

**Status of the Implementation of the Child Welfare
Component of the North Carolina Families Accessing
Services Through Technology (NC FAST) system**

SL 2016-94, Section 12C.1.(c)



**Report to the
Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Health and
Human Services**

**By
North Carolina Department of Health and Human
Services**

July 1, 2017

Reporting Requirements

SESSION LAW 2016-94 SECTION 12C.1.(c) Child Welfare/NC FAST – The Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Social Services, shall continue toward completion of the Child Welfare component of the North Carolina Families Accessing Services Through Technology (NC FAST) system to (i) bring the State into compliance with the Statewide Information System systematic factor of the Child and Family Services Review (CFSR) and (ii) ensure that data quality meets federal standards and adequate information is collected and available to counties to assist in tracking children and outcomes across counties.

It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Child Welfare component of the NC FAST system be operational by December 31, 2017. To that end, the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Social Services, shall report on the development, implementation, and outcomes of the Child Welfare component of the NC FAST system to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Health and Human Services quarterly, beginning October 1, 2016 and ending with a final report on February 1, 2018. The report shall include, at a minimum, each of the following:

- (1) The current timeline for development and implementation of the Child Welfare component to NC FAST.
- (2) Any adjustments and justifications for adjustments to the timeline.
- (3) Progress on the development and implementation of the system.
- (4) Address any identified issues in developing or implementing the Child Welfare component to NC FAST and solutions to address those issues.
- (5) The level of county participation and involvement in each phase of the project.
- (6) Any budget and expenditure reports, including overall project budget and expenditures and current fiscal year budget and expenditures.

Timeline

1) SECTION 12C.1.(c).1 The current timeline for development and implementation of the child welfare component to NC FAST.

Per the language in Section 12C.1.(c), the initial goal for implementation of the Child Welfare component of NC FAST was that it be operational by December 31, 2017. Section (2) below provides additional details on the project timeline.

2) SECTION 12C.1.(c).2 Any adjustments and justifications for adjustments to the timeline

The Child Welfare component, also called Project 4 (P4), will introduce a significant change to the way county departments of social services operate and manage their Child Welfare programs. Given the limited automation present in support of current Child Welfare operations, it is vital that county Child Welfare leaders and staff have the support required to ensure a smooth transition to NC FAST and reduce the deployment risk. As explained below, the initial project plan did not account for the business process improvement and extended implementation support staffing cost estimates. It is extremely important to provide business process improvement and extended support for the success of the project.

Based on feedback and the results of prior NC FAST deployments, the rollout of a major system requires a carefully planned, phased deployment across all 100 counties in the state. Also, the initial schedule date was subject to completion of the Fit/Gap Analysis Phase. The Fit/Gap Analysis Phase of the project compares state requirements against the capabilities of the IBM base software (i.e., Cúram) and identifies which requirements are met with the base software and which requirements require configuration or customization of the base software. This phase facilitates the identification of issues and scope changes required to meet North Carolina requirements.

The Fit/Gap phase was completed in June 2016, and a high-level Deployment Plan was developed. This expanded P4 Deployment Plan was developed based on input from the three county directors (referred to as the Tri-Chairs) leading the Children Services Committee of the North Carolina Association of County Directors of Social Services (NCACDSS). The Deployment Plan was approved by the NC DHHS Executive Advisory Committee (EAC). This committee serves as a steering committee for NC FAST and comprises county directors, state office representatives, and other key stakeholders. The deployment schedule has also been presented to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Health and Human Services. Reviewing the deployment schedule with these groups is critical as it promotes buy-in and early identification and resolution of issues and concerns with the approach.

Therefore, the Child Welfare component of NC FAST timeline has been updated:

- The system will be deployed to pilot Counties in three releases of system functionality. (Refer to the Release breakdown shown on page 5):
 - July 2017: Release One – focused primarily on Intake, CPS Assessment, and In-Home/Out-of-Home Case Management and supporting capabilities
 - December 2017: Release Two – focused primarily on Adoption functionality and supporting capabilities
 - June 2018: Release Three – A third release has been added to the rollout of P4 to accommodate compliance with CCWIS requirements. (Subject to federal approval).

The following exchanges are new scope for NC FAST and will be supported as part of Release 3 of P4, once federal and state funding is approved. Based on the county user base, additional scope may be added as funding permits. These exchanges will be bi-directional, based on business requirements, technical feasibility and funding available by the partner agencies:

- Courts
- Education
- Medicaid claims
- Child welfare contributing systems
- Ancillary child welfare systems used by agency staff

In addition, as part of Release 3, NC FAST will integrate the upgrades to the Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System AFCARS and the National Youth in Transition Database (NYTD), in compliance with the federal mandate.

- Subsequent Deployments to remaining Counties:
 - Release One through April 2018
 - Release Two through October 2018
 - Release Three through November 2018

To view the timeline, refer to Appendix A.

Implementation Strategy

3) SECTION 12C.1.(c).3 Progress on the development and implementation of the system

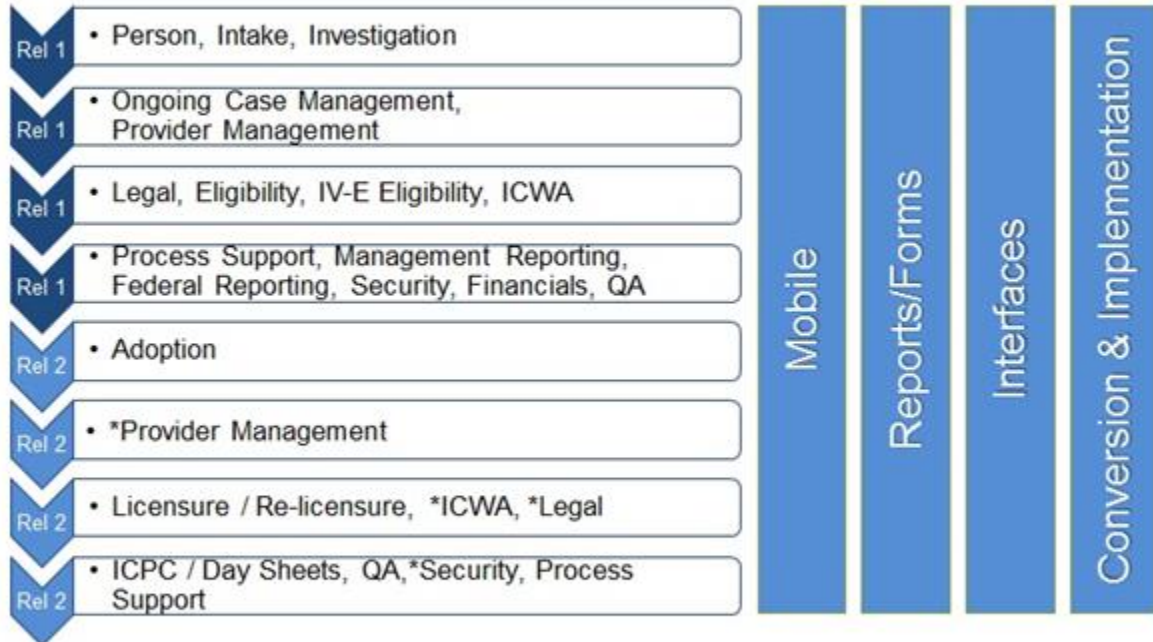
The P4 Project implementation will be conducted in phases, with three major releases. Development occurs across four parallel tracks, using an Agile Project Management methodology. The Agile methodology engages with county stakeholders very early in the requirements confirmation and system design activities. The software is developed incrementally, so that functionality is demonstrated to the county representatives as the system is being built; their feedback helps to shape the design of the system as development and builds continue. This approach is in contrast with the traditional “waterfall” approach to system development, in which county stakeholders were exposed to the system very late in the development process, just prior to go-live. Due to deferred exposure of stakeholders to the new system, the waterfall approach provided limited capacity to address stakeholder feedback prior to go-live. The Agile approach minimizes implementation risks by addressing key user concerns prior to go-live.

The project scope also includes the development and deployment of a mobile solution. Counties can choose to deploy the mobile child welfare investigator application, the first mobile application for NC FAST. The mobile solution provides child welfare social workers with the ability to complete their casework outside the office, thus allowing them to spend more time interacting with families instead of completing case documentation back at the DSS office. In counties that choose to deploy the mobile application, case workers will be able to perform their work activities in a connected and disconnected mode, with automatic synchronization of data to the system when a network connection becomes available. A stand-alone mobile application demonstration has been developed and shared with county stakeholders at several recent meetings. Feedback from stakeholders was uniformly positive and they look forward to the positive impact the new application will have on their ability to serve children and families.

Deployment of P4 to pilot counties will be conducted prior to the phased roll-out to remaining counties.

The planned high-level functionalities are listed below:

Project 4 Child Services Components



- *Enhancements corresponding to the Release 2 features
- Rel 1 – Release 1 and Rel 2 – Release 2
- Release 3 comprises the CCWIS Exchange Interfaces listed on page 3.

Current Status and Planned Activities

The P4 Child Welfare project team has completed the Fit/Gap Phase of the project and design and development are complete for Release 1. The team is using an Agile Project Management methodology to ensure early county and state stakeholder involvement, adherence to the end users' requirements, and to contain schedule, cost, and scope risks. Our counties and state stakeholders are engaged throughout the design and development of each functionality release and will complete User Acceptance Testing (UAT) in the first two weeks of July prior to release on July 31, 2017. UAT is an opportunity for state office and county staff to test the system prior to pilot county implementations. The status highlights are listed below:

- Joint application design (JAD) activities are a collaborative approach to the design of NC FAST Project 4 that promotes buy-in early in the project through the active participation of state office and county stakeholders. JAD activities for Release 1 are complete and are

continuing for Release 2 with input from the five pilot counties (Franklin, Guilford, Richmond, Rockingham, and Sampson), the seven Group 1 counties (Buncombe, Carteret, Catawba, Chatham, Cleveland, Orange, Rowan), and the State Division of Social Services (DSS).

- The development approach is to use Out of the Box (OOTB) software and incorporate NC-specific policy and process changes, promote ease of use, and integrate functionality across a state-wide system. Leveraging the capabilities of OOTB software reduces the time and effort required to build the NC FAST Project 4 solution. It also minimizes the long-term maintenance of the system as the software vendor continues to invest in the capabilities of the base OOTB software to take advantage of emerging technological advances to serve their global customer base.
- Functional design and development activities are complete for Release 1, and test activities in all four tracks for Release 1 are nearing completion.
- Onsite demonstrations of the working system are continuing as each component is completed.
- Completed initial visits with all five pilot counties: Franklin, Guilford, Richmond, Rockingham, and Sampson. Pilot counties are participating in design activities and software demonstrations.
- Holding monthly status meetings with State DSS leadership and Tri-Chair committee.
- Collaborative design webinars and previews of development work with County and State users are ongoing for Release 2.
- A collaborative web site was posted and shared with pilot and Group 1 counties in December 2016. It serves as a communication hub for all counties during pre-implementation. The URL is <https://ncfasttraining.nc.gov/>. (After login, select Courses>>Child Services.) For a list of counties that have participants signed up to use the Learning Gateway site, see Appendix B.
- The first of two User Checkpoints for Release 1 was held for pilot and Group 1 county representatives in January 2017. The second User Checkpoint was held in May 2017. Details are presented in the section titled “User Checkpoints.” and in Appendices C and D. A User Checkpoint is scheduled for October to review Release 2 functionality. The purpose of the User Checkpoints is to provide counties with early exposure to the system functionality.
- Conducted Pilot and Group 1 planning workshops on March 28-30 and April 11-13.
- Initiated recruiting and onboarding of Project 4 Help Desk staff in preparation for pilot county go-live on July 31. To date, Help Desk staff have been involved in training and user checkpoint activities to gain a detailed understanding of typical user questions and NC FAST functionality. Additional Help Desk staff will be brought onto the project in the coming months as the number of county system users increases and based on an analysis of actual average per-user ticket volumes and trending.

