service	(897,263)	(40,038)	(2,595)	44,223	(895,673)
Nuclear fuel	(126,066)	(40,434)	31,918	-	(134,582)
Total Accumulated Depreciation					
and Amortization	(1,023,329)	(80,472)	29,323	44,223	(1,030,255)
Depreciable Utility Plant, Net	1,088,124	(27,155)	41,761		1,102,730
Land and Other Non-Depreciable Assets					
Land	19,768	-	-	-	19,768
Construction work in progress	38,159	37,761	(41,761)	_	34,159
Construction work in progress	30,137	31,101	(11,701)		2.,107

The Agency has commitments to Duke in connection with capital additions for the station. Current estimates indicate the Agency's portion of these costs for 2020 and 2021 will be approximately \$85,000,000.

## C. Capital Assets (continued)

## Non-Utility Property and Equipment

Changes in components of non-utility property and equipment, net during 2019 and 2018 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Dec	ember 31,							Dece	ember 31,
		2018	Additions		Transfers		Retirements			2019
Non-Utility Property and Equipment										
Property and equipment	\$	3,638	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,638
Accumulated depreciation		(3,350)		(43)						(3,393)
Total Depreciable Non-Utility Proper	ty									
and Equipment, Net		288		(43)		-		-		245
Land		710								710
Total Non-Utility Property and										
Equipment, Net	\$	998	\$	(43)	\$		\$		\$	955

## Non-Utility Property and Equipment

	Dec	ember 31,							Dece	ember 31,
		2017	Additions		Transfers		Retirements			2018
Non-Utility Property and Equipment										
Property and equipment	\$	5,040	\$	14	\$	-	\$	(1,416)	\$	3,638
Accumulated depreciation		(4,726)		(40)				1,416		(3,350)
Total Depreciable Non-Utility Proper	ty									
and Equipment, Net		314		(26)		-		-		288
Land		710						-		710
Total Non-Utility Property and										
Equipment, Net	\$	1,024	\$	(26)	\$		\$	-	\$	998

#### **D.** Investments

The Agency investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets. The agency categorizes investments based on the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72. Level 1 securities are valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets. Level 2 securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' benchmark quoted prices.

The Agency invests in the North Carolina Cash Management Trust (NCCMT). The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT Term Portfolio is bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2019, The Term portfolio has a duration of .11 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

#### **D.** Investments (continued)

The Agency's investments are detailed in the following schedule (in thousands of dollars):

		December 31,							
		•	20	019		20		018	
			Cost	R	Reported		Cost		Reported
	Method of	I	Basis		Value		Basis		Value
	Valuation								
Commercial Paper	Fair Value Level 1	\$	96,506	\$	96,763	\$	97,710	\$	98,154
U.S. Government Agencies	Fair Value Level 1		50,554		51,187		127,974		127,135
U.S.Treasury Securities	Fair Value Level 1		284,848		285,928		295,527		293,628
NCCMT* -Government Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1		25,098		25,098		19,463		19,463
NCCMT*-Term Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1		68,051		68,051		133,950		133,950
Collateralized mortgage obligations	Fair Value Level 2		59,300		59,582		35,089	_	34,192
Sub-total funds invested			584,357		586,609		709,713		706,522
Decommissioning Trust securities:									
U.S. government agencies	Fair Value Level 1		83,097		89,103		87,196		92,534
U.S. Treasury Securities	Fair Value Level 1		169,831		229,408		152,785		216,595
Collateralized mortgage obligations	Fair Value Level 2		51,378		51,675		36,719		35,379
NCCMT* -Government Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1		940		940		-		-
NCCMT*-Term Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1		43		43		894		894
Sub-total funds invested			305,289		371,169		277,594	_	345,402
Cash									
Operating cash			58		58		30		30
Restricted cash			20		20		27		27
Accrued interest			2,600		2,600		2,676		2,676
Total funds invested		\$	892,324	\$	960,456	\$	990,040	\$	1,054,657
Consisting of:									
Special funds invested				\$	158,257			\$	253,393
Decommissioning Trust					372,225				346,228
Operating assets					429,974				455,036
Total funds invested				\$	960,456			\$	1,054,657
* NC Capital Management Trust									

Interest Rate Risk

The Bond Resolution authorizes the Agency to invest in obligations with maturity dates, or with redemption features, on or before the respective dates when the money in such accounts will be required for the purposes intended. The Agency does not have additional formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

## D. Investments (continued)

The Agency's maturities of investments are detailed in the following schedule (in thousands of dollars.):

