

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP  
OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND COMPLIANCE**

*As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022*

*And Report of Independent Auditor*

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
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## Report of Independent Auditor

To the Board of Directors  
Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina, Inc.  
Raleigh, North Carolina

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina, Inc. (the "Organization"), a component unit of the state of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Organization as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern within one year of after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Governmental Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Emphasis of Matter***

As discussed in Note 2A, the financial statements of the Organization are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position that are only attributable to the transactions of the Organization. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the state of North Carolina as of June 30, 2022, or the changes in its financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

**Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

**Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2022, on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of our audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in dark ink that reads "Cheryl Bekaert LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Raleigh, North Carolina  
August 29, 2022

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

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**Financial Highlights**

As management of the Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina, Inc. (the "Organization" or "EDPNC"), we offer the readers of the Organization's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Organization as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information we have furnished in the Organization's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

**Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the Organization exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$5,715,556 (net position).
- The Organization increased its total net position \$842,643 from prior year.
- Private fundraising revenues for the fiscal year were \$1,252,461.
- As of the close of the fiscal year ("FY"), the Organization's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$5,672,157. Approximately 56.84% of this total amount, or \$3,223,932, is available for spending at the Organization's discretion (unassigned fund balance) and will be a resource for strategic initiatives, such as those mentioned within the organizational highlights section of this analysis. The nonspendable fund balance in the amount of \$430,737 is related to prepaid items that will be recognized in FY 2023. The assigned fund balance in the amount of \$2,017,488 represents amounts to be used for tourism development activities.

**Organizational Highlights**

Economic development in North Carolina began to shrug off the effects of the pandemic in FY2022. EDPNC launched new marketing campaigns, won major business investments that lead to record job and investment announcements, and spurred on a rebound of the tourism industry. The organization's core mission remained intact – to advance the economic interests of North Carolina's 100 counties and 10 million plus residents by recruiting new business operations to the state, supporting existing employers, helping companies increase international sales, counseling small-business startups and promoting the state as a tourism destination.

In FY 2022, the EDPNC, working in tandem with local and state partners including the Governor's office, North Carolina Department of Commerce, and local economic development organizations, helped close deals on 173 business recruitment and expansion projects resulting in the announcement of 30,546 new jobs in North Carolina and \$13.25 billion in investment. Among other highlights, this included the announcement of a 7,500-job, \$4 billion investment by VinFast in a new EV battery and automotive OEM facility in Chatham County; the location of a new 1,750-job, \$1.3 billion EV battery facility in Randolph County; a 1,761-job, \$500 million manufacturing facility for Boom Supersonic in Guilford County; and additional investments in North Carolina's life sciences sector by Eli Lilly (589 jobs, \$939 million) in Cabarrus County and Thermo Fisher Scientific (290 jobs, \$154 million) in Pitt County. The state ranks each of North Carolina's 100 counties based on economic well-being, with a Tier 1 county the most distressed, Tier 2 in the middle, and Tier 3 the least distressed. 128 of the 173-business recruitment and expansion deals occurred in Tier 1 and 2 counties, and those projects are expected to create 16,618 new jobs and over \$5.25 billion in investment.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

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**Organizational Highlights (continued)**

At the beginning of FY2022, EDPNC launched *All in North Carolina*, a national advertising campaign focused on increasing awareness and choice of North Carolina as the best place for businesses – and workforce talent – to locate and thrive. The campaign's central message emphasizes the diversity of place, people, and industries that our state offers. The campaign is expected to generate additional business recruitment opportunities in coming years, adding to an already robust pipeline.

EDPNC's existing industry expansions managers, who support businesses already operating in the state, are the local face of the EDPNC, particularly in rural counties. These managers, each assigned to support businesses within their respective multicounty regions, routinely visit businesses to help them identify and overcome barriers to growth. The existing industry managers not only connect companies to workforce development and other resources, they also support often smaller businesses when it's time to launch an expansion. In FY 2022, the team supported 1,127 existing businesses across North Carolina, including 855 companies in Tier 1 and Tier 2 counties.

Through its toll-free line, email and web submissions, EDPNC's Small Business Advisors help entrepreneurs understand the licenses, permits, and other requirements for establishing a business in the state. They also support small businesses by providing information on grants, loans and other resources. Over the course of the year, the team responded to over 17,200 requests for information and support with a 98% customer satisfaction rating.

Because North Carolina's exports of goods and services support more than 400,000 jobs across the state, the EDPNC is deeply committed to helping businesses expand their overseas markets. In FY 2022, the EDPNC's international trade managers and foreign offices assisted 574 companies with exporting, and those businesses reported nearly \$1 billion in foreign sales connected to EDPNC support. The assistance included providing market intelligence and strategies, product analysis, distributor searches, and support at trade shows and trade missions.