- A project email address and dedicated email service were rolled out in December 2016. All incoming email about Child Services questions and concerns is sent to NCFAST_4_Child_Services@dhhs.nc.gov.
- Continuing to post training materials and project status information on the project collaboration site. Continuing to maintain communications via the project email address. Recent topics include the County Checklist (Readiness), walk-throughs from the demonstrations, graphic printouts of the webinars, and the User Checkpoint Training Manual. Discussion Boards are offered for each topic.
- Sharing the latest information about the rollout of Child Services in NC FAST continues at regional meetings of the NC Association of County Directors of Social Services (NCACDSS) and other stakeholder groups as requested.
- Development has been completed for a document management roadmap; we have agreed upon a solution for statewide document management, leveraging county investments to date. Several meetings and product demonstrations were held with county and state representatives. We assessed the approach that is in the best interests of the state and counties. A solution was chosen in June 2017.

NC Child Welfare ASSIST and NC FAST

NC FAST is coordinating with the Division of Social Services and the Department of Information Technology Government Data Analytics Center (GDAC) to assure that, as the Department begins implementation of Project 4 for Child Services, that data sharing and integration processes are established between the NC Child Welfare ASSIST initiative and the NC FAST system.

Comprehensive Child Welfare Information System (CCWIS)

A Comprehensive Child Welfare Information System (CCWIS) is a case management information system that states and tribes may develop to support their child welfare program needs. If a state or tribe elects to build a CCWIS, the federal government will provide additional funds to help pay for it, as long as the system is designed to support social workers' automation needs to organize and record quality case information about the children and families receiving child welfare services.

- NC FAST already meets more than 50% of the CCWIS requirements with the existing requirements.
- CCWIS compliance will provide federal funding at a 50/50 match rate, as opposed to a match rate that applies a penetration rate
- In December 2016, the Administration for Children and Families (ACF) conditionally approved North Carolina's request for CCWIS funding. The conditions of the approval are based upon the submission of additional information regarding the project plan and automated functions that will be included in NC FAST; this additional information was submitted in March 2017.

- NC FAST Project 4 and ACF have continued discussions with regard to CCWIS funding approval. ACF has requested detailed information before finalizing the approval for CCWIS funding. We are providing additional details that demonstrate CCWIS compliance. A detailed report on CCWIS compliance is being appended to the NC FAST Annual Advance Planning Document for 2017.

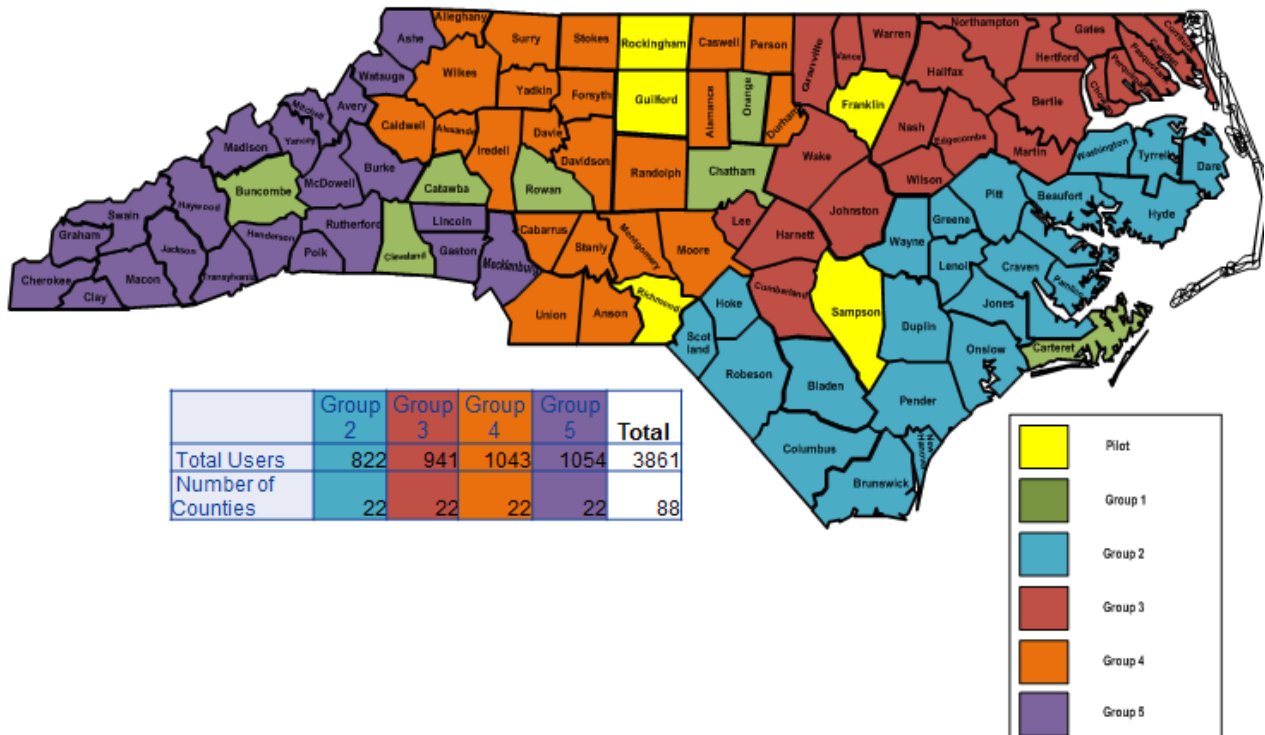
Mobility Update

The project includes delivering an optional mobile solution that will support work outside of county DSS offices:

- The optional mobile Child Welfare Investigator application would support connected or disconnected use (a consideration for rural counties that choose to use it).
- The P4 Project Team conducted market research on mobile applications that would meet product requirements. The counties participated in the technical, business, and usability review.
- In February 2017, the EAC approved the selection of the Diona Mobile Child Welfare Investigator Application as the basis for the optional NC FAST mobile solution. NC-specific configurations and implementation are now underway.

Deployment Plan

- The Deployment Plan has been approved by the Tri-Chairs.
- The Deployment Plan was approved by the Executive Advisory Committee (EAC) on December 16, 2016.
- County-specific feedback and issues will be addressed on a case-by-case basis.
- The case conversion approach was developed by the Project 4 Conversion workgroup and was approved by the EAC on March 17, 2017. The approach employs this strategy:
 - New intake cases created after the go-live date will be keyed into NC FAST.
 - Open out-of-home (i.e., Foster Care) cases that were created in the legacy system will be converted to NC FAST through an automated process and will be maintained on a go-forward basis in NC FAST.
 - Existing open, non-Foster Care cases at go-live (i.e., Open CPS Assessments and In-Home cases) will continue to be maintained in the legacy system(s) until they are closed, or until the start of the ‘Read-Only’ phase of the Child Services Legacy Systems. The Legacy System(s) will be retired one year after the complete roll out of Releases 1 and 2.
- Below is the current planned roll-out by county grouping:



Risks

4) SECTION 12C.1.(c).4 Address any identified issues in developing or implementing the child welfare component to NC FAST and solutions to address those issues.

The project team maintains a formal “Risk Register” of risks and issues affecting the project and reviews those details along with mitigation plans on an ongoing basis. The key risks are noted below.

The approach will be to focus on “Out of the Box” functionality and minimize customizations while trying to achieve a balance between supporting NC specific requirements and minimizing the long-term project cost. We will also focus on providing high value functionalities first and minimizing disruption to county operations.

Risk I: Implementation of NC FAST P4 will have a significant impact on county processes and the way county Child Welfare Social Workers and Supervisors document their cases and manage their work. This is a significant risk based on the lessons learned from previous NC FAST implementations. Today, many county child welfare programs are managed largely from paper case files. Moving to a statewide, integrated case management system will have a major impact on the way social workers document their cases, access information, and complete their required activities. Based on what we learned on previous projects, counties need time to adjust their staff and their processes to the new information system. DHHS and NC FAST need time to work with counties to identify best practices from the pilot county implementation, document these best practices, and share them with other counties before they transition to the new system.

Specific steps to mitigate this risk include having a dedicated team to work with counties to do the following:

- A hands-on test environment was provided to the Pilot counties by June 1. It will be made available to subsequent groups as they get closer to their implementations.
- Encourage staff to become proficient with typing ahead of NC FAST go-live (if they are primarily reliant on hand-written notes today).
- Assess impact of transition to new to-be process flow.
- With endorsement from the pilot counties, employ a phased rollout approach to deploy the system across the state.
- Review job classifications and standardize pay ranges and hiring profiles.
- Establish a staffing model to identify staffing gaps ahead of go-live.
- Ensure maximum staff availability around key deployment milestone dates.
- Conducted pilot and Group 1 planning workshops on March 28-30 and April 11-13.

Risk II: Currently, Child Welfare processes and procedures vary from county to county. Counties may struggle in adapting to the new system unless Child Welfare processes have been standardized and the Division of Social Services has the resource capacity to support counties on the implementation of policy as recommended by the North Carolina Statewide Child Protective Services Evaluation (March 1, 2016). Mitigation steps include:

- A Simplification workgroup has been established with county representation to review and standardize the forms, notices, and requirements.
- All Simplification workgroup activities have been reported up through the Executive Advisory Subcommittee (EAS) and Executive Advisory Committee (EAC) structure and reviewed during monthly status meetings.
- A decision has been made to implement the Cúram component for Structured Decision Making (SDM). This component provides support to Case Workers in the assessment process to determine outcome plan goals.

Risk III: Inadequate supply of technical resources with the required specialized skills may impact the project schedule. NC FAST is proactively identifying other options to mitigate this risk. Mitigation steps include the following initiatives:

- Hire resources with pre-requisite skills and experience in advance, and provide training.
- A Training Plan has been developed to train the current and new resources with pre-requisite qualification.
- Cross training within the team.
- Re-allocation of expert resources from other NC FAST projects.
- Investigating options for recruiting qualified interns and recent NC university graduates.

Risk IV

Policy changes from Federal or State entities may impact the P4 project schedule and budget. Mitigation steps include:

- Assess any policy changes if/when they occur through coordination with the state Division of Social Services (DSS).
- Follow the established Change Request process.
- Changes will be prioritized according to the business objectives of the Project.