	R	ecorded	Investment Maturity (In				(In Years)			
	Value		Less Than 1		1-5		6-10		More than 10	
Commercial Paper	\$	96,763	\$	96,763	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Government Agencies		51,187		17,674		33,513		-		-
U.S. Treasury Securities		285,928		70,873		215,055		-		-
NCCMT		93,149		93,149		_		-		-
Collateralized mortgage obligations		59,582		_		14,007		16,143		29,432
Sub-total funds invested		586,609		278,459		262,575		16,143		29,432
Decommissioning Trust securities		371,169		18,733		148,838		59,412		144,186
Total	\$	957,778	\$	297,192	\$	411,413	\$	75,555	\$	173,618
					Decen	nber 31, 2018				
	R	ecorded				estment Mar		In Years)		
		Value	Less	Than 1		1-5	<u> </u>	6-10	Mor	e than 10
Commercial Paper	\$	98,154	\$	98,154	\$	_	\$	-		-
U.S. Government Agencies		127,135		58,682		68,453		_		_
U.S. Treasury Securities		293,628		47,195		246,433		-		-
NCCMT		153,413		153,413		_		_		_
Collateralized mortgage obligations		34,192		-		7,979		13,372		12,841
Sub-total		706,522		357,444		322,865		13,372		12,841
Decommissioning Trust securities		345,402		78,041		157,899		27,640		81,822
Total	\$	1,051,924	\$	435,485	\$	480,764	\$	41,012	\$	94,663

The Agency's unrealized losses are detailed in the following schedule (in thousands of dollars):

		December 31, 2019											
	I	ess Than	12 Moi	nths		12 Months or Longer				Total			
		Fair Unrealized Value Losses			Fair Value		Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		Unrealized Losses		
U.S. government agencies	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,557	\$	58	\$	11,557	\$	58	
U.S. Treasury Securities		30,996		938		75,439		668		106,435		1,606	
Collateralized mortgage obligations		-		-		20,244		267	\$	20,244	\$	267	
Sub-total		30,996		938		107,240		993		138,236		1,931	
Decommissioning Trust securities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	79,009	\$	1,930	\$	79,009	\$	1,930	
Total	\$	30,996	\$	938	\$	186,249	\$	2,923	\$	217,245	\$	3,861	

		December 31, 2018											
	]	Less Than 12 Months				12 Months or Longer				Total			
		Fair Unrealized			Fair	Unrealized		Fair		Unrealized			
		Value	Losses			Value		Losses		Value		Losses	
U.S. government agencies	\$	32,511	\$	142	\$	209,570	\$	4,230	\$	242,081	\$	4,372	
Collateralized mortgage obligations		12,025		92		22,167		805	\$	34,192	\$	897	
Sub-total		44,536		234		231,737		5,035		276,273		5,269	
Decommissioning Trust securities	\$	34,736	\$	1,007	\$	92,413	\$	3,271	\$	127,149	\$	4,278	
Total	\$	79,272	\$	1,241	\$	324,150	\$	8,306	\$	403,422	\$	9,547	

#### D. Investments (continued)

## Credit Risk

The Resolution authorizes the Agency to invest in 1) direct obligations of, or obligations of which the principal and interest are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States (U.S.), 2) obligations of any Agency of the U.S. or corporation wholly owned by the U.S., 3) direct and general obligations of the State of North Carolina or any political subdivision thereof whose securities are rated "A" or better, 4) repurchase agreements with a member of the Federal Reserve System which are collateralized by previously described obligations and 5) bank time deposits evidenced by certificates of deposit and bankers' acceptances. The Agency has no formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

The Board of Directors of the Agency approved an Investment Risk Management Policy in 2012. The policy set the overall investment objectives and established sector and issuer guidelines. It is reviewed annually to ensure its compliant with the current law and the Local Government Commission. The Agency's investments by issuer are detailed in the following schedule (in thousands of dollars):

	December 31, 2019				Decembe	er 31, 2018
•	R	ecorded		Recorded		
Issuer		Value	Percentage		Value	Percentage
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$	52,978	5.5%	\$	56,752	5.4%
Federal National Mortgage Association		104,909	11.0%		131,788	12.5%
Federal Home Loan Bank		75,252	7.9%		75,393	7.2%
Federal Farm Credit Bank		14,008	1.5%		20,672	2.0%
Government National Mortgage Association		2,896	0.3%		3,182	0.3%
Resolution Funding Corporation		1,504	0.2%		1,453	0.1%
Commercial Paper						
MUFG Bank (formerly Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ		54,003	5.6%		31,755	3.0%
JPMorgan Securities		-	0.0%		7,944	0.8%
Mitsubishi UFJ T&B NY		12,991	1.4%		10,981	1.0%
Mizuho Securities (USA)		-	0.0%		11,068	1.1%
Natixis NY		9,926	1.0%		-	0.0%
SwedBank		19,842	2.1%		-	0.0%
Toronto Dominion Bank		-	0.0%		28,251	2.7%
Toyota Motor Credit		-	0.0%		8,155	0.8%
NC Capital Management Trust		94,133	9.8%		154,307	14.7%
US Treasury Department		515,336	53.7%		510,223	48.4%
Total	\$	957,778	100.0%	\$	1,051,924	100.0%

#### D. Investments (continued)

The Resolution permits the Agency to establish official depositories with any bank or trust company qualified under the laws of North Carolina to receive deposits of public moneys and having capital stock, surplus and undivided profits aggregating in excess of \$20,000,000.