Government mandated restrictions and a sharp decline in demand for travel, food, and accommodations in light of the ongoing pandemic had a deep and immediate impact to the tourism industry. Visitor spending in North Carolina dropped 32 percent in 2020, ending a remarkable 10-year run of spending records set by domestic and international travelers to the state. Consistent with workforce challenges felt around the nation, the tourism-supported workforce in North Carolina decreased 26.4 percent to 178,700 jobs.

However, visitor spending in North Carolina rebounded significantly in 2021 to \$28.9 billion in 2021, just 1 percent below the record set in 2019. Visitor spending increased 45 percent from 2020. The tourism-supported workforce in North Carolina increased 10.5 percent from 2020 to 197,500 jobs, though still more than 18 percent below the 2019 record of 242,600.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

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**Organizational Highlights (continued)**

Our Visit NC team responded in full force with a strategic communications and marketing effort to return North Carolina's vital travel economy to health in a safe and responsible manner, including:

- Expanded research initiatives to gain timely insights informing Visit NC's efforts and those of travel industry partners.
- Conducted the Visit NC Webinar Series to keep partners informed and better equipped to lead recovery within their own communities. More than 500 participants also benefited from Visit NC 365, a three-day educational conference hosted by Visit NC.
- Launched "Drive-Thru Vacations," which encouraged contactless visits to some of North Carolina's most popular attractions as COVID-19 restrictions and protocols were further relaxed. The effort curated a collection of adventures visitors could enjoy from the safety of their car, then used a mix of organic social posts, a custom web page on VisitNC.com and clever creative at North Carolina Welcome Centers to promote the experience. Drive-Thru Vacations was deployed in the winter months of 2021 as a bridge between Visit NC's "Count On Me NC" public safety initiative and "Get Back to a Better Place" campaign.
- Executed a \$5 million marketing credit program helping 130 partners (92 of 100 counties) amplify safe travel messaging for their destinations within 39 co-op advertising programs. The team also administered \$1.5 million in partner marketing grants.
- With the interest in, and impact on, the outdoors reaching new heights, Visit NC launched Outdoor NC, a partnership with the Leave No Trace Center for Outdoor Ethics to educate visitors and residents on appropriate behavior and care for natural spaces.
- With travel restrictions eased and vaccinations rates increasing in Spring 2021, Visit NC returned to more active travel promotion with the launch of a new multi-channel brand campaign, "Get Back to a Better Place."

Visit North Carolina was honored as State Tourism Office of the Year by the Southeast Tourism Society (September 2021). The recognition was for Visit NC's efforts during COVID, including the Count On Me NC, Cook It Forward NC, and Drive-Thru Vacations campaigns, plus the Visit NC Partner Marketing Credit Program.

The EDPNC's successes in FY 2022 would not have been possible without our public and private partners at the state, regional and local levels. We are thankful to all the members of the state's diverse economic development team, including Governor Roy Cooper, Secretary of Commerce Machel Sanders and the leadership of the North Carolina General Assembly. We're also thankful to all our investors, whose contributions to our mission better enable us to attract new businesses and visitors to the state and to support the businesses and citizens already here.



**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

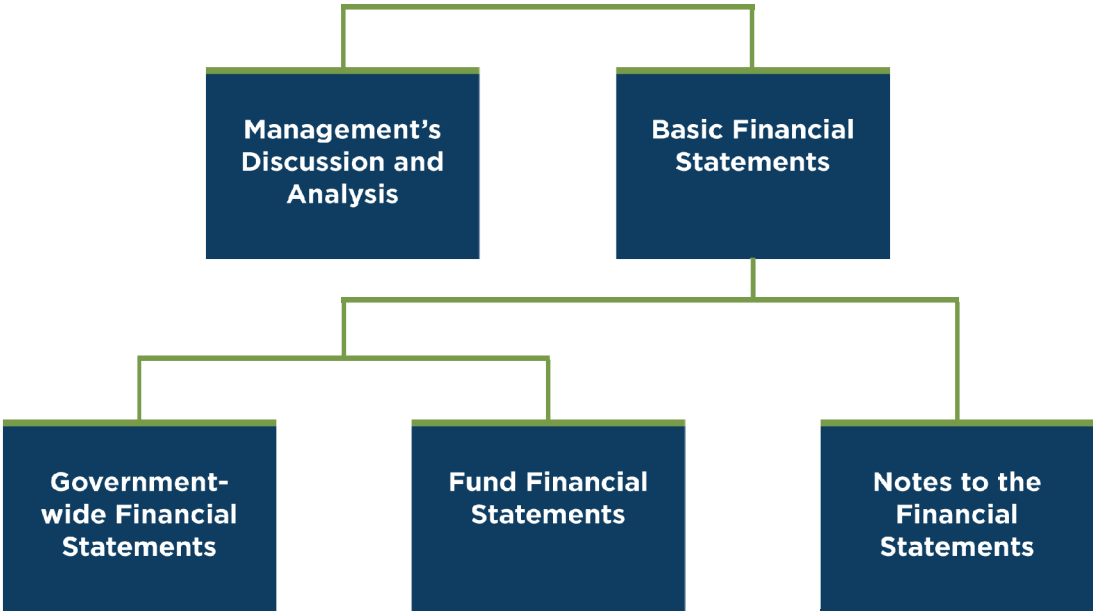
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**Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Organization's basic financial statements. Because the Organization is engaged in a single governmental program, the fund financial statements and the government-wide statements are combined using a columnar format that reconciles the individual fund financial data in a separate column on the face of the financial statements. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information and provide more detailed data. Please see Figure 1 for a visual breakdown of the required components of our Annual Financial Report.