County Participation and Involvement

5) SECTION 12C.1.(c).5 The level of county participation and involvement in each phase of the project.

To drive a timely and smooth implementation of NC FAST Project 4, county workers have been involved in planning and readiness preparation from the beginning of the project development lifecycle. This collaborative, transparent approach with county involvement in processes and procedures is based on the Agile Project Management process used commonly in the development of complex information technology systems.

As explained previously, the Agile development approach engages with county stakeholders very early in the requirements confirmation and system design activities. The software is developed incrementally, so that functionality is demonstrated to the county representatives as the system is being built; their feedback helps to shape the design of the system as development and builds continue.

Pilot Go-live Strategy

The NC FAST team has been working closely with the five pilot counties to collaborate on a go-live strategy that considers lessons learned from prior NC FAST implementations and operational considerations in each pilot county DSS office. This approach mitigates deployment risk and allows each pilot county to transition over to use of NC FAST Child Welfare functionality in a way that does not adversely impact ongoing support of families and children in need.

In the period immediately preceding pilot go-live, legacy system data will be converted to NC FAST. This data will primarily consist of person, provider, and central registry data. On Monday, July 31, users in the five pilot counties will log into the system and confirm that their security access is functioning as designed and converted data is available.

On Tuesday, August 1, new referrals of child abuse and neglect will begin to be entered into the system. Existing open Intake, Assessment, and In-home Ongoing cases at go-live will be processed using legacy processes (i.e., non-NC FAST processes) until these cases close through normal events. It is expected that the vast majority of these cases will close in approximately four months.

As new cases progress through their lifecycle in NC FAST and case participants are identified as either victims, perpetrators, or responsible individuals, the only place that this information is captured for these persons is NC FAST. Previously, this information was captured in the Central Registry legacy system. For this reason, the 95 non-pilot counties will need to identify a small number of users to perform searches in NC FAST as part of their case participant background search process to confirm if any case participants have information captured in NC FAST. Conversely, as non-pilot counties identify victims, perpetrators, and responsible individuals in the Central Registry, pilot county staff will have to continue searching the Central Registry to see if updated information is available there. While this is technically “double work”, the searches

can be performed quickly. The need to search both systems will be eliminated when all 100 counties and all child welfare cases are being managed in NC FAST.

Broader inquiry only access to Project 4 NC FAST case data can be provided to appropriate non-pilot county child welfare staff at the discretion of their county leaders. Web-based training is available to assist these persons in the use of the system. This level of access would be provided until the county went live on NC FAST at which point security roles would be changed to allow creation and editing of case data. Audit trails in the system are available to investigate potential instances of inappropriate access to case records maintained in NC FAST. Special protections are provided to sensitive or conflict of interest cases through special functions in the system. These functions are intended to restrict access and viewing of specific cases.

On the weekend of August 19-20, an automated conversion process will establish a “shell” Foster Care case for each open Foster Care case in the pilot counties. Case activities performed on open Foster Care cases from Monday, August 21 onward (e.g., home visits, legal actions, assessments, case notes) will be entered into NC FAST. The conversion of Foster Care cases in mid-August will allow the counties to process county placement reimbursement payments using legacy processes for the month of July. Note: these county Foster Care placement reimbursement payments are made in arrears (July placements are processed in August, August placements are processed in September, and so forth). Pilot county reimbursements for Foster Care placements will be processed using data captured in NC FAST for the month of August in mid-September.

As time goes on from the go-live date, more and more Intakes will be captured in NC FAST and will move through the case lifecycle in NC FAST. Cases open prior to go-live will close as they proceed through their case lifecycle. In this way, counties can smoothly transition from current legacy processes to supporting all their cases in NC FAST in a matter of a few months. This approach was developed in collaboration with representatives from 15 counties. It has received strong support from additional counties as it has been shared across the state.

When a county begins using NC FAST child welfare functionality, there are many resources available to them. A separate NC FAST Help Desk team has been established with agents dedicated to supporting the child welfare program area. This child welfare Help Desk will be available 24/7 to assist county users. A core set of project trainers is also available to provide supplemental training to county staff should they have questions or concerns about specific system functions. The project team can use these trainers to deliver ad-hoc training to supplement the standard core NC FAST child welfare training curriculum. This training can be delivered either in-person or via webinar depending on the expected length of training and audience.

On-site support (OSS) resources are being identified from among the DSS staff in each county. These county DSS staff will receive additional training to supplement the formal NC FAST training curriculum. The supplemental OSS training will focus on troubleshooting scenarios and will be informed based on situations identified during user acceptance testing (UAT) and pre-go-

live testing activities. The advantage of utilizing county DSS staff as OSS resources is that it builds a knowledge base within each county that can be used to help train new county DSS staff well after the system is initially deployed. It also helps to build a core of system expertise in each county.

The NC FAST project team is planning to deploy County Readiness and Training team resources in the pilot counties during the month of August to support the successful transition of the pilot counties to NC FAST. During this period, the project County Readiness liaisons will seek to capture lessons learned from the five pilot counties that can be shared with the other 95 counties to aid in the preparations for their go-live. Additionally, NC FAST is working with the NC Association of County Directors of Social Services to have a pilot lessons learned topic at the upcoming Social Services Institute conference in Hickory in October 2017. It is expected that this will take the form of a panel discussion where representatives from the five pilot counties can share their experiences with the new child welfare functionality with county DSS representatives from across the state.

The NC FAST project leadership team will be in close communication with the leaders in each of the five pilot counties after they go-live. Per the request of the NC Association of County Directors of Social Services, further deployments of the Project 4 system will be subject to the endorsement of the five pilot county directors that the system is ready for further deployments. The NC FAST leadership team has already started work to identify specific objective criteria to be used to assess the readiness of NC FAST to deploy to counties beyond the initial five pilot counties. These criteria will be reviewed with the pilot directors and Association leadership to confirm they are comprehensive and capture an accurate picture of whether the system is ready for further county deployments. It is expected that pilot county director endorsement will be sought in September 2017 so the seven counties in deployment group 1 can prepare for their October 23, 2017 go-live. Results of the pilot director assessment will be shared with the directors across the state.

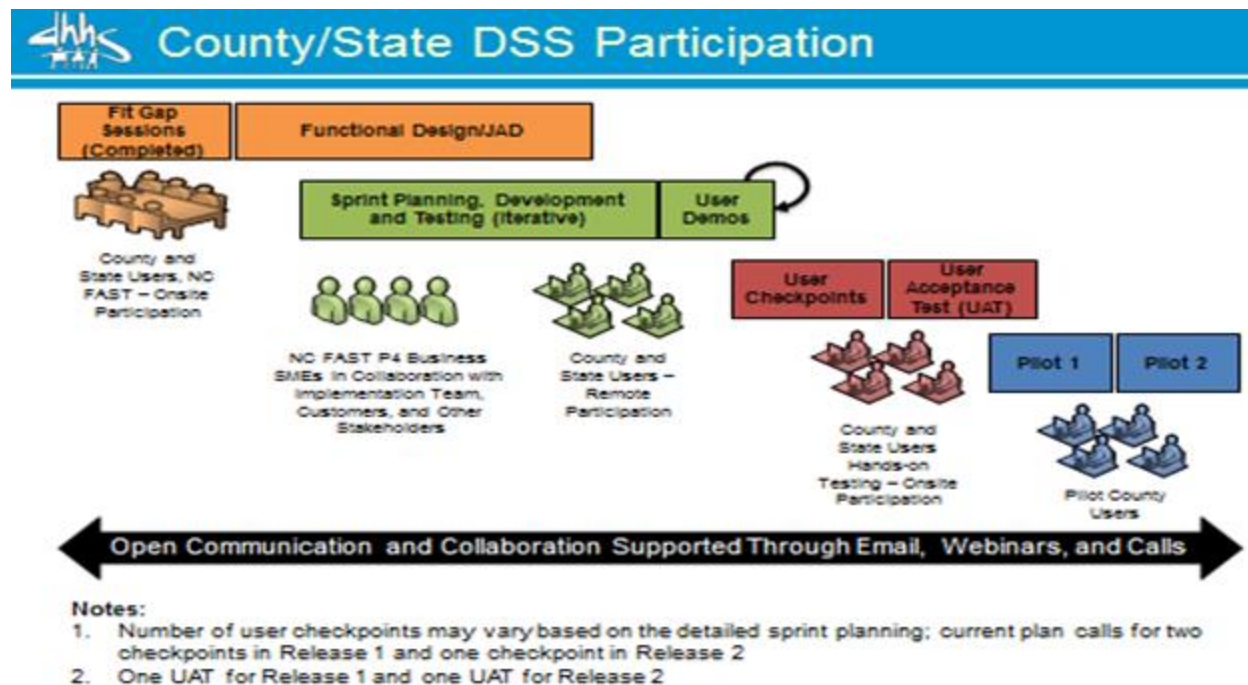
Contingency Planning

If the system encounters significant challenges at go-live, the NC FAST County Readiness team has worked with each of the five pilot counties to perform contingency planning. It is expected that counties would be able to easily revert to legacy forms, systems, and processes should significant challenges be encountered. The project has also performed contingency planning and will be able to help the pilot counties revert to prior processes should circumstances dictate.

It is expected that daily calls will be held between the pilot counties and the NC FAST project team so that clear channels of communication are available and questions and concerns can be quickly addressed. With this approach, contingency measures can be collaboratively developed by all stakeholders. NC FAST County Readiness liaisons deployed on-site in each county at go-live will be able to quickly identify and escalate broad-based issues as soon as they arise – expediting identification and resolution of issues.

Pilot Go-Live Preparations

A successful Project 4 pilot implementation requires considerable planning.



The following describes some of the specific activities leading up to the Project 4 go-live in the pilot counties. Many of these readiness activities will be repeated with the non-pilot counties. In addition to the specific activities listed below, there are ongoing activities that engage the counties on a regular basis. General engagement activities are discussed in the next section.