All depositories must collateralize public deposits in excess of federal depository insurance coverage. The Agency's depositories use the pooling method, a single financial institution collateral pool. Under the pooling method, a depository establishes a single escrow account on behalf of all governmental agencies. Collateral is maintained with an eligible escrow agent in the name of the State Treasurer of North Carolina based on an approved averaging method for demand deposits and the actual current balance for time deposits less the applicable federal depository insurance for each depositor. The financial institutions using the pooling method are responsible for assuring sufficient collateralization of these excess deposits. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Agency under the pooling method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. However, the State Treasurer enforces strict standards for each pooling method depository, which minimizes any risk of under-collateralization. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Agency had \$58,000 and \$30,000 in operating funds, respectively, and \$20,000 and \$27,000 in restricted funds, respectively, covered by federal depository insurance.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Agency does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. All deposits are currently held in the name of North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1.

## E. Renewable Energy Certificate Inventory

The following shows RECs activity during 2019 and 2018 (in thousands of dollars):

	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Summary of Ch	anges in RECs	1
	Balance			Balance
	12/31/2018	Additions	Retirements	12/31/2019
RECs	8,541	2,425	(713)	10,253
	Balance 12/31/2017	Additions	Retirements	Balance 12/31/2018
RECs	6,986	2,078	(523)	8,541

#### F. Decommissioning Costs

As a co-licensee of Catawba Unit 2 and in accordance with the terms of the Catawba reliability exchange, the Agency has furnished certification of its financial capability to fund its share of the costs of nuclear decommissioning of the Catawba Station to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) as required by its regulations. To satisfy the NRC's financial capability regulations, the Agency established an external trust fund (Decommissioning Trust) pursuant to a trust agreement with a bank. The Agency's certification requires that the Agency make annual deposits to the Decommissioning Trust which, together with the investment earnings, amounts previously on deposit in the trust and certain reserve assets, are anticipated to result in sufficient funds being held in the Decommissioning Trust at the expiration of the current operating licenses for the Catawba Units (2043) to meet the Agency's share of decommissioning.

The Decommissioning Trust is irrevocable and funds may be withdrawn from the trust solely for the purpose of paying the Agency's share of the costs of nuclear decommissioning. In accordance with the NRC regulations, the Decommissioning Trust is segregated from Agency assets and outside the Agency's administrative control. The Agency is deemed to have incurred and paid decommissioning costs as deposits are made to the Decommissioning Trust. In addition to the Decommissioning Trust, certain reserve assets are anticipated to be available for transfer to the Decommissioning Trust to satisfy the Agency's total decommissioning liability.

Estimates of the future costs of decommissioning the units are based on the 2018 site-specific study that was conducted on behalf of Duke utilizing the unit factor method, which follows the approach as outlined in the DOE Decommissioning handbook. The Agency's portion of decommissioning costs, including the cost of decommissioning plant components not subject to radioactive contamination, is \$675,956,000, stated in 2019 dollars.

The Agency has identified certain asset retirement obligations, which are primarily associated with the decommissioning of NCMPA1's ownership interest in Catawba Unit 2. Changes in components of the asset retirement obligation during 2019 and 2018 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2019	2018				
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 435,074	\$ 397,160				
Accretion expense	25,546	22,995				
Revisions in estimated cash flows	6,127_	14,919				
Balance, end of year	\$ 466,747	\$ 435,074				

#### G. Costs To Be Recovered and Collections To Be Expended

Rates for power billings to Participants are designed to cover the Agency's operating expenses, debt requirements and reserves as specified by the Resolution and power sales agreements. Straight-line depreciation and amortization are not considered in the cost of service calculation used to design rates. In addition, certain earnings on funds established in accordance with the Resolution are restricted to those funds and are not available for current operations.

The differences between debt principal maturities (adjusted for the effects of premiums, discounts and amortization of deferred gains and losses) and straight-line depreciation and in interest income recognition are recognized as other recoverable/collectible costs. When total recoverable/collectible items exceed principal debt service, costs to be recovered increase. When principal debt service exceeds total recoverable/collectible items, costs to be recovered decrease.