**Required Components of Annual Financial Report**

Figure 1



**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

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**Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Organization's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. As a component unit of state government, it is this financial data that is reported to the North Carolina Office of the State Controller for inclusion in the *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*.

The statement of net position presents the Organization's information that includes all of the Organization's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Measuring changes in the net position is one way to gauge the Organization's financial condition.

The statement of activities reports how the Organization's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current period revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

**Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide a detailed look at the Organization's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Organization, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or noncompliance) with finance-related legal requirements. The Organization only has one fund category: governmental funds.

Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions reported within the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Government funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, as compared to being capitalized in the government-wide financial statements. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources. As noted above, the fund financials and the government-wide financials are combined on each of the basic financial statements for the Organization with a reconciling adjusting column. These combined statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

**Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 15 of this report.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

**Interdependence with Other Entities**

The Organization depends on the financial resources flowing from, or associated with, the state of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Organization is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to state laws and state appropriations.

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis**  
**The Organization's Net Position**  
**(with Prior Year Comparisons)**

<b>Governmental Activities</b>	<b>June 30, 2022</b>	<b>June 30, 2021</b>
Assets:		
Current and other assets	\$ 6,542,379	\$ 8,248,910
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	149,043	348,940
Right to use assets, net of accumulated amortization	1,554,799	-
Total Assets	8,246,221	8,597,850
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	1,455,363	3,599,290
Long-term liabilities	1,075,302	125,647
Total Liabilities	2,530,665	3,724,937
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	149,043	44,016
Unrestricted	5,566,513	4,828,897
Total Net Position	\$ 5,715,556	\$ 4,872,913

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Organization exceeded liabilities by \$5,715,556 as of June 30, 2022. The Organization's net position increased by \$842,643 for the period ended June 30, 2022.

The Organization's current assets decreased by \$1,706,531 and current liabilities decreased by \$2,143,927 from the prior period.

Effective July 1, 2021, the Organization implemented Government Accounting Standards Board 87 – Leases, see further discussion at footnote two.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

**The Organization's Changes in Net Position**  
**(with Prior Year Comparisons)**

<b>Governmental Activities</b>	<b>June 30, 2022</b>	<b>June 30, 2021</b>
Revenues:		
State contract funding	\$ 19,960,926	\$ 18,835,966
Private funding	1,252,461	1,183,627
Federal grants	3,892,211	18,430,264
Paycheck Protection Program loan forgiveness	-	1,098,600
Other revenue	846,041	340,544
Total Revenues	25,951,639	39,889,001
Expenses:		
Advertising and promotion	12,767,309	27,977,077
Personnel	7,193,497	6,843,259
Professional fees	1,792,646	1,785,894
Travel and prospect hospitality	476,645	115,302
Facilities	776,981	754,228
Trade show	1,294,427	537,339
Computer and internet	416,461	292,020
Other	391,030	225,253
Total Expenses	25,108,996	38,530,372
Change in net position	842,643	1,358,629
Net position, beginning of period	4,872,913	3,514,284
Net position, end of period	\$ 5,715,556	\$ 4,872,913

The Organization's total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2022 decreased \$13,937,362 from the period ended June 30, 2021, a decrease of 34.9%. The state contract funding represented approximately 76.9% of the total revenues, private funding represented approximately 4.8% of the total revenues, and the federal grants funding represented approximately 15.0% of total revenues in the current year.