- July 2017
 - User Acceptance Testing (UAT) performed between July 5-14 will allow pilot county staff the opportunity to validate that the version of NC FAST that goes into production at the end of the month will effectively support child welfare operations in the counties. During UAT, pilot county participants will complete a series of realistic business scenarios in the system using converted data. The project team included time in the UAT schedule to address any defects identified by the UAT participants prior to pilot go-live. Pilot county UAT participants will sign off on UAT results after each phase of UAT testing.
 - Remaining training materials made available to pilot county staff in mid-July (see training note in June 2017 section below).
 - A final Readiness Assessment will be performed in each of the five pilot counties. Note: Three rounds of Readiness Assessments are performed in each county at approximately 30, 60, and 90 days prior to go-live. Results of the Readiness Assessment reviews are shared with pilot and NC FAST project leadership. The Readiness Assessment process reviews the entire breadth of county preparation

- activities (e.g., hardware/network, training, data conversion prep, communication, security, local business processes) and helps to identify specific areas of risk.
- The County Readiness team will work with DHHS and pilot county DSS leadership to confirm NC FAST users. Each user will have a security role configured in the system prior to go-live. For a list of county roles that interact with the project, refer to Appendix F.
 - Non-pilot counties will identify 2-5 staff who will perform searches for victims, perpetrators, and responsible individuals in NC FAST. Each of these county staff will complete a short (<15 minute) eLearning course on performing searches in NC FAST. Each county staff performing these searches will also have security access established in NC FAST to allow them to perform these searches once the pilot counties go-live.
 - NC FAST project team members will gather baseline metrics on pilot county performance that will be used to assess their performance once they go live. Variance from baseline transaction volumes after pilot go-live will be proactively identified and will be investigated to determine the root cause of the variance (e.g., normal business cycle variation, adverse system performance impact). This approach is based on lessons learned gained from previous NC FAST implementations. Metrics will eventually be gathered from all 100 counties and similar monitoring will be performed throughout the statewide deployment to confirm that the system is not having an adverse impact on ongoing county child welfare operations.
- June 2017
 - Initial NC FAST Project 4 training content was made available to pilot counties in mid-June. Additional content will be made available on a weekly basis through mid-July. This will allow all affected pilot county staff to complete required NC FAST training prior to the July 31 go-live. NC FAST training will be supplemented by a hands-on training environment that will allow county staff to explore the new system using a pre-production test environment. Training content will be enhanced based on pilot county feedback and will be kept in sync with changes made to the production system over time. Additional training content will be made available to the counties in late fall 2017 to support implementation of Release 2 system functionality.
 - A “sandbox” training environment was made available to pilot counties in late June. This non-production system environment allows pilot county users to practice the concepts learned in formal training in a non-production training environment. Sample training scenarios have been provided to pilot counties that help to direct use of this environment. Additionally, this environment will allow pilot counties to practice new system work processes (e.g., seeking supervisor approval to screen-in new abuse and neglect referrals) prior to their go-live date.
 - Conducted a survey of pilot county leaders to confirm that the initial set of P4 user security roles would not present any operational challenges for the five counties at go-live.

- NC FAST County Readiness Liaisons complete a 60-day review during June. This is the second of three reviews performed with each county. The table below displays the actual summary results of the 60-day Readiness Assessment in each pilot county. The Readiness Assessment instrument itself is comprised of approximately 70 questions across a variety of topic areas. Responses to each question are captured by the NC FAST Readiness Liaison on the assessment form. Each question is scored “No Concern”, “Requires Attention”, or “Go Live Risk” on a 1-3-5-point scale. For the table below, responses to individual questions in each category are averaged to provide a summary readiness score for each topic area. Color shading is added to provide easier comprehension of the overall results.

As can be seen from the summary results in the table below, the pilot counties are generally in great shape in their readiness for the NC FAST child welfare go-live. Areas requiring attention are documented and are being addressed by each county. The County Readiness team is not aware of any issues in any of the five pilot counties that would be considered a major risk for an on-time, successful deployment of the system.

Status as of	County	Deployment Phase	Staffing	Security	Training	Communication and Change Management	Conversion	Technical	Post-Launch Support	Forms, Reports, Tracking	Mobile	Other Topics
T-60	FRANKLIN	Pilot	1.29	1.29	2.22	1.58	1.58	1.00	1.00	1.67	1.00	2.00
T-60	GUILFORD	Pilot	1.86	1.29	2.50	1.00	1.40	1.00	1.00	1.67	1.00	1.00
T-60	RICHMOND	Pilot	1.29	1.00	2.00	1.40	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.67	1.00	1.00
T-60	ROCKINGHAM	Pilot	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
T-60	SAMPSON	Pilot	1.00	2.14	1.00	1.40	1.00	1.00	3.00	1.67	1.00	1.00

1 3 5

No Concern Requires Attention Go Live Risk

- May 2017
 - The second of three planned User Checkpoint reviews involved approximately 100 participants from 12 counties plus the state office. Three three-day sessions were held May 2-4, May 9-11, and May 16-18. Survey results from the second User Checkpoint participants indicated that over 90% of participants would recommend the session to their peers. Almost 80% of participants were either “Satisfied” or “Very Satisfied” with the checkpoint. Checkpoint summary and checkpoint user feedback is presented in Appendices C and D.

During the checkpoints, Pilot Counties, JAD Counties, and State Office staff were provided with hands-on access to Project 4 functionality in guided training, walkthroughs, and self-paced exploration of the software, using realistic case data. Checkpoints helped county and state office staff establish or clarify expectations for how the system will function. The sessions also provided participants with access to sample training materials.

Because of the checkpoints, stakeholders were given an opportunity to provide feedback on system features and functions, training materials, and key operational impacts early in the project development period. Participant requests for enhancements and suggestions for new functionality were collected and prioritized in debriefing sessions and entered into the software development backlog. NC FAST project leadership is working with the project software development team and IBM, the Cúram packaged software vendor, to develop a strategy to address specific enhancement ideas.

Training materials were updated to incorporate feedback from participant questions and observations. A third round of User Checkpoints will be held in October 2017 to expose stakeholders to preliminary Release 2 system functionality.

- An initial 90-day Readiness Assessment was performed with each pilot county in May. This initial review provided each county with approximately three months of time to address specific areas of concern prior to go-live.
- March - April 2017:
 - In late March and early April, leadership teams from Pilot and Group 1 counties participated in a 3-day Leadership Workshop where detailed information was shared about the system and go-live considerations. Each county developed its own county-specific action plan during the workshop. Counties participating in each session could share thoughts and perspectives on their specific action plans with the other counties in the workshop. This provided an excellent opportunity for cross-county information sharing and collaboration. Ninety-Eight percent of the workshop participants would recommend the session to a peer. Participant satisfaction survey scores from the two Leadership Workshops are found below:

Response	Session 1 (25 responses)	Session 2 (31 responses)
Not Satisfied	0%	0%
Somewhat Satisfied	4%	3%
Satisfied	52%	55%
Very Satisfied	44%	42%

- Town Hall Meetings: After the leadership workshop concluded, County Readiness team members made themselves available to travel to the pilot counties to conduct system demonstrations and information sharing sessions with front line child welfare staff.
- February-March 2017
 - During February and March, pilot counties participated in ongoing design activities and received NC FAST project updates via email messages and briefings at various statewide and regional meetings.
- January 2017
 - The first User Checkpoint involved over 50 participants from 12 counties (including the five pilot counties) plus the state office. Two four-day sessions were held: January 17-20 and January 23-26.
- 2016
 - Visits were made to 14 counties including all five pilot counties to study as-is business processes and practices; a total of 544 business processes have been documented based on these visits. These counties were chosen because of their size (a range of small, medium, and large counties), location (counties in the eastern, western, and central parts of the state), and level of automation (a range of counties from those with no automation, to those with document management only, to those with a county case management system together with a document management system).
 - Introductory Meetings: Between September and November 2016, introductory meetings were held with leaders in each of the five pilot counties to discuss general county readiness activities, roles, and timelines.
- 2015
 - Preliminary week-long visits were made to four counties to gather initial information about the Child Services program. These four counties formed a representative sample of DSS agencies across the state regarding size, current use of automation or paper based processes, existence of a local case management system, and use of the Signs of Safety practice model.

General County Engagement Activities

The following activities are performed on an ongoing basis and are intended to actively engage project stakeholders

- Over 60 staff from eight counties (Buncombe, Carteret, Catawba, Chatham, Cleveland, Richmond, Rowan, and Orange) are involved in the review of business system functions (BSFs) and design activities. Design activities have been expanded to include pilot counties.
- Conducted 2 Joint application design sessions (JADS) (2 sets of 3 Days each), 6 User Demos, 108 User Webinars, and sent 7 customer satisfaction surveys to county participants (ongoing). To see survey results obtained from county participants in on-site JAD sessions, refer to Appendix E.

- Over 70 county staff from 30 counties are involved in eight work groups that report to the Executive Advisory Subcommittee (EAS) and then to the Executive Advisory Committee (EAC).
- In April 2017, seven members of the NC FAST Project 4 leadership team traveled to Buncombe County for a meeting with stakeholders about specific questions that the county had regarding the NC FAST system and its features and capabilities. The NC FAST team saw a demonstration of the Buncombe County legacy case management system and addressed 16 specific county questions and concerns about NC FAST. This meeting was viewed as a productive session by all in attendance.
- Leadership Engagement: Project team members continue to take advantage of existing meetings to share important updates on project activities and conduct system demonstrations. Examples include:
 - East Region DSS Directors' Meeting
 - Central Region DSS Directors' Meeting
 - West Region DSS Directors' Meeting
 - Child Services Committee
 - County DSS Executive Committee
 - Joint State/County Relations Committee
 - Statewide DSS Directors Meetings
 - Child Welfare Section Meetings
 - Most Impacted Counties Meetings
- Demos and Communication Resources: As system functions become available, members of the County Readiness team will document important information and system demonstrations and will make them available via the NC FAST Learning Gateway communication website. To date, eight system demos and two mobility videos have been made available via the Learning Gateway.
- Three surveys have been conducted with all 100 counties to gather information about their current technology.

The user demonstrations, checkpoints, workshops, and user acceptance testing help the county and state users to have early exposure and hands-on experience with the new NC FAST Child Welfare system. Feedback from county participants after the first User Checkpoint is presented in Appendix C, from the second User Checkpoint in Appendix D.

Communication

The NC FAST communication approach encourages open, two-way communication. To support this process, the NC FAST County Readiness team includes County Readiness Liaisons who work together with County Champions and Pilot User Group members to do the following:

- Provide consistent and accurate information to targeted audiences at the proper times through engaging communication materials/resources.
- Employ multiple communication channels (e.g., e-newsletters, collaborative site, presentations, webinars, on-site visits) to share information in a timely manner with project stakeholders.
- Foster the establishment of realistic expectations about the system and related county DSS process changes.
- Define specific approaches to inform target audiences of NC FAST project scope, job/process impacts, and implementation activities and timing.
- Prepare county DSS staff for the impact the new system will have on their jobs, and equip them with the required knowledge, skills, and abilities they will need to effectively use the new system.
- Involve DHHS leadership and county DSS leadership and staff in preparation for the NC FAST implementation and related business processes impacts.
- Coordinate with Public Information Office (PIO) resources assigned to the NC FAST project to craft communications at the state and county level.

Sub-Committees

Sub-Committees under the Executive Advisory Committee (EAC) have been established that meet at least monthly to focus on addressing specific topics. These sub-committees are composed of county, state, and NC FAST project team members to ensure various stakeholder viewpoints are considered. These are the specific committees and their objectives:

- P4 Conversion – To define a strategy to prepare for the migration of active cases into NC FAST. 15 counties have actively participated in defining the P4 conversion strategy.
- Document Management – To provide an overall framework for the security of and access to documents in NC FAST, a statewide document management solution has been established, leveraging county investments to date. Several meetings and product demonstrations were held with county representatives and the state. We assessed the approach that is in the best interests of the state and counties. A solution was chosen in June 2017.
- Simplification – To develop a consistent and standardized method of operating across counties. With county agreement, the committee achieved approximately a 40% reduction in agency forms as part of standardization.
- Mobility – To establish a statewide mobile policy for the optional use of a mobile application, confirming mobile hardware and software standards, and providing counties with guidance about the future of NC FAST mobile computing.
- Security – To define the user security roles required to support Child Welfare operations in small, medium, and large counties.

