Article 40.
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§ 106-461. Nested, shingled or overhung tobacco.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to sell or offer to sale, upon any leaf tobacco warehouse floor, any pile or piles of tobacco, which are nested, or shingled, or overhung, or either as hereinafter defined:

1. Nesting tobacco: That is, so arranging tobacco in the pile offered for sale that it is impossible for the buyer thereof to pull leaves from the bottom of such pile for the purpose of inspection;

2. Shingling tobacco: That is, so arranging a pile of tobacco that a better quality of tobacco appears upon the outside and tobacco of inferior quality appears on the inside of such pile; and

3. Overhanging tobacco: This is, so arranging a pile of tobacco that there are alternate bundles of good and sorry tobacco. (1933, c. 467, s. 1.)

§ 106-462. Sale under name other than that of true owner prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to sell or offer for sale or cause to be sold, or offered for sale, any leaf tobacco upon the floors of any leaf tobacco warehouse, in the name of any person, firm or corporation, other than that of the true owner or owners thereof, which true owner's name shall be registered upon the warehouse sales book in which it is being offered for sale. (1933, c. 467, s. 2.)

§ 106-463. Allowance for weight of baskets and trucks.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation in weighing tobacco for sale to permit or allow the basket and truck upon which such tobacco is placed for the purpose of obtaining such weight to vary more than two pounds from the standard or uniform weight of such basket and truck. (1933, c. 467, s. 3.)

§ 106-464. Violation made misdemeanor.

Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of G.S. 106-461 to 106-463 shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. (1933, c. 467, s. 4; 1993, c. 539, s. 789; 1994, Ex. Sess., c. 24, s. 14(c).)

§ 106-465. Organization and membership of tobacco boards of trade; rules and regulations; fire insurance and extended coverage required; price fixing prohibited.

Tobacco warehousemen and the purchasers of leaf tobacco, at auction, on warehouse floors, are hereby authorized to organize, either as nonstock corporations, or voluntary associations,
tobacco boards of trade in the several towns and cities in North Carolina in which leaf tobacco is
sold on warehouse floors, at auction.

Such tobacco boards of trade as may now exist, or which may hereafter be organized, are
authorized to make reasonable rules and regulations for the economical and efficient handling of
the sale of leaf tobacco at auction on the warehouse floors in the several towns and cities in North
Carolina in which an auction market is situated.

Each tobacco board of trade organized pursuant to this section shall, on or before June 1, 1973,
by regulation, require that all auction warehouse firms which are members of, or may hereafter
request membership in, such board of trade for the purpose of displaying for sale and selling leaf
tobacco, deposit with the board of trade prior to the market opening, a copy of a policy of fire
insurance and extended coverage in a company licensed to do business in North Carolina to fully
insure, as determined by the board of trade, the market value of the maximum volume of tobacco
that will be weighed and left displayed for sale on said warehouse floor at any time during the
marketing season. Warehouses using mechanized conveyor-line auction sales where tobacco is not
displayed for sale on sales floor would be excluded from the requirement of this regulation.

In determining the market value and maximum volume of tobacco that will be weighed and
placed on said warehouse floor at any one time, the board of trade shall use as criteria the prior
season's official gross average price for that belt, as recorded by the North Carolina Department
of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the maximum limit of daily sales, as recommended by
the currently functioning flue-cured and burley tobacco marketing organizations, applied to each
warehouse based on the firm's pro rata share of the market's maximum limit daily sales
opportunity, multiplied times the number of days of sales that said warehouse plans to place on
sales floor at any one time, including any and all tobacco weighed and deposited with the
warehouse as bailee for future sale. The data relating to the official average price and the maximum
limits of daily sales shall be assembled and supplied by the North Carolina Commissioner of
Agriculture or his representative to the board of trade in each tobacco market in North Carolina,
at least 30 days prior to the opening of markets in each belt.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to operate an auction sale in said market
until said policy is so deposited with and approved by the board of trade. The board of trade shall
enjoin the sale of tobacco by any warehouse firm that fails to so deposit a policy of fire insurance
and extended coverage with the board.

The tobacco boards of trade in the several towns and cities in North Carolina are authorized to
require as a condition to membership therein the applicants to pay a reasonable membership fee
and the following schedule of maximum fees shall be deemed reasonable, to wit:

A membership fee of fifty dollars ($50.00) in those towns in which less than 3,000,000 pounds
of tobacco was sold at auction between the dates of August 20, 1931, and May 1, 1932; a fee of
one hundred dollars ($100.00) in those towns in which during said period of time more than
3,000,000 and less than 10,000,000 pounds of tobacco was sold; a fee of one hundred fifty dollars
($150.00) in those towns in which during said period of time more than 10,000,000 and less than
25,000,000 pounds of tobacco was sold; a fee of three hundred dollars ($300.00) in those towns in
which during said period of time more than 25,000,000 pounds of tobacco was sold.

Membership, in good standing, in a local board of trade shall be deemed a reasonable
requirement by such board of trade as a condition to participating in the business of operating a
tobacco warehouse or the purchase of tobacco at auction therein.

Membership in the several boards of trade may be divided into two categories:

(1) Warehousemen;
(2) Purchasers of leaf tobacco other than warehousemen.

Purchasers of leaf tobacco may be: (i) participating or (ii) nonparticipating. The holder of a membership as a purchaser of leaf tobacco shall have the option of becoming, upon written notice to the board of trade, either a participating or a nonparticipating member. Individuals, partnerships, and/or corporations who are members of tobacco boards of trade, established under this section or coming within the provisions of this section, as nonparticipating members shall not participate in or have any voice or vote in the management, conduct, activities, allotment of sales time, and/or hours, the fixing of dates for the opening or closing of tobacco auction markets, or in any other manner or respect. Individuals, partnerships, and/or corporations who are such nonparticipating members in any of the several tobacco boards of trade shall not be responsible or liable for any of the acts, omissions or commissions of the several tobacco boards of trade.

It shall be unlawful and punishable as of a Class 1 misdemeanor for any bidder or purchaser of tobacco upon warehouse floors to refuse to take and pay for any basket or baskets so bid off from the seller when the seller has or has not accepted the price offered by the purchaser or bidder of other baskets. Any person suspended or expelled from a tobacco board of trade under the provisions of this section may appeal from such suspension to the superior court of the county in which said board of trade is located.

Nothing in this section shall authorize the organization of any association having for its purpose the control of prices or the making of rules and regulations in restraint of trade. (1933, c. 268; 1951, c. 383; 1973, c. 96; 1993, c. 539, s. 790; 1994, Ex. Sess., c. 24, s. 14(c); 1997-261, s. 109.)