## G. Costs To Be Recovered and Collections To Be Expended (continued)

Funds collected through rates for reserve accounts and restricted investment income are recognized as collections to be expended, thus increasing total collections to be expended. When these funds are used to meet current expenses, total collections to be expended decrease.

The Agency's present charges to the Participants are sufficient to recover all of the Agency's current annual costs of the Participants' bulk power needs. Each Participant is required under the power sales agreements to set its rates for its customers at levels sufficient to pay all its costs of its electric utility system, including the Agency's charges for bulk power supply. All Participants have done so.

All rates must be approved by the Board of Commissioners. Rates are designed on an annual basis. If they are determined to be inadequate to cover the Agency's current annual costs, rates may be revised.

Other costs and collections to be recovered include the following (in thousands of dollars):

	Years Ended			Inception to				
	December 3			1,		Decemb	er 31,	
		2019		2018		2019		2018
Costs to be recovered								
Net deferred interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	155,316	\$	155,316
Amortization of debt discount, premium & issuance costs		(10,564)		(11,805)		(1,910)		8,654
Depreciation and amortization		67,303		63,073		1,571,412		1,504,109
Amortization of debt refunding costs		7,808		8,392		616,390		608,582
Deferred Fuel		-		-		(17,806)		(17,806)
Participant billing offsets		(124,288)		(82,075)		(2,580,071)	(2	2,455,783)
Other unrecovered costs		-		-		23,749		23,749
Total Costs To Be Recovered *	\$	(59,741)	\$	(22,415)	\$	(232,920)	\$	(173,179)
		Years I				Incepti Decemb		
		2019		2018	-	2019	2018	
Collections to be expended								
Net special funds (withdrawals)/deposits	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,999	\$	38,999
Restricted investment income		11,249		11,452		345,276		334,027
Rate stabilization funds used for other than operations		-		-		(53,393)		(53,393)
Special Funds Valuations		(22,470)		(13,144)		(50,160)		(27,690)
Net decrease (increase) in fair value of investments		16,388		(6,469)		16,803		415
Asset Retirement Obligation Provision		(6,127)		(14,919)		10,242		16,369
Other collections to be expended		1,150		422		50,568		49,418
Total Collections To Be Expended	\$	190	\$	(22,658)	\$	358,335	\$	358,145

<sup>\*</sup>Due to the high Participant billing collections, the total cost to be recovered has a credit balance. For presentation purposes on the Statement of Net Position, the credit balance was combined with collections to be expended.

#### H. Bonds

The Agency has been authorized to issue Catawba Electric Revenue Bonds (bonds) in accordance with the terms, conditions, and limitations of the Resolution. The total to be issued is to be sufficient to pay the costs of acquisition and construction of the project, as defined, and/or for other purposes set forth in the Resolution. Future refunding of bonds may result in the issuance of additional bonds.

The following shows bond activity during 2019 and 2018 (in thousands of dollars):

## **Summary of Changes in Long term Liability**

	December 31, 2018	Additions	Reductions	December 31, 2019	Amounts Due within One Year		
Bonds payable	\$ 974,125	\$ 102,035	\$ (271,390)	\$ 804,770	\$ 41,410		
	December 31, 2017	Additions	Reductions	December 31, 2018	Amounts Due within One Year		
Bonds payable	\$ 1,055,970	\$ -	\$ (81,845)	\$ 974,125	\$ 71,505		

## H. Bonds (continued)

The various issues comprising the outstanding debt are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	December 31,		
	2019	2018	
Series 2008A			
5.25% maturing annually from 2016 to 2020	<u> </u>	2,695	
Series 2009A			
4.125% to 5% maturing annually from 2021 to 2026		30,280	
4.75% maturing in 2030 with annual sinking fund			
requirements beginning in 2027		4,825	
5% maturing in 2030 with annual sinking fund			
requirements beginning in 2027		22,270	
Total 2009A	-	57,375	
Series 2009B (Federally Taxable)			
5.482% maturing in 2021	9,200	9,200	
Ç	<u> </u>		
Series 2009C			
5% maturing in 2021		6,665	
Series 2009D (Federally Taxable Build America Bonds)			
6.184% maturing in 2032 with annual sinking fund			
requirements beginning in 2030	65,525	65,525	
	***************************************	***,****	
Series 2010A			
3.00% to 5.00% maturing annually from 2017 to 2021	11,260	33,775	
Series 2010D			
Series 2010B 5.00% maturing annually from 2020 to 2021	15,950	36,905	
5.0070 maturing annually moniteded to 2021	15,950	30,303	