- Data Governance – To establish how data will be shared across program areas.
- Staffing and Capacity – Developing a tool to help counties forecast staffing and resource needs specific to the NC FAST Project 4 implementation so that they are appropriately staffed once the system goes live.
- SIS Cleanup – In preparation for conversion of child welfare service records to NC FAST, this groups helps counties resolve instances of multiple within-county and cross-county SIS client IDs for individual clients, where multiple instances of the SIS IDs exist.

Potential Challenges

The following challenges have been identified by the NC FAST project leadership team. These challenges are being actively mitigated by the project team and the county DSS stakeholders as we work towards the pilot go-live in late July. The categories below refer to the system component; readiness refers to the NC FAST team responsible for county readiness; and conversion means moving historic data into NC FAST.

Challenge	Category	Potential Impact	Mitigation
Assessments completed within the assessments portion (safety assessment, risk assessment, Strengths and Needs, etc.) should carry over to Ongoing cases	System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • County staff would have to recreate the assessments from scratch when the case progresses from the CPS stage to the ongoing stage of its lifecycle 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assessments created during the CPS stage of the case are still viewable • Exploring system enhancement to address the situation
Portions of the Structured Intake tool have a linear navigation path which may present challenges for Intake staff when they are capturing referral information from reporters (someone reporting an issue with a child).	System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential frustration for the reporter and the caller due to the structured way in which some of the Intake information needs to be captured • Potential to slow down the Intake process or cause important information to be omitted 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provided a free-form note taking field in the “Smart Panel” which is available throughout the Structured Intake tool to allow the worker to capture important call details if they are provided out of the sequence data is captured on the screens • Exploring system enhancements to provide enhanced screen navigation options

Challenge	Category	Potential Impact	Mitigation
Intakes requiring approval are routed to the immediate supervisor for approval. This creates challenges when the direct supervisor is not available	System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential confusion as the covering supervisor will not see the Intake approval in their list of assigned system tasks • Potential to slow down the approval process 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intake workers can provide the Intake case ID to the covering supervisor and the covering supervisor can search for the Intake and perform the approval • Enhance the system to create an Intake work queue that multiple supervisors can access – target Release 2
In the event an Investigator has been sent out to check on a case before the Supervisor has approved the "Submitted" intake, the Investigator must have the capacity to upload documents to the case even though the Supervisor has yet to approve (in particular, Risk Assessment or Safety Assessment).	System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential to slow down the process as CPS workers cannot update the case until the Intake is approved • Confusion about the status of case information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CPS Supervisors can approve the Intake • Work with counties to confirm that local business processes expedite review and approval of Intake decisions
When creating a New Case Log narrative, a save button should be added to avoid timing out and losing the inputted information. Another option could be to include a mechanism for the system to recognize typing as an activity and prevent timing out. Additionally, add an Alert-Warning for when the system is going to Time Out soon.	System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential loss of case narrative information if system times out during entry (e.g., worker stops in the middle of creating a case narrative to attend to other matters and the system times out after 30 minutes) • Worker frustration and time expended recreating the case narrative 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explore options for how NC FAST can be enhanced to limit the risk of case time-outs that may result in the loss of case narrative information prior to Save action.
Ongoing case - have a way to differentiate whether case is in home or out of home on the home page as opposed to clicking around the tabs.	System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential confusion in counties that have separate teams responsible for in-home and out-of-home ongoing cases 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enhance NC FAST to display placement status on case listings which will clearly differentiate among the two placement types

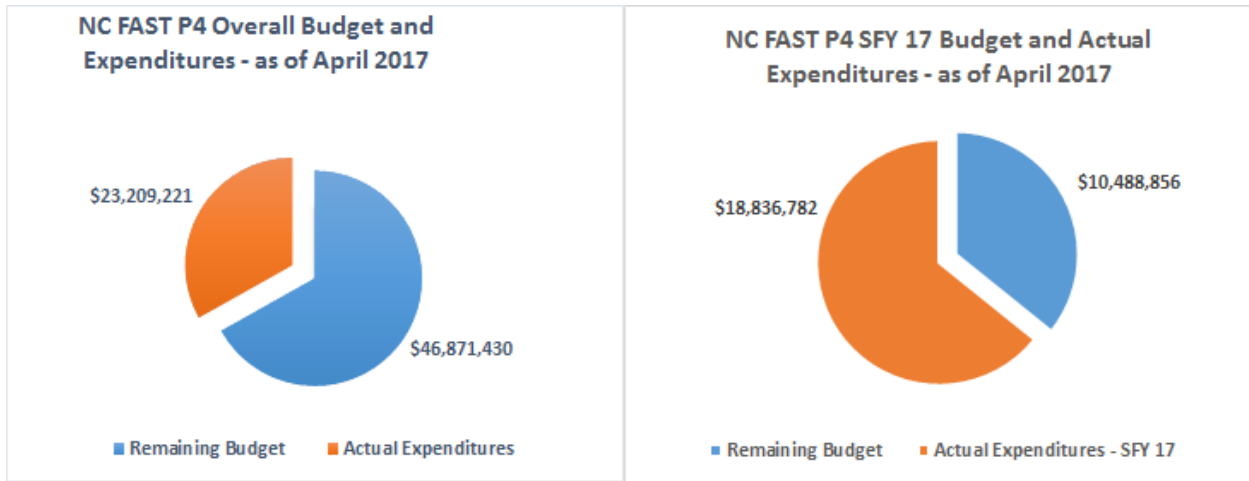
Challenge	Category	Potential Impact	Mitigation
<p>NC FAST security roles may not align to the division of responsibilities for staff in the counties</p>	<p>Readiness</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • County staff may not have appropriate system access to perform their required duties • Switching security roles for individual users through the day to allow performance of job duties may slow down county operations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gather specific use cases from county stakeholders • Enhance planned NC FAST security strategy to provide flexibility required by county stakeholders
<p>Separate legacy county document management systems may present challenges sharing information between counties</p>	<p>Readiness</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gathering paper documentation may delay providing information to county receiving case transfer • Time expended exporting documents out of one document management system and importing it into a different county's document management system 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establish a statewide document management system • Promote use of basic document attachment functionality present in the baseline Cúram software product as an interim solution until statewide document management system is deployed
<p>County business processes may not be fully aligned to new NC FAST system</p>	<p>Readiness</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • County case processing may be slowed down as counties figure out how to adapt to new system 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure every county attends a Leadership Workshop where system impacts on county operations are discussed in detail • Monitor county process readiness through the 30, 60, 90-day Readiness Assessment process • Leverage non-production "sandbox" environment as a method to test local county business processes prior to actual system deployment

Challenge	Category	Potential Impact	Mitigation
County staff may not have completed training prior to go-live	Readiness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • County DSS staff are not prepared to perform required job functions at go-live • Potential user frustration, confusion, and resistance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor training completion reports on a weekly basis; follow up with individual workers • Work with counties individually to ensure staff complete required training prior to go-live
County legacy data may not be cleansed prior to go live (e.g., resolving person matches, marking closed cases as closed in the legacy systems)	Conversion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Duplicate person or case records being created at go-live • Time required by county staff after go-live to clean up duplicate persons or records 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Run multiple mock conversions prior to go-live to identify and resolve potential issues • Monitor pre-conversion data cleansing reports to ensure counties are making appropriate progress in data cleansing activities; follow up with counties as appropriate if sufficient progress is not being made

Budget and Expenditures

SECTION 12C.1.(c).5 Any budget and expenditure reports, including overall project budget and expenditures, and current fiscal year budget and expenditures. Overall Budget and Expenditures: Current Fiscal Year (SFY 17) Budget and Expenditures:

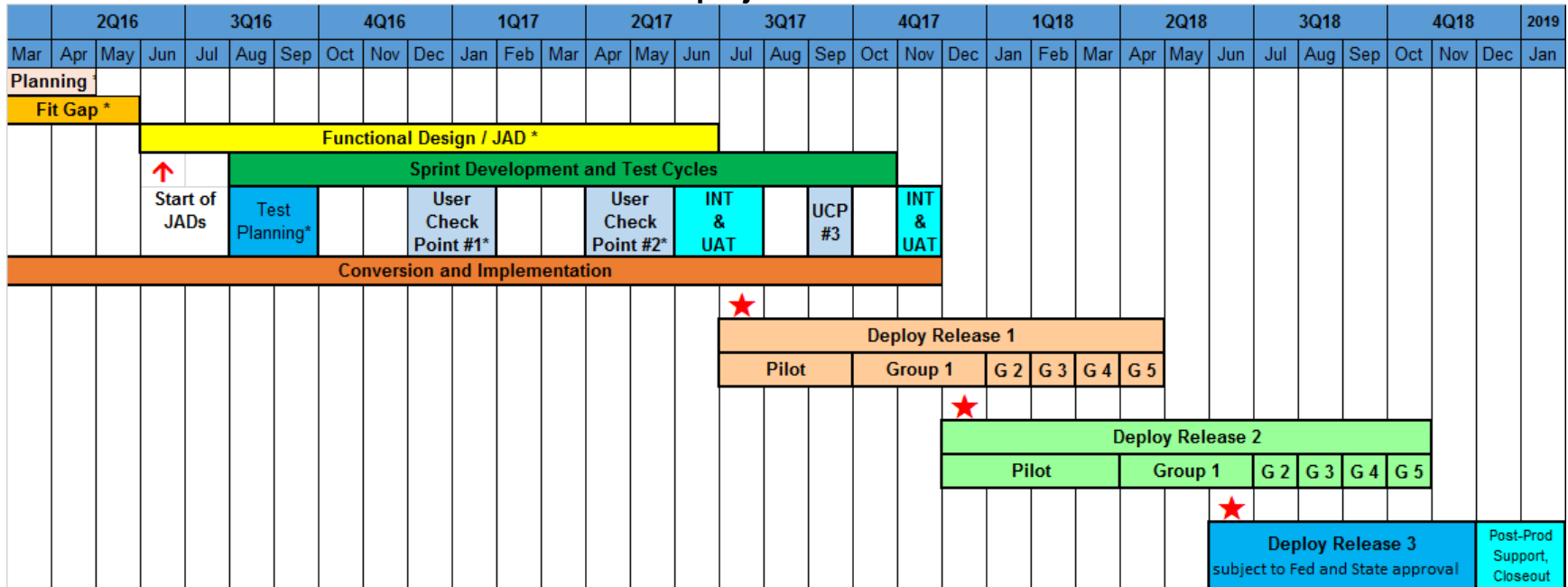
Overall Approved Budget	Remaining Budget	Actual Expenditures	Approved Budget - SFY 17	Remaining Budget	Actual Expenditures - SFY 17
\$70,080,650.72	\$46,871,430	\$23,209,221	\$29,325,637.53	\$10,488,856	\$18,836,782



1. Expenditures as of April 2017 are understated because contractor payments are reflected only through January 2017
2. .
3. The overall approved budget does not include funding requested through SFY 17-19 expansion.