The Organization's total expenses decreased \$13,421,376 or 34.83% from the prior period.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

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**Governmental Activities**

Through its contract with the North Carolina Department of Commerce, the Organization operates as the sales and marketing arm of the state of North Carolina related to developing North Carolina's economy. The Organization is responsible for business marketing and recruitment, existing industry and small business support, export assistance, and tourism, film, and sports development. The Organization works to guide development efforts toward the creation and retention of high-quality jobs through new business attraction, existing business support, and the cultivation of the tourism and film industries.

**Financial Analysis of the Organization's Funds**

As noted earlier, the Organization uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Fund**

The Organization's governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Organization's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the only operating fund of the Organization. At the end of the current period, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,223,932.

**Capital Assets and Long-Term Liabilities**

**Capital Assets**

The Organization's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022, totaled \$149,043 (net of accumulated depreciation of \$123,741).

Additional information on the Organization's capital assets can be found in Note five to the financial statements.

**Long-Term Liabilities**

The Organization's long-term liabilities consisted of the following:

<b>Governmental Activities</b>	<b>June 30, 2022</b>	<b>June 30, 2021</b>
Capital lease	\$ -	\$ 304,924
Right to use lease liabilities	1,689,963	-
Compensated absences	199,131	233,104
Total long-term liabilities	1,889,094	538,028
Current portion	(813,792)	(412,381)
Long-term portion	<u>\$ 1,075,302</u>	<u>\$ 125,647</u>

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

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**Long-Term Liabilities**

The Organization implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board 87, Leases, effective July 1, 2021. Most prominent among the changes in the standard is the recognition of right to use assets and lease liabilities for those leases previously classified as operating leases.

Additional information on the Organization's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

**Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Organization's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to:

Christopher M. Chung, CEO  
Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina, Inc.  
150 Fayetteville St Suite 1200  
Raleigh, NC 27601  
919.447.7777

Other sources of information about the Organization can be found in the Organization's annual report to the North Carolina General Assembly (via inclusion in the North Carolina Department of Commerce's annual report to the same) and on our website: [www.edpnc.com](http://www.edpnc.com).

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

	<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Adjustments (Note 3)</b>	<b>Statement of Net Position</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,678,180	\$ -	\$ 5,678,180
Accounts receivable	433,462	-	433,462
Prepaid assets and deposits	430,737	-	430,737
Right to use asset, net of accumulated amortization of \$623,029	-	1,554,799	1,554,799
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$123,741	-	149,043	149,043
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>6,542,379</b>	<b>1,703,842</b>	<b>8,246,221</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts payable	382,937	7,042	389,979
Accrued liabilities	172,722	52,917	225,639
Advanced payments received	25,953	-	25,953
Long-term liabilities:			
Lease liabilities, due within one year	-	614,661	614,661
Lease liabilities, due in more than one year	-	1,075,302	1,075,302
Compensated absences, due within one year	-	199,131	199,131
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>581,612</b>	<b>1,949,053</b>	<b>2,530,665</b>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>288,610</b>	<b>(288,610)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items	430,737	(430,737)	-
Assigned:			
Tourism	2,017,488	(2,017,488)	-
Unassigned	3,223,932	(3,223,932)	-
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b>5,672,157</b>	<b>(5,672,157)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>	<b>\$ 6,542,379</b>		
<b>NET POSITION</b>			
Net investment in capital assets		149,043	149,043
Unrestricted		5,566,513	5,566,513
<b>Total Net Position</b>		<b>\$ 5,715,556</b>	<b>\$ 5,715,556</b>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.****(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)****GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES***YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022*