# H. Bonds (continued)

	Decemb	er 31,
	2019	2018
Series 2012A 2.00% to 5% maturing annually from 2017 to 2020	\$ 14,200	\$ 76,485
Series 2012B 3.00% to 5% maturing annually from 2021 to 2032	34,360	94,870
Series 2012C (Federally Taxable) 2.447% to 3.922% maturing annually from 2021 to 2032	38,115	41,185
Series 2015A 5.0% to 5.25% maturing annually from 2023 to 2032	274,710	304,710
Series 2015B 3.0% to 5.0% maturing annually from 2022 to 2024	41,265	41,265
Series 2015C 3.5% to 5.0% maturing annually from 2029 to 2031	87,230	92,550
Series 2015D (Federally Taxable) 3.34% maturing annually in 2022	23,930	23,930
Series 2015E (Forward Delivery Bonds) 5.00% maturing annually in 2022 to 2023	17,610	17,610
Series 2016A 4.0% maturing 2022 4.0% to 5.0% maturing 2024 and 2025 5.0% maturing annually 2027 to 2030	2,755 3,595 63,030	2,755 3,595 63,030
Series 2019A 5% maturing 2021 5% maturing annually 2025-2032	69,380 18,640 63,300 81,940	69,380
Series 2019B 5% maturing 2021	20,095	-
Total Bonds Outstanding Current maturities of bonds Total Long-Term Debt, Bonds	804,770 (41,410) \$ 763,360	974,125 (71,505) \$ 902,620

#### H. Bonds (continued)

The following table reflects principal debt service included in the designated year's rates. In accordance with the Resolution, these moneys are collected through rates the year prior to the January 1 maturity and deposited into the Bond Fund for payment when due. Current maturities of \$41,410,000 at December 31, 2019 were collected monthly through rates during 2019 and were deposited into the Bond Fund to make the January 1, 2020 principal payment. Debt service deposit requirements from the designated year's rates for long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2019 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	49,265	37,486	86,751
2021	51,005	35,012	86,017
2022	53,390	32,988	86,378
2023	55,550	30,467	86,017
2024	58,255	27,751	86,006
2025 to 2029	336,670	92,947	429,617
2030 to 2032	159,225	12,376	171,601
Total	\$ 763,360	\$ 269,027	\$ 1,032,387

The fair market value of the Agency's long-term debt was estimated using a yield curve derived from December 31, 2019 and 2018 market prices for similar securities. Using these yield curves, market prices were estimated for each individual maturity and the individual maturities were summed to arrive at an estimated fair market value of \$935,032,000 and \$1,068,628,000 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Certain proceeds of the Series 1998A, 2003A, 2003B (subsequently paid at maturity), 2008A, 2008B, 2009A, 2009B, 2010A, 2010B, 2012A, 2015B, 2015C, 2015D, 2015E, 2016A, 2019A, 2019B bonds were used to establish trusts for the refunding of \$2,663,175,000 of previously issued bonds at December 31, 2019. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, \$2,620,780,000 and \$2,677,345,000 of these bonds has been redeemed leaving \$42,395,000 and \$228,390,000 of defeased bonds still outstanding respectively.

Under these Refunding Trust Agreements, obligations of, or guaranteed by, the United States have been placed in irrevocable Refunding Trust Funds maintained by the Bond Fund Trustee. The government obligations in the respective Refunding Trust Funds along with the interest earnings on such obligations, will be sufficient to pay all interest on the refunded bonds when due and to redeem all refunded bonds at various dates prior to their original maturities at par. The monies on deposit in each Refunding Trust Fund, including the interest earnings thereon, are pledged solely for the benefit of the holders of the refunded bonds. Since the establishment of each Refunding Trust Fund, the refunded bonds are no longer considered outstanding obligations of the Agency.

Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually.

On October 8, 2019 the Agency issues \$81,940,000 and \$20,095,000 of Refunding Series 2019A and 2019B Bonds, respectively to refund \$130,985,000 of outstanding Series 2009A, 2009C, 2010A, 2010B and 2015A bonds. The net proceeds of \$121,636,000 (after payment of \$832,000 in underwriting fees and issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the Series 2009A and 2009C bonds are considered to be defeased and a portion of the Series 2010A, 2010B and 2015A bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds have been removed from the Agency's Statement of Net Position.

The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of the old

#### H. Bonds (continued)

debt of \$6,453,000. The loss is reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources and is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded bonds outstanding. As a result of the refunding, the Agency will be able to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$34,907,000 and obtain an economic gain of \$21,566,000.

On September 11, 2019, the Agency applied \$75,515,000 of available funds to defease \$68,900,000 of certain outstanding Series 2012B, 2012C and 2015C bonds. The funds were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. All of the defeased bonds are still outstanding as of December 31,2019.

