## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

## SESSION LAW 2015-179 SENATE BILL 679

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE RECOVERY OF COURT COSTS AND RELATED COSTS UPON VOLUNTARY DISMISSAL AT THE REQUEST OF A BORROWER OF AN ACTION TO RECOVER A LOAN GRANTED UNDER THE NORTH CAROLINA CONSUMER FINANCE ACT OR UPON REDUCTION OF A LOAN MADE UNDER THE ACT TO JUDGMENT; TO CLARIFY THE MULTIPLE LOAN LIMITATIONS UNDER THE ACT; TO CLARIFY THE STATUTE RELATED TO WHETHER OR NOT BORROWERS ARE MEMBERS OF THE MILITARY PRIOR TO MAKING LOANS UNDER THE ACT; AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING CHANGES TO THE ACT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** G.S. 53-177 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(e) Recovery of Costs. – If a borrower requests in writing of the lender to take a voluntary dismissal of an action to recover a loan made under this Article, and both parties agree to such a dismissal, the lender shall obtain in writing from the borrower an acknowledgment that (i) the borrower will be liable for the statutory court costs and (ii) any other reasonable and bona fide costs incurred in the course of bringing the action, and the lender may recover the statutory court costs incurred as well as any other reasonable and bona fide costs incurred as well as any other reasonable and bona fide costs incurred for the statutory. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the collection of attorney fees otherwise prohibited by G.S. 53-180(e). Provided further, that this section shall not apply if the borrower, in written documentation raises an affirmative defense to an action to collect a loan under this Article. Nothing in this section shall in any way affect or prohibit a magistrate, judge, or arbitrator from awarding filing fees and fees for service of process incurred by the lender in bringing the civil action if a judgment is awarded or the other bona fide costs set forth above and the recovery of said costs and fees is expressly authorized in the event judgment is entered against the borrower."

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 53-178 reads as rewritten:

"§ 53-178. No further charges; no splitting contracts; certain contracts void.

No further or other charges or insurance commissions shall be directly or indirectly contracted for or received by any licensee licensee, affiliate, parent, subsidiary, or licensee under the same ownership, management, or control, whether partial or complete, except those specifically authorized by this Article or Article, by the Commissioner under G.S. 53-172. G.S. 53-172 or any other statute. No licensee shall divide into separate parts any contract made for the purpose of or with the effect of obtaining interest or charges in excess of those authorized by this Article. All balances due to a licensee from any person as a borrower or as an endorser, guarantor or surety for any borrower or otherwise, or due from any husband or wife, otherwise jointly or severally, shall be considered a part of any loan being made by a licensee to such person for the purpose of computing interest or charges, or exceeding the maximum amount of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000)."

SECTION 3. G.S. 53-179 is repealed.

**SECTION 4.** G.S. 53-180.1 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 53-180.1. Military service members limitation.

(a) Definition. – For purposes of this section, the term "military "covered military service member" means a member of the Armed Forces who is either (i) on active duty under a call or order that does not specify a period of 30 days or fewer or (ii) on active Guard and Reserve Duty, as that term is defined in  $\frac{10 \text{ U.S.C. }}{10 \text{ U.S.C. }}$   $\frac{101(d)(6)}{10 \text{ U.S.C. }}$   $\frac{101(d)(6)}{10 \text{ U.S.C. }}$ 



(b) Verification; Requirements for Granting Loan. – Prior to making a loan under this Article, a licensee will confirm whether the borrower is a military service member and document this in the person's loan file. A licensee may not make a loan to a borrower who is a <u>covered</u> military service member with a rank of E4 or below ("covered member") unless the following requirements are met:

- (1) The licensee notifies the borrower's company-level commander or equivalent designee of the covered member commanding officer or executive officer before the loan is consummated. Notification may occur verbally, by electronic means, United States mail, or other equivalent methods of notification. The notification method and date shall be recorded in writing and included in the loan file along with the name of the company-level commander or equivalent designee commanding officer or executive officer communicated with and the date of the communication with the company-level commander or equivalent designee.commanding officer or executive officer or executive officer.
- (2) The licensee shall deposit in the United States mail a copy of the federal Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1601, et seq., disclosures and the complete contract for the loan addressed to the borrower's company-level commander or equivalent designee of the covered member commanding officer or executive officer within five business days of the consummation of the loan.
- (3) A covered <u>military service</u> member who has entered into a loan contract made pursuant to this Article may, within 30 days of entering into the loan contract, rescind the loan contract by returning to the licensee in cash or by certified bank check the amount advanced to or for the benefit of the covered <u>military service</u> member under the loan contract, and upon delivery of those funds to the licensee, the borrower shall have no further liability or obligations under the loan contract. Nothing in this provision shall be construed to restrict or eliminate any other penalties provided by State or federal law.
- (4) The licensee shall give the covered <u>military service</u> member a separate disclosure that includes the statements and information required under G.S. 53-181(a). The licensee shall include the name and address of the North Carolina Commissioner of Banks, the Consumer Protection Division of the North Carolina Department of Justice, and the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau. The licensee may include internal compliance information on the same disclosure.
- (5) Notwithstanding section 2 of Title 9 of the United States Code, 9 U.S.C. § 2, or any other federal or State law, rule, or regulation, no agreement to arbitrate any dispute involving the extension of consumer credit shall be enforceable against any covered <u>military service</u> member or dependent of such a <u>covered military service</u> member or any person who was a covered <u>military service</u> member or dependent of that <u>covered military service</u> member when the agreement was made.
- (6) A licensee shall take reasonable precaution to prevent making loans in violation of this section. In the event that a licensee does not take reasonable precautions to identify covered members prior to making a loan, such loans granted to covered members shall have the interest rate on the loan adjusted to eight percent (8%) per annum.

(b1) Reasonable Precaution to Identify Covered Military Service Members. – A licensee shall take reasonable precaution to prevent making loans in violation of this section. In the event that a licensee does not take reasonable precaution to identify covered military service members prior to making such a loan, such loans granted to covered military service members shall have the interest rate on the loan adjusted to eight percent (8%) per annum. Reasonable precaution may include obtaining a certificate from the Department of Defense Manpower Data Center (DMDC) that specifies whether the prospective borrower is or is not a member of the armed forces, a copy of the covered military service member's most recent leave and earnings statement, verification of borrower(s) income or any additional method approved by the Commissioner of Banks. In the event the DMDC system is down, the licensee shall obtain a computer screen copy of the failed request. Provided however, nothing in this section shall be construed to require covered military service member confirmation for a borrower with whom a licensee has an established customer relationship, or for a borrower who provides verification from the borrower's most recent payroll or and earnings statement, or verification of income clearly indicating that the borrower is not a covered military service member.

(c) Penalties and Remedies. –

- (1) The remedies and rights provided under this section are in addition to and do not preclude any remedy otherwise available under law to the person claiming relief under this section, including any incidental, consequential, or punitive damages.
- (2) Any credit agreement, promissory note, or other contract prohibited under this section is null and void.
- (3) Nothing in this section may be construed to limit or otherwise affect the applicability of section 207 of the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, 50 U.S.C. App. § 527.

(d) Additional Restriction. – When a military servicemember has been deployed to a theater of combat, combat supporting role, an area where hostile fire and/or when Imminent Danger Pay is authorized to the servicemember, a licensee shall not contact the military servicemember or member's spouse by telephone or electronic mail for purposes of collecting on the loan upon receiving sufficient proof of the military servicemember's deployment. An official copy of the military service member's orders for deployment or written verification from the servicemember's commanding officer shall constitute sufficient proof."

**SECTION 5.** G.S. 53-190 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 53-190. Loans made elsewhere.

(a) No loan contract made outside this State in the amount or of the value of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or less, for which greater consideration or charges than are authorized by G.S. 53-173 and G.S. 53-176 of this Article have been charged, contracted for, or received, shall be enforced in this State. Provided, the foregoing shall not apply to loan contracts in which all contractual activities, including solicitation, discussion, negotiation, offer, acceptance, signing of documents, and delivery and receipt of funds, occur entirely outside North Carolina.

(b) If any lender or agent of a lender who makes loan contracts outside this State in the amount or of the value of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or less, comes into this State to solicit or otherwise conduct activities in regard to such loan contracts, then such lender shall be subject to the requirements of this Article.

(c) No lender licensed to do business under this Article may collect, or cause to be collected, any loan made by a lender in another state to a borrower, who was a legal resident of North Carolina at the time the loan was made. The purchase of a loan account shall not alter this prohibition."

**SECTION 6.** This act becomes effective September 1, 2015.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 28<sup>th</sup> day of July, 2015.

s/ Daniel J. Forest President of the Senate

s/ Tim Moore Speaker of the House of Representatives

s/ Pat McCrory Governor

Approved 3:02 p.m. this 5<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2015