	<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Adjustments (Note 3)</b>	<b>Statement of Activities</b>
Expenditures/Expenses:			
Advertising and event promotion	\$ 12,767,309	\$ -	\$ 12,767,309
Personnel	7,200,621	(7,124)	7,193,497
Professional fees	1,792,646	-	1,792,646
Travel and prospect hospitality	553,662	(77,017)	476,645
Facilities	395,486	381,495	776,981
Trade show	1,294,427	-	1,294,427
Computer and internet	416,461	-	416,461
Debt service:			
Principal	623,030	(623,030)	-
Interest and other charges	110,313	(110,313)	-
Capital Outlay	1,624,905	(1,624,905)	-
Other	36,066	354,964	391,030
Total Expenditures/Expenses	<u>26,814,926</u>	<u>(1,705,930)</u>	<u>25,108,996</u>
Program Revenues:			
Federal operating grants:			
Other federal grants	1,097,082	70,939	1,168,021
Coronavirus relief funds	2,724,190	-	2,724,190
Charges for services and other revenue	846,041	-	846,041
Total Program Revenues	<u>4,667,313</u>	<u>70,939</u>	<u>4,738,252</u>
Net Program Expenditures/Expenses	<u>(22,147,613)</u>	<u>1,776,869</u>	<u>(20,370,744)</u>
General Revenues:			
State contract funding	19,960,926	-	19,960,926
Private funding	1,252,461	-	1,252,461
Total General Revenues	<u>21,213,387</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,213,387</u>
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures/Expenses	(934,226)	1,776,869	842,643
Other Financing Sources			
Debt issuances			
Lease liabilities issued	1,624,905	(1,624,905)	-
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>1,624,905</u>	<u>(1,624,905)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>690,679</u>	<u>151,964</u>	<u>842,643</u>
Fund Balances/Net Position:			
Beginning of period	<u>4,981,478</u>	<u>(108,565)</u>	<u>4,872,913</u>
End of period	<u>\$ 5,672,157</u>	<u>\$ 43,399</u>	<u>\$ 5,715,556</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.



**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

JUNE 30, 2022

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**Note 1—The Organization**

The Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina, Inc. (the “Organization”) was incorporated in the state of North Carolina on August 6, 2013. The Organization’s mission statement is to improve the economic well-being and quality of life of North Carolinians. The Organization began operations on October 6, 2014, upon the completion of the initial fundraising requirements of its contract with the North Carolina Department of Commerce. This contract calls on the Organization to assist the Department of Commerce with “fostering and retaining jobs and business development, international trade, marketing, and travel and tourism” functions. The Organization is governed by a 18-member board, which is selected as follows: nine directors, including the chair, appointed by the Governor of the state of North Carolina, four directors appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the state of North Carolina, four directors appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate of the state of North Carolina, and the Secretary of the North Carolina Department of Commerce as an ex officio director.

**Note 2—Summary of significant accounting policies**

**A. Reporting Entity**

For financial reporting purposes, the Organization is a discretely presented component unit of the primary government of the state of North Carolina (“State”) and is an integral part of the State’s *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. These financial statements for the Organization are separate and apart from those of the State and do not present the financial position of the State nor changes in the State’s financial position.

**B. Basis of Presentation**

*Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements* – The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on the financial activities of the Organization. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Because the Organization is engaged in a single governmental program, the fund financial statements and the government-wide statements are combined using a columnar format that reconciles the individual line items of fund financial data to government-wide data in a separate column on the face of the financial statements.

*Fund Financial Statements* – The Organization maintains fund accounting in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Organization at a more detailed level.

*Governmental Funds* – Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they are to be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The general fund is the Organization’s operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Organization. The primary revenue sources are State contract funding, grants, and private funding. The primary expenditures are advertising and promotion costs, personnel costs, and professional fees.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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**Note 2—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

**C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The measurement focus establishes the basis of accounting. The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenues, the recording of deferred revenues, the presentation of expenses versus expenditures, the recording of capital assets, the recognition of depreciation, and the recording of long-term liabilities.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Net position is used as a practical measure of economic resources and the operating statement includes all transactions and events that increased or decreased net position. Depreciation and amortization is charged as an expense against current operations and accumulated depreciation and accumulated amortization are reported on the statement of net position.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within 60 days after the period-end. Expenditures are recognized when the liability is incurred, except for claims, compensated absences, and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt and leases are recognized when received and payment of long-term debt and lease principal is reported as an expenditure when paid. Capital asset purchases are recorded as expenditures and depreciation is not recognized.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Organization receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants and contributions. Revenues from grants and contributions are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year in which resources are required to be used, or the year in which use is first permitted. The matching requirements and expenditure requirements specify in which year the resources are provided to the Organization on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Organization funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Organization's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues. Additionally, when both restricted and unrestricted non-grant resources are available for use, it is the Organization's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Organization has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Organization will use resources in the following order: debt proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-county funds, and county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Organization has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Organization.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

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**Note 2—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

**D. Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable is stated at the amount the Organization expects to collect. The Organization uses the allowance method to determine uncollectible accounts. The allowance is based on management's analysis of the account. Accounts are charged off to the allowance when management deems the account will not be collectible. Past due status is based on how recently payments have been made on the account. The Organization estimates the accounts receivable at June 30, 2022, will be fully collectible; therefore, no allowance has been established.

**E. Prepaid Assets and Deposits**

Prepaid assets and deposits consist primarily of amounts paid for future event expenses and promotional costs. At June 30, 2022, prepaid assets and deposits totaled \$430,737.