The defeasance resulted in a difference between the net carrying value of the old debt and the reacquisition price of \$5,565,284. The gain is reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred inflow of resources and is being amortized over the remaining life of the original bonds. As a result of the defeasance, the Agency will be able to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$22,044,000 and obtain an economic gain of \$12,249,000.

Certain of the following bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Agency, on or after the following dates at a maximum of 100% of the respective principal amounts:

Series 2010A and B	January 1, 2020
Series 2012A	January 1, 2022
Series 2015A and C	January 1, 2026
Series 2015A Step Coupon	January 1, 2018
Series 2016A	July 1, 2026

The Series 2009 B and D and 2012C Bonds are subject to redemption on any business day at the Make Whole Redemption Price which is the greater of (i) 100% of principal amount to be redeemed or (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled principal and interest to be redeemed. The Series 2009D and 2012C are also subject to redemption on any business day at the Extraordinary Optional Redemption Price which is the greater of (i) 100% of principal amount to be redeemed or (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled principal and interest to be redeemed. An Extraordinary Event will have occurred if the Agency determines that a material adverse change has occurred which is not the Agency's fault, which results in a reduction or elimination of the Federal subsidy payment.

The bonds are special obligations of the Agency, payable solely from and secured solely by (1) project revenues (as defined by the Resolution) after payment of project operating expenses (as defined by the Resolution) and (2) other monies and securities pledged for payment thereof by the Resolution.

The Resolution requires the Agency to deposit into special funds all proceeds of bonds issued and all project revenues (as defined by the Resolution) generated as a result of the Project Power Sales Agreements and Interconnection Agreement. The purpose of the individual funds is specifically defined in the Resolution.

The Resolution requires that the Agency maintains a reserve investment balance in an amount to sufficiently cover the highest annual debt service payment over the life of the bonds, which was \$85,514,000 and \$116,807,000 for 2019 and 2018, respectively. As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, the balances of the reserve were \$85,725,000 and \$119,352,000, respectively. The Resolution also requires a bond contingency fund to be established to maintain 10% of the required reserves for the year totaling \$8,511,000 and \$11,681,000 for 2019 and 2018, respectively. As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, the balances of the contingency fund were

#### H. Bonds (continued)

\$8,535,000 and \$11,798,000, respectively.

As of December 31, the Agency had \$3,414,000 and \$28,606,000 in unspent bond funds in restricted cash and investments for 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### I. Commitments and Contingencies

Duke maintains, on behalf of all co-owners of the Catawba station, nuclear insurance coverage in the following areas: liability coverage, property, decontamination and decommissioning coverage, and extended accidental outage coverage to cover increased generating costs and/or replacement power purchases.

#### Liability Coverage

In accordance with the Price-Anderson Act, Duke, on behalf of all co-owners, insures against public liability claims from a nuclear incident to the full limit of liability of approximately \$13.97 billion, \$450 million of which is by private insurance with a like amount to cover certain worker tort claims. The remaining amount of approximately \$13.5 billion has been provided through a mandatory industry-wide excess secondary insurance program of risk pooling. The \$13.5 billion amount will increase by \$138 million as each new nuclear reactor is licensed and decrease by \$138 million for each insured nuclear reactor that is no longer operational and has been exempted from the program. The Agency is liable for 37.5% of these premiums.

The terms of this coverage require the owners of all licensed facilities to provide retrospective premiums of up to \$138 million per year per unit owned (adjusted annually for inflation) in the event of any nuclear incident involving any licensed facility in the nation, with an annual maximum assessment of \$20.5 million per unit owned. If any such payments are required, the Agency would be liable for 37.5% of those payment amounts.

The Price Anderson Act expires in 2025.

#### Property, Decontamination and Decommissioning Coverage

Primary property damage insurance coverage purchased for the station is \$1.5 billion. If the insurer's losses ever exceed its reserves, Duke will be liable, on a pro rata basis, for additional assessments of up to \$33.135 million. This amount represents ten times of Catawba's annual premium. Excess property damage, decontamination and decommissioning liability insurance of \$1.25 billion has also been purchased. If industry losses ever exceed the accumulated funds available to the insurer for the excess property, decontamination and decommissioning liability program, Catawba will be liable, on a pro rata basis, for additional assessments of up to \$7.314 million which represents ten times the annual premium.

### Extended Accidental Outage Coverage

Duke also purchases on behalf of all co-owners, increased cost of generation and/or purchased power insurance resulting from an accidental outage of a nuclear unit. Each unit at Catawba is insured for up to approximately \$3.9 million per week, after a 12-week deductible period, with declining amounts per unit where more than one unit is involved in the accidental outage. The coverage continues at 100% for 52 weeks and 80% for the next 92.1 weeks. The accident outage policy limit is \$490 million per unit. If the insurer's losses exceed its reserves for this program, Catawba will be liable, on a pro rata basis, for additional assessments of up to \$12.252 million which represents ten times Catawba's annual premium.