APPENDIX A

The chart below shows the revised timeline of the project:



APPENDIX B

Learning Gateway Participation by County



APPENDIX C

User Checkpoint Summary



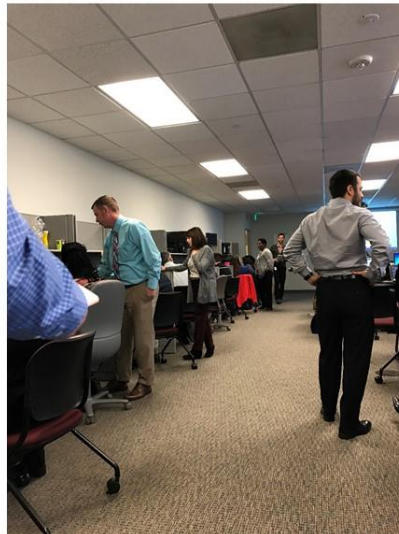
Project 4 User Checkpoint 1 Summary

For Discussion Purposes Only

January 31, 2017

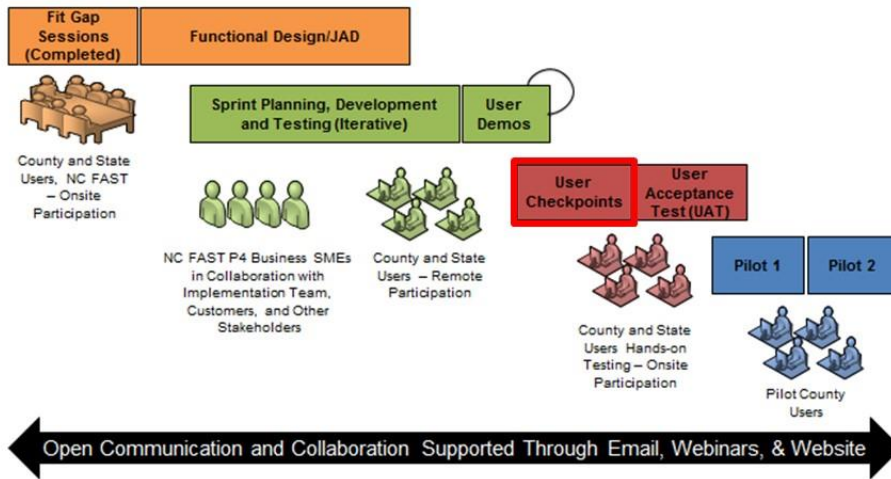


- User Checkpoint Overview
- Participant Quotes
- Participant Survey Results Summary
- Enhancement, Defect, and Participant Question Summary



Slide 2

NC Communication and Collaboration



The User Checkpoint is one step in a larger process of stakeholder engagement

Slide 3

NC User Checkpoint Purpose

- Provide Pilot County, JAD County, and State Office staff with an opportunity to get “hands on” with Project 4 functionality
- Help county and state office staff establish or clarify expectations for how the system will function
- Provide stakeholders with an opportunity to provide feedback on system features and functions, training materials, and key operational impacts early in the project development period
- What it is not: A formal approval point for system functionality and operation – that is the purpose of User Acceptance Test (UAT)



Slide 4

NC User Checkpoint Participants



The User Checkpoints involved over 50 participants from 12 counties plus the state office. Two four-day sessions were held: January 17-20 and January 23-26.

Slide 5

NC User Checkpoint Agenda

Agenda:

- Day 1:
 - Kick-off
 - Intake Demo and Walkthrough
 - Intake Practice
 - CPS Demo and Walkthrough
- Day 2:
 - CPS Practice
 - Ongoing Case Management Demo and Walkthrough
 - Self-Paced Exploration
- Day 3:
 - Self-Paced Exploration
 - Training Debrief
 - Readiness Debrief
- Day 4:
 - Self-Paced Exploration

User Checkpoint feedback will be shared with project stakeholders at the conclusion of the event.

System demos will be developed based on key system functions included in the scope of the Checkpoint activity.



Slide 6



Participant Quotes

During the User Checkpoint, participants were asked to respond to three open-ended questions based on their experience using the new system. The following are all participant quotes received during the User Checkpoints. None have been edited other than to add emphasis to portions of statements.

NC User Checkpoint Participant Quotes

*"Very helpful that provided a broad and very detailed perspective of NC FAST CWS. Provides opportunity to tease out issues along the way. **This will make the program more efficient in the future.**"*

*"Overall, the check point was helpful. The demos were beneficial and I appreciated the brevity since **I feel ultimately what will be crucial is hands on individual experience with the system.**"*

*"I feel more confident and positive about the system overall. I appreciate that design/development changes suggested in IAD and sprint meetings have been taken into account and applied to the system. **The fact that so many fields prepopulate is awesome.**"*

"Excited about how its going to impact NC and agency in our ability to protect children. All workers need to be accessing NC FAST now to understand its functionality."

"I am excited about the technology coming to NC. It is going to do so much to aid child welfare and better serve NC's children and families."

*"The checkpoint has been very helpful in preparing for our 'go live' date. **There were several people that offered support to make our experience with NC FAST a positive and effective one.**"*

Slide 5

NC User Checkpoint Participant Quotes

"NC FAST will be a very large and complicated system until you spend time browsing, but it is moving towards making the child welfare system more easily manageable for all the workers."

"Excited because it will make my job easier, and nervous because of implementation, archive, mobility option and what my county will do in terms of repositories and mobility apps."

"More confident in the system and what it can do for me and the county overall."

"Complex. The system is complex, but so is our job. It'll be worth it in the end and will eventually be easy to do – just like when you first start any job – it's hard until you get the hang of it."

"I am excited to learn more and start using NC FAST."

"Easy to use once you have the training. Information is easily accessed. The system appears to have capabilities to truly enhance child welfare services."

Slide 6

Note: The survey received 108 comments from 36-38 respondents. The complete body of comments can be shared upon any request sent to NCFAST_4_Child_Services@dhhs.nc.gov

NC Participant Survey Results

Based on the system functionality developed at this point, did the User Checkpoint Session increase your knowledge on how NC FAST works?

Overall, participants felt the Checkpoint **increased** their knowledge of NC FAST.

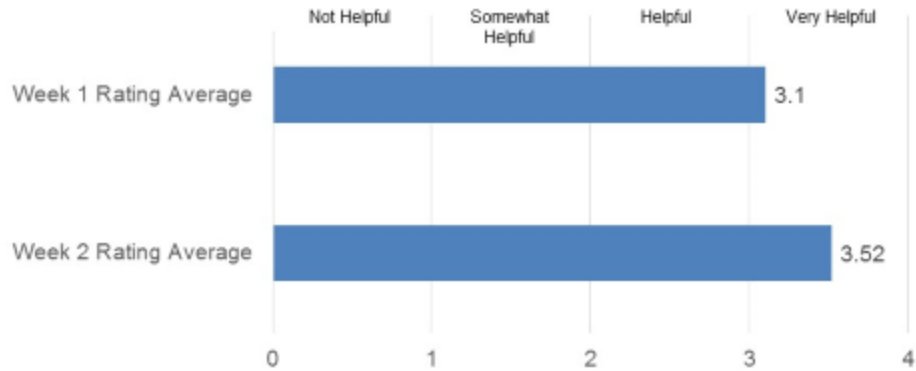
Rating Category	Week 1 Rating Average	Week 2 Rating Average
No Increase	0.00	0.00
Some Increase	0.00	0.00
Increased	2.95	3.48
Significantly Increased	0.00	0.00

Slide 7

NC Participant Survey Results

How helpful were the Training Materials?

Training Materials were clearly a **helpful** set of tools for the participants.

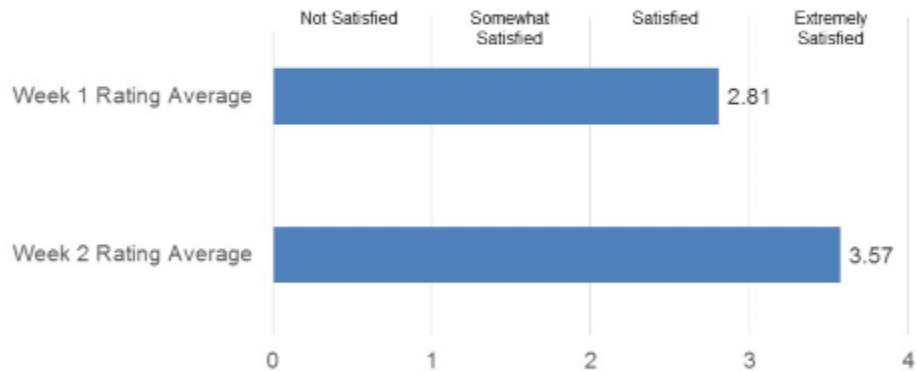


Slide 8

NC Participant Survey Results

How satisfied were you with the User Checkpoint?


Overall, the respondents seem to be **very satisfied** with the User Checkpoint.



Slide 9

APPENDIX D

User Checkpoint #2 Summary




NC FAST
North Carolina Families Accessing
Services through Technology

Project 4 User Checkpoint 2 Summary

For Discussion Purposes Only

May 24, 2017



North Carolina
Department of
Health & Human Services



Participant Feedback

During the User Checkpoint, participants were asked to respond to open-ended questions based on their experience using the system. The following are select participant comments received from the User Checkpoint survey. None have been edited.

NC What was the most beneficial part of the system?

"Having access to case work, voice to text [on the tablet app] is awesome."

"Cutting out the Paper trail if the system links correctly and uploads correctly as designed. Seeing history from other counties."

"Ability to view the record and follow along with the case progress."

"Having a statewide system to be able to see client's CPS history or current cases to help with decisions in our own county that pertains to screening reports, making case decisions or going to court. Also help in approving people for kinships/home studies/etc."

"See [case data] from Intake on [through the life of the case]."

"Enhanced Statewide Communication; Increased ability to make informed decisions with families with consideration to comprehensive history of CPS involvement and services."

"Accessibility to the information in the field. Having all the information in one place."



What was the most beneficial part of the system?

"There are multiple factors that will be beneficial once the system is in place and all of the kinks are worked out. Being able to see all data is going to help."

"All [case] information will be available within the system. Communication with other counties."

"Ability to complete in the field [using the mobile app]."

"Creating Out of Home service agreements."

"Organizing work, making information easier to share and view, the system will write court reports!!!"

"The Intake process."

"Being able to see records that are all formatted the same way. Being able to view documents from other counties quickly without having to request them."

Slide 4



What was the most beneficial part of the system?

*"Possibility of a state-wide system, possibility of having critical data shared throughout the state."
(mentioned multiple times)*

"The ability to access notes from other counties when completing assist request."

"The flow of the way NC FAST works similar to economic services."

"Being able to have multiple case tabs open without losing what you were working on."

"How to navigate through the system. I like the idea of having a desk reference in how to navigate."

"Ability to access information from other counties and have an integrated system. Having all the data in one system."

"Data that will be available to me and our leadership once we are fully functional and all service areas are in."

Slide 5



What was the most beneficial part of the system?

"Being able to use mobile apps while I am in the field. Not having to shuffle so many papers is great."

"It will contain (if/when entered correctly) a large amount of data. It will assure that all counties keep the same info in the same manner."

"Having one area where all court hearings are listed with the outcome and related order attached."

"The iPad will be essential in helping those out in the field to take live notes and put them directly into the case itself as well as live pictures of documents and injuries as well, which will in turn save every county a lot of money due to workers not have to use as much paper and/or time to keep up with their documentation and as we all know that time is money."

"Love the contact logs, like the mobile app."

"A system to organize case material and review tasks such as Structured Decision Making (SDM) tools."

Slide 6



What part of the system will be most challenging?

*"Navigating through the system."
(mentioned multiple times)*

"Learning the processes and the right wording for interaction in the system." (mentioned multiple times)

"Knowing the process of each activity."

"The one piece that is still unclear is how to create dictation logs and keeping them in one place.. maybe this is already factored in, and I am still unclear."

"Navigating the fields due to having to complete multiple steps to do one item."

"There's a lot of ways to enter information. Could some of these areas be combined? I could see workers entering information in the wrong areas."

Slide 7



What part of the system will be most challenging?

"Using the system. This will take some time and work to be more familiar with the system."

"Navigation around from place to place and understanding where you need to go for what."

"Entering new case data into system. Troubleshooting problems."

"Getting everyone trained and having the ability to show everyone how to do this in a process and a timely manner. Working in the system easily for those who have not seen it at all. Some that are not so tech savvy may have issues."

"There is no flow to the system after you add an Intake. The tabs are all over the place and hard to find. The Intake is easier, for when you finish the first tab, you go to the next. This would be the most logical thing to do for people out in the field/counties."

"Family In Home services being "combined" with Foster Care; specifically narratives/case logs. A lot of "places" to house data/attachments makes it difficult to easily access the records; must search through multiple parts of the system (instead of just pulling from entire system and reviewing)."

Slide 8



What part of the system will be most challenging?

"Learning the many different screens. There is a lot of clicking required to enter information. I think there is a learning curve and will take a while for others to use the functions within the system to learn to instinctively use the keys. Not sure that we have time to do this as we are a Pilot County."

"Having on going and out of home together, having the case plans not under one tab and having to go to several tabs to create one document, not being able to be notified if a new report comes in on an open in home case, having to register people that should have been registered already or not being able to group them together."

"Having to scan required signature forms and key these forms in system, searching intakes from different workers because there is no Intake work queue."

"Getting used to the system, and training. There are too many tabs and places where things can get lost. It is also going to be very concerning that when you are trying to do quick research, you can't tell the difference between In Home and Foster Care cases."

Slide 9

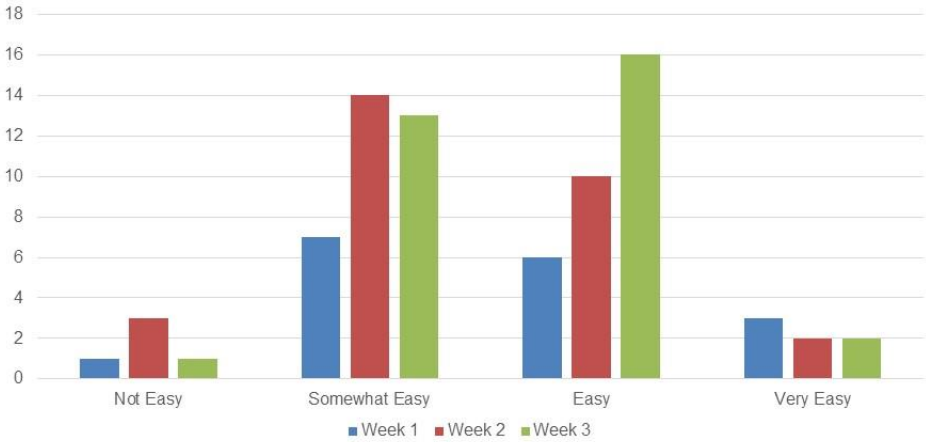


Participant Survey Results Summary

NC Participant Survey Results

How helpful were the Training Materials?

Training Materials were a **helpful** set of tools for the participants.

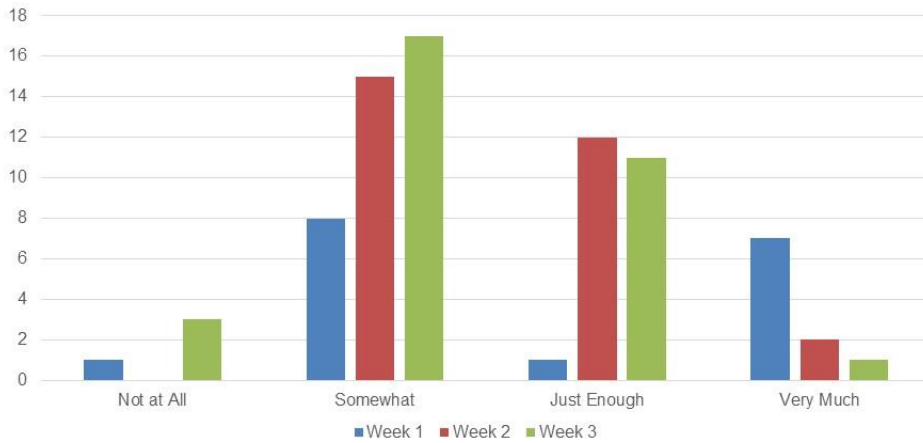




Participant Survey Results

Did the training materials help you increase your understanding of the system?

Based on the feedback on the Training Materials and the participants' responses, the Checkpoint benefited from draft Training Materials.



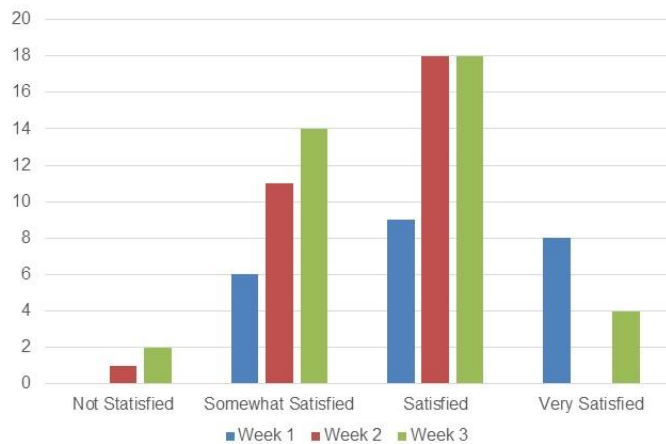
Slide 12



Participant Survey Results

How satisfied were you with the User Checkpoint?

Overall, the respondents seem to be **satisfied** with the second User Checkpoint.



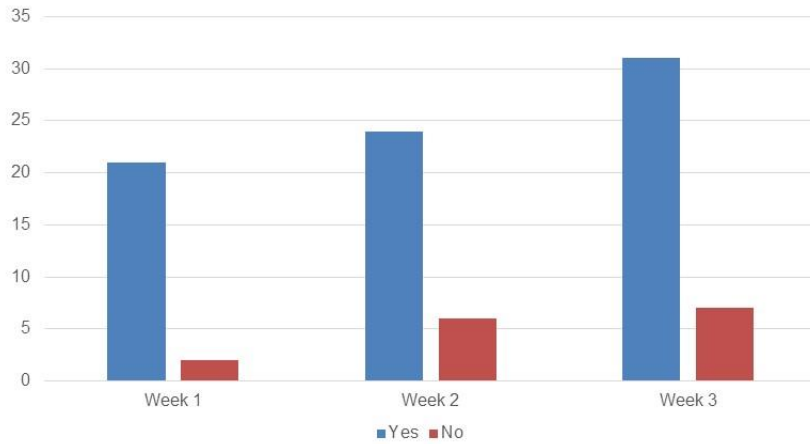
Slide 13



Participant Survey Results

Would you recommend the User Checkpoint Sessions to other colleagues?

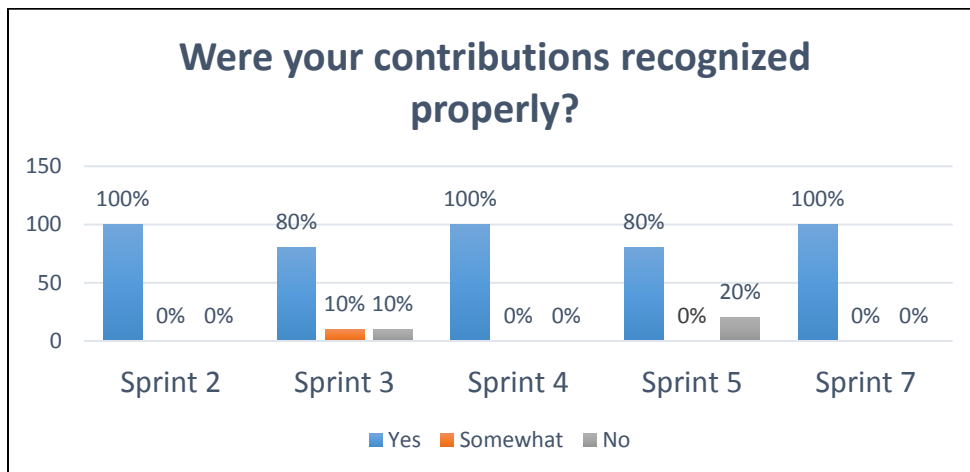
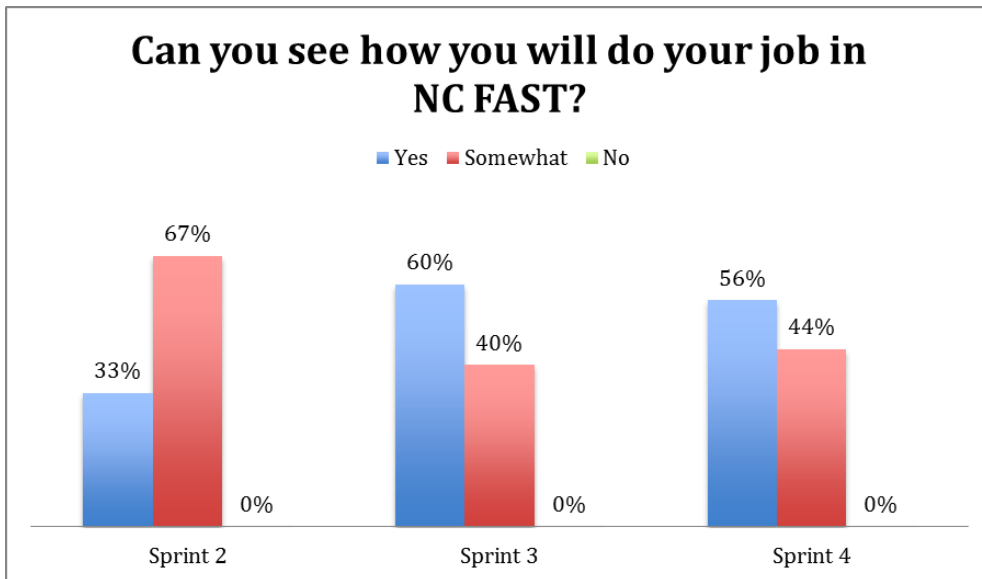
84% of respondents would recommend attending the User Checkpoint Sessions to their colleagues.



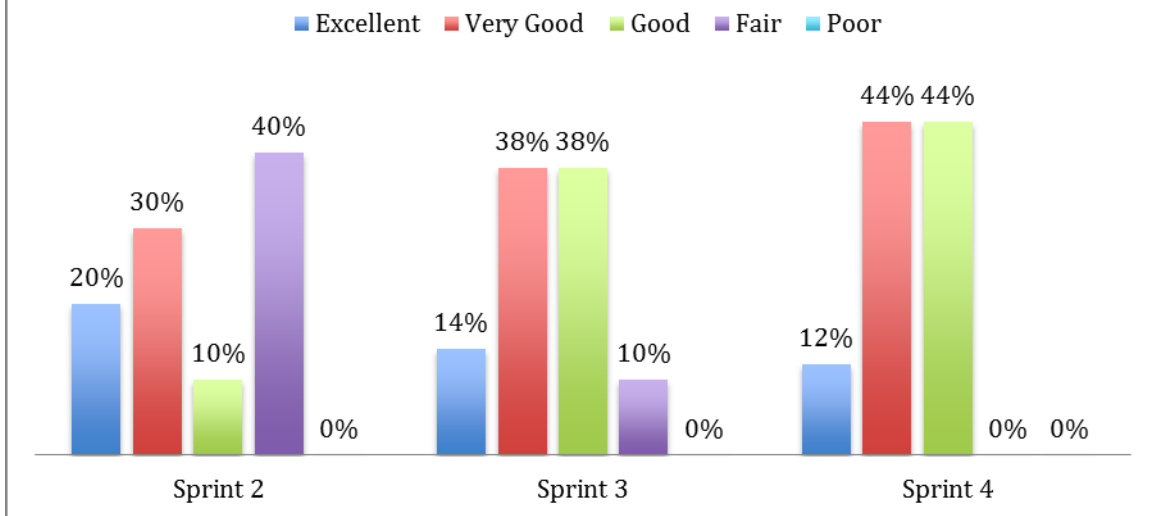
Slide 14

APPENDIX E

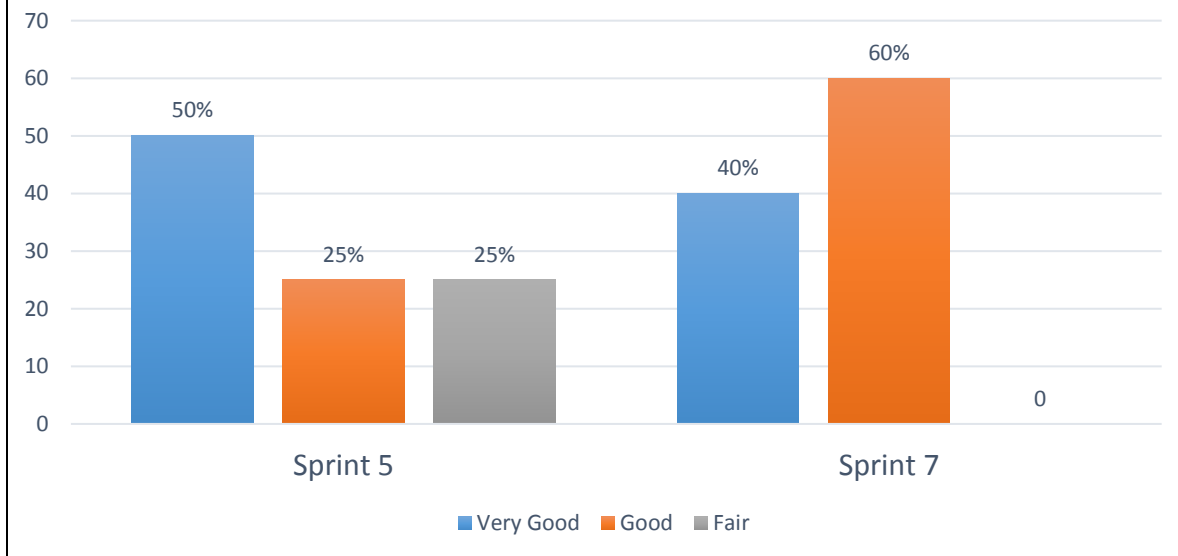
A sprint is a 4-6-week period of work organized towards reaching a set of goals. Each sprint produces workable software. Each sprint also builds on the work of the previous sprints, adding features or new capabilities to what was created previously. The results of each sprint are evaluated by County Participants in JAD sessions. They participate in a demonstration of the software created in each sprint and provide feedback to the development team. These are results from County/State DSS Survey from previous JAD sessions and demonstrations:



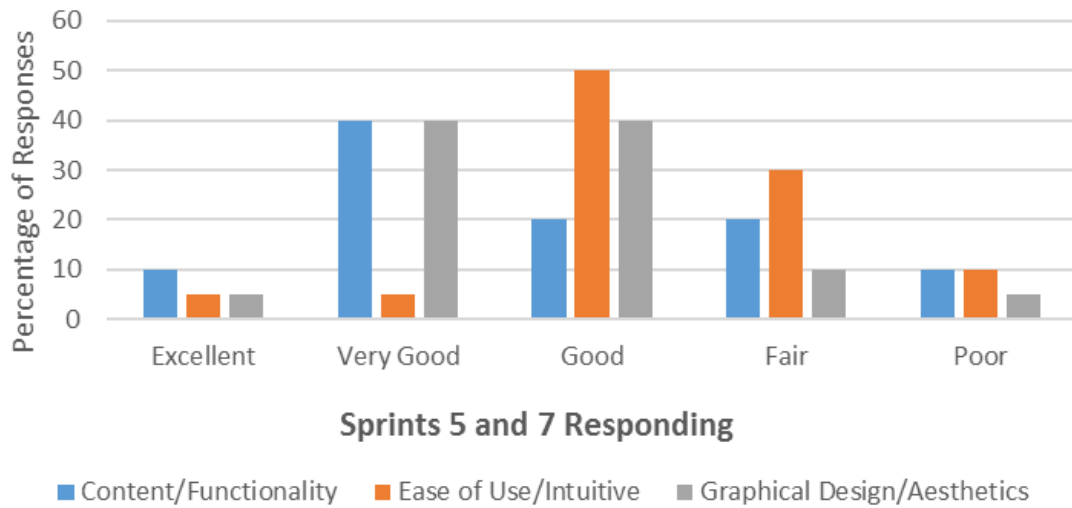
How would you rate your overall satisfaction?



Overall, how would you rate the Sprint?



Rate the Application on these three qualities:
Content, Ease of Use, Aesthetics



Appendix F

NC FAST Implementation Roles and Responsibilities

Role	Team	Description	Responsibilities
Project Leadership	DHHS, IBM, Accenture, County Directors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> These team members include: Members of the Executive Advisory Committee (EAC) Members of the Executive Advisory Subcommittee (EAS) NC FAST Project Management Office (PMO) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Responsible for managing required aspects of the Implementation Continually gather status and monitor progress related to Implementation activities Manage issue resolution
Implementation Team Leadership	DHHS, Accenture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitor and coordinate overall implementation readiness activities within each county across all system releases Provide assistance in completing readiness assessments and county go-live procedures Provide leadership and assistance to the County Champions and County Readiness Liaisons as necessary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plan and guide the overall Project 4 implementation in each county Develop and maintain the implementation strategy and associated work products (i.e., County Readiness Presentations, County Readiness Assessment Checklist and Tracking Log) Manage the implementation activities across Architecture & Infrastructure, Application Development, Training, Business, and Conversion teams Confirm integration and synchronization across the project teams Coordinate the resources supporting the deployment of NC FAST at each county DSS office Monitor the completion of activities across the counties Track issues and resolutions
County Readiness Liaisons	DHHS, Accenture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NC FAST County Readiness team members will be assigned one or more counties from each of the implementation phases They will guide these counties through the readiness process and promote a successful NC FAST implementation in each of their assigned counties 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Serve as primary point of contact for County Champions in each county during deployment and funnel status, questions, and issues to the project team Review NC FAST deployment communications and be familiar with deployment schedules Deliver presentations and system demonstrations to county staff Encourage participation in NC FAST activities by all levels of county staff and leadership Work cooperatively with the NC FAST Conversion team to resolve issues as they arise Assume responsibility for an overall successful activation/installation of NC FAST for assigned counties

Role	Team	Description	Responsibilities
County Champions	County DSS Office	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A County Champion will be identified from each county by the County Director, as a key point of contact with the NC FAST team. County Champions are a critical component to the success of NC FAST; the County Readiness team will work with each County Director to confirm County Champions identified have the necessary skills to fulfill the role. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Serve as a primary point of contact with NC FAST project team; performs oversight of county specific installation and implementation readiness tasks, participants in issue resolution and coordinates with other appropriate county resources to complete tasks. Deliver Implementation communications to the appropriate county staff (prior to, during, and after go-live). Escalate appropriate Implementation risks/issues to County Readiness Liaisons and/or Project County Readiness team. Participate in creating and monitoring assigned county's Implementation Readiness Checklist. Identify and address gaps resulting from the Implementation Readiness Checklist. Participate and complete NC FAST training. Assist in identifying training facilities and validating the availability of facilities and equipment. Support, monitor, manage, and enforce the NC FAST training requirements in the county. Help coordinate and provide on-site support for end users during NC FAST deployment. Coordinate county activities identified as a result of Readiness Workshops. Be a champion of the NC FAST project and support change within the county.
County Technical Champion	County Government	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coordinates with County Champion and County Director to confirm that county DSS hardware, network, and software are ready for NC FAST deployment to the county. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Serve as technical point of contact to the NC FAST Implementation team; performs oversight of county technical readiness tasks, participates in issue resolution and coordinates with other appropriate county resources to complete tasks. Escalate appropriate technical readiness risks/issues to County Champion and County Readiness Liaison. Identify and address gaps resulting from the Implementation Readiness Checklist review meetings. Be a champion of the NC FAST project and support change within the county.
NC FAST Help Desk	O&M - Help Desk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary Help Desk to support pilot and phased roll-outs of NC FAST. Will have a dedicated team of NC FAST Help Desk agents for Project 4. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide ongoing technical support, troubleshooting steps, fixes, and enhancements as needed for the county users. Participate in NC FAST testing activities, as appropriate. Investigate and resolve issues within the NC FAST application as they are identified. Escalate issues as needed to Level 3 Help Desk for support and resolution. Escalate appropriate issues to Project Management.
Pilot User Group	N/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A group of five counties who provide input to the NC FAST project team on a variety of items based on their experience with the new system. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prioritize defects and system enhancements. Review and comment on project approaches. Serve as a communication conduit to the counties (both disseminating information and soliciting input from non-pilot counties) where appropriate.