**F. Capital Assets**

Capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds which have an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and estimated useful life in excess of one year. Vehicles are assigned a useful life of five years. Furniture is assigned a useful life of five years. These assets appear as a reconciling item and are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Capital assets are recorded at cost and updated for additions and retirements during the period. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value as of the date received. Improvements are capitalized and the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of the assets.

**G. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables and accrued liabilities are reported in both the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide statements and all long-term obligations are reported in only the government-wide statements.

**H. Net Position**

Net position is displayed in three components on the statement of net position in the government-wide column:

*Net Investment in Capital Assets* – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets.

*Restricted Net Position* – Consists of net position constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2022, there were none to report.

*Unrestricted Net Position* – Consists of all other net positions that do not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

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**Note 2—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

**I. Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statement, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

*Nonspendable Fund Balance* – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Prepaid Items* – Portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the period-end balance of ending prepaid expenses, which are not spendable resources.

*Restricted Fund Balance* – Portion of fund balance that is restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by contracts or imposed by law. As of June 30, 2022, there were none to report.

*Committed Fund Balance* – Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Organization's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body. As of June 30, 2022, there were none to report.

*Assigned Fund Balance* – Portion of fund balance that the Organization intends to use for specific purposes.

*Assigned for Tourism* – Portion of fund balance to be to be used for tourism development activities.

*Unassigned* – Portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

**J. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**K. Advanced Payments Received**

Advanced payments received consist of cash received in advance for services which occur after the Organization's fiscal year-end. Advance payment was \$25,953 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

**L. Advertising and Promotion**

The Organization expenses advertising and promotion costs as incurred. Advertising and event promotion expense was \$12,767,309 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

JUNE 30, 2022

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**Note 2—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

**M. Income Taxes**

The Organization is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC"). Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made. Management believes the Organization continues to satisfy the requirements of a tax-exempt organization as of June 30, 2022. Management has also not identified any unrelated business income requiring the Organization to file a Form 990-T, *Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return*.

**N. Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the governmental fund will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to a future period and, therefore, will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Organization has one item that meets the criterion for this category – grants.

**O. Revenue Concentration**

The Organization receives State contract funding general revenues from the State. This contract represented approximately 94.10% of general revenues and 76.92% of total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Organization also recognized revenue related to additional Coronavirus Relief Funding from the State in the current year that represented approximately 57.39% of program revenues and 10.48% of total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2022.

**P. Right to Use Lease Asset and Lease Liability**

The Organization has recorded right to use lease assets and liabilities as a result of implementing Governmental Accounting Standings Board ("GASB") 87, Leases. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

**Note 3—Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements**

**1. Explanation of adjustments between governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.**

When capital assets, right to use lease assets, and intangible assets that are used in governmental activities are purchased, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the Organization as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 272,784
Accumulated depreciation	(123,741)
	<u>\$ 149,043</u>

Lease liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Liabilities for compensated absences and supplemental retirement will be recognized as liabilities in the governmental funds when the amounts are considered to be expendable available financial resources. However, the statement of net position includes those obligations among the liabilities of the Organization as a whole.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
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**Note 3—Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)**

Lease liability, net of right to use lease asset and accumulated amortization	(135,164)
Compensated absences	(199,131)
Supplemental retirement	(52,917)
	<u>(387,212)</u>
	<u>\$ (387,212)</u>

Deferred inflows of resources consisting of revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental fund. However, the statement of net position includes those resources as revenues of the Organization as a whole. See Note 2N for additional information.

State Trade and Export Promotion (STEP) grant	<u>\$ 288,610</u>
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**2. Explanation of adjustments between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.**

Governmental funds report capital outlay, compensated absences, and depreciation as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their useful lives or terms of the lease and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. Deferred revenues represent the changes in deferred inflows of resources due to differences in recognizing revenues in the governmental fund and statement of net position.

Depreciation expense	\$ (54,557)
Amortization expense	(623,030)
Interest expense	(115,796)
Capital obligations	867,284
Supplemental retirement	(26,849)
Compensated absences	33,973
Deferred revenues	70,939
	<u>\$ 151,964</u>

**Note 4—Deposits**

At June 30, 2022, the Organization's carrying amount and bank balance was \$5,678,180. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$5,428,180 remained uninsured.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

**Note 5—Capital assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Computers and equipment	\$ 70,622	\$ -	\$ 70,622	\$ -
Vehicles	226,672	-	226,672	-
Furniture	272,784	-	-	272,784
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>570,078</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>297,294</u>	<u>272,784</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Computers and equipment	(70,622)	-	70,622	-
Vehicles	(81,332)	-	81,332	-
Furniture	(69,184)	(54,557)	-	(123,741)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(221,138)</u>	<u>\$ (54,557)</u>	<u>\$ 151,954</u>	<u>(123,741)</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 348,940</u>			<u>\$ 149,043</u>

Depreciation expense totaled \$54,557 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

**Note 6—Leases**

The Organization has entered into noncancelable leases for office facilities and copier machines. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. Both the office facilities and copier machine leases are not renewable at the end of the lease term.