The Agency assumes their pro rata shares of any liability for retrospective premium assessments resulting from the Nuclear Electric Insurance Limited policies applicable to the joint ownership agreements.

# J. Subsequent Events

The Agency has evaluated subsequent events through April 29, 2020, in connection with the preparation of these financial statements which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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## North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1 Schedules of Revenues and Expenses Per Bond Resolution and Other Agreements (\$000s)

	Year Ended December 31, 2019					
	Project	Supple- mental	Total			
Revenues:		<u> </u>	10141			
Sales to participants	\$ 274,178	\$ 111,902	\$ 386,080			
Sales to utilities	104,399	-	104,399			
Investment income	6,122	7,064	13,186			
Excess Funds valuation	37,751	· -	37,751			
Other revenue	1,333	68	1,401			
Total Revenues	423,783	119,034	542,817			
Expenses:						
Operation and maintenance	101,824	1,240	103,064			
Nuclear fuel	40,566	330	40,896			
Interconnection services:						
Purchased power	36,620	40,382	77,002			
Transmission and distribution	-	16,923	16,923			
Other		2,826	2,826			
Total interconnection services	36,620	60,131	96,751			
Administrative and general – Duke	26,669		26,669			
Administrative and general - Agency	5,031	5,530	10,561			
Miscellaneous Agency expenses	389	2,804	3,193			
Gross receipts and excise taxes	2,141	-	2,141			
Property tax	22,520	184	22,704			
Working capital refund	-	75,000	75,000			
Debt service	158,764	-	158,764			
Special funds deposits:						
Decommissioning fund	3,600	-	3,600			
Reserve and contingency fund	25,659		25,659			
Total special funds deposits	29,259		29,259			
Total Expenses	423,783	145,219	569,002			
Revenues Over Expenses	\$ -	\$ (26,185)	\$ (26,185)			

Note: The schedule above has been prepared in accordance with the underlying Bond Resolution, and accordingly, does not reflect the change in the fair value of investments as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

See accompanying Report of Independent Auditor.

Year Ended December 31, 2018

December 31, 2018										
Supple-										
Project	mental	Total								
\$ 257,391	\$ 148,418	\$ 405,809								
114,989	-	114,989								
5,298	4,332	9,630								
18,596	-	18,596								
1,332	84	1,416								
397,606	152,834	550,440								
115,676	1,254	116,930								
41,386	539	41,925								
42,806	46,226	89,032								
-	16,868	16,868								
	2,487	2,487								
42,806	65,581	108,387								
33,467	-	33,467								
4,799	5,820	10,619								
799	2,491	3,290								
2,121	-	2,121								
21,888	226	22,114								
118,656	-	118,656								
3,600	-	3,600								
12,408		12,408								
16,008		16,008								
397,606	75,911	473,517								
\$ -	\$ 76,923	\$ 76,923								

## North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1 Budgetary Comparison Schedule Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 (\$000's)

	2019 B	udget	Actuals (Budgetary	Positive (Negative) Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Basis)		
Revenues:					
Sales to participants	\$ 388,436	\$ 383,034	\$ 386,080	\$ 3,046	
Sales to utilities	103,942	104,830	104,399	(431)	
Investment income	10,995	13,365	13,186	(179)	
Excess Funds valuation	22,637	35,068	37,751	2,683	
Other revenues	1,405	1,401	1,401		
Total Revenues	527,415	537,698	542,817	5,119	
Expenses:					
Operations and maintenance	126,020	112,906	103,064	9,842	
Nuclear fuel	45,562	45,510	40,896	4,614	
Fossil fuel			_	-	
Interconnection services:					
Purchased power	80,262	76,647	77,002	(355)	
Transmission and distribution	20,708	18,814	16,923	1,891	
Other interconnection expenses	3,996	3,715	2,826	889	
Total interconnection services	104,966	99,176	96,751	2,425	
Administrative and general - Duke	32,776	38,978	26,669	12,309	
Power Agency services	14,718	14,718	13,754	964	
Taxes	25,584	25,301	24,845	456	
Working capital refund	=	75,000	75,000	-	
Debt service	85,228	157,445	158,764	(1,319)	
Special funds deposits	29,916	29,259	29,259	<u> </u>	
Total Expenses	464,770	598,293	569,002	29,291	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses	\$ 62,645	\$ (60,595)	\$ (26,185)	\$ 34,410	

Note: The schedule above has been prepared in accordance with the underlying Bond Resolution, and accordingly, does not reflect the change in the fair value of investments as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

See accompanying Report of Independent Auditor.

				Positive		
			Actuals	(Negative)		
	2018 B	udget	(Budgetary	Variance With		
	Original	Final	Basis)	Final Budget		
Revenues:				·		
Sales to participants	\$ 422,497	\$ 397,884	\$ 405,809	\$ 7,925		
Sales to utilities	99,573	99,613	114,989	15,376		
Investment income	6,601	6,953	9,630	2,677		
Excess Funds valuation	17,631	17,989	18,596	607		
Other revenues	1,395	1,395	1,416	21		
Total Revenues	547,697	523,834	550,440	26,606		
Expenses:						
Operations and maintenance	149,070	132,896	116,930	15,966		
Nuclear fuel	44,807	45,961	41,925	4,036		
Interconnection services:						
Purchased power	82,632	78,897	89,032	(10,135)		
Transmission and distribution	20,314	20,393	16,868	3,525		
Other interconnection expenses	3,536	3,536	2,487	1,049		
Total interconnection services	106,482	102,826	108,387	(5,561)		
Administrative and general – Duke	36,841	37,454	33,467	3,987		
Power Agency services	14,990	14,990	13,909	1,081		
Taxes	24,368	24,410	24,235	175		
Debt service	118,693	118,693	118,656	37		
Special funds deposits	30,606	31,863	16,008	15,855		
Total Expenses	525,857	509,093	473,517	35,576		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses	\$ 21,840	\$ 14,741	\$ 76,923	\$ 62,182		

## North Carolina Municipal Power Agency Number 1 Schedule of Changes in Assets of Funds Invested (\$000's)

	Funds Invested January 1, 2018	Debt Proceeds	Power Billing Receipts	Investment Income	Receipts (Disburse- ments)	Transfers
Construction Fund	\$ 55,363	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 588	\$ (27,326)	\$ -
Bond Fund:						
Interest account	25,272	-	-	216	(48,742)	46,790
Reserve account	132,455	-	-	2,484	-	(15,587)
Principal account	81,931			717	(81,845)	71,017
Total Bond Fund	239,658	-	-	3,417	(130,587)	102,220
Reserve and Contingency Fund	13,197		-	251	(8,294)	6,644
Revenue Fund Rate Stabilization account	66,155	-	263,576	1,000	34,545	(282,529)
Revenue Fund	66,155		263,576	1,000	34,545	(282,529)
Operating Fund:						
Working Capital account	46,551	-	-	1,272	(167,297)	164,382
Fuel account	54,285	-	-	-	(54,483)	45,630
Total Operating Fund	100,836	-	-	1,272	(221,780)	210,012
Supplemental Fund:						
Supplemental account	196,932	-	144,649	4,334	(37,751)	(36,347)
Reserve for future costs	11,740	-	-	185	-	-
Total Supplemental Fund	208,672		144,649	4,519	(37,751)	(36,347)
Total Funds Invested	\$ 683,881	\$ -	\$ 408,225	\$ 11,047	\$ (391,193)	\$ -

Note: The schedule above has been prepared in accordance with the underlying Bond Resolution, and accordingly, does not reflect the change in the fair value of investments as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

See accompanying Report of Independent Auditor.

Iı	Funds Invested December 31, Debt 2018 Proceeds		Bill	Power Billing Investment Receipts Income		Receipts (Disburse- ments)		Trans fers_		Funds Invested December 31, 2019			
\$	28,625	\$	-	\$	-	\$	352	\$	(25,564)	\$	-	\$	3,413
	23,536		_		-		197		(47,330)		41,998		18,401
	119,352		-		-		2,481		(10,709)	(2	25,398)		85,726
	71,820		-		-		450		(71,505)		40,915		41,680
	214,708		-		-		3,128		(129,544)		57,515		145,807
	11,798		-		-		398		(13,732)		10,071		8,535
	82,747		-	22	7,860		1,493		39,677	(20	63,142)		88,635
	-												
	82,747		-	22	7,860		1,493		39,677	(20	63,142)		88,635
	44,908		_		_		1,548		(173,604)	1	76,642		49,494
	45,432		_		_		-		(29,557)		43,396		59,271
	90,340		-		-		1,548		(203,161)		20,038		108,765
	271,817		_	8	4,511		7,063		(120,323)	(°	24,482)		218,586
	11,925		_	0	-		228		-	(-	, io <i>2)</i>		12,153
	283,742			8	4,511		7,291		(120,323)	(2	24,482)		230,739
\$	711,960	\$		\$ 31	2,371	\$	14,210	\$	(452,647)	\$		\$	585,894