The office facilities agreement was executed on September 30, 2019, to lease office space requiring monthly payments of \$48,509, increasing by 2.5% each year. There are no variable payment components of this lease. The lease liability is measured at an incremental borrowing rate of 5.0%. As a result of the lease, the Organization has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$1,483,701 at June 30, 2022.

The copier machine lease was executed on December 19, 2019 and requires 39 monthly payments on \$852. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at an incremental borrowing rate of 5.0%. As a result of the lease, the Organization has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$7,356 at June 30, 2022.

The Organization has entered into leases for 16 vehicles. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The vehicle leases are renewable for another three-year term; however, the Organization does not intend to exercise this renewal option. The vehicles will not transfer to the Organization at the end of the lease term.

The lease agreements for the vehicles have various execution dates, requiring monthly lease payments extending into 2023. There are no variable payment components of these leases. The lease liability is measured at an incremental borrowing rate of 5.0%. As a result of the lease, the Organization has recorded a right to use asset with a net book value of \$63,742 at June 30, 2022.

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JUNE 30, 2022

**Note 6—Leases (continued)**

Lease Liabilities

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the operating and finance lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

**Maturity Analysis**

<u>Years Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total Payments</u>
2023	\$ 614,662	\$ 70,401	\$ 685,063
2024	600,736	40,067	640,803
2025	474,565	9,980	484,545
Total future payments	<u>\$ 1,689,963</u>	<u>\$ 120,448</u>	<u>\$ 1,810,411</u>

Right to Use Lease Assets

The Organization has recorded three right to use leased assets. The assets are right to use assets for leased copier equipment, an office facility, and various fleet vehicles, as described above. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Right to use asset activity for the Organization for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	<u>Balance July 1,</u> <u>2021</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance June</u> <u>30, 2022</u>
<b>Lease Assets</b>				
Vehicle	\$ 137,435	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 137,435
Copy machine	17,165	-	-	17,165
Office space	2,023,228	-	-	2,023,228
	2,177,828	-	-	2,177,828
<b>Less: Accumulated Amortization</b>				
Vehicle	-	(73,693)	-	(73,693)
Copy machine	-	(9,809)	-	(9,809)
Office space	-	(539,527)	-	(539,527)
	-	(623,029)	-	(623,029)
<b>Total Lease Assets, net</b>	<u>\$ 2,177,828</u>	<u>\$ (623,029)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,554,799</u>
<b>Lease Liabilities</b>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,288,907</u>	<u>\$ (598,942)</u>	<u>\$ 1,689,963</u>



**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

**Note 6—Leases (continued)**

Amortization expense for each lease for the Organization for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Amortization expense by class of underlying asset:

Vehicle	\$ 73,693
Copy machine	9,809
Office space	539,528
Total amortization expense	623,030
Interest on lease liabilities	98,218
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 721,248</b>

**Note 7—Compensated absences**

Employees earn vacation days based on their employment contract. The vacation policies of the Organization provide for accumulation of vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. No more than 40 hours of accrued but unused leave is allowed to be rolled over the next calendar. The amount accrued was \$199,131 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general fund and are accounted for on a last-in, first-out basis assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

**Note 8—Long-term liabilities**

Long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences and lease liabilities.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	<b>Balance</b>			<b>Balance</b>	<b>Amounts Due</b>
	<b>July 1, 2021</b>	<b>Increases</b>	<b>Decreases</b>	<b>June 30, 2022</b>	<b>Within One Year</b>
Capital leases before GASB 87	\$ 304,924	\$ -	\$ 304,924	\$ -	\$ -
Lease liability	2,288,907	-	598,944	1,689,963	614,661
Compensated absences	233,104	-	33,973	199,131	199,131
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 2,826,935</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 937,841</u>	<u>\$ 1,889,094</u>	<u>\$ 813,792</u>

**Note 9—Retirement plans**

The Organization has a 401(k) retirement plan that is eligible to all regular full-time employees after six months of employment with the Organization. The Organization's discretionary match contribution to participating employees is up to a maximum percentage of employee gross pay. The maximum percentage for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was 5.0%. All contributions are participant directed. The Organization contributed \$204,597 for the year ended June 30, 2022 to the 401(k) plan.

On February 19, 2018, the Organization established a supplemental executive retirement plan ("SERP") for the Organization's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"). The benefits provided under this agreement are subject to section 457(f) of the IRC. The SERP is calculated based off of the CEO's base salary and is increased each year that the CEO is employed by the Organization. \$99,670 was paid to the CEO on January 12, 2021, as a result of this contract. On February 19, 2021, the SERP agreement was renewed, with the SERP payable on January 12, 2024, provided the CEO is employed by the Organization. The SERP amount accrued under the plan was \$52,917 at June 30, 2022.

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*JUNE 30, 2022*

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**Note 10—Subsequent events**

The Organization evaluated subsequent events through August 29, 2022, in connection with the preparation of these financial statements, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined, there were no additional events for disclosure.

## COMPLIANCE

**Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on  
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in  
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards**

To the Board of Directors  
Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina, Inc.  
Raleigh, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina, Inc. (the "Organization"), a component unit of the state of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2022.

The financial statements of the Organization are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position that are only attributable to the transactions of the Organization. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of North Carolina as of June 30, 2022, or the changes in its financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

**Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

**Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cherny Bekaert LLP

Raleigh, North Carolina  
August 29, 2022

## **Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the *Uniform Guidance***

To the Board of Directors  
Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina, Inc.  
Raleigh, North Carolina

### **Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program**

#### ***Opinion on the Major Federal Program***

We have audited the Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina, Inc.'s (the "Organization") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Organization's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Organization's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### ***Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### ***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Organization's federal programs.

#### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Organization's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Organization's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance* we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Organization's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chemy Bekaert LLP

Raleigh, North Carolina  
August 29, 2022

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**

*YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022*

<b>Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/State Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</b>	<b>Federal Assistance Listing Number</b>	<b>Grant Number</b>	<b>Expenditures</b>	<b>Pass-Through to Subrecipients</b>
<u>U.S. Small Business Administration</u>				
Passed through N.C. Department of Commerce:				
<i>State Trade and Export Promotion</i>	59.061	SBAHQ-19-IT-0024	\$ 186,466	\$ -
<i>State Trade and Export Promotion</i>	59.061	SBAHQ-20-IT-0046	390,956	-
<i>State Trade and Export Promotion</i>	59.061	SBAOITST-21-0008-01-00	373,771	-
			<u>951,193</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Commerce</u>				
<i>Manufacturing Extension Partnership</i>	11.611	2020-2592-01	242,000	-
			<u>242,000</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Treasury</u>				
Passed through N.C. Office of State Budget and Management				
COVID-19: <i>Coronavirus Relief Funds:</i>				
<i>CARES Tourism Advertainment and Promotion</i>	21.019	60-00	24,354	24,354
<i>CARES Tourism Advertainment and Promotion</i>	21.019	44-00	13,000	-
<i>CARES Business Marketing Advertisement and Promotion</i>	21.019	80-00-02	13,882	-
<i>CARES Business Marketing Advertisement and Promotion</i>	21.019	118-00	2,672,954	-
			<u>2,724,190</u>	<u>24,354</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 3,917,383</u>	<u>\$ 24,354</u>

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD EXPENDITURES**

**Note 1—Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("SEFA") includes the federal grant activity of the Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina, Inc. (the "Organization") under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in the SEFA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Because the SEFA presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Organization, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Organization.

**Note 2—Summary of accounting policies**

Expenditures reported on this schedule have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

The Organization has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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**SECTION I—SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

**Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the  
financial statements audited were prepared in  
accordance to U.S. GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? ☐ yes ☒ no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified  
that are not considered to be  
material weaknesses? ☐ yes ☒ none reported
- Noncompliance material to financial  
statements noted? ☐ yes ☒ no

**Federal Awards**

Internal control over major federal program:

- Material weakness(es) identified? ☐ yes ☒ no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified  
that are not considered to be  
material weaknesses? ☐ yes ☒ none reported
- Noncompliance material to federal awards ☐ yes ☒ no

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance  
for major federal program:

Unmodified

- Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be  
reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? ☐ yes ☒ no

Identification of major federal program:

Assistance Listing Number

Program Name

21.019

COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish  
between Type A and Type B Programs

\$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

☒ yes ☐ no

**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP OF NORTH CAROLINA, INC.**  
**(A Component Unit of the State of North Carolina)**  
**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)**

*YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022*

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**SECTION II—FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

None reported.

**SECTION III—FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

None reported.

**SECTION IV—PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS**

None reported.

The audit report required 235.2 audit hours at a cost of \$